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## USER GUIDE

# **ENTERPRISE RECON**

## **Enterprise Recon 2.11.0**

### Table of Contents

ER 2.11.0 RELEASE NOTES	19
NEW AND IMPROVED FEATURES	19
Easily Set Up Global Filters From Templates via the Global Filter Templates	19
NEW PLATFORM INTEGRATIONS	20
Scan Newly Supported Oracle Linux and FreeBSD Versions	20
NEW AND IMPROVED DATA TYPES	20
EARLY ACCESS	20
Early Access Features	20
IMPORTANT NOTES	20
CRITICAL: One Way Upgrade to Enterprise Recon 2.11.0	20
CRITICAL: End of Support for CentOS 7 Master Server	21
End-of-Support Platforms and Features in Enterprise Recon 2.11.0	21
Upcoming End-of-Support Platforms and Features	22
	22
What's New?	22
Ennancements	22
	22
	23
FEATURES	24
TARGETS	24
HOW-TO GUIDES	27
MASTER SERVER INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION	27
ANALYSIS REMEDIATION AND REPORTING	27
HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE (FROM ISO)	28
MASTER SERVER AS A SOFTWARE APPLIANCE	28
PREPARING TO INSTALL	28
System Requirements	29
Backup the Master Server and Network Settings	29
Download the ISO Installer	29
INSTALLING THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE FROM ISO	30
ACTIVATING ER2	32
UPDATE ER2	32
HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER ON RHEL 8 (FROM RPM)	33
PREPARING TO INSTALL	33
System Requirements	33
Backup the Master Server and Network Settings	34
Download the RPM Installer	34
INSTALLING THE MASTER SERVER RPM PACKAGE	34
	36
MANAGING THE MASTER SERVER	36
Check Master Server Version	36
Start, Stop and Restart the Master Server	37
	37
	38 20
	30 20
	29 29
	20 29
	39

INSTALLING ER2 ON THE VIRTUAL MACHINE	41
HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE ON OBACLE VM VIBILIAL BOX	42
	42
CREATING A NEW VIRTUAL MACHINE	42
SETTING UP THE NETWORK ADAPTER	44
INSTALLING ER2 ON THE VIBTUAL MACHINE	44
HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE ON VMWARE VSPHERE	45
	45
CREATING A NEW VIRTUAL MACHINE	45
INSTALLING ER2 ON THE VIRTUAL MACHINE	43
HOW TO PERFORM REMEDIAL ACTIONS	48
OVERVIEW	48
BEVIEW MATCHES	40
REMEDIATE EROM INVESTIGATE	40
Customize Tombstone Message	<del>4</del> 0 50
Bemediation Bules	52
	53
OVERVIEW	53
BEOLIBEMENTS	53
DELEGATING REMEDIATION FOR SENSITIVE DATA LOCATIONS	54
MANAGING THE DELEGATED REMEDIATION TASK SETTINGS	55
CHECKING THE STATUS OF DELEGATED REMEDIATION TASKS	56
Trach	57
REVIEWING AND REMEDIATING LOCATIONS	58
EXPIRING A DELEGATED REMEDIATION TASK	61
HOW TO GENERATE REPORTS	62
OVERVIEW	62
Available Formats	62
GENEBATE GLOBAL SLIMMABY BEPORT	63
GENERATE TARGET GROUP REPORT	64
GENERATE TARGET REPORT	66
GENERATE MATCH REPORT PIL PRO	68
BEEEBENCES	70
RESOLIBCE PERMISSIONS	71
	71
REMEDIAL ACTIONS IN ER2	74
ACT DIRECTLY ON SELECTED LOCATION	74
Remedial Actions That Act Directly on Selected Location	74
MARK LOCATIONS FOR COMPLIANCE REPORT	76
Remedial Actions That Mark Locations for Compliance Report	77
REMEDIATION BUILES	77
SUPPORTED REMEDIAL ACTIONS BY TARGET	79
CLOUD TARGETS	79
UNSUPPORTED REMEDIATION LOCATIONS BY TARGET	80
CLOUD TARGETS	80
SUMMARY OF ALL REPORTS	81
GLOBAL SUMMARY REPORT	84
TARGET GROUP REPORT	85
TARGET REPORT	86
MATCH REPORT	88
UNSUPPORTED SCAN LOCATIONS BY TARGET	90
CLOUD TARGETS	90
INVESTIGATE PAGE USER INTERFACE	91
INVESTIGATE PAGE COMPONENTS	91

FILTER CRITERIA	92
MATCH INSPECTOR COMPONENTS	94
Match Inspector Tabs	94
EXPLANATION	97
SCANNING	97
HOW ER2 SCANS DATABASES	98
HOW A DISTRIBUTED SCAN WORKS	99
ABOUT THE ADMINISTRATOR'S GUIDE	100
TECHNICAL SUPPORT	100
LEGAL DISCLAIMER	100
End User License Agreement	101
GETTING STARTED	102
ABOUT THE SOFTWARE	102
INSTALL ER2	102
SET UP WEB CONSOLE	102
TARGETS	102
NODE AGENTS	102
MONITORING AND ALERTS	103
USER MANAGEMENT AND SECURITY	103
ABOUT ENTERPRISE RECON 2.11.0	104
HOW ER2 WORKS	104
MASTER SERVER	105
Web Console	105
Master Server Console	105
TARGETS	106
NODE AND PROXY AGENTS	106
LICENSING	107
SUBSCRIPTION LICENSE	107
Feature Comparison	108
MASTER SERVER LICENSE	108
TARGET LICENSES	108
Sitewide License	109
Non-Sitewide License	109
Server & DB License	109
Client License	110
LICENSE USAGE AND CALCULATION	111
License Assignment	111
Data Usage	111
Example 1	112
Example 2	112
Data Usage Calculation	112
Increased Counting of Data Usage	113
Data Allowance Limit	114
Exceeding License Limits	114
Example 1	115
Example 2	115
Processing Blocked	115
DOWNLOAD ER2 LICENSE FILE	116
VIEW LICENSE DETAILS	116
License Information	116
License Summary	117
License Usage	117
Data Allowance Usage	118
UPLOAD LICENSE FILE	118

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	119
MASTER SERVER	119
CPU Architecture	119
Memory and Disk Space	119
NODE AGENT	120
Minimum System Requirements	120
Supported Operating Systems	121
Microsoft Windows Operating Systems	122
Linux Operating Systems	122
macOS Operating Systems	123
WEB CONSOLE	123
FILE PERMISSIONS FOR SCANS	123
NETWORK REQUIREMENTS	124
MASTER SERVER NETWORK REQUIREMENTS	124
NODE AGENT NETWORK REQUIREMENTS	124
PROXY AGENT NETWORK REQUIREMENTS	125
Agentless Scans	125
Network Storage	127
Websites and Cloud Services	127
Emails	128
Databases	129
Server Applications	129
SUPPORTED FILE FORMATS	130
	130
	130
Email File Formats	130
EMAIL PLATFORMS	130
	131
	101
	101
	102
	133
Configure Security Features	133
Master Server and Agent Maintenance	133
WEB CONSOLE	134
ACCESS WEB CONSOLE	134
FIRST TIME SETUP	134
	134
Activate FB	135
Update Administrator Account	135
USER LOGIN	136
ACTIVE DIRECTORY LOGIN	136
PASSWORD RECOVERY	136
ENABLE HTTPS	137
UPDATE ER2	138
OVERVIEW	138
ONLINE UPDATE	139
Requirements	139
Update the Master Server	139
OFFLINE UPDATE	139
For ER2 Master Server on RHEL 8 (from RPM)	139
For ER2 Master Server Appliance (from ISO)	140
DOWNGRADE ER2	140

CREATING BACKUPS	141
AUTOMATED BACKUPS	141
Backup Status	142
Delete Backups	142
MANUAL BACKUPS	143
Manual Backup Commands	143
RESTORING BACKUPS	143
NODE AGENTS	144
INSTALL NODE AGENTS	145
MANAGE NODE AGENTS	145
(OPTIONAL) MASTER PUBLIC KEY	145
What is the Master Public Key	145
Configure Agent to Use Master Public Key	146
AIX AGENT	147
INSTALL THE NODE AGENT	147
Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File	148
CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT	148
Interactive Mode	149
Manual Mode	149
INSTALL RPM IN CUSTOM LOCATION	149
RESTART THE NODE AGENT	150
UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT	150
UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT	151
FREEBSD AGENT	152
INSTALL THE NODE AGENT	152
Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File	153
CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT	153
Interactive Mode	154
	155
RESTART THE NODE AGENT	155
UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT	155
UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT	155
	156
SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEM	156
Linux Operating Systems	156
INSTALL THE NODE AGENT	156
Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File	157
SELECT AN AGENT INSTALLER	158
INSTALL GPG KEY FOR RPM PACKAGE VERIFICATION	159
CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT	159
Interactive Mode	159
Manual Mode	161
	161
	162
	162
	163
	163
	164
	164
	164
	165
INSTALL THE NUDE AGENT	165
	165
	166

Interactive Mode	166
Manual Mode	167
RESTART THE NODE AGENT	168
ENABLE FULL DISK ACCESS	168
UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT	169
UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT	169
SOLARIS AGENT	170
INSTALL THE NODE AGENT	170
Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File	171
CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT	172
Interactive Mode	172
Manual Mode	173
INSTALL RPM IN CUSTOM LOCATION	173
RESTART THE NODE AGENT	174
UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT	174
UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT	174
WINDOWS AGENT	175
OVERVIEW	175
SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEMS	176
Microsoft Windows Operating Systems	176
INSTALL THE NODE AGENT	176
Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File	178
CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT	178
RESTART THE NODE AGENT	179
UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT	179
Windows 64-bit Node Agent	179
Windows 32-bit Node Agent	179
UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT	179
AGENT GROUP	181
CREATE AN AGENT GROUP	181
MANAGE AN AGENT GROUP	181
AGENT ADMIN	183
VIEW AGENTS	183
VERIFY AGENTS	184
How To Verify an Agent	184
DELETE AGENTS	185
BLOCK AGENTS	185
UPGRADE NODE AGENTS	185
AGENT UPGRADE	186
SCANNING OVERVIEW	192
START A SCAN	193
OVERVIEW	193
HOW TO START A SCAN	193
SET SCHEDULE	194
Schedule Label	194
Scan Frequency	195
Daylight Savings Time	195
Set Notifications	195
Advanced Options	196
Automatic Pause Scan Window	197
Limit CPU Priority	197
Limit Search Throughput	197
Enable Scan Trace Logs	198
Capture Context Data	198

Match Detail	198
Partial Salesforce Object Scanning	199
Enable Bulk Download for Cloud Target Scans BETA	199
PROBE TARGETS	200
Requirements	200
To Probe Targets	200
VIEW AND MANAGE SCANS	202
SCAN STATUS	202
SCAN OPTIONS	204
VIEW SCAN DETAILS	205
DATA TYPE PROFILE	206
OVERVIEW	206
PERMISSIONS AND DATA TYPE PROFILES	206
ADD A DATA TYPE PROFILE	207
Custom Data Type PII PRO	209
Advanced Features	210
	210
	211
	212
	213
BUILT-IN DATA TIPES	214
Calolioidel Dala Poroopolly Idoptifichlo Information (PII) PIL PPO	214
	214
Patient Health Data PIL PRO	214
Financial Data PILIPRO	213
	213
	213
CUSTOM BUILES AND EXPRESSIONS	217
Visual Editor	218
Expression Editor	210
EXPRESSION SYNTAX	220
Phrase	220
Character	221
Predefined	222
AGENTLESS SCAN	223
OVERVIEW	223
HOW AN AGENTLESS SCAN WORKS	223
AGENTLESS SCAN REQUIREMENTS	224
SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEMS	227
Microsoft Windows Operating Systems	228
Linux Operating Systems	228
macOS Operating Systems	228
START AN AGENTLESS SCAN	229
DISTRIBUTED SCAN	231
HOW A DISTRIBUTED SCAN WORKS	231
DISTRIBUTED SCAN REQUIREMENTS	231
Proxy Agent Requirements	231
Supported Targets	232
Example 1	233
Example 2	233
START A DISTRIBUTED SCAN	235
MONITOR A DISTRIBUTED SCAN SCHEDULE	236
DUAL-TONE MULTI-FREQUENCY DETECTION	237

OVERVIEW	237
DETECTION OF DTMF TONES	237
GLOBAL FILTERS	238
OVERVIEW	238
PERMISSIONS AND GLOBAL FILTERS	238
VIEW GLOBAL FILTERS	238
ADD A GLOBAL FILTER	239
MANAGE GLOBAL FILTERS	243
SORT GLOBAL FILTERS	244
IMPORT AND EXPORT FILTERS	245
Portable XML File	245
Filter Types	246
Example	248
FILTER COLUMNS IN DATABASES	249
Database Index or Primary Keys	249
SCAN TRACE LOGS	250
Targets	250
	250
SCAN TRACE LOGS PAGE DETAILS	250
SCAN HISTOBY	251
SCAN HISTORY PAGE	251
Scan History for a Target	251
Targets	251
Investigate	251
Scan History for a Target Location	251
SCAN HISTORY PAGE DETAILS	252
Scanned Bytes	253
Examples	253
DOWNI OAD SCAN HISTORY	253
DOWNLOAD ISOLATED BEPORTS FOR SCAN	253
ANALYSIS REMEDIATION AND REPORTING	254
Dashboard	254
Investigate and Remediate	254
Compliance Reporting	254
Sensitive Data Risk Management	254
DASHBOARD	255
SENSITIVE DATA MATCHES	255
Matches	255
Summary	256
Groups and Targets	256
Target Types	257
File Formats	258
SENSITIVE DATA RISKS PRO	258
Risk Over Time	258
How It Works	259
Top 3 Targets	260
Risk Breakdown	260
INVESTIGATE	261
OVERVIEW	261
NAVIGATE TO THE INVESTIGATE PAGE	261
FILTER TARGETS AND LOCATIONS	262
RESULTS GRID COLUMN CHOOSER	263
SORT MATCH LOCATIONS	263
VIEW MATCH INSPECTOR	264

TRASH LOCATIONS	266
EXPORT MATCH REPORTS	266
VIEW INACCESSIBLE LOCATIONS	266
ADVANCED FILTERS	268
OVERVIEW	268
DISPLAYING MATCHES WHILE USING ADVANCED FILTERS	268
USING THE ADVANCED FILTER MANAGER	268
Add an Advanced Filter	269
Update an Advanced Filter	269
Delete an Advanced Filter	269
WRITING EXPRESSIONS	269
EXPRESSIONS THAT CHECK FOR DATA TYPES	271
Data Type Presence Check	271
Syntax	271
Example 1	271
Example 2	271
Data Type Count Comparison Operators	271
Syntax	271
Operators	272
Example 3	272
Example 4	272
Data Type Function Check	272
Syntax	272
Example 5	272
Data Type Sets	273
Syntax	273
Example 6	273
LOGICAL AND GROUPING OPERATORS	273
Logical Operators	273
Operators	274
Example 7	274
Example 8	274
Example 9	274
Grouping Operators	274
Syntax	274
Example 10	274
Example 11	275
Example 12	275
REMEDIATING MATCHES WHILE USING ADVANCED FILTERS	275
DATA CLASSIFICATION WITH MIP	276
OVERVIEW	276
HOW DATA CLASSIFICATION WITH MIP WORKS	277
REQUIREMENTS	277
SUPPORTED FILE TYPES	278
INSTALL THE MIP RUNTIME PACKAGE	279
CONFIGURING DATA CLASSIFICATION WITH MIP	279
Generate a Client ID	280
Generate a Client Secret Key	280
Set Up MIP Credentials	281
Update MIP Credentials	282
DISABLE DATA CLASSIFICATION WITH MIP	283
VIEW CLASSIFICATION STATUS	283
APPLY OR REMOVE CLASSIFICATION	283
MIP RUNTIME PACKAGE UPGRADE	284

DATA ACCESS MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW	286 286
REQUIREMENTS	287
ENABLE DATA ACCESS MANAGEMENT	288
DISABLE DATA ACCESS MANAGEMENT	288
VIEW ACCESS STATUS	288
Example	289
View Access Permissions Details	289
	200
Manage File Owner	290
Manage Permissions for Groups Lisers, and Liser Classes	290
Access Control Actions	230
	292
	294
	294
HOW RISK SCORING AND LABELING WORKS	295
	296
	296
	297
Create a Risk Profile	297
Modify a Risk Profile	297
Delete a Risk Profile	298
Prioritize Risk Profiles	299
RISK SCORING AND LABELING CRITERIA	300
OVERVIEW	300
DATA TYPES CRITERIA	301
Match Count Rule	301
Contains or Does Not Contain Rule	302
Contains Any Rule	302
Logical and Grouping Operators	303
Logical Operators	303
Grouping Operators	303
Data Types Criteria Example	304
Example 1	305
Example 2	306
METADATA CRITERIA	306
RISK SCORING AND LABELING CRITERIA EXAMPLE	307
OPERATION LOG	309
Targets	309
Investigate	309
API FRAMEWORK	311
ODBC REPORTING	312
SCAN LOCATIONS (TABGETS) OVERVIEW	313
	314
PERMISSIONS	314
	314
Scan Status	315
Match Status	216
	216
	200
	320
	322
	322
	322
Add an Existing Larget	323
Add a Discovered Target	323

Add an Unlisted Target	323
EDIT TARGET LOCATION PATH	323
LOCAL STORAGE AND LOCAL MEMORY	325
HOW A LOCAL SCAN WORKS	325
SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEMS	325
Microsoft Windows Operating Systems	326
Linux Operating Systems	327
macOS Operating Systems	327
LICENSING	327
LOCAL STORAGE	327
Exclude the Read-only System Volume from Scans for macOS Targets	328
LOCAL PROCESS MEMORY	329
UNSUPPORTED LOCATIONS	330
NETWORK STORAGE LOCATIONS	331
NETWORK STORAGE SCANS	331
	332
WINDOWS SHARE	332
Bequirements	332
Add Target	332
Windows Target Credentials	334
Remediating Windows Share Targets	334
	225
Boguiromonto	333 225
Add Target	
	000
Relivio TE ACCESS VIA SSR	000 000
Requirements	000
Supported Operating Systems	330
Microsoft Windows Operating Systems	337
Linux Operating Systems	338
macOS Operating Systems	338
	338
HADOOP CLUSTERS	340
	340
Install Linux 3 or 4 Agent	340
Generate Kerberos Authentication Ticket	341
Add Larget	342
DATABASES	344
SUPPORTED DATABASES	344
LICENSING	345
REQUIREMENTS	345
DBMS CONNECTION DETAILS	345
IBM DB2	346
IBM Informix	346
InterSystems Caché	347
MariaDB	348
Microsoft SQL Server	348
MongoDB	351
MySQL	351
Oracle Database	352
PostgreSQL	353
SAP HANA	354
Sybase / SAP ASE	356
Teradata	356
Tibero	357

ADD A DATABASE TARGET LOCATION	358
HOW ER2 SCANS DATABASES	359
REMEDIATING DATABASES	359
INTERSYSTEMS CACHÉ CONNECTION LIMITS	360
TIBERO SCAN LIMITATIONS	360
TERADATA FASTEXPORT UTILITY	360
ALLOW REMOTE CONNECTIONS TO POSTGRESQL SERVER	360
EMAIL LOCATIONS	362
SUPPORTED EMAIL LOCATIONS	362
LICENSING	362
LOCALLY STORED EMAIL DATA	362
IMAP/IMAPS MAILBOX	362
To Add an IMAP/IMAPS Mailbox	363
HCL NOTES	365
To Add a Notes Mailbox	365
Notes User Name	367
MICROSOFT EXCHANGE (EWS)	368
WEBSITES	369
LICENSING	369
REQUIREMENTS	369
SET UP A WEBSITE AS A TARGET LOCATION	369
Path Options	370
SUB-DOMAINS	371
SHAREPOINT SERVER	372
OVERVIEW	372
LICENSING	372
REQUIREMENTS	372
Credentials	373
Using Multiple Credentials to Scan a SharePoint Server Target	373
SET UP AND SCAN A SHAREPOINT SERVER TARGET	374
Add SharePoint Server as a New Target	374
Scan a SharePoint Server Target	375
Path Syntax	375
CONFLUENCE ON-PREMISES	378
OVERVIEW	378
LICENSING	378
REQUIREMENTS	379
SET UP AND SCAN A CONFLUENCE ON-PREMISES TARGET	379
Add Confluence On-Premises as a New Target	380
Scan a Confluence On-Premises Target	381
EDIT CONFLUENCE ON-PREMISES TARGET PATH	381
CONFLUENCE API LIMITS	382
CONFLUENCE ON-PREMISES REMEDIATION	382
AMAZON S3 BUCKETS	383
OVERVIEW	383
LICENSING	383
REQUIREMENTS	384
Encryption	384
GET AWS USER SECURITY CREDENTIALS	384
SET UP AND SCAN AN AMAZON S3 TARGET	386
Add Amazon S3 as a Target	386
Scan an Amazon S3 Target	387
Scan Buckets in a Single Principal Account	387
Scan Buckets in Other Principal Accounts	389

EDIT AMAZON S3 TARGET PATH	389
AZURE STORAGE	390
OVERVIEW	390
LICENSING	390
REQUIREMENTS	391
GET AZURE ACCOUNT ACCESS KEYS	391
SET UP AZURE AS A TARGET LOCATION	391
EDIT AZURE STORAGE TARGET PATH	392
BOX	394
BOX INC	394
Overview	394
Licensing	395
Requirements	395
Configure Box Account	396
Create Custom App	396
Authorize Custom App	398
Set Up and Scan a Box Inc Target	398
Edit Box Inc Target Path	399
Box Remediation	400
User Account in Multiple Groups	400
License Consumption	400
	401
BOX ENTERPRISE	401
	402
	402
	402
BEOLIBEMENTS	403
SET UP DROPBOX AS A TABGET LOCATION	403
	406
RE-AUTHENTICATE DROPBOX CREDENTIALS	406
EXCHANGE ON INF	408
EXCHANGE ONLINE	408
Licensing	409
Requirements	409
Configure Microsoft 365 Account	409
Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key	409
Generate Client Secret Key	410
Grant API Access	411
Set Up and Scan an Exchange Online Target	412
Edit Exchange Online Target Path	414
Unsupported Mailbox Types and Folders	415
Exchange Online Remediation	415
Mailbox in Multiple Groups	416
License Consumption	416
Scan Results	416
EXCHANGE ONLINE (EWS)	416
GOOGLE WORKSPACE	417
OVERVIEW	417
LICENSING	417
REQUIREMENTS	417
CONFIGURE GOOGLE WORKSPACE ACCOUNT	418
Select a Project	418
Enable APIs	419

Create a Service Account	419
Set up Domain-Wide Delegation	420
SET UP AND SCAN A GOOGLE WORKSPACE TARGET	421
EDIT GOOGLE WORKSPACE TARGET PATH	422
GOOGLE CLOUD STORAGE	424
OVERVIEW	424
LICENSING	424
REQUIREMENTS	425
CONFIGURE GOOGLE SERVICE ACCOUNT	425
Create a Role	425
Create a Service Account	426
SET UP AND SCAN A GOOGLE CLOUD STORAGE TARGET	427
EDIT GOOGLE CLOUD STORAGE TARGET PATH	428
MICBOSOFT ONENOTE	430
OVERVIEW	430
	431
BEQUIREMENTS	432
	432
Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key	432
Generate Client Secret Key	432
Grant API Access	400
	400
	404
	437
	430
	430
	430
License Consumption	439
Scan Results	439
	440
OVERVIEW	440
	441
	442
CONFIGURE MICROSOFT 365 ACCOUNT	442
Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key	442
Generate Client Secret Key	443
Grant API Access	443
SET UP AND SCAN A MICROSOFT TEAMS TARGET	444
EDIT MICROSOFT TEAMS TARGET PATH	447
UNSUPPORTED TYPES AND FOLDERS IN MICROSOFT TEAMS	447
MICROSOFT TEAMS REMEDIATION	448
USERS IN MULTIPLE GROUPS	448
License Consumption	448
Scan Results	448
ONEDRIVE BUSINESS	450
OVERVIEW	450
LICENSING	450
REQUIREMENTS	451
CONFIGURE MICROSOFT 365 ACCOUNT	451
Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key	451
Generate Client Secret Key	452
Grant API Access	452
SET UP AND SCAN A ONEDRIVE BUSINESS TARGET	453
EDIT ONEDRIVE BUSINESS TARGET PATH	455
ONEDRIVE BUSINESS REMEDIATION	457

UNSUPPORTED TYPES AND FOLDERS IN ONEDRIVE BUSINESS	457
USER ACCOUNT IN MULTIPLE GROUPS	457
RACKSPACE CLOUD	459
OVERVIEW	459
	459
	459
	460
SET RACKSPACE CLOUD FILES AS A TARGET LOCATION	460
EDIT RACKSPACE CLOUD STORAGE PATH	461
	402
	402
	402
	403
Generate Certificate and Private Key	403
Create Connected Ann	405
SET UP AND SCAN A SALESFORCE TARGET	467
Exclude Files or Attachments from Scans for Salesforce Targets	469
Partial Salesforce Object Scanning	469
	470
ABCHIVED OB DELETED SALESEORCE DATA	470
SALESEORCE FILES AND ATTACHMENTS	470
	470
UNSUPPORTED SALESFORCE STANDARD OBJECTS	472
SALESFORCE API LIMITS	472
SHAREPOINT ONLINE	473
OVERVIEW	473
LICENSING	474
REQUIREMENTS	474
Enable SharePoint Add-in	474
CONFIGURE SHAREPOINT ADD-IN	475
Generate Client ID and Client Secret	475
Grant Permissions to SharePoint Add-in	476
SET UP SHAREPOINT ONLINE AS A TARGET	478
EDIT SHAREPOINT ONLINE PATH	480
DELETED SHAREPOINT ONLINE SITES	481
SHAREPOINT ONLINE REMEDIATION	481
UNSUPPORTED REMEDIATION LOCATIONS IN SHAREPOINT ONLINE	482
EXCHANGE DOMAIN	483
OVERVIEW	483
LICENSING	483
REQUIREMENTS	483
ADD AN EXCHANGE DOMAIN TARGET	484
SCAN ADDITIONAL MAILBOX TYPES	485
Shared Mailboxes	486
Linked Mailboxes	486
Mailboxes associated with disabled AD user accounts	487
ARCHIVE MAILBOX AND RECOVERABLE ITEMS	487
UNSUPPORTED MAILBOX TYPES	487
CONFIGURE IMPERSONATION	488
MAILBOX IN MULTIPLE GROUPS	489
EDIT TARGET	490
	490
EDIT A TARGET LOCATION	491

EDIT TARGET LOCATION PATH	491
TARGET CREDENTIALS	492
CREDENTIAL PERMISSIONS	492
USING CREDENTIALS	493
ADD TARGET CREDENTIALS	494
Add a Credential Set Through the Target Credentials	494
EDIT TARGET CREDENTIALS	495
SET UP SSH PUBLIC KEY AUTHENTICATION	495
END-OF-SUPPORT PLATFORMS	497
END-OF-SUPPORT PLATFORMS	497
End-of-Support Platforms Behavior	498
NETWORK CONFIGURATION	499
NETWORK DISCOVERY	500
USERS AND SECURITY	501
USER PERMISSIONS	502
OVERVIEW	502
GLOBAL PERMISSIONS	502
RESOURCE PERMISSIONS	504
Resource Permissions Manager	504
Target Group	504
Target	505
Credentials	507
Restrict Accessible Path by Target	507
Example	508
PERMISSIONS TABLE	508
ROLES	511
USER ACCOUNTS	513
MANAGE USER ACCOUNTS	513
How User Identification Works	513
Manually Add a User	513
Import Users Using the Active Directory Manager	515
Edit or Delete a User Account	515
MANAGE OWN USER ACCOUNT	515
Roles and Permissions	518
USER ROLES	519
CREATE ROLES	519
MANAGE ROLES	520
Delete or Edit Role	520
Remove User From a Role	520
ACTIVE DIRECTORY	521
IMPORT A USER LIST FROM AD DS	521
LOGIN POLICY	523
PASSWORD POLICY	523
ACCOUNT SECURITY	523
LEGAL WARNING BANNER	524
Enable the Legal Warning Banner	524
Disable the Legal Warning Banner	525
ACCESS CONTROL LIST	526
CONFIGURE THE ACCESS CONTROL LIST	526
Access Control List Resolution Order	527
TWO-FACTOR AUTHENTICATION (2FA)	528
WHO CAN ENABLE 2FA FOR USER ACCOUNTS	528
ENABLE 2FA FOR OWN USER ACCOUNT	528
ENABLE 2FA FOR INDIVIDUAL USER ACCOUNTS	529

ENFORCE 2FA FOR ALL USERS	529
SET UP 2FA	530
Label Format for 2FA Accounts	530
RESET 2FA	531
MONITORING AND ALERTS OVERVIEW	533
ACTIVITY LOG	534
SERVER INFORMATION	535
MASTER SERVER DETAILS	535
CREATING BACKUPS	535
SYSTEM LOAD GRAPH	536
Reading the Graph	536
Customize the Graph	537
SHUTDOWN SERVER	538
NOTIFICATION POLICY	539
SET UP NOTIFICATIONS AND ALERTS	539
NOTIFICATIONS	540
Alerts	540
Emails	541
EVENTS	542
MAIL SETTINGS	544
MESSAGE TRANSFER AGENT	544
SET LIP MTA	545
MASTER SERVER HOST NAME FOR EMAIL	546
MASTER SERVER ADMINISTRATION	548
MASTER SERVER CONSOLE	549
BASIC COMMANDS	549
Check Master Server Version	540
Start Ston and Restart the Master Server	549
Start SSH Server	550
Disallow Woak Ciphore	550
Check Fron Dick Space	550
Configure Network Interface	550
	551
Log Out Shut Down	551
	551
	552
	000
	000
	504
	554
UDIAIN SIGNED SSL CERTIFICATE	000
Ose SCP to move the CSR File	000
On windows	556
	557
	557
	558
	558
SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATES	559
GPG KEYS (RPM PACKAGES)	561
	561
	561
DOWNLOAD THE GROUND LABS GPG PUBLIC KEY	561
From the Ground Labs Update Server	561
From the Master Server	562
To Download the Public Key From the Command Line	562

To Download the Public Key Through SSH	562
VERIFY THE GPG PUBLIC KEY	562
IMPORT THE GPG PUBLIC KEY	563
BAD GPG SIGNATURE ERROR	563
Skip GPG Signature Check	563
RESTORING BACKUPS	564
STOP ER2	564
RESTORE THE BACKUP FILE	564
RESTART ER2	564
LOW-DISK-SPACE (DEGRADED) MODE	566

## **ER 2.11.0 RELEASE NOTES**

The Release Notes provide information about new features, platforms, data types, enhancements, bug fixes and all the changes that have gone into **Enterprise Recon 2.11.0**.

For a quick view of the changes since the last Enterprise Recon release, see Summary of Changes.

Contents:

- 1. Highlights
  - New and Improved Features
  - New Platform Integrations
  - New and Improved Data Types
  - Early Access
- 2. Important Notes
  - Critical: One Way Upgrade to Enterprise Recon 2.11.0
  - Critical: End of Support for CentOS 7 Master Server
  - End-of-Support Platforms and Features in Enterprise Recon 2.11.0
  - Upcoming End-of-Support Platforms and Features
- 3. Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 Changelog
  - What's New?
  - Enhancements
  - Bug Fixes
- 4. Features That Require Agent Upgrades

#### **NEW AND IMPROVED FEATURES**

## Easily Set Up Global Filters From Templates via the Global Filter Templates

Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 introduces the Global Filter Templates (version 1.0) feature that enables you to effortlessly set up Global Filters from the list of templates designed to remove commonly found false positives.

In addition to the templates, the following Global Filter-related enhancements are also included:

- The Global Filters that are created both from a template and/or from scratch can now be labeled and described in the new "Filter Name" and "Description" fields, allowing you to easily identify them from your list of existing Global Filters.
- The Global Filters page has been improved with the addition of new buttons/columns and navigation changes below:
  - The new "Name and ID" and "Filter Description" columns for a more comprehensive overview of all your existing Global Filters,
  - The new "Last Modified" column to quickly identify the most recently added or modified Global Filters and/or sort them by their last modification date,
  - The new "On-Off" toggle button to support enabling or disabling your existing Global Filters as needed later on, and
  - The edit and delete icons now conveniently located in the first column to

easily remove filters from the list or modify the filter name, value, description, and the Targets/Target Groups the filter applies to.

For more information, see Global Filters.

### **NEW PLATFORM INTEGRATIONS**

#### Scan Newly Supported Oracle Linux and FreeBSD Versions

**NEW** Oracle Linux 8 and FreeBSD 14 servers are now supported in Enterprise Recon 2.11.0. Scanning (local scan, agentless scan, and remote scan via SSH), remediation, access control actions, and reporting features are supported for both newly added server operating systems.

An Agent Upgrade is required to scan Oracle Linux 8 and FreeBSD 14 Targets.

#### **NEW AND IMPROVED DATA TYPES**

**NEW** Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 brings extended coverage for driver's license number data types. With the new *Canadian Driver License Number* data type, you can now scan and remediate unsecured driver's license numbers for the supported Canadian provinces and territories.

Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 has enhanced its support for two existing Portuguese-based data types. The updated *Portuguese Fiscal Number* data type can now detect taxpayer identification numbers that begin with "3", "4", and "7", and the updated *Portuguese Citizen's Card* data type can now detect citizen's card numbers in space or dash separator format, regardless of the letter case.

Also included in ER 2.11.0 is the updated *United States Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)* data type that can now detect identification numbers with fourth and fifth digits ranging from "50" to "65", inclusive.

## EARLY ACCESS

The Early Access stage allows Ground Labs to collect a round of usability and performance feedback before a feature is made generally available.

If you would like to request access to any of the Early Access features, please get in touch with the Ground Labs Support Team for assistance.

#### **Early Access Features**

• Apache Hive - Enables sensitive data discovery on Apache Hive (and Cloudera Hive) database Targets.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTES**

**CRITICAL:** One Way Upgrade to Enterprise Recon 2.11.0

Certain data sets, storage formats and components for the Master Server have been updated in Enterprise Recon 2.11.0. Therefore once the Master Server is updated from Enterprise Recon 2.10.0 (and below) to ER 2.11.0, the datastore is not backward compatible and downgrading ER 2.11.0 to an earlier version is not supported. Please contact the Ground Labs Support Team for assistance with upgrading the Master Server.

Note: Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 is only compatible with the Sitewide and Non-Sitewide licensing model. Please contact Ground Labs Licensing for assistance with other license models.

#### **CRITICAL:** End of Support for CentOS 7 Master Server

Master Server installations with CentOS 7 as the base operating system are no longer supported in Enterprise Recon version 2.11.0 and in future Enterprise Recon releases.

Starting from version 2.9.1, Enterprise Recon is provided as two options.

Option:

- 1. **UPDATE** An appliance running on top of an Oracle Linux 8 operating system (OS).
- 2. NEW An RPM software package to be installed on a server running the Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 8 OS.

The upgrade aims to align Enterprise Recon with contemporary industry-standard operating systems, ensuring compatibility and performance optimization.

For more information, please see ER 2.9.1. - Oracle Linux 8 ISO and Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 8 RPM.

#### **End-of-Support Platforms and Features in Enterprise Recon 2.11.0**

The following platforms and/or features have reached end of support in Enterprise Recon:

• Linux 2.4 Node Agents

Note: To continue scanning Linux server Targets, install the Linux 2.6 Node Agent instead.

- Microsoft Windows Desktop Targets
  - Windows 8
  - Windows 8.1
- Microsoft Windows Server Targets
  - Windows Server 2008 R2
- Linux Server Targets
  - CentOS
  - Fedora
  - RHEL 6
  - SUSE
- UNIX Server Targets
  - AIX 7.1
  - FreeBSD 12
- macOS Workstation Targets
  - macOS Catalina 10.15
  - macOS Big Sur 11.5

- Email Targets Exchange Domain
  - Exchange Server 2010
- Email Targets HCL Notes
  - HCL Notes client 8.5.3
- Database Targets
  - MariaDB 10.3
  - Microsoft SQL 2008
  - MongoDB 4.0.28 and older
  - PostgreSQL 12 and older
  - Sybase/SAP ASE 15.7
  - Teradata 16.0.0.4 and older

#### **Upcoming End-of-Support Platforms and Features**

The following platforms and/or features will reach end of support and be removed in a subsequent release of Enterprise Recon:

- Server Targets Confluence On-Premises
  - Confluence Data Center 7.4 LTS
- Network Storage Locations Hadoop Clusters
  - Apache Hadoop 2.8.0 and older

## CHANGELOG

The Changelog is a complete list of all the changes in **Enterprise Recon 2.11.0**.

#### What's New?

- New Data Types
  - NEW Canadian Driver License Number
- New Platform Integrations:
  - NEW FreeBSD 14
  - NEW Oracle Linux 8

#### Enhancements

- Improved Features:
  - Clearer error messaging when logging inaccessible locations related to Oracle blobs that exceed the scan memory size limit.
  - Disallowed the use of weak ciphers for SSH connections to and from the Enterprise Recon appliance for increased security.
  - Improved performance with respect to memory allocation for datastore operations.
  - Revamped the design of horizontal filters in the Dashboard and Targets page for improved usability.
  - Added the "Active" filter option in the Schedule Manager page to give users the option to show or hide running and/or scheduled scans.
  - Various third-party library upgrades for increased application security.
  - Minor security and UI enhancements.

#### **Bug Fixes**

• In certain scenarios, probing or scanning Azure Storage Target locations would

sometimes result in the "403 Server failed to authenticate the request. Make sure the value of Authorization header is formed correctly including the signature" error via the Enterprise Recon web UI and API.

- Oracle blobs larger than 4 KB in size were not being scanned completely. With this fix, scans for Oracle blobs larger than 100 MB must be allocated a higher memory size limit.
- Some rows were not scanned for Oracle database tables with more than 4.2 billion rows.
- SAP HANA blobs larger than 64 MB in size were not being scanned completely.
- "File Modified" metadata information would be incorrectly updated when applying MIP classification labels to supported file types via the Enterprise Recon web UI and API. Requires the MIP Runtime Package to be updated for the fix to take effect.
- The Quarantine confirmation window could not be displayed fully on screens with a vertical resolution of 800 pixels (or lower) when quarantining match locations in OneDrive Business Targets.
- Match samples for custom data types created from the built-in cardholder data types in Enterprise Recon were not auto-censored in the Match Inspector window and in the generated reports.
- Users would encounter a "code length overflow" error when trying to enable twofactor authentication (2FA) for **ER2** user accounts. The error would occur if the combined character count for the login name and host name is equal to 106 to 126 characters.
- In certain scenarios, scanning user accounts in OneDrive Business Targets would result in the "Scan failed to start" error if inverted location exclusion filters were applied to the scan and a large number of locations were being excluded from the scan due to the applied filter.

## FEATURES THAT REQUIRE AGENT UPGRADES

Agents do not need to be upgraded along with the Master Server, unless you require the following features in **Enterprise Recon 2.11.0**:

• You can now scan Oracle Linux 8 and FreeBSD 14 Targets. Requires Linux and FreeBSD Agents.

For a table of all features that require an Agent upgrade, see Agent Upgrade.

Ensuring we are delivering the best technology for our customers is a core value at Ground Labs. If you are interested in future early builds of Enterprise Recon with forthcoming features, please email your interest to product@groundlabs.com.

## **SUMMARY OF CHANGES**

This section provides a summary of the **Enterprise Recon 2.11.0** changes from **Enterprise Recon 2.10.0**.

Contents:

- Features
- Targets

## FEATURES

Target / Component	Enterprise Recon 2.11.0	Enterprise Recon 2.10.0
Data type - Canadian Driver License Number NEW	Supported.	-
Data type - Portuguese Fiscal Number	Added support for detecting Portuguese fiscal numbers that begin with "3", "4", and "7".	Supported.
Data type - Portuguese Citizen's Card	Enhanced support for detecting Portuguese citizen's card numbers in space or dash separator format, regardless of the letter case.	Supported.
Data type - United States Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)	Added support for identification numbers with fourth and fifth digits ranging from "50" to "65", inclusive.	Supported.
Global Filters <ul> <li>Global Filters</li> <li>Template</li> </ul>	Supported.	-
Node Agent - Linux 2.4	End of support.	Supported.
Hadoop Distributed Files System (HDFS) cluster • Debian-based Linux Agents	End of support.	Supported.

### TARGETS

Target / Component	Enterprise Recon 2.11.0	Enterprise Recon 2.10.0	
Linux Server Target • Oracle Linux 8	Supported.	-	
UNIX Server Target • FreeBSD 14.	Supported.	-	
<ul> <li>Database Target</li> <li>Databases minimum supported version</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>MariaDB 10.11</li> <li>Microsoft SQL 2012</li> <li>MongoDB 6.0</li> <li>PostgreSQL 13</li> <li>Sybase 16.0</li> <li>Teradata 16.20</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>MariaDB 10.3</li> <li>Microsoft SQL 2008</li> <li>MongoDB 4.0</li> <li>PostgreSQL 9.6</li> <li>Sybase 15.7</li> <li>Teradata 16.0</li> </ul>	
UNIX Server Target <ul> <li>AIX minimum</li> <li>supported version</li> </ul>	AIX 7.2.	AIX 7.1.	
UNIX Server Target <ul> <li>FreeBSD minimum supported version</li> </ul>	FreeBSD 13.	FreeBSD 12.	
Email Target - Exchange Domain • Exchange Server minimum supported version	Exchange Server 2013.	Exchange Server 2010.	
Microsoft Windows Desktop Target • Windows 8 • Windows 8.1	End of support.	Supported.	
Microsoft Windows Server Target • Windows Server 2008 R2	End of support.	Supported.	
Linux Server Target • CentOS • RHEL 6 • SUSE • Fedora	End of support.	Supported.	

Target / Component	Enterprise Recon 2.11.0	Enterprise Recon 2.10.0
<ul> <li>macOS Workstation</li> <li>macOS Catalina 10.15</li> <li>macOS Big Sur 11.5</li> </ul>	End of support.	Supported.
Email Target - HCL Notes • HCL Notes client 8.5.3	End of support.	Supported.

## **HOW-TO GUIDES**

These how-to guides are intended to guide you through the steps in setting up and/or using various features and/or functionalities in **ER2**. They assume that you have at least a basic understanding of key concepts in **ER2**.

## MASTER SERVER INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION

- Install the Enterprise Recon Master Server as an Appliance (from ISO)
- Install the Enterprise Recon Master Server on RHEL 8 (from RPM)
- Install Enterprise Recon on a Virtual Machine
  - Install the Master Server Appliance on Microsoft Hyper-V
  - Install the Master Server Appliance on Oracle VM VirtualBox
  - Install the Master Server Appliance on VMware vSphere

#### ANALYSIS, REMEDIATION, AND REPORTING

- Perform Remedial Actions
- Perform Delegated Remediation
- Generate Reports

## HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE (FROM ISO)

▶ Note: Ground Labs does not guarantee support for non-standard installations of the Enterprise Recon Master Server. Any deviation from the instructions provided in this manual, and/or any modification made to the Master Server that may impact the functionality of Enterprise Recon is considered a non-standard installation, including (but not limited to):

- Addition of any third party software (e.g. anti-virus software), libraries, and/or packages, and/or
- Removal of any software, libaries, and/or packages included by default in the Enterprise Recon appliance.

Please refer to Ground Labs Technical Support Services for more information.

Note: Refer to Enterprise Recon 2.9.0 - Update ER2 if you are upgrading your CentOS 7-based Master Server from Enterprise Recon 2.9.0 (and below).

This chapter describes how to perform a standard installation of the **ER2** Master Server software appliance using the ISO installer.

- Master Server as a Software Appliance
- Preparing to Install
  - System Requirements
  - Backup the Master Server and Network Settings
  - Download the RPM Installer
- Installing the Master Server Appliance from ISO
- Activating ER2
- Update ER2

See How To Install the Master Server on RHEL 8 (from RPM) on how to install the **ER2** Master Server on a Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 8 server.

#### **MASTER SERVER AS A SOFTWARE APPLIANCE**

Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 is provided as a software appliance that runs the Oracle Linux 8 operating system. You do not have to install the operating system separately when installing the Master Server.

Instead, use the ISO to create a (i) bootable DVD or (ii) bootable USB media (using Fedora Media Writer), and use it to install the Master Server directly on bare-metal or a virtual machine.

See How To Install Enterprise Recon on a Virtual Machine for instructions on installing **ER2** on a virtual machine.

## **PREPARING TO INSTALL**

This section explains the various prerequisites and aspects to consider before starting the installation.

#### System Requirements

You can install the **ER2** Master Server appliance on a server with the following minimum requirements:

Item	Requirement	
Enterprise Recon version (for existing installation of ER2)	Upgrading from Enterprise Recon version 2.1 or above.	
	Note: If you are migrating from Enterprise Recon 2.0.31 or older, please contact the Ground Labs Support Team for assistance.	
CPU architecture	64-bit (x86_64) CPU.	
Memory and disk space	See System Requirements - Master Server - Memory and Disk Space for more information.	

#### **Backup the Master Server and Network Settings**

Note: If you are migrating from Enterprise Recon 2.0.31 or older, please contact the Ground Labs Support Team for assistance.

If you have an existing installation of **ER2**:

- 1. Create a backup of the current Master Server. Copy the backup file to a shared location separate from the current Master Server host that is accessible by the new Master Server host.
- Copy the datastore configuration file /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg to a shared location separate from the current Master Server host that is accessible by the new Master Server host.
   Do this step to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents with a new Master

Do this step to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents with a new Master Server public key.

 Take down the host name, IP address and network configuration settings of the current Master Server.
 Do this step to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents to point to a new IP address for the Master Server.

#### Download the ISO Installer

The **ER2** ISO installer is a bootable ISO image that installs the Master Server appliance with an Oracle Linux 8-based operating system on your machine.

To download the Master Server ISO installer:

- 1. Log in to Ground Labs Services Portal.
- 2. From the Home tab, scroll down to the Enterprise Recon 2 > Enterprise Master Package > Appliance (OL8) section and look for version 2.11.0.

Enterprise Master Package				
Platform	Version	Filename	Checksum (SHA1)	
Appliance (OL8)		er2OracleLinux8.iso		Download

3. Click Download to download the Enterprise Recon ISO file ( er2-2.x.x-OracleLinux

8.iso).

4. Load the ISO image on bootable media such as a USB stick or a DVD, and use it to install the Master Server directly on bare-metal server.

## INSTALLING THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE FROM ISO

**Info:** This guide provides general instructions for installing the **ER2** Master Server on bare-metal servers. The instructions may need to be adjusted to match your specific hardware configuration.

To perform a standard installation of the **ER2** Master Server appliance:

- 1. On your machine, load the **ER2** installation media.
- 2. (Optional) To run a memory test, select **Troubleshooting** and press **Enter**.
- 3. Select Install Enterprise Recon 2.x.x and press Enter.
- 4. In the **INSTALLATION SUMMARY** screen, configure the following settings. Click **Done** to confirm each setting.

Settings	Description	
Keyboard	Select the keyboard layout(s) to use.	
Language Support	Select the language(s) to install.	
Network & Host Name	<ol> <li>Configure your network interfaces. Locally accessible interfaces are automatically detected and listed in the left panel of the installation window.</li> <li>Set the toggle button to <b>ON</b> to activate a network interface and click <b>Configure</b> to manually configure the network interface settings.</li> </ol>	
	<b>Info:</b> You can re-configure the Master Server's network interface after the installation.	
	<ol> <li>Set the host name for your Master Server and click Apply.</li> </ol>	
Time & Date	1. Set the date, time format and time zone for the Master Server.	
	Example: Region: Asia , City: Singapore	
	▲ Warning: Scan schedules are based on the Master Server system time. If your Master Server system time does not match the system time of Agent hosts, your scans will not run as scheduled. When you View Agents in the Agent Admin page, a warning is displayed if the system time of an Agent host does not match the Master Server system time.	
	2. Set the toggle button to <b>ON</b> to enable the network time.	

Settings	Description		
Disk Setup	<b>ER2</b> encrypts the disk that the Master Server is installed on. This LUKS <b>passphrase</b> is required to decrypt the disk every time you start up the Master Server.		
	▲ Warning: Keep your passphrase in a secure place; you cannot start the Master Server without it. Ground Labs cannot help you recover your lost passphrase.		
	▲ Warning: Any existing operating system or data on the disk that the Master Server is installed on will be overwritten.		

- 5. Once you have finished configuring the Master Server, click Begin Installation.
- 6. After the system reboots to complete the installation, enter your LUKS passphrase to access the Master Server console.
- 7. Log in to the Master Server console as root with the default password, Change MeNow .
- 8. Run the following command:

yum update

Note: The yum update command checks for and displays all available updates for **ER2** and the underlying operating system.

- 9. Enter y to install available updates.
- 10. (Optional) Restore ER2 from a backup file.

• Tip: Set up the Master Server host with the IP address and network configuration settings of the previous Master Server to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents to point to a new IP address for the Master Server. See Backup the Master Server and Network Settings for more information.

11. (Optional) Restore the datastore configuration file copied from the previous Master Server.

# Stop the er2-master service. /etc/init.d/er2-master stop # Rename and backup the original datastore.cfg file. mv /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg.orig # Copy the datastore configuration file for the previous Master Server # from the "<shared location>" to the RHEL 8 server. scp <user@source host>:<shared location>/datastore.cfg /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg # Give ER2 ownership of the configuration file. chown erecon:root /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg # Change the permissions for the datastore configuration file. chmod -x /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg # Start the er2-master service. /etc/init.d/er2-master start # Once the restore operation has been verified to be successful, # delete the original datastore configuration file. rm /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg.orig

**Tip:** Do this step to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents with a new Master Server public key. See Backup the Master Server and Network Settings for more information.

#### **ACTIVATING ER2**

Once the Master Server has started, log in to the Web Console to activate **ER2** and Install Node Agents.

See Installation Overview for more information.

#### **UPDATE ER2**

Update ER2 to upgrade to the latest version of ER2.

## HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER ON RHEL 8 (FROM RPM)

▶ Note: Ground Labs does not guarantee support for non-standard installations of the Enterprise Recon Master Server. Any deviation from the instructions provided in this manual, and/or any modification made to the Master Server that may impact the functionality of Enterprise Recon is considered a non-standard installation, including (but not limited to):

- Addition of any third party software (e.g. anti-virus software), libraries, and/or packages, and/or
- Removal of any software, libaries, and/or packages included by default in the Enterprise Recon appliance.

Please refer to Ground Labs Technical Support Services for more information.

Note: Refer to Enterprise Recon 2.9.0 - Update ER2 if you are upgrading your CentOS 7-based Master Server from Enterprise Recon 2.9.0 (and below).

This chapter describes how to perform a standard installation of the **ER2** Master Server on a Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 8 server using the RPM installer.

- Preparing to Install
  - System Requirements
  - Backup the Master Server and Network Settings
  - Download the RPM Installer
- Installing the Master Server RPM Package
- Activating ER2
- Managing the Master Server
  - Check Master Server Version
  - Start, Stop and Restart the Master Server
  - Update ER2

#### **PREPARING TO INSTALL**

▲ Warning: You are responsible for securing the operating system of the server on which the **ER2** Master Server RPM software package is installed. This includes (but is not limited to) restricting user access to the server and enabling file system encryption for security.

This section explains the various prerequisites and aspects to consider before starting the installation.

#### **System Requirements**

You can install the **ER2** Master Server RPM software package on a RHEL 8 server with the following minimum requirements:

ltem	Requirement

Item	Requirement	
Enterprise Recon version (for existing installation of ER2)	Upgrading from Enterprise Recon version 2.1 or above.	
	Note: If you are migrating from Enterprise Recon 2.0.31 or older, please contact the Ground Labs Support Team for assistance.	
RHEL release version(s)	The installation of the <b>ER2</b> Master Server on Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 8 is supported on the two most recent Extended Update Support (EUS) releases.	
CPU architecture	64-bit (x86_64) CPU.	
Memory and disk space	See System Requirements - Master Server - Memory and Disk Space for more information.	

#### **Backup the Master Server and Network Settings**

Note: If you are migrating from Enterprise Recon 2.0.31 or older, please contact the Ground Labs Support Team for assistance.

If you have an existing installation of ER2:

- 1. Create a backup of the current Master Server. Copy the backup file to a shared location separate from the current Master Server host that is accessible by the new Master Server host.
- Copy the datastore configuration file /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg to a shared location separate from the current Master Server host that is accessible by the new Master Server host.
   Do this step to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents with a new Master Server public key.
- Take down the host name, IP address and network configuration settings of the current Master Server.

Do this step to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents to point to a new IP address for the Master Server.

#### **Download the RPM Installer**

To download the Master Server RPM installer:

- 1. Log in to Ground Labs Services Portal.
- 2. From the Home tab, scroll down to the Enterprise Recon 2 > Enterprise Master RPM Package > RPM Package (EL8) section and look for version 2.11.0.

Enterprise Master RPM Package						
Platform	Version	Filename	Checksum (SHA1)			
RPM Package (EL8)		er2-master-		Download		
		el8.x86_64.rpm				
			Enterprise Master RPM Package archive			

- 3. Click **Download** to download the Enterprise Recon RPM package file ( er2-master-2.x-x-xxxx\_xxxxxxx.el8.x86\_64.rpm ).
- 4. Save the file on the RHEL 8 server where the **ER2** Master Server will be installed.

## **INSTALLING THE MASTER SERVER RPM PACKAGE**

Open a terminal on the RHEL 8 server where the **ER2** Master Server will be installed. Run the following commands as:

- the root user, or
- a user with privileges to execute sudo commands.
- 1. Update the installed system packages and repositories for the RHEL 8 server.

dnf update

2. Install Ruby 2.5. **ER2** requires Ruby version 2.5 in order to install and run successfully.

dnf install -y ruby

3. Verify that Ruby version 2.5 is installed.

ruby --version

This will output the following:

ruby 2.5.x (xxxx-xx-revision xxxxx) [x86\_64-linux]

4. Configure the firewall rules to allow incoming connections on TCP port 80, TCP port 443 and TCP port 11117.
 (Optional) Add a firewall rule to allow incoming connections on a TCP port (e.g. 8)

339) for the ER2 API service.

firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port 80/tcp firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port 443/tcp firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port 11117/tcp firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port 8339/tcp firewall-cmd --reload

See Network Requirements - Master Server Network Requirements for more information. Also see Enterprise Recon V1 API - Enable the API for more details on enabling the **ER2** API.

5. Install the downloaded Master Server RPM package.

rpm -ivh ./er2-master-2.x-x-xxxx\_xxxxxxxxx.el8.x86\_64.rpm

6. (Optional) Restore ER2 from a backup file.

• **Tip:** Set up the RHEL 8 server with the IP address and network configuration settings of the previous Master Server to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents to point to a new IP address for the Master Server. See Backup the Master Server and Network Settings for more information.

7. (Optional) Restore the datastore configuration file copied from the previous Master Server.
# Stop the er2-master service. /etc/init.d/er2-master stop # Rename and backup the original datastore.cfg file. mv /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg.orig # Copy the datastore configuration file for the previous Master Server # from the "<shared location>" to the RHEL 8 server. scp <user@source host>:<shared location>/datastore.cfg /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg # Give ER2 ownership of the configuration file. chown erecon:root /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg # Change the permissions for the datastore configuration file. chmod -x /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg # Start the er2-master service. /etc/init.d/er2-master start # Once the restore operation has been verified to be successful. # delete the original datastore configuration file. rm /var/lib/er2/datastore.cfg.orig

**Tip:** Do this step to avoid having to reconfigure all Node Agents with a new Master Server public key. See Backup the Master Server and Network Settings for more information.

## **ACTIVATING ER2**

Once the Master Server has started, log in to the Web Console to activate **ER2** and Install Node Agents.

See Installation Overview for more information.

### MANAGING THE MASTER SERVER

Run the following commands as:

- the root user, or
- a user with privileges to execute sudo commands.

#### **Check Master Server Version**

To check your Master Server version and build number, run:

```
rpm -qa er2-master
```

This displays the installed Master Server package name, version, build number and architecture:

# Displays output in the format of # <Master Server package name>-<version>-<build number>.<architecture> er2-master-2.x.xx-xxxxxxxxxxx.el8.x86\_64

### Start, Stop and Restart the Master Server

To start your Master Server, run:

/etc/init.d/er2-master start

To stop your Master Server, run:

/etc/init.d/er2-master stop

To restart your Master Server, run:

/etc/init.d/er2-master restart

### Update ER2

Perform an Offline Update to upgrade ER2.

# HOW TO INSTALL ENTERPRISE RECON ON A VIRTUAL MACHINE

This section contains instructions on how to perform a standard installation of the **ER2** Master Server on the following virtualization platforms:

- Microsoft Hyper-V
- Oracle VM VirtualBox
- VMware vSphere

If you are using Amazon Web Services, Google Cloud, or Microsoft Azure, please contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

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# HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE ON HYPER-V

**Info:** This guide provides general instructions for installing the **ER2** Master Server on a new virtual machine in Hyper-V. The instructions may need to be adjusted to match your specific Hyper-V release and/or version.

This chapter describes how to create a virtual machine in Hyper-V and install the **ER2** Master Server on it.

- Preparing to Install
- Creating a New Virtual Machine
- Installing ER2 on the Virtual Machine

# **PREPARING TO INSTALL**

- Install Hyper-V. See Microsoft Learn: Install Hyper-V on Windows 10 for more information.
- See System Requirements for information on ER2 requirements.
- Download the ER2 installer.
- (Optional) Backup the Master Server and Network Settings.

## **CREATING A NEW VIRTUAL MACHINE**

- 1. Open the Hyper-V Manager and select a server.
- 2. From the Action menu, click New > Virtual Machine.... This opens up the New Virtual Machine Wizard.



- 3. In the Before You Begin window, click Next.
- 4. In the Specify Name and Location window, configure the following fields:
  - **Name**: Enter a descriptive name for the virtual machine. For example, er2.x. x-master-server .
  - Store the virtual machine in a different location: (Optional) Select to change the location on which to create and store the files for the new virtual machine.
  - Location: Enter a custom location to store the virtual machine files.
- 5. Click Next.
- 6. In the Specify Generation window, select Generation 2 and click Next.

🖳 New Virtual Machine Wizar	d ×
💹 Specify Gene	ration
Before You Begin Specify Name and Location Specify Generation Assign Memory Configure Networking Connect Virtual Hard Disk Installation Options Summary	<ul> <li>Choose the generation of this virtual machine.</li> <li>Generation 1 This virtual machine generation supports 32-bit and 64-bit guest operating systems and provides virtual hardware which has been available in all previous versions of Hyper-V.</li> <li>Generation 2 This virtual machine generation provides support for newer virtualization features, has UEFI-based firmware, and requires a supported 64-bit guest operating system.</li> <li>More a virtual machine has been created, you cannot change its generation.</li> </ul>
	< Previous Next > Finish Cancel

- 7. In **Assign Memory** window, allocate a suitable amount of memory to this virtual machine based on the Master Server's System Requirements. Click **Next**.
- 8. In the **Configure Networking** window, select the network adapter for the virtual machine. Click **Next**.
- 9. In the **Connect Virtual Hard Disk** window, select **Create a virtual hard disk** and configure the following fields:
  - **Name**: Assign a name to the virtual hard disk.
  - Location: Select a location on which to store the virtual hard disk.
  - **Size**: Allocate a suitable amount of disk space to this virtual machine based on the Master Server's System Requirements. Click **Next**.
- 10. In the **Installation Options** window, select **Install an operating system from a bootable image file**. Click on **Browse** and select the ISO installer that was downloaded from the Ground Labs Services Portal. Click **Next**.
- 11. In the **Completing the New Virtual Machine Wizard** window, review the details of the new virtual machine.
- 12. Click **Finish**. Your new virtual machine will appear in the **Virtual Machines** section for your selected server.
- 13. Right click on your new virtual machine and click Settings.
- 14. Go to Hardware > Security. In the Secure Boot > Template: dropdown, select Microsoft UEFI Certificate Authority.



15. Click Apply and OK.

## **INSTALLING ER2 ON THE VIRTUAL MACHINE**

- 1. To start installing ER2, double click on your new virtual machine and select Start.
- 2. Follow the instructions to Install the Master Server Appliance from ISO.

# HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE ON ORACLE VM VIRTUALBOX

**Info:** This guide provides general instructions for installing the **ER2** Master Server on a new virtual machine in Oracle VM VirtualBox. The instructions may need to be adjusted to match your specific Oracle VM VirtualBox release and/or version.

This chapter describes how to create a virtual machine in Oracle VM VirtualBox and install the **ER2** Master Server on it.

- Preparing to Install
- Creating a New Virtual Machine
- Setting Up the Network Adapter
- Installing ER2 on the Virtual Machine

## **PREPARING TO INSTALL**

- Install VirtualBox. See VirtualBox: Oracle VM VirtualBox for more information.
   These instructions have been tested for Oracle VirtualBox 7.0.
  - These instructions have been tested for Oracle virtualbox 7.
     See System Dequirements for information on EP2 requirements.
- See System Requirements for information on ER2 requirements.
- Download the ER2 installer.
- (Optional) Backup the Master Server and Network Settings.

### **CREATING A NEW VIRTUAL MACHINE**

1. In the Oracle VM VirtualBox Manager, click New.



2. In the **Create Virtual Machine** window, click on **Expert Mode** and configure the following fields:

Section	Field	Description
Name and Operating System	Name	Enter a descriptive name for the virtual machine. For example, er2.x.x-master -server.
Name and Operating System	Folder	Select a folder on which to create and store the files for the new virtual machine.

Section	Field	Description
Name and Operating System	ISO Image	Select the ISO installer that was downloaded from the Ground Labs Services Portal.
Name and Operating System	Туре	Linux
Name and Operating System	Version	Oracle Linux 8.x (64-bit)
Name and Operating System	Skip Unattended Installation	Checked.
Hardware	Base Memory	Enter the memory allocation for the Master Server.
Hard Disk	Create a Virtual Hard Disk Now	<ul> <li>Hard Disk File Location and Size: Select a location to store the virtual machine files and enter the size to allocate for the new virtual machine.</li> <li>Hard Disk File Type and Variant: VDI (VirtualBox Disk Image)</li> <li>Pre-allocate Full Size: Leave unchecked.</li> </ul>

🔋 Create Virtual Machine		?	×
V Name	and Operating System		
Name:	er2.x.x-master-server		<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>
Folder:	C:\Users\Public\VirtualBox VMs		$\sim$
ISO Image:	C:\Users\Public\Downloads\er2-2.9.1-OradeLinux8.iso		~
Edition:			
Туре:	Linux	~	64
Version:	Orade Linux 8.x (64-bit)	~ [	-
	Skip Unattended Installation		
> Unatt	ended Install		
> Hardw	are		
> Hard (	Disk		
Help	Guided Mode Badt Finish	Can	ncel

3. Click Finish.

Your new virtual machine will be displayed in the Oracle VM VirtualBox Manager.

## SETTING UP THE NETWORK ADAPTER

Info: Network settings required for your environment may vary. VirtualBox sets the virtual machine network adapter to NAT by default, which does not allow network access to the virtual machine without additional configuration. The instructions below show how to enable the Bridged Adapter for your virtual machine, which other virtual machines and hosts on the network to connect to your virtual machine. See VirtualBox: Chapter 6. Virtual Networking for more information.

- 1. In the Oracle VM VirtualBox Manager, right click on your new virtual machine and select **Settings**.
- 2. In the left panel, select Network.
- 3. In Network, under the Adapter 1 tab:
  - a. Make sure Enable Network Adapter is selected.
  - b. In the Attached to: menu, select Bridged Adapter.
- 4. Click **OK**.

## **INSTALLING ER2 ON THE VIRTUAL MACHINE**

- 1. To start installing **ER2**, double click on your new virtual machine.
- 2. Follow the instructions to Install the Master Server Appliance from ISO.

# HOW TO INSTALL THE MASTER SERVER APPLIANCE ON VMWARE VSPHERE

**Info:** This guide provides general instructions for installing the **ER2** Master Server on a new virtual machine on a VMware ESXi server using the vSphere Client. The instructions may need to be adjusted to match your specific WMware vSphere release and/or version.

This chapter describes how to create a virtual machine on a VMware ESXi server with the vSphere client and install the **ER2** Master Server on it.

- Preparing to Install
- Creating a New Virtual Machine
- Installing ER2 on the Virtual Machine

# **PREPARING TO INSTALL**

- You will need an existing VMware ESXi server, and credentials to access the server using the vSphere Client on a web browser. See VMware Docs: How to Install and Set Up vSphere for more information.
  - These instructions have been tested for VMware ESXi 6.7 with vSphere Client 1.33.4.
- See System Requirements for information on ER2 requirements.
- Download the ER2 installer.
- (Optional) Backup the Master Server and Network Settings.

## **CREATING A NEW VIRTUAL MACHINE**

- 1. Log in and connect to VMware ESXi 6.7 using the vSphere (Web) Client.
- 2. In the Navigator pane, click on Host.
- 3. Click on Create/Register VM to open the New virtual machine wizard.

$\leftarrow \  \  \rightarrow \  \   G$		/ui/#/host		E \$	
<b>vm</b> ware" esxi"				- Help -	- I Q Search
Navigator					
Host     Manage     Monitor     O'Virtual Machines     Storage     Aetworking	G Get vCenter Server	1 Create/Register VM 2 Bound to Win 2 Reboot 4 2 Group to 10 Volume 3 (Build 15160138) Normal (not connected to any vCenter Server) 31.8 days	C Refresh   🔅 Actions	CPU USED 1.1 GH2 MEMORY USED 137.38 GB STORAGE USED 2.81 TB	FREE: 48.8 GHz 2% CAPACITY: 47.9 GH FREE: 118.49 GB 54% CAPACITY: 258.87 GB FREE: 39.75 GB FREE: 39.75 GB CAPACITY: 3.72 TB
	+ Hardware				
	Manufacturer		Image profile	ESXi-6.7.0-20191204001-sta	andard (VMware, Inc.)

- 4. In the Select creation type window, select Create a new virtual machine and click Next.
- 5. In the **Select a name and guest OS** window, configure the following fields and click **Next**.
  - **Name**: Enter a descriptive name for the virtual machine. For example, er2.x. x-master-server .
  - Compatibility: ESXi 6.7 virtual machine
  - Guest OS family: Linux

#### • Guest OS version: Oracle Linux 8 (64-bit)

Select creation type	Select a name and guest	OS			
Select a name and guest OS	Specify a unique name and OS				
Customize settings Ready to complete	Name				
	er2.x.x-master-server				
	Virtual machine names can contain up	Virtual machine names can contain up to 80 characters and they must be unique within each ESXi instance.			
	Identifying the guest operating system I installation.	nere allows the wizard to provide the appropriate defaults	for the operating system		
	Compatibility	ESXi 6.7 virtual machine	~		
	Guest OS family	Linux	~		
	Guest OS version	Oracle Linux 8 (64-bit)	~		
<b>vm</b> ware					

- 6. In the **Select storage** window, select the datastore for the virtual machine and click **Next**.
- 7. In the **Customize settings** window, configure the following fields and click **Next**.
  - Memory: Enter the memory allocation for the Master Server virtual machine.
     Hard disk 1: Enter the size to allocate for the new Master Server virtual
    - Hard disk 1: Enter the size to allocate for the new Master Server Virtual machine.
  - Network Adapter 1: Select VM Network and select the Connect checkbox.
  - CD/DVD Drive 1: Select Datastore ISO File and select the ER2 ISO installer that was downloaded from the Ground Labs Services Portal. Select the Connect checkbox to automatically connect the CD/DVD drive at power on.

elect creation type elect a name and guest OS elect storage	Customize settings Configure the virtual machine hardw	vare and virtual machine additional options	
ustomize settings eady to complete	Virtual Hardware VM Options	ark adapter 🖉 Add ether davios	
	► 🛲 Memory	4096 MB ~	
	▶ 🛄 Hard disk 1	100 GB ~	0
	▶ K SCSI Controller 0	VMware Paravirtual	~ 0
	SATA Controller 0		0
	USB controller 1	USB 2.0	~ ©
	Network Adapter 1	VM Network	🗸 🗹 Connect 🛛 💿
	▼ 🧐 CD/DVD Drive 1	Datastore ISO file	🗸 🗹 Connect 💿
<b>m</b> ware <sup>*</sup>	Status	Connect at power on	

- 8. On the **Ready to complete** window, review the details and configuration settings of the new virtual machine.
- 9. Click **Finish** to complete the setup.

Your new virtual machine will be displayed in the **Navigator** pane under the **Virtual Machines** section.

## **INSTALLING ER2 ON THE VIRTUAL MACHINE**

- 1. To start installing **ER2**, log in to the vSphere Client, click on your new virtual machine and click **Power on**.
- 2. Follow the instructions to Install the Master Server Appliance from ISO.

# HOW TO PERFORM REMEDIAL ACTIONS

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Review Matches
- Remediate from Investigate
  - Customize Tombstone Message
  - Remediation Rules

## **OVERVIEW**

#### **Warning:** Remediation is permanent

Remediation can result in the permanent erasure or modification of data. Once performed, remedial actions cannot be undone.

Matches found during scans must be reviewed and, where necessary, remediated. **ER2** has built-in tools to mark and secure sensitive data found in these matches.

Remediating matches is done in two phases:

- 1. Review Matches
- 2. Remediate from Investigate

Navigate to the Investigate page to review the sensitive data matches found during scans, and perform remediation or delegate remediation where necessary.

To delegate remediation tasks to another user, see Delegated Remediation.

Note: All remedial actions are captured in the Operation Log. When attempting to remediate a match location, you are required to enter a name in the **Sign-off** field.

# **REVIEW MATCHES**

When matches are found during a scan, they are displayed in the Investigate page as match locations. The results grid, location filters and match inspector are some of the features available to help user review and verify the scan results.

Note: Reporting resource permissions are required to review match results in the Investigate page. See the Permissions Table for more information.

If a match is found to contain sensitive data, **ER2** provides tools to report and secure the match location.

To delegate remediation tasks to another user, see Delegated Remediation.

# **REMEDIATE FROM INVESTIGATE**

To remediate a match location from the **Investigate** page:

- 1. (Optional) Select one or more filters in the **Filter Locations by** panel and click Apply Filter to display Targets and match locations that fulfill specific criteria in the results grid.
- Select the Targets and match locations that you want to remediate.
   Click **Remediate** and select one of the following actions:

Remediation	Remedial Actions
Act directly on selected location	<ul> <li>Mask all sensitive data - Masks all found sensitive data in the match location with a static mask.</li> </ul>
	▲ Warning: Masking data is destructive. It writes over data in the original file to obscure it. This action is irreversible, and may corrupt remaining data in masked files.
	<ul> <li>Quarantine - Moves the files to a secure location you specify and leaves a tombstone text file in its place.</li> </ul>
	Note: Quarantine remedial action can only be performed if all selected match locations belong to a single Target.
	<ul> <li>Delete Permanently - Securely deletes the match location (file) and leaves a tombstone text file in its place.</li> </ul>
	Note: Attempting to perform a <b>Delete permanently</b> action on files already deleted by the user (removed manually, without using the <b>Delete permanently</b> remedial action) will update the match status to "Deleted" but leave no tombstone behind.
	<ul> <li>Encrypt file - Secures the match location using an AES encrypted zip file.</li> </ul>
	See Act Directly on Selected Location for more information.

Remediation	Remedial Actions
Mark locations for compliance report	<ul> <li>Confirmed - Marks selected match location as "Confirmed". The location has been reviewed and found to contain sensitive data that must be remediated.</li> <li>Remediated manually - Marks selected match location as "Remediated Manually". The location contains sensitive data which has been remediated using tools outside of ER2 and rendered harmless.</li> <li>Test Data - Marks selected match location as "Test Data". The location contains data that is part of a test suite, and does not pose a security or privacy threat.</li> <li>False Match - Marks selected match location as a "False Match". The location is a false positive and does not contain sensitive data.</li> <li>Remove Mark - Unmarks selected location.</li> </ul>
	Note: Marking PCI data as test data or false matches When a match is labeled as credit card data or other data prohibited under the PCI DSS, you cannot add it to your list of Global Filters through the remediation menu. Instead, add the match you want to ignore by manually setting up a new Global Filter. See Global Filter for more information. See Mark Locations for Compliance Report for more information.

Note: Only remedial actions that are supported across all selected match locations can be selected from the **Remediate** dropdown menu in the Investigate page. See Remedial Actions in ER2 - Remediation Rules for more information.

#### **Tip: Remediate Specific Data Types**

Apply data type filters to remediate specific data types for a selected match location.

For example, File A has one **Personal Names (English)** and two **Mastercard** matches. Only **Mastercard** matches will be remediated if **Mastercard** is the only data type filter that was selected when remedial action was taken.

If no data type filters are selected, all data type matches will be remediated for a selected match location.

- 4. Enter a name in the **Sign-off** field.
- 5. Enter an explanation in the **Reason** field.
- 6. Click Ok.

Once remediation operations are completed, the remediation dialog box progress bar reaches 100%. The **Status** column in the **Investigate** page will be updated to indicate if the remedial action taken was successful for each match location.

**Note:** All remedial actions are captured in the Operation Log.

#### **Customize Tombstone Message**

You can customize the contents of the tombstone text file that is left in place of a location that has been remediated using the **Quarantine** or **Delete Permanently** methods.

The message in the tombstone text file can be customized to provide useful information when someone tries to access the remediated locations. Separate messages can be configured for **Quarantine** and **Delete Permanently** tombstone text files.

You must have Global Admin or System Manager permissions to modify the contents of the tombstone text file.

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Settings 🌣 > Remediation > Tombstone Text Editor page.
- 3. Go to the **Quarantine Tombstone File** or **Delete Permanently Tombstone File** section.
- 4. Click on **Edit** to customize the message in the tombstone text file. The character limit for the text is 1000.

Quarantine Tombsto	ne File	Save
Message in .txt file	<ul> <li>Names, email addresses and contact numbers added to this message will be picked up as matched the remediated locations are scanned for PII data again. To exclude the contents of the tombstoned message from future scan results, please configure the Global Filter Manager.</li> <li>This is a customized tombstone text message for Remediation - Quarantine action.</li> </ul>	es if e
	This message contains characters that will only be displayed correctly for users on supported platforms.	

If an empty tombstone message is saved, the tombstone message will automatically revert back to default **ER2** tombstone message. For example, for Quarantine remediation, "Location quarantined at user request during sensitive data remediation".

• **Tip:** Using non-ASCII characters may cause the tombstone message to be displayed incorrectly for users on unsupported platforms. To ensure that users view meaningful content, configure a message with minimal non-ASCII characters, or set up a tombstone message that contains multiple languages.

5. Once done, click on **Save**. The new tombstone message will be applicable to all Targets.

**1** Info: For match locations with very small file sizes, the tombstone message may be truncated to ensure the tombstone file size does not exceed the original file size of the match location.

Note: Names, email addresses, contact numbers or other PII data contained within

the tombstone message will be detected as matches if the remediated locations are scanned again. You can set up Global Filters to exclude the contents of tombstone text files from future scan results.

#### **Remediation Rules**

While remediation happens at individual file level, remediation action that can be taken is dependent on both the Target platform and file type.

See Remedial Actions in ER2 - Remediation Rules for more information.

# HOW TO PERFORM DELEGATED REMEDIATION

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Requirements
- Delegating Remediation for Sensitive Data Locations
- Managing the Delegated Remediation Task Settings
- Checking the Status of Delegated Remediation Tasks
- Reviewing and Remediating Locations
- Expiring A Delegated Remediation Task

#### **Warning:** Remediation is permanent

Remediation can result in the permanent erasure or modification of data. Once performed, remedial actions cannot be undone.

## **OVERVIEW**

As the process for remediating sensitive data locations often involves multiple steps and parties, the ability to delegate the remediation task is necessary for an effective compliance program. This becomes particularly evident in large organizations where a single scan can result in millions of sensitive data matches across a huge number of locations, which would be overwhelming for a single user to review and remediate.

With Delegated Remediation, an Enterprise Recon user can easily delegate the task to remediate match locations across multiple Targets to another user. This helps organizations streamline the remediation workflow to achieve flexibility and scalability in its compliance efforts.

For more information, see Remedial Actions in ER2.

## REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
License	Enterprise Recon PRO license.
Master Server	Version 2.3.1 and above.
Message Transfer Agent (MTA)	At least one MTA must be configured to enable email notifications to be sent to delegatees of a remediation task. See Mail Settings for more information.

Requirements	Description
Delegator	A user with Global Admin or Remediate resource permissions can delegate remediation tasks for all locations which the delegator has Remediate permissions to.
	The remediation actions that can be delegated are limited by the type of Remediation permissions assigned to the delegator's account.
Delegatee	<ul> <li>Remediation tasks can be delegated to:         <ul> <li>Any ER2 user, and</li> <li>Active Directory (AD) users. This requires Active Directory to be configured in ER2.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Delegated remediation can be done regardless of the delegatee's existing user account permissions.</li><li>Remediation tasks can only be delegated to user accounts with an associated email address.</li></ul>

### DELEGATING REMEDIATION FOR SENSITIVE DATA LOCATIONS

A user with Global Admin and Remediate resource permissions can delegate the remediation of sensitive data locations to another user from the Investigate page. Using the Target and location filters, the delegator can simplify the Investigate results grid view to easily select multiple match locations for delegated remediation. For example, use the Metadata filter to only display locations that belong to a specific document owner.

To delegate a remediation task to another user:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Investigate.
- 3. (Optional) Select one or more filters in the **Filter Locations by** panel and click **Apply Filter** to display Targets and match locations that fulfill specific criteria in the results grid.
- 4. Select the Targets and match locations to be assigned for delegated remediation.
- 5. Click **Delegate** and fill in the following fields in the **Delegate Remediation** dialog box:

Field	Description
Delegate to	Select a user to delegate the remediation task to.
Subject	(Optional) Enter a descriptive email subject to be used for the notification email.
	To change the default subject for the notification email, see Managing the Delegated Remediation Task Settings.
Note	(Optional) Enter a custom message for the notification email.
	To change the default message for the notification email, see Managing the Delegated Remediation Task Settings.

Field	Description
Action Required	Select the remediation actions that can be performed by the delegatee on the match locations. See Remedial Actions in ER2 for more information.
	Note: The delegator can only assign remediation actions for which his account has explicit Remediate resource permissions for.

6. Click **Delegate** to confirm the delegation task. Once confirmed, a notification email with a link to the delegated remediation task will be sent to the delegatee.

Note: At least one MTA must be configured to enable email notifications to be sent to delegatees of a remediation task. See Mail Settings for more information.

**Tip:** The delegation link is accessible by the delegator and delegatee until the **Link Expires** date. See Managing the Delegated Remediation Task Settings for more information.

In the **Investigate** results grid, the "Delegated" status will be displayed in the **Delegation** column if there is at least one active delegated remediation task associated with the match location.

To check the status and progress of delegated remediation tasks that have been assigned by and assigned to the current user account, see Checking the Status of Delegated Remediation Tasks.

### MANAGING THE DELEGATED REMEDIATION TASK SETTINGS

You can customize the default contents of the notification email that is sent to the delegatee, and the default link expiration date for delegated remediation tasks.

The message in the notification email can be customized to provide useful information to let the delegatee know how to proceed, or any specific action that is required for the delegated remediation task.

You must have Global Admin or System Manager permissions to modify the default email subject and message, and the validity period of the delegated remediation task.

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. On the **Settings** > **Remediation** > **PRO Settings** page, go to the **Delegated Remediation Email** section.
- 3. Click on Edit to customize the following fields for the delegated remediation task:

Setting	Description
Subject	Subject header for the notification email sent to the delegatee of a delegated remediation task. The character limit for the text is 200.
	<b>Example:</b> Sensitive Data Found - Please Remediate

Setting	Description
Message	Content of the notification email. The character limit for the text is 1000.
	<b>Example:</b> You have been assigned to remediate locations containing sensitive data. Click on the link below and login with your Enterprise Recon or Active Directory username and password.
Link Expiry	Set the validity period for the delegated remediation task and link. For example, if set to 14, the delegated remediation task and link will expire automatically 14 days from the date and time when the task was created, unless expired manually.

4. Once done, click on **Save**. The new settings will be applicable for future delegated remediation tasks.

### CHECKING THE STATUS OF DELEGATED REMEDIATION TASKS

The **Tracker** page provides a view of all remediation tasks that have been delegated to the current user by other users, and vice-versa.

To view the status of delegated remediation tasks:

1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.

Field	Description
Enter Your	Enter your <b>ER2</b> or Active Directory (AD) user name.
Username	Example: john.doe
Enter Your	Enter your <b>ER2</b> or AD password.
Password	Example: myPa\$\$w0rd
<active Directory Domain&gt;</active 	Select your AD domain; only applicable for users logging in with AD credentials. Otherwise, select "No domain". Example: example.com

- 2. Go to Tracker.
- 3. In the **Tracker** page, click on:
  - **Delegated to others** to view the remediation tasks assigned by the current user to other users.
  - **Delegated to me** to view the remediation tasks assigned to the current user by other users.

Column	Description
Delegated to	User name of the delegatee of the remediation task. Only displayed in the <b>Delegated to others</b> tab.

Column	Description
Delegated by	User name of the delegator of the remediation task. Only displayed in the <b>Delegated to me</b> tab.
Filter Applied	List of filters that were applied to the match results set in the Investigate page when the delegated remediation task was created.
Delegated on	Date and time when the delegated remediation task was created.
Link Expiration	Expiry date and time for the delegated remediation task. Delegated remediation tasks expire automatically a certain number of days from the date and time when the task was created, unless expired manually. See Managing the Delegated Remediation Task Settings for more information.
Delegated Locations	Total number of Targets or Target locations selected for the delegated remediation task.
Remediated Locations	<ul> <li>"x/y" where:</li> <li>x is the total number of Target locations that have been remediated (by any user), and</li> <li>y is the total number of Target locations assigned for the delegated remediation task.</li> </ul>
	<b>Note:</b> Partially masked Targets or Target locations do not count towards the total number of remediated locations ( <b>x</b> ).
Link status	<ul> <li>Status of the delegated remediation task.</li> <li>Active - Indicates that the delegated remediation task is still active and not all locations have been remediated.</li> <li>Expired - Indicates that the delegated remediation task has expired. Delegated remediation tasks expire automatically four weeks (28 days) from the date and time when the task was created.</li> <li>Expired Manually - Indicates that the delegated remediation task was expired.</li> </ul>

- 4. (Optional) Use one or more filters in the **Filter by...** panel to show specific delegated remediation tasks.
- 5. Hover over a task and click on the view <sup>(o)</sup> icon to view the list Targets and match locations included in the delegated remediation task. See Reviewing and Remediating Locations for more information.

### Trash

You can use the **Trash** function to remove active or expired delegated remediation tasks. When a delegated remediation task is trashed:

- The corresponding task(s) will be removed from the Tracker page for both the delegator and delegatee.
- The link for any active delegated remediation task will automatically become invalid.

To delete an active or expired delegated remediation task:

- 1. (Optional) In the **Tracker** page, go to the **Delegated to others** tab. Select one or more filters in the **Filter Locations by** panel to display specific delegated remediation tasks.
- 2. Select the delegated remediation tasks and click the **Trash** button **Trash** to delete. Otherwise click **Cancel** to cancel the operation.

# **REVIEWING AND REMEDIATING LOCATIONS**

The **Locations To Be Remediated** page displays the list of match locations to be remediated for a delegated remediation task.

To review and remediate a match location:

1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.

Field	Description
Enter Your	Enter your <b>ER2</b> or Active Directory (AD) user name.
Username	Example: john.doe
Enter Your	Enter your <b>ER2</b> or AD password.
Password	Example: myPa\$\$w0rd
<active Directory Domain&gt;</active 	Select your AD domain; only applicable for users logging in with AD credentials. Otherwise, select "No domain". Example: example.com

- 2. Go to the Locations To Be Remediated page.
  - Click on the **Link to remediate** in the notification email for the delegated remediation task and log in to the **ER2** Web Console, or
  - Log in to the ER2 Web Console. In the Tracker page, hover over a task and click on the view <sup>(a)</sup> icon.

**Tip:** The Locations To Be Remediated page may be empty if the delegated remediation task is still in progress. Please wait a few minutes to allow the delegation task to be completed before refreshing the page to view the list of delegated locations.

- 3. Click on a match location to bring up the Match Inspector to review the list of sensitive data matches for the match location.
- 4. Select the Targets and match locations you want to remediate.
- 5. Click **Remediate** and select one of the following actions:

Remediation	Remedial Actions
Act directly on selected location	<ul> <li>Mask all sensitive data - Masks all found sensitive data in the match location with a static mask.</li> </ul>
	▲ Warning: Masking data is destructive. It writes over data in the original file to obscure it. This action is irreversible, and may corrupt remaining data in masked files.
	<ul> <li>Quarantine - Moves the files to a secure location you specify and leaves a tombstone text file in its place.</li> </ul>
	Note: Quarantine remedial action can only be performed if all selected match locations belong to a single Target.
	<ul> <li>Delete Permanently - Securely deletes the match location (file) and leaves a tombstone text file in its place.</li> </ul>
	Note: Attempting to perform a <b>Delete permanently</b> action on files already deleted by the user (removed manually, without using the <b>Delete permanently</b> remedial action) will update the match status to "Deleted" but leave no tombstone behind.
	<ul> <li>Encrypt file - Secures the match location using an AES encrypted zip file.</li> </ul>
	See Act Directly on Selected Location for more information.
Mark locations for compliance report	<ul> <li>Confirmed - Marks selected match location as "Confirmed". The location has been reviewed and found to contain sensitive data that must be remediated.</li> <li>Remediated manually - Marks selected match location as "Remediated Manually". The location contains sensitive data which has been remediated using tools outside of ER2 and rendered harmless.</li> <li>Test Data - Marks selected match location as "Test Data". The location contains data that is part of a test suite, and does not pose a security or privacy threat.</li> <li>False Match - Marks selected match location as a "False Match". The location is a false positive and does not contain sensitive data.</li> <li>See Mark Locations for Compliance Report for more information.</li> </ul>

Note: Only remedial actions that are supported across all selected match locations can be selected from the **Remediate** dropdown menu in the Investigate page. See Remedial Actions in ER2 - Remediation Rules for more information.

**Info:** Remedial actions taken in the **Locations To Be Remediated** page are applied to specific data types if any data type filters were selected when the delegated remediation task was created.

For example, "File A" has one **Personal Names (English)** and two **Visa** matches. Only **Visa** matches will be remediated if **Visa** is the only data type filter that was selected when the delegated remediation task was created. See Checking the Status of Delegated Remediation Tasks for the list of filters that were applied for the delegated remediation task.

- 6. Enter a name in the **Sign-off** field.
- 7. Enter an explanation in the **Reason** field.
- 8. Click **Ok**.

#### Info: Missing list of locations?

For an active delegation task, the list of match locations in the **Locations To be Remediated** page may be empty if:

- · All match locations were deleted from the Target, or
- All match locations were fully remediated.

See Remedial Actions in ER2 - Act Directly on Selected Location for more information.

# **EXPIRING A DELEGATED REMEDIATION TASK**

Delegated remediation tasks expire automatically a certain number of days from the date and time when the task was created, or can be expired manually by the delegator. When a delegated remediation task expires, the link and **Locations To Be Remediated** page for the delegated remediation task will no longer be accessible.

To manually expire a delegated remediation task:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Tracker.
- 3. Click on **Delegated to others** to view the remediation tasks assigned to other users.
- 4. (Optional) Use one or more filters in the **Filter by...** panel to show specific delegated remediation tasks.
- 5. Select one or more active delegated remediation tasks and click **Expire Link**.
- 6. In the **Expire Link** dialog box, click **Expire** to manually expire the links for the selected delegated remediation tasks. Otherwise click **Cancel** to cancel the entire operation.

# **HOW TO GENERATE REPORTS**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Generate Global Summary Report
- Generate Target Group Report
- Generate Target Report
- Generate Match Report

### **OVERVIEW**

You can generate reports that provide a summary of scan results and the action taken to secure these match locations.

You can generate the following reports:

Report	Description
Global Summary Report	Summary of scan results for all Targets.
Target Group Report	Summary of scan results for all Targets in a Target group.
Target Report	A specific Target's scan results.
Match Report	Match results and information for all or selected Targets generated from the <b>Investigate</b> page.

### **Available Formats**

The reports are available as the following file formats:

- PDF
  - A4 size
  - Letter size

Note: PDF reports can have a maximum of 8000 pages. The PDF is truncated if the report exceeds 8000 pages. To receive the full report, export to another file format instead.

To receive the full report, export to another me form

- HTML
- XML
- Plain text
- CSV

#### Note: Scanned Bytes

The "Scanned Bytes" value displayed in reports may not match the physical size of data scanned on the Target. Files and locations on the Target are processed to extract meaningful data. This data is then scanned for sensitive information. Since only extracted data is scanned, the amount of "Scanned Bytes" may be different from the physical size of files and locations on the Target.

#### Example:

- For compressed files (e.g. ZIP archives) or locations, the data is decompressed and extracted before it is scanned for sensitive data, resulting in a higher number of "Scanned Bytes" for the file.
- For XML files, XML tags are stripped from the file before the contents are scanned for sensitive data, resulting in a lower number of "Scanned Bytes" for the XML file.
- For image files, when the OCR feature is enabled, only relevant data is extracted from the file and scanned for sensitive data, resulting in a lower number of "Scanned Bytes" for the image file.

# **GENERATE GLOBAL SUMMARY REPORT**

The Global Summary Report displays a summary of scan results for all Targets.

To generate a Global Summary Report:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to **Dashboard**.
- 3. On the top right of the **Dashboard** page, click **Summary Report**.
- 4. In the Save Summary Report window, select the file format of the report.
- 5. Click Save.

For more information about the details found in the report, see Global Summary Report.

## **GENERATE TARGET GROUP REPORT**

To generate a Target Group Report:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Targets** page.
- 3. Hover over the Target Group and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 4. (Optional) Select View Current Report from the drop-down menu. In the Report page, click Save This Report to save the current Target Group report.
- 5. Select **Download Report** from the drop-down menu.
- 6. Select a **Format** for the Target Group Report.
- 7. Click Save.

To download other reports for the Target Group:

- 1. Go to the Targets page.
- 2. On the top right of the Targets page, click Target Group Report.
- 3. In the Save Target Group Report dialog box, select a Target Group.
- 4. Select from the following report generation options:

Field	Description
Report Type	<ul> <li>i. Group Target Report Summary of scan results for all Targets in a Target group.</li> <li>ii. Current Consolidated Report Creates a zip file that contains individual reports for each Target in the Target group. The report displays the Target's scan history up to the latest scan.</li> </ul>
ii	▶ Note: If the Target Group contains a Target that was remediated, the <b>Consolidated Report</b> shows details of the remedial action taken and the Target remediation log.
	<ul> <li>iii. Latest Scan Reports         Creates a zip file that contains individual reports for each             Target in the Target group.             The report displays details on the Target's latest scan.     </li> </ul>
Format	Select the file format for the report. Report format options: PDF (A4), PDF (US Letter), HTML, XML, Text, CSV.

Field	Description
Content So i. ii.	Select the content to be included in the report. i. <b>Match Samples</b> Select this option to include contextual data for match samples in the generated report.
	<ul> <li>Note: Match samples may not be available if the Master Server does not have complete match data information.</li> <li>Note: This option is not available when the selected</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Report Type is Group Target Report.</li> <li>ii. Metadata Select this option to include metadata in the generated report. Metadata fields include Access PRO details, "File owner", "File modification", "Key", "Schema", "From", "Date", etc.</li> </ul>
	Info: Information that constitutes Metadata is different for each target type.
	<b>Note:</b> This option is not available when the selected Report Type is <b>Group Target Report</b> .
	<li>iii. Detail each stream Select this option to include details on the full object path or data stream of the matched data.</li>
	<ul> <li>Example: For a match that is detected in the file MyFile.tx</li> <li>t contained within the archive D:\MyFolder.zip :</li> <li>If Detail each stream is selected, the "Location" information in the CSV report is displayed as File pat h D:\MyFolder.zip-&gt;MyFile.txt</li> <li>If Detail each stream is not selected, the "Location" information in the CSV report is displayed as File pat h D:\MyFolder.zip-&gt;MyFile.txt</li> <li>If Detail each stream is not selected, the "Location" information in the CSV report is displayed as File pat h D:\MyFolder.zip</li> </ul>
	<b>Note:</b> This option is only available for the <b>CSV</b> report format.
	<b>Note:</b> This option is not available when the selected Report Type is <b>Group Target Report</b> .

5. Click Save.

For more information about the details found in the report, see Target Group Report.

# **GENERATE TARGET REPORT**

To generate a Target Report:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Targets or Investigate page.
- 3. (Targets page only) Expand the group your Target resides in.
- 4. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 5. (Optional) Select **View Current Report** from the drop-down menu. In the **Report** page:
  - a. Click Save This Report to save the current consolidated report; or
  - b. Click View Other Reports to save other consolidated or isolated reports.
- 6. Select **Download Report** from the drop-down menu.
- 7. In the **Save Target Report** dialog box, select from the following report generation options:

Field	Description
Report Type	<ul> <li>i. Consolidated Report <ul> <li>A summary of the entire scan history of a given Target and a brief status summary of the last ten scans.</li> <li>Current report: A scan history of a given Target up to the latest scan.</li> <li>Historical report: A scan history of a given Target up to the selected report date.</li> </ul> </li> <li>ii. Isolated Report <ul> <li>Saves a report for a specific scan.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Scan Date	If <b>Consolidated Report</b> is selected: • Current report - [Latest scan date and time] • Historical report - [Previous scan date and time] If <b>Isolated Report</b> is selected: • Scan Report - [Scan date and time]
Format	Select the file format for the report. Report format options: PDF (A4), PDF (US Letter), HTML, XML, Text, CSV.

Field	Description			
Content	<ul> <li>Select the content to be included in the report.</li> <li>i. Inaccessible Locations Select this option to generate a report of inaccessible locations for a Target.</li> </ul>			
	<b>Note:</b> This option is only available for the <b>CSV</b> report format.			
	<ul> <li>Match Samples Select this option to include contextual data for match samples in the generated report.</li> </ul>			
ii	Note: Match samples may not be available if the Master Server does not have complete match data information.			
	<ul> <li>iii. Metadata</li> <li>Select this option to include metadata in the generated report.</li> <li>Metadata fields include Access PRO details, "File owner", "File modification", "Key", "Schema", "From", "Date", etc.</li> </ul>			
	• Info: Information that constitutes Metadata is different for each target type.			
i	iv. Detail each stream Select this option to include details on the full object path or data stream of the matched data.			
	<ul> <li>Example: For a match that is detected in the file MyFile.tx</li> <li>t contained within the archive D:\MyFolder.zip :</li> <li>If Detail each stream is selected, the "Location" information in the CSV report is displayed as File pat h D:\MyFolder.zip-&gt;MyFile.txt</li> <li>If Detail each stream is not selected, the "Location" information in the CSV report is displayed as File pat h D:\MyFolder.zip-&gt;MyFile.txt</li> <li>If Detail each stream is not selected, the "Location" information in the CSV report is displayed as File pat h D:\MyFolder.zip</li> </ul>			
	<b>Note:</b> This option is only available for the <b>CSV</b> report format.			

### 8. Click Save.

For more information about the details found in the report, see Target Report.

## GENERATE MATCH REPORT PI PRO

A Match Report contains the match information for the Targets or match locations that are selected in the results grid of the **Investigate** page. Match Reports are only available in CSV format.

To generate a Match Report:

- 1. Go to the Investigate page.
- 2. (Optional) Select one or more filters in the **Filters Locations by** panel and click on **Apply Filter** to show specific Targets and match locations in the results grid.

**Tip:** Apply filters before clicking **Export** to reduce the number of Targets and match locations for the Match Report.

If no filters are applied, all Targets and match locations on the Master Server will be included in the Match Report.

3. In the results grid, select the match locations to be included in the Match Report.

MY-DEBIAN-MACHINE Adobe Portable Document						
Reme	iate • Export					📋 Trash
						Columns
Lo	ation	Owner	✿ Matches	≎   Status	\$   Sign-off \$	
•	MY-DEBIAN-MACHINE	2 days ago DEFAULT GROUP	4 15,812 Matches		Q.r.	*
	Eile path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/Canada Unclaimed Assets.pdf	admin	4 15 Matches	Unable to mask	admin	
	File path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/Canada Unclaimed Assets.pdf->(pdf)	admin	4 15 Matches	Unable to mask	admin	
	Elle path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/mts0520.pdf	admin	7 Matches			
	File path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/mts0520.pdf->(pdf)	admin	7 Matches			
	File path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/um3_15.pdf	admin	4 15,790 Matches			
	File path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/um3_15.pdf->(pdf)	admin	4 15,790 Matches			

4. Click on **Export**. The **Generating Report** dialog box details the filters that have been applied and the number of Targets or match locations that will be included in the Match Report.

Generating Report	
Selected locations are being exported	
Filter criteria:	
Visa, Email addresses	
Locations to process:	
All filtered locations in 3 targets	
Exporting complete	
100 %	
	Save Close

5. The progress bar reaches 100 % when the match locations have been fully exported. Click **Save** to download the Match Report.

# Note: Navigating away from the **Investigate** page while the Match Report generation is in progress may cause the operation to be canceled.

For more information about the details found in the report, see Match Report.

**PII** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PII Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

**PRO** This data is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Access and Permissions
  - Resource Permissions
- 2. Remediation
  - Remedial Actions in ER2
  - Supported Remedial Actions by Target
  - Unsupported Remediation Locations by Target
- 3. Reports
  - Summary of All Reports
  - Global Summary Report
    Target Group Report
    Target Report

  - Match Report
- 4. Scanning
  - Unsupported Scan Locations by Target
- 5. User Interface
  - Investigate Page User Interface

# **RESOURCE PERMISSIONS**

This section includes references on Resource Permissions required to access specific features and/or components in Enterprise Recon.

# **INVESTIGATE PERMISSIONS**

Resource permissions that are assigned to a user grants access to specific components in the **Investigate** page.

Note: A Global Admin user has administrative privileges to access all **ER2** resources and is therefore not included in the table below.
Components	Resource Permissions		
Navigation			
<ul> <li>Menu &gt; Investigate</li> </ul>	Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Remediate, Access Control PRO, or Classification PRO		
<ul> <li>Menu &gt; Targets &gt; Target Group / Target &gt; Investigate</li> </ul>	Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Remediate, Access Control PRO, or Classification PRO		
<ul> <li>Notifications &gt; Target &gt; Investigate</li> </ul>	Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Remediate, Access Control PRO, or Classification PRO		
Results Grid			
<ul> <li>View Target in results grid</li> </ul>	Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Remediate, Access Control PRO, or Classification PRO		
View location in results grid	Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Remediate, Access Control PRO, or Classification PRO		
Remediate			
Remediate button	Target / Target Group: Remediate		
Mark location for compliance report	Target / Target Group: Remediate - Mark Location for Report		
Act directly on selected locations	Target / Target Group: Remediate - Act Directly on Location		
Trash match results	N/A [3]		
Control Access			
Control Access button PRO	Target / Target Group: Access Control		
Classification			
Classify button PRO	Target / Target Group: Classification PRO		
Export			
Download match reports	Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Remediate, Access Control PRO, or Classification PRO		
Filter Locations By			
<ul> <li>View Target Group / Target / Target type in filter pane.</li> </ul>	Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Remediate, Access Control PRO, or Classification PRO		

Components	Resource Permissions
<ul> <li>Search match locations in filter panel</li> </ul>	Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Remediate, Access Control PRO, or Classification PRO

<sup>[3]</sup> This feature is only available to users with Global Admin permissions.

For more information about resource permissions in **ER2**, see User Permissions - Resource Permissions.

# **REMEDIAL ACTIONS IN ER2**

This section provides a quick reference of all remedial actions in Enterprise Recon.

There are two categories of remedial actions:

Category	Description	
Act Directly on Selected Location	Actions that directly modify match locations to secure sensitive data.	
	Users are required to have <b>Remediate - Act Directly on</b> <b>Location</b> resource permissions to perform these actions.	
Mark Locations for Compliance Report	Remediation options that do not modify or secure the sensitive data.	
	Users must have <b>Remediate - Mark Location for Report</b> resource permissions to flag these sensitive data matches as acknowledged and reviewed.	

## ACT DIRECTLY ON SELECTED LOCATION

This section lists available remedial actions that act directly on match locations. Acting directly on selected locations reduces the Target's match count.

**Example:** Target A has six matches: after encrypting two matches and masking three, the Target A's match count is one.

A match location is fully remediated when:

- The match location is quarantined, encrypted, or secure-deleted, or
- Sensitive data matches for all data types within the match location are masked.

If subsequent scans result in new matches for a file of the same name in the same location (path), this will be identified as a new match location by **ER2**.

**Example:** The match location "File path D:\Data\My-File.txt" is fully remediated after User A masks all sensitive data type matches for the location. If a file that is restored (e.g. a backup version) to "File path D:\Data\My-File.txt" results in matches in subsequent scans, this file is treated as a new match location in **ER2**.

**Tip:** Exercise caution when performing remedial actions that act directly on a selected location. For example, masking data found in the C:\Windows\System32 folder may corrupt the Windows operating system.

#### **Remedial Actions That Act Directly on Selected Location**

Action De

Description

Action	Description		
Mask all sensitive data	▲ Warning: Masking data is destructive. It writes over data in the original file to obscure it. This action is <b>irreversible</b> , and may corrupt remaining data in masked files.		
	Masks all found sensitive data in the match location with a static mask. A portion of the matched strings are permanently written over with the character, "x" to obscure the original. For example, '123456000000123 4 ' is replaced with '123456XXXXX1234 '. File formats that can be masked include: • XPS. • Microsoft Office 97-2003 (DOC, PPT, XLS).		
	<ul> <li>Files embedded in archives (GZIP, TAR, ZIP).</li> </ul>		
	Not all files can be masked by <b>ER2</b> ; some files such as database data files and PDFs do not allow <b>ER2</b> to modify their contents.		
Quarantine	Moves the files to a secure location you specify and leaves a tombstone text file in its place. The secure location must be specified as an absolute path (e.g. C:\Quarantine-Folder) and will be created automatically if it does not exist.		
	<b>Example:</b> Performing a <b>Quarantine</b> action on "example.xlsx" moves the file to the user-specified secure location and leaves "example.xlsx.txt" in its place.		
	By default, tombstone text files will contain the following text:		
	Location quarantined at user request during sensitive data remediation.		
	Note: Quarantine remedial action can only be performed if all selected match locations belong to a single Target.		
	<ul> <li>Info: For match locations with very small file sizes, the tombstone message may be truncated to ensure the tombstone file size does not exceed the original file size of the match location.</li> <li>For example, the default tombstone message may be truncated to "Location quarantined at" when Quarantine remedial action is performed on a match location that is 16 bytes in size.</li> </ul>		
	To change the message in the tombstone text file, see Customize Tombstone Message.		

Action	Description
Delete permanently	Securely deletes the match location (file) and leaves a tombstone text file in its place.
	<b>Example:</b> Performing a <b>Delete permanently</b> action on "example.xlsx" removes the file and leaves "example.xlsx.txt" in its place.
	By default, tombstone text files will contain the following text:
	Location deleted at user request during sensitive data remediation.
	<ul> <li>Info: For match locations with very small file sizes, the tombstone message may be truncated to ensure the tombstone file size does not exceed the original file size of the match location.</li> <li>For example, the default tombstone message may be truncated to "Location deleted at" when Delete permanently remedial action is performed on a match location that is 16 bytes in size.</li> </ul>
	To change the message in the tombstone text file, see Customize Tombstone Message.
	Note: Attempting to perform a <b>Delete permanently</b> action on files already deleted by the user (removed manually, without using the <b>Delete permanently</b> remedial action) will update the match status to "Deleted" but leave no tombstone behind.
Encrypt file	Secures the match location using an AES encrypted zip file. You must provide an encryption password here.
	• Info: Encrypted zip files that <b>ER2</b> makes on your file systems are owned by root, which means that you need root credentials to open the encrypted zip file.

To remediate using remedial actions that act directly on selected location, see How to Perform Remedial Actions.

### MARK LOCATIONS FOR COMPLIANCE REPORT

Flag these items as reviewed but does not modify the data. Hence, the sensitive data found in the match is still not secure.

#### **Remedial Actions That Mark Locations for Compliance Report**

Action	Description	
Confirmed	Marks selected match location as "Confirmed". The location has been reviewed and found to contain sensitive data that must be remediated.	
Remediated manually	Marks selected match location as "Remediated Manually". The location contains sensitive data which has been remediated using tools outside of <b>ER2</b> and rendered harmless.	
	<b>Info:</b> Marking selected match locations as Remediated Manually deducts the marked matches from your match count. If marked matches have not been remediated when the next scan occurs, they resurface as matches.	
Test Data	Marks selected match location as Test Data. The location contains data that is part of a test suite, and does not pose a security or privacy threat. To ignore such matches in future, you can add a Global Filter when you select <b>Update configuration</b> to classify identical matches in future searches	
False match	<ul> <li>Marks selected match location as a False Match. The location is a false positive and does not contain sensitive data. You can choose to update the configuration by selecting:</li> <li>Update configuration to classify identical matches in future searches to add a Global Filter to ignore such matches in the future.</li> <li>Update configuration to ignore match locations in future scans on this target to add a Global Filter to ignore this specific location/file when performing subsequent scans.</li> </ul>	
Remove	Unmarks selected location.	
	<b>Note:</b> Unmarking locations is captured in the Remediation Log.	

Note: Only remedial actions that are supported across all selected match locations can be selected from the **Remediate** dropdown menu in the Investigate page. See Remediation Rules for more information.

To perform remedial actions that mark locations, see How to Perform Remedial Actions.

### **REMEDIATION RULES**

While remediation happens at individual file level, remediation action that can be taken is dependent on both the Target platform and file type.

Platform / File Type	Masking	Delete Permanently	Quarantine	Encryption

Platform / File Type	Masking	Delete Permanently	Quarantine	Encryption
Unix Share Network File System	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>
FileA.ppt	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1
FileB.pdf	-	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>

The table above describes the supported remediation actions that act directly on location for a Unix Share Network File System (NFS) Target and two file types (File A.ppt and FileB.pdf).

File A.ppt is found as a match during a scan of a Unix Share NFS, therefore the all remediation action that act directly on locations are possible for File A.ppt . FileB.pdf is another match location found on a Unix Share NFS, therefore it can be remediated via deletion, encryption or quarantine.

If both File A.ppt and FileB.pdf are selected for remediation, the possible remedial actions that can be taken are Delete Permanently, Quarantine or Encryption.

To perform remedial actions, see How to Perform Remedial Actions.

## SUPPORTED REMEDIAL ACTIONS BY TARGET

This section provides a quick reference of all supported remedial actions that act directly on match locations per Target.

For more information on the remedial actions in ER2, see Remedial Actions in ER2.

To perform remedial actions, see Remediation.

## **CLOUD TARGETS**

Target	Masking	Delete Permanently	Quarantine	Encryption
OneDrive Business	1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	1	
SharePoint Online	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	

Note: Only remedial actions that are supported across all selected match locations can be selected from the **Remediate** dropdown menu in the Investigate page. See Remediation Rules for more information.

## UNSUPPORTED REMEDIATION LOCATIONS BY TARGET

This section provides a quick reference of all unsupported locations per Target for remedial actions that act directly on match locations.

### **CLOUD TARGETS**

Cloud Target	Unsupported Locations
SharePoint Online	<ul> <li>The following locations and/or objects in SharePoint Online Targets are not supported:</li> <li>List items</li> <li>Site pages</li> <li>News post</li> </ul>

See Cloud Targets - Supported Remedial Actions by Target for more information on the remedial actions that are supported for each cloud Target.

# SUMMARY OF ALL REPORTS

You can generate reports that provide a summary of scan results and the action taken to secure these match locations.

You can generate the following reports:

Report	Description	
Global Summary Report	Summary of scan results for all Targets.	
Target Group Report	Summary of scan results for all Targets in a Target group.	
Target Report	A specific Target's scan results.	
Match Report	Match results and information for all or selected Targets generated from the <b>Investigate</b> page.	

To generate reports, see How to Generate Reports.

The following table is a summary of all information that can be found in the various reports.

Detail	Displays	Report Availability
Report header	Header that describes the scope of the report.	<ul> <li>Global Summary Report</li> <li>Target Group Report</li> <li>Target Report</li> </ul>
Target description	Target Group, platform type and the scan date.	<ul><li>Target Report</li><li>Match Report</li></ul>
Report overview	Summary of matches found, and the number of Global Filters and Data Types used.	<ul> <li>Global Summary Report</li> <li>Target Group Report</li> <li>Target Report</li> </ul>
Summary	Summary of number of Targets scanned, organized by: • Total Targets • Compliant Targets • Non Compliant Targets • Unscanned Targets	<ul> <li>Global Summary Report</li> <li>Target Group Report</li> </ul>

Detail	Displays	Report Availability
Match breakdown	<ul> <li>Breakdown of matches by:</li> <li>Platform</li> <li>Target Group</li> <li>Individual Target</li> <li>Target Types (e.g. Local Storage and Local Memory, Databases)</li> <li>Data Type Groups</li> <li>Data Types</li> <li>File Format/Content Type</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Global Summary Report</li> <li>Target Group Report</li> <li>Target Report</li> <li>Match Report</li> </ul>
Brief scan history	Shows <b>Last 'n' Searches</b> for a Target where ' <b>n</b> ' is the number of searches done for the target.	Target Report
Prohibited data locations	Locations that need immediate remedial action.	Target Report
Match	Samples of match data.	Target Report
samples	Note: Match samples may not be available if the Master Server does not have complete match data information.	Match Report
Metadata	Metadata information for the match location.	<ul> <li>Target Group Report</li> <li>Target Report</li> <li>Match Report</li> </ul>
Global Filter Rule	Global Filters used in the scan.	<ul> <li>Global Summary Report</li> <li>Target Group Report</li> </ul>
Search Filters	Global Filters and/or Data Type Profile Filter Rules used in the scan.	Target Report
Remediation performed	Summary of remedial actions performed. The report shows the number of matches remediated for each type of remedial action.	<ul> <li>Target Group Report</li> <li>Target Report</li> <li>Match Report</li> </ul>
Access Control actions PRO	Summary of access control actions taken on the Target location.	<ul><li>Target Report</li><li>Match Report</li></ul>
Data Classification with MIP actions PRO	Summary of MIP classification information and data classification actions taken on the Target location.	<ul><li>Target Report</li><li>Match Report</li></ul>

Detail	Displays	Report Availability
Risk Scoring and Labeling PRO	Risk Score and Risk Label information for the Target location.	<ul> <li>Match Report</li> </ul>
Operation log	Details on the location of remediated matches, status of remedial action, and the number of matches remediated.	<ul> <li>Target Group Report</li> <li>Target Report</li> </ul>
	Note: Only displayed for consolidated target reports and consolidated target group reports.	
Delegated Remediation PRO	Delegated Remediation status for the Target location.	<ul> <li>Match Report</li> </ul>

**Tip:** In the **Target Group Report** dialog box, you can also generate Target reports for each Target in the Target Group. See Target Group Report.

To generate reports, see How to Generate Reports.

# **GLOBAL SUMMARY REPORT**

The Global Summary Report displays a summary of scan results for all Targets.

The table below describes the information found in a Global Summary Report:

Detail	Description
Report header	Header that describes the scope of the report.
Report overview	Summary of matches found, and the number of Global Filters and Data Types used.
Summary	<ul> <li>Summary of number of Targets scanned, organized by:</li> <li>Total Targets</li> <li>Compliant Targets</li> <li>Non Compliant Targets</li> <li>Unscanned Targets</li> </ul>
Match breakdown	<ul> <li>Breakdown of matches by:</li> <li>Platform</li> <li>Target Group</li> <li>Individual Target</li> <li>Target Types (e.g. Local Storage and Local Memory, Databases)</li> <li>Data Type Groups</li> <li>Data Types</li> <li>File Format/Content Type</li> </ul>
Global Filter Rule	Global Filters used in the scan.

To generate a Global Summary Report, see How to Generate Reports.

To compare the information provided in the Global Summary Report with other reports, see Summary of All Reports.

# **TARGET GROUP REPORT**

The Target Group Report displays a summary of scan results for all Targets in a Target group.

The table below describes the information found in a Target Group Report:

Detail	Description
Report header	Header that describes the scope of the report.
Report overview	Summary of matches found, and the number of Global Filters and Data Types used.
Summary	Summary of number of Targets scanned, organized by: • Total Targets • Compliant Targets • Non Compliant Targets • Unscanned Targets
Match breakdown	<ul> <li>Breakdown of matches by:</li> <li>Platform</li> <li>Target Group</li> <li>Individual Target</li> <li>Target Types (e.g. Local Storage and Local Memory, Databases)</li> <li>Data Type Groups</li> <li>Data Types</li> <li>File Format/Content Type</li> </ul>
Metadata	Metadata information for the match location.
Global Filter Rule	Global Filters used in the scan.
Remediation performed	Summary of remedial actions performed. The report shows the number of matches remediated for each type of remedial action.
Operation log	Details on the location of remediated matches, status of remedial action, and the number of matches remediated.
	Note: Only displayed for consolidated Target Reports and consolidated Target Group Reports.

To generate a Target Group Report, see How to Generate Reports.

To compare information provided in the Target Group Report with other reports, see Summary of All Reports.

# TARGET REPORT

The Target Report displays a specific Target's scan results.

The table below describes the information found in a Target Report:

Detail	Description
Report header	Header that describes the scope of the report.
Target description	Target Group, platform type and the scan date.
Report overview	Summary of matches found, and the number of Global Filters and Data Types used.
Match breakdown	<ul> <li>Breakdown of matches by:</li> <li>Platform</li> <li>Target Group</li> <li>Individual Target</li> <li>Target Types (e.g. Local Storage and Local Memory, Databases)</li> <li>Data Type Groups</li> <li>Data Types</li> <li>File Format/Content Type</li> </ul>
Brief scan history	Shows <b>Last 'n' Searches</b> for a Target where ' <b>n</b> ' is the number of searches done for the target.
Prohibited data locations	Locations that need immediate remedial action.
Match	Samples of match data.
samples	<b>Note:</b> Match samples may not be available if the Master Server does not have complete match data information.
Metadata	Metadata information for the match location.
Data Classification with MIP PRO	MIP sensitivity label and classification type for the match location.
Access Control PRO	Access control actions taken on the match location.
Search Filters	Global Filters and/or Data Type Profile Filter Rules used in the scan.
Remediation performed	Summary of remedial actions performed. The report shows the number of matches remediated for each type of remedial action.

Detail	Description
Operation log	Details on the location of remediated matches, status of remedial action, and the number of matches remediated.
	Note: Only displayed for consolidated Target Reports and consolidated Target Group Reports.

To generate a Target Report, see How to Generate Reports.

To compare information provided in the Target Report with other reports, see Summary of All Reports.

**PRO** This data is only in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# **MATCH REPORT**

The Target Report displays match results and information for all or selected Targets generated from the **Investigate** page.

The table below describes the information found in a Target Report:

Detail	Description
Target Group	Target Group name.
Target	Target name.
Location	Target location path.
[Metadata]	Metadata information for the Target location.
[Access Permissions] PRO	Groups, users, and user classes with Execute, Full, Modify, Read or Write permissions for the Target location.
[Match Count per Data Type]	Number of matches per data type for the Target location.
Access Count PRO	The number of unique users that have any level of access permissions to the match location. See View Access Status for more information.
Access Control PRO	Status of the most recent access control action performed on the Target location.
Remediation	Status of the most recent remediation action performed on the Target location.
Sign-Off	Text entered into the <b>Sign-off</b> field when the most recent operation (remediation, access control <b>PRO</b> or classification) was taken.
Reason	Text entered into the <b>Reason</b> field when the most recent operation (remediation, access control <b>PRO</b> or classification) was taken.
User	User that performed the most recent operation (remediation, access control <b>PRO</b> or classification) on the Target location.
MIP Label	Displays the latest MIP sensitivity label applied to the location.
Classification Type PRO	<ul> <li>If the location has any MIP sensitivity label applied, this column indicates if the label was <ul> <li>manually applied in ER2 (Classified),</li> <li>automatically applied based on classification policies in ER2 (Poli cy-based), or</li> <li>applied outside of ER2 (Discovered).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
[Risk Profile]	All risk profiles that are mapped to the Target location.

Detail	Description
Delegation PRO	Displays <b>Delegated</b> if there is at least one active delegated remediation task associated with the match location.

To generate a Target Report, see How to Generate Reports.

To compare information provided in the Target Report with other reports, see Summary of All Reports.

**PRO** This data is only in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

## UNSUPPORTED SCAN LOCATIONS BY TARGET

This section provides a quick reference of all unsupported scan locations per Target.

## **CLOUD TARGETS**

Cloud Target	Unsupported Locations
OneDrive Business	<ul> <li>The following files/objects are not supported for OneDrive Business Targets:</li> <li>Notebooks. To scan the Notebooks folder, set up and scan the Microsoft OneNote Target instead.</li> <li>OneNote file types and folders stored in OneDrive Business but outside the default Notebooks folder. To scan these files and notebook folders, set up and scan the Microsoft OneNote Target instead.</li> <li>Recycle bin.</li> <li>Preservation Hold library.</li> </ul>

## **INVESTIGATE PAGE USER INTERFACE**

This section covers the following:

- Investigate Page Components
- Filter Criteria
- Match Inspector Components
  - Match Inspector Tabs

#### **INVESTIGATE PAGE COMPONENTS**

Below are the components found in the **Investigate** page:

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Component	Description
Results Grid	Displays the match results across all Targets. Target Group tags indicate the Target Group that the Target belongs to, and filter tags describe the filters that are applied to the match results set in the results grid. Clicking on the arrow to the left of the Target name expands to show all match locations within a Target. Match results should then be reviewed and remediated where necessary.
Sort Match Locations	Display match results within a Target by the selected sort order (e.g. Location, Owner, Status, Sign-Off, Matches). See Sort Match Locations for more information.
Filter Locations By	Display specific Targets or match locations according to the filter criteria. See Filter Targets and Locations for more information.
Columns	Add, remove, and prioritze columns to display in the Results Grid. See Results Grid Column Chooser for more information.
Match Inspector	Displays detailed information for a match location. See View Match Inspector for more information.
Remediate	<ul> <li>Perform remedial actions on selected Targets and match locations.</li> <li>See Remediation for more information.</li> <li>Note: This feature is only available to users with Remediate or Global Admin permissions.</li> </ul>
Control Access PRO	Perform access control actions on selected Targets and match locations. See Data Access Management for more information.
Classify PRO	Manually classify or remove the MIP sensitivity labels for selected Targets and match locations. See Data Classification with MIP for more information.  Note: This feature is only available to users with Classification or Global Admin permissions.
Trash Locations	Remove scan results for specific locations or data types from a Target. See Trash Locations for more information.
Export	Export a CSV report of the Targets and match locations that are selected in the results grid. See Export Match Reports for more information.
Target Options	Dropdown menu to Edit Target, access Target Reports, Inaccessible Locations, Operation Log, Scan History and Scan Trace Logs.

### **FILTER CRITERIA**

The table below shows all filter criteria that can be selected and specified to show specific Targets and match locations in the results grid:

**Filters** 

Description

Filters	Description
Path Keywords	Only show match locations that contain a given keyword in the path or file name. Partial string matching is supported.
Risk Profiles	Only show match locations that are mapped to specific risk profiles, or classified as specific risk levels. • <risk_profile_label> : Show all locations that are mapped to</risk_profile_label>
	<ul> <li>the selected risk profile, regardless of priority.</li> <li><risk_profile_label> (Prioritised) : Show only locations where the selected risk profile is mapped as the highest priority profile.</risk_profile_label></li> </ul>
	See Risk Scoring and Labeling for more information.
Targets	Only show results for the selected Target Groups or Targets.
Target Types	Only show results for the selected Target types.
File Formats	Only show results for the selected file formats or content types.
Metadata	<ul> <li>Only show match locations that contain specific metadata information. Available metadata filters include:</li> <li>Document - Owner, Created, Modified</li> <li>Email - Sender Email Address, Date Sent. Partial string matching is supported.</li> <li>Filesystem - Owner, Created, Modified</li> <li>Object - Created, Modified. Supported for Google Cloud Storage objects.</li> </ul>
Access PRO	Only show match locations that are accessible by specific groups, users, or user classes. Use the following format to filter by domain groups or user: <a "classified"="" discovered",="" etc),="" href="https://classical.com/domains/classical.com/domains-likelihow-scale.com/domains-likelihow-scal&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;b&gt;? Tip:&lt;/b&gt; The Access filter will only apply to locations scanned or rescanned with &lt;b&gt;ER 2.2&lt;/b&gt; and above.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Classification&lt;br&gt;PRO&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt; &lt;li&gt;Only show match locations with the selected&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Classification type (e.g. " li="" or<=""> <li>MIP sensitivity label(s). Selecting the "Deleted labels" option will show match locations that were last classified with MIP labels that are no longer active or valid.</li> </a>
	See Data Classification with MIP for more information.
	<b>Tip:</b> The Classification filter will only apply to locations scanned or rescanned with <b>ER 2.2</b> and above.
Data Types	Only show match locations that contain the selected data types.
Operation Status	Only show match locations with the selected remediation, access control or classification status.

Filters	Description
Advanced Filters	Only show match locations that fulfil the conditions defined in the selected Advanced Filters.

To apply filter criteria, see Investigate.

## MATCH INSPECTOR COMPONENTS

The Match Inspector window allows you to review the list of matches for a specific match location and evaluate the remediation options.

The following table outlines all components found in the Match Inspector window:

File path C:\Users\Admin\Documents\PII-DATA\2021\File1000.txt				
Risk Profile 1  Labels Match Location Path				
Details 50 matches	Risk Profiles Access      Access      Match Inspector Tabs			
Component	Description			
Match Inspector window header	Displays the name of the path of the selected match location.			
Label	Tags that summarize additional information related to the match location, such as the current operation status, current delegated remediation status, associated risk profiles, and applied MIP classification.			
Match Inspector tabs	Displays important information that are categorized into four tabs: <b>Details</b> tab, <b>[match count]</b> tab, <b>Risk Profiles</b> tab, and <b>Access</b> tab. See Match Inspector Tabs for more information.			

To review the details in the Match Inspector window, see Investigate.

#### Match Inspector Tabs

Tab	Description

Tab	Description
Details	<ul> <li>Displays the following information for the selected match location:</li> <li>File type/platform type details shows information such as the metadata, file type, full path link of the match location, etc. Clicking the full path link will scroll and highlight the specific file or location under the "Location" column.</li> </ul>
	Note: The fields shown in this tab depend on the file type and/or platform type of the selected match location.
	<ul> <li>Target Details section shows the Target name and Target group.</li> <li>Classification section shows information on the data classification and MIP label (if applicable).</li> </ul>

Tab	Description
[Match count]	Indicates the total number of matches (for "prohibited" and "match" severity levels) and displays different information about the matches.
	Details       2,258,598         Test       JCB: 333,345         American Express: 333,340       Personal Names (English): 333,308         Visa: 332,900       Mastercard: 332,611         Visa: 332,900       Mastercard: 332,611         Visa: 332,900       Mastercard: 332,611         Visa: 332,900       Mastercard: 332,611         Visa: 320,900       Mastercard: 322,611         Visa: 320,900       Mastercard: 322,611         Visa: 62 Capital,       Cardholder Data         333,308       Visa: 62 Capital,         Financial Data       Mastercard: 332,611         Visa: 62 Capital,       Cardholder, Card, Chase,         Mastercard: 300       CX 2 Hawker, 730, 07/2015, 07/2026, 8, 5862, 105800         Vi, Visa, 62 Capital,       Cardholder, Chase,         Master Card, Chase,       Mel D         Loughlin, 997, 07/2020, 07/2021, 0, 2020, 10227, 163000       DC, Diners Club International, Diners Club, 30503331363496, Youlanda         Frei, 591, 08/2011, 08/2011, 01/2011, 11/2014, 4, 8221, 188200       Vi, Visa, Wells Fargo,         Quijada, 104, 04/2015, 04/2034, 13, 0018, 26700       DS, Discover, Discover,         D, Discover, Discover,       Jauite H         Franks, 098, 09/2012, 09/2015, 7, 5323, 49000       X, American Express, American Express, Merican Express, Janerie H      <
	<ul> <li>A B</li> <li>A. Match breakdown panel shows the overall match count and the match count by data type category. Clicking the &gt; icon next to the data type category will view the list of match samples. The maximum number of match samples that can be displayed is 1000.</li> <li>B. Match preview shows the match count breakdown per data type (in descending order, from the data type with the highest to the lowest count), the match samples, and the contextual data surrounding the match.</li> <li>The ≡ </li> <li>icon shows match sample encoding format options: Plain text (ASCII), EBCDIC (used in IBM mainframes), Hexadecimal.</li> <li>The ⊡ icon hides the match breakdown panel to make more space for the match preview. The ⊡ icon displays the match breakdown panel again.</li> </ul>
Risk Profiles PRO	Displays risk profile information mapped to the selected match location (if any), such as the priority, the risk profile label, and the risk level.
Access PRO	Displays access permissions and ownership information for the selected match location.

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# **EXPLANATION**

These explanatory guides are intended to provide a high-level explanation of how various features and/or functionalities in **ER2** work.

### SCANNING

- How ER2 Scans Databases
- How A Distributed Scan Works

## **HOW ER2 SCANS DATABASES**

How **ER2** scans databases is dependent on several factors, including (but not limited to) the database type, and the presence of primary key (PK) / unique index columns.

For certain databases, **ER2** defaults to the offset-limit approach to iterate through all table rows, using the table's (sorted) PK or unique index column for pagination.

Note: If the offset-limit approach is used on tables with primary keys made by combining two or more columns, some rows may be skipped during the scan.

For databases such as IBM DB2, IBM Informix, InterSystems Caché, SAP HANA, Sybase/SAP Adaptive Server Enterprise, Tibero, and Oracle, by default **ER2** performs unbounded queries to retrieve data during scans. However, in scenarios where the buffer limit for the Proxy Agent is not sufficient to store the retrieved data for the whole table, and the table has either a PK or unique index column, **ER2** uses the offset-limit approach instead.

The scanning approach may differ for databases in certain conditions. For example, unbounded queries are used for Microsoft SQL databases when no PK or unique index columns are defined, and for Teradata databases when the FastExport utility is available. For Oracle databases, **ER2** limits the number of rows being queried when the pagination option is enabled.

In instances where both the unbounded query and offset-limit approaches are not possible, **ER2** only scans the first *N* number of rows in a database table.

**Info:** *N* may vary across tables as the row size (as determined by column types) impacts the number of rows that can fit in the Proxy Agent's buffer limit.

To add and scan database Targets, see Databases.

## **HOW A DISTRIBUTED SCAN WORKS**

When a distributed scan starts, the Master Server begins by collecting information about the Target(s) and the Proxy Agents in the Agent Group assigned to the scan. The Master Server uses this information to break down the Target(s) into smaller components or sub-scans, then proceeds to distribute the scan workload among the Proxy Agents that are online and available.

Each Proxy Agent then starts to execute the assigned sub-scans on the Target(s). Results for the Target(s) are progressively processed and displayed in the Web Console as each sub-scan completes. While the distributed scan is in progress, if any Proxy Agent becomes idle (after completing all assigned tasks) or is newly connected, outstanding tasks from other Proxy Agents will be dynamically reallocated to these available Agents to further improve the overall scan time.

**Info:** Sub-scans will not be distributed or assigned to Proxy Agents that are only added to an Agent Group after the start of a distributed scan.

A distributed scan schedule is marked as "Complete" only when all sub-scans distributed among all Proxy Agents have been completed.

To start a distributed scan, see Distributed Scan.

# **ABOUT THE ADMINISTRATOR'S GUIDE**

The Administrator's Guide gives you an overview of the application's components, requirements, how it is licensed and how Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 works.

### **TECHNICAL SUPPORT**

For assistance, you can raise a Support Ticket or send an email to support@groundlabs.com.

To help us better assist you, include the following information:

- Operating System.
- Version of ER2.
- Screenshots illustrating the issue.
- Details of issue encountered.

#### **LEGAL DISCLAIMER**

It is important that you read and understand the User's Guide, which has been prepared for your gainful and reasonable use of ER2. Use of ER2 and these documents reasonably indicate that you have agreed to the terms outlined in this section.

Reasonable care has been taken to make sure that the information provided in this document is accurate and up-to-date; in no event shall the authors or copyright holders be liable for any claim, damages, or other liability, whether in an action of contract, tort, or otherwise, arising from, out of, or in connection with these documents. If you have any questions about this documentation please contact our support team by sending an email to support@groundlabs.com.

Examples used are meant to be illustrative; users' experience with the software may vary.

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#### End User License Agreement

All users of Enterprise Recon are bound by our End User License Agreement.

## **GETTING STARTED**

## **ABOUT THE SOFTWARE**

For an overview of the architecture and components, see About Enterprise Recon 2.11.0.

To understand how Targets are licensed, see Licensing.

For requirements to run ER2, see:

- System Requirements
- Network Requirements

For supported scan location types, see Supported File Formats.

#### **INSTALL ER2**

Installing ER2 is done in 2 phases:

- 1. Standard (ISO) Installation of the Master Server or RPM Installation of the Master Server on RHEL 8
- 2. Install Node Agents

For more information on installing **ER2**, see Installation Overview.

#### SET UP WEB CONSOLE

Once the Master Server has been installed, access the Web Console to complete the installation and begin using **ER2**.

### TARGETS

A Target is a scan location such as a server, database, or cloud service. Add Targets to scan them for sensitive data.

See Scan Locations (Targets) Overview for more information on Targets.

#### **NODE AGENTS**

Node Agents are installed on network hosts to scan Targets. See Scan Locations (Targets) Overview for more information.

- For Node Agent installation instructions for your platform, see Install Node Agents.
- See Manage Agents for instructions on how to verify and manage the Node Agents.

## **MONITORING AND ALERTS**

**ER2** is able to monitor scans and send notification alerts or emails on Target events. For details, see Notification Policy.

## **USER MANAGEMENT AND SECURITY**

To manage user accounts, user permissions, user roles and login security policies, see Users and Security.

# **ABOUT ENTERPRISE RECON 2.11.0**

Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 (**ER2**) is a software solution that enables sensitive data discovery across a wide variety of Targets including workstations, servers, database systems, big data platforms, email platforms and a range of cloud storage providers. For the full list of supported Targets, see Add Targets.

**ER2** also includes a variety of marking and remediation options depending on the platform where data was found to help categorize findings and perform affirmative action on sensitive data file locations.

With over 300 built-in data types spanning over 50+ countries, and a flexible custom data type creation module to create other data types for any special or unique requirements, **ER2** helps organizations identify a broad variety of personal, sensitive, confidential and other data types that require higher levels of security in accordance with compliance and regulatory requirements such as PCI DSS <sup>®</sup>, GDPR, HIPAA, CCPA and more.

#### **HOW ER2 WORKS**

ER2 is a software appliance and agent solution that consists of:

- One Master Server.
- Agents residing on network hosts.

The Master Server sends instructions to Agents, which scan designated Targets to find and secure sensitive data and sends reports back to the Master Server.



ER2 components are described in the following sections.

### **MASTER SERVER**

The Master Server acts as a central hub for **ER2**. Node Agents connect to the Master Server and receive instructions to scan and remediate data on Target hosts. You can access the Master Server from the:

- Web Console
- Master Server Console (administrator only)

#### Web Console

The Web Console is the web interface which you can access on a web browser to operate **ER2**. Access the Web Console on a network host to perform tasks such as scanning a Target, generating reports, and managing users and permissions.

#### **Master Server Console**

(Administrator only) The Master Server console is the Master Server's command-line interface, through which administrative tasks are performed. Administrative tasks include updating the Master Server, performing maintenance, and advanced configuration of the appliance. See Master Server Console.

## TARGETS

Targets are designated scan locations, and may reside on a network host or remotely.

For details on how to manage Targets, see Scan Locations (Targets) Overview.

For instructions on how to connect to the various Target types, see Add Targets.

### **NODE AND PROXY AGENTS**

A Node Agent is a service that, when installed on a Target host, connects to and waits for instructions from the Master Server. If a Node Agent loses its connection to the Master Server, it can still perform scheduled scans and save results locally. It sends these scan reports to the Master Server once it reconnects. The host that the Node Agent is installed on is referred to as the Node Agent host. For details, see Install Node Agents.

A Proxy Agent is a Node Agent which is installed on a Proxy host, a network host that is not a Target location for a given scan. A Proxy Agent scans remote Target locations that do not have a locally installed Node Agent. For these Target locations, the Proxy Agent acts as a middleman between the Master Server and the intended Target location. A Target location that requires the use of a proxy agent is usually a remote Target location such as Cloud Targets and Network Storage Locations.

**Example:** Target A is a file server and does not have a locally installed Node Agent. Host B is not a Target location but has a Node Agent installed. To scan Target A, **ER2** can use the Node Agent on Host B as a Proxy Agent, and scan Target A as a Network Storage Location.

# LICENSING

This section covers the following topics:

- Subscription License
  - Feature Comparison
- Master Server License
- Target Licenses
  - Sitewide License
  - Non-Sitewide License
    - a. Server & DB License
    - b. Client License
- License Usage and Calculation
  - License Assignment
  - Data Usage
  - Data Usage Calculation
  - Increased Counting of Data Usage
  - Data Allowance Limit
  - Exceeding License Limits
- Download ER2 License File
- View License Details
  - License Information
  - License Summary
  - License Usage
  - Data Allowance Usage
- Upload License File

### SUBSCRIPTION LICENSE

Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 software is available as a subscription in three editions - Enterprise Recon PRO, Enterprise Recon PII, and Enterprise Recon PCI.

Each licensing option offers access to certain features and services in **ER 2.11.0**, as described in the Feature Comparison table below.
### **Feature Comparison**

Key Features / Capability	© ENTERPRISE RECON PCI	© ENTERPRISE RECON PII	© ENTERPRISE RECON PRO
Built-in PCI Data Types	1	1	1
Full Suite of Built-in Data Types		1	1
Custom Data Types		1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>
OCR & Audio Scanning	1	1	1
All Target Types	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>
Remediation	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>
Basic Reporting	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>
Access Control Lists	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>
Notification & Alerts	1	1	✓
Investigate Page	✓	✓	✓
API Framework		✓	✓
Data Access Management			✓
ODBC Reporting			<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>
Risk Scoring and Labeling			✓
Data Classification with MIP			<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>
Delegated Remediation			✓

# **MASTER SERVER LICENSE**

For more information, see our End User License Agreement.

# **TARGET LICENSES**

There are two Target licensing models for **ER 2.11.0**:

- 1. Sitewide License
- 2. Non-Sitewide License

For information on the legacy licensing model, see ER 2.0.31: Target Licenses.

### Sitewide License

A **Sitewide License** specifies the maximum data volume that can be scanned cumulatively across all Targets per **ER2** instance. This license model permits an unlimited number of Targets to be scanned with **ER2** and applies to all Server & DB License and Client License Targets.

The total Sitewide License data usage is calculated as the sum of scanned data across all Targets. See License Usage and Calculation for more information.

### **Non-Sitewide License**

A **Non-Sitewide License** specifies the maximum number of Targets and the maximum data volume that can be scanned cumulatively across all Server & DB License and Client License Targets per **ER2** instance.

### Server & DB License

**Server & DB Licenses** specify the maximum number of Targets and the maximum data volume that can be scanned cumulatively across all locations on Server & DB License Targets.

Category	Target
Server Operating Systems	<ul> <li>Windows Server</li> <li>FreeBSD</li> <li>HP-UX</li> <li>IBM AIX</li> <li>Linux</li> <li>Solaris</li> </ul>
	Note: A server is a local computer running on any of the Server Operating Systems on a physical host machine or virtual machine. The same license terms apply to any accessible storage that can be scanned remotely with <b>ER2</b> .

Category	Target
Databases	<ul> <li>IBM DB2</li> <li>IBM Informix</li> <li>InterSystems Caché</li> <li>MariaDB</li> <li>Microsoft SQL</li> <li>MongoDB</li> <li>MySQL</li> <li>Oracle Database</li> <li>PostgreSQL</li> <li>SAP HANA</li> <li>Sybase/SAP Adaptive Server Enterprise</li> <li>Teradata</li> <li>Tibero</li> </ul>
	<b>Note:</b> Database Targets require only one Server & DB License per host machine.
	<b>Example:</b> "My-DB-Server" is a Windows Server that hosts a MariaDB and a PostgreSQL database. Only one Server & DB License is consumed as both databases reside on the same host machine.
Cloud Enterprise	<ul> <li>Amazon S3 Bucket</li> <li>Azure Storage</li> <li>Google Cloud Storage</li> <li>Rackspace Cloud</li> <li>Salesforce</li> <li>SharePoint Online</li> </ul>
Server Applications	<ul><li>Confluence On-Premises</li><li>SharePoint Server</li></ul>
Other	<ul><li>Hadoop</li><li>Websites</li></ul>

The total Server & DB License data usage is calculated as the sum of scanned data across all Server & DB License Targets. See License Usage and Calculation for more information.

### **Client License**

**Client Licenses** specify the maximum number of Targets and the maximum data volume that can be scanned cumulatively across all locations on Client License Targets.

Each Client License permits the scanning of one Target from each category (e.g. desktop / workstation operating systems, email, and cloud storage) as described in the table below.

Category

Target

Category	Target
Desktop / Workstation Operating Systems	<ul><li>Windows Desktop</li><li>macOS</li></ul>
Email	<ul> <li>Exchange Domain</li> <li>Exchange Online / Exchange Online (EWS)</li> <li>Google Mail</li> <li>HCL Notes</li> <li>IMAP / IMAPS Mailbox</li> <li>Microsoft Exchange (EWS)</li> </ul>
Cloud Storage	<ul> <li>Box Inc</li> <li>Dropbox Business</li> <li>Dropbox Personal</li> <li>Google Workspace</li> <li>OneDrive Business</li> </ul>
Productivity	<ul><li>Microsoft OneNote</li><li>Microsoft Teams</li></ul>

**Example:** One Client License allows you to scan:

- One desktop / workstation Target (e.g. Windows Desktop),
- One user email account (e.g. Google Mail), and
- One user cloud storage account (e.g. Google Workspace)

Client License usage is taken as the maximum number of consumed Client Licenses across all categories.

**Example:** Scanning two desktop / workstation Targets (e.g. Windows Desktop), and five user email accounts (e.g. Google Mail) consumes five Client Licenses.

The total Client License data usage is calculated as the sum of scanned data across all Client License Targets. See License Usage and Calculation for more information.

# LICENSE USAGE AND CALCULATION

### License Assignment

Adding Targets in the Web Console or via the API does not consume licenses or data allowance. Data usage is calculated only after a scan has completed successfully, and Non-Sitewide Licenses are only assigned to a Target when it is scanned.

### Data Usage

Data usage is the maximum scanned data volume on a Target or Target location, and is based on the actual file size in bytes. This applies to all Target types and file formats. A detailed log of data usage across all **ER2** Targets can be obtained from the Data

Allowance Usage section in the **System** > **License Details** page.

Data usage will only count towards the data allowance limit for successfully scanned locations. Erroneous locations (e.g. inaccessible locations) do not contribute to the data allowance limit. See Data Allowance Limit for more information.

● Info: ER2 calculates the actual size of files using the decimal (base-10) system, where 1 MB = 1,000,000 bytes, 1 GB = 1,000,000 bytes, and so forth. This may result in a discrepancy when compared with the data / file size reported by operating systems that use the binary (base-2) system. For example, 1,000,000 bytes would be reported as 1 MB data usage in ER2, and be displayed as 0.9537 MB in base-2 operating systems.

### Example 1

The actual file size for the PDF file "My-File.pdf" is 3 MB, while the size on disk for "My-File.pdf" on a compressed drive is 1 MB. When "My-File.pdf" is scanned, the data usage count is 3 MB.

### Example 2

The file size for the archive file "My-Data.zip" is 5000 bytes, while the size of the uncompressed file content is 7000 bytes.

When "My-Data.zip" is scanned, the data usage count is 5000 bytes, and the scanned bytes value is 7000 bytes.

▲ Warning: If the same location is recognized and scanned by ER2 separately as a different location and/or as a different protocol, ER2 will count the licensed data usage separately for each individual location. For more information on how to prevent redundant scanning and increased counting of licensed data usage, refer to the Increased Counting of Data Usage section.

### Data Usage Calculation

The total data usage for a Target is defined as the peak scanned data volume for the Target, and is obtained by adding the total data usage for each scan root path within a Target. Scanning a sub-location that is contained wholly within a scan root path does not consume additional data allowance.

Take for example the following directory structure in D:\ drive on a Windows desktop:

Windows desktop (host name: My-Windows-Machine)		
+ D:\	(data size: 5 GB)	
+ D:\FolderA	(data size: 3 GB)	
+ D:\FolderA\FolderA-1	(data size: 2 GB)	
+ D:\FolderA\FolderA-2	(data size: 1 GB)	
+ D:\FolderB	(data size: 1 GB)	
+ D:\FolderC	(data size: 1 GB)	

"My-Windows-Machine" is added as a new Target in **ER2** and the following scans are executed on the Target.

#	Scanned Locations	Scan Root Path	Total Data Usage	Comments
1	• D:\Folder A	• D:\Folder A	3 GB	-
2	<ul> <li>D:\FolderA \FolderA-1</li> </ul>	• D:\Folder A	3 GB	The scan root path and total data usage is unchanged as D:\Folder A\FolderA-1 is a sub-location that is contained wholly within D:\Fold erA.
3	<ul> <li>D:\Folder</li> <li>A</li> <li>D:\Folder</li> <li>B</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>D:\Folder</li> <li>A</li> <li>D:\Folder</li> <li>B</li> </ul>	4 GB	D:\FolderA and D:\FolderB are two distinct scan root paths and the total data usage is the sum of data usage for D:\Folder A and D:\FolderB.
4	• D:\	• D:\	5 GB	The new scan root path is D:\ as all previously scanned locations are contained wholly within D:\ drive. The total data usage is now 5 GB as additional data is scanned in the D:\Folder C.

Re-scans of the same locations and data do not count towards additional data usage.

You can view a detailed log of data usage in the Data Allowance Usage section of the **System** > License Details page.

### Increased Counting of Data Usage

**ER2** offers the capability to scan files in different protocols (local storage, network storage locations, etc.). As such, if the same location is recognized and scanned by **ER2** separately as a different location and/or as a different protocol, **ER2** will count the licensed data usage separately for each individual location.

To prevent redundant scanning and increased counting of licensed data usage, please take the following precautions during location selection:

### For Local Storage and Network Storage scans

- Ensure that the same location is not selected for scanning using both Local Storage and Network Storage protocols.
- Maintain consistency in the type of scan protocol used for specific files or folders.

### For Windows Share Network Storage scans

- Do not include multiple shared folders (all pointing to the same physical location) in the scan.
- Avoid selecting both a shared folder and its subfolder for scanning if the subfolder is also shared separately.

For more information and detailed scenarios, see Mitigate Increased Counting of Licensed Data Usage in ER2.

### Data Allowance Limit

Each Target licensing model specifies the maximum data volume that can be scanned across all applicable Targets. This is also known as the data allowance limit.

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, data is consumed from the Server & DB License or Client License data allowance limit, depending on the scanned Target platform.

For example, a scan is completed successfully for the following Targets:

Target	Non-Sitewide License Type	Data Size (GB)
1 MySQL database	Server & DB License	4
1 SharePoint Server	Server & DB License	8
1 Google Mail account	Client License	1
1 Dropbox Personal cloud storage account	Client License	1

For a Sitewide License, total of 14 GB data is consumed from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For a Non-Sitewide License, a total of 12 GB data is consumed from the Server & DB License data allowance limit, and a total of 2 GB data is consumed from the Client License data allowance limit.

### **Exceeding License Limits**

The following scenarios will cause **ER2** license limits to be exceeded:

Scenario	Impacted Licensing Model
Scanned data volume exceeds the data allowance limit available for the corresponding license pool.	<ul><li>Sitewide License</li><li>Non-Sitewide License</li></ul>
Scanned Targets exceeds the maximum number of allowed Targets or platforms that can be scanned per <b>ER2</b> instance.	<ul> <li>Non-Sitewide License</li> </ul>

When the license limit has just been exceeded:

- Scan results for the scan that caused the license limit to be exceeded will be processed and available for viewing.
- All ongoing scans will be completed but scan results are added to a backlog and will not be processed.

Once the license limit is exceeded, **ER2** will operate in reduced-functionality state as below:

Note: The ER2 reduced-functionality state applies to the whole system regardless of the license or Target type that caused the license limit to be exceeded.

- Scans that were scheduled prior to exceeding the license limit will continue to be executed. However, scan results are added to a backlog and will not be processed until a new, valid license is uploaded to ER2.
   See Processing Blocked for more information.
- Users are able to set up and schedule new scans but scan results are added to a backlog and will not be processed.
- Users are able to view and download existing compliance reports but reports will include a watermark to reflect the exceeded license limit state.
- Users are able to view match results for all scans that were processed before or when **ER2** license limit was exceeded.
- All remediation actions will be disabled.

**ER2** will continue to run in reduced-functionality state until a new, valid license is uploaded to **ER2**.

**Info:** The same reduced-functionality behaviour in **ER2** applies to expired licenses.

#### Example 1

User A adds a MySQL database and workstation Target to a scan schedule and sets the scan to "Scan Now". The scan for the workstation Target completes first and causes the data allowance license limit to be exceeded. The scan results for the workstation Target will be processed fully. However, results for the MySQL database scan will be blocked from being processed and added to a backlog as the scan completed after the license limit had been exceeded.

### Example 2

User A starts a scan for 11 Windows Server Targets for an **ER2** instance that has 10 Server & DB Licenses and 10 Client Licenses. This causes the **ER2** license limit to be exceeded.

The scan for the 11 Windows Server Targets will run to completion, and results will be processed and available for viewing.

However all other scan results will stop being processed, even for scan schedules that only contain Client License Targets.

### **Processing Blocked**

When the license limit is exceeded and **ER2** operates in reduced-functionality mode, all scheduled scans will continue to be executed according to schedule. However, results for completed scans will be blocked from being processed until a valid license is uploaded.

#### Indicator

Targets that have unprocessed scan results will be indicated by the "Processing blocked" status in the **Targets** page.

#### **Notifications and Alerts**

You can create a notification policy to receive alerts and/or emails for the **Processing Blocked** event, which is triggered when **ER2** license limit is exceeded and unprocessed scan results are added to the backlog. See Notification Policy for more information.

### **Suppress Scheduled Scans**

To prevent building up a huge backlog of unprocessed scan results once the **ER2** license limit is exceeded, you can stop all scheduled scans from being executed by enabling the **Suppress scans** setting from the **Scans** > **Schedule Manager**.

**Tip:** You can view suppressed scan schedules in the **Schedule Manager** page by selecting **Deactivated Schedules** in the **Filter by...** pane.

Once a new, valid license is assigned to **ER2**, all scheduled scans will resume starting from the next scheduled date and time.

▶ Note: One-time scans that were scheduled to start during the window when the Suppress scans setting was enabled will not be resumed when a valid license is assigned to ER2. You can view these schedules in the Schedule Manager by selecting Stopped Schedules in the Filter by... pane.

### **DOWNLOAD ER2 LICENSE FILE**

You must download a license file to activate ER2.

- 1. Go to Ground Labs Services Portal and log in.
- 2. In the Home tab, scroll down to the Enterprise Recon 2 Licenses section.
- 3. Find Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 in the Product column and click Download License.
- (Optional) If you have enabled the Services Portal Complex UI, download the ER2 license by going to License > Enterprise Recon 2.11.0 in the navigation menu at the top of the page.

**1** Info: Do not click on **manually assign** | **download** to download your license file. This downloads a general license file which does not work with **ER2**.

### **VIEW LICENSE DETAILS**

You can view the licensee details, get data allowance usage information and manage licensed Targets in **ER2** from the **System** > **License Details** page in the Web Console.

### **License Information**

The top left of the License Details page displays information on the current ER2 license:

Licensed to:	Example Corporation
Contact:	John Doe
Expires:	15 Nov 2021

- Licensed To: The name of the company or organization that the ER2 license is registered to. This is also the name of the Ground Labs Services Portal account.
- **Contact**: The full name of the primary contact person for the company or organization.
- Expires: Date on which the subscription license expires.

### License Summary

The **License Summary** table displays a list of Master Server and Target licenses that are available for this installation of **ER2**.

Column	Description
Туре	Describes the Target license pool.
Total	<ul> <li>"x/y" where</li> <li>x is the consumed data allowance, and</li> <li>y is the total data allowance available.</li> </ul>

### License Usage

The **License Usage** table displays a list of Targets and the license pools they are assigned to. This section is not applicable for Sitewide licensing model.

Column	Description
License	License pool from which the Target is assigned a license (e.g. "server", "client").
Target Name	Licensed Target name.
Target Type	Target type or platform (e.g. "Dropbox Business", "Google Workspace").
Location	Target location path.
Release License	Releases the license for a Target or Target location back to the corresponding license pool (e.g. Client or Server & DB License). The <b>Release License</b> function does not reset or nullify the already-consumed data allowance associated with the Target or Target location.
	<ul> <li>▲ Warning: Releasing the license for a Target, Target location, or scan root permanently removes all scan data and records associated with the corresponding Target, Target location, or scan root from ER2.</li> <li>Releasing the license for a host Target permanently removes all scan data and records for</li> <li>the host Target (e.g. Server or Desktop / Client Target), and</li> <li>all Target locations (e.g. local storage, local memory, emails, databases, network storage) under the host Target.</li> </ul>
	Note: The Ground Labs End User License Agreement only allows you to delete or release the license for a Target if it has been permanently decommissioned.

You can display specific license usage records by using the following filter options:

- License
- Target
- Type
- Location

### Data Allowance Usage

The **Data Allowance Usage** table provides a detailed log of data allowance usage in **ER2**. Each record in the table describes the data usage or total scanned data volume for a distinct Target, Target location, or scan root.

Column	Description
License	Data allowance license pool.
Target Name	Licensed Target name.
Target Type	Target Type (e.g. "All local files", "OneDrive Business", "Amazon S3", etc).
Location	Target, Target location, or scan root for which the data usage is calculated.
Data Used	Total amount of data allowance consumed for the corresponding Target, Target location or scan root.

You can display specific data usage records by using the following filter options:

- License
- Target
- Type
- Location

To download the Data Allowance Usage log in CSV file format, click **Download Data Usage Log**.

See Data Usage Calculation for more information.

# **UPLOAD LICENSE FILE**

Expired or expiring licenses must be replaced by uploading a new license file.

To upload a new license file:

- 1. On the top right of the License Details page, click + Upload License File.
- 2. In the Upload License File dialog box, click Choose File.
- 3. In the **Open** window, locate and select the License File and click **Open**.
- 4. In the **Upload License File** dialog box, click **Upload**.

Note: Uploading a new license file replaces the currently active license file in **ER2**.

# SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

This page lists the system requirements for:

- Master Server
- Node Agent
- Web Console
- File Permissions for Scans

# **MASTER SERVER**

### **CPU Architecture**

The Master Server requires a 64-bit (x86\_64) CPU.

### Memory and Disk Space

The memory (RAM) and disk space requirements for your Enterprise Recon Master Server are dependent on several factors, including (but not limited to):

- The number of Targets that must be scanned,
- The type of Targets that must be scanned,
- The number of concurrently running scans,
- The amount of data scanned,
- The number of match locations in each Target,
- The complexity of data residing in each Target,
- The level of activity in the Web Console, and
- The number of users concurrently connected to the Web Console.

**Example:** A higher amount of memory is required if three users simultaneously access the Investigate page for a Target that has 1 million match locations, compared to just one user viewing the Investigate page for a Target that only has 100,000 match locations.

The following table shows the minimum requirements for deploying a Master Server (in either of its three subscription license types) that supports a given number of Targets and match locations per Target:

Targets	Match Locations (per Target)	Memory	Disk Space
10	100,000	8 GB	40 GB
50	100,000	8 GB	40 GB
100	100,000	12 GB	50 GB
200	100,000	12 GB	70 GB
500	100,000	12 GB	150 GB
1000	100,000	16 GB	280 GB
2000	100,000	16 GB	540 GB
10	1,000,000	16 GB	50 GB
50	1,000,000	24 GB	160 GB
100	1,000,000	32 GB	300 GB
200	1,000,000	36 GB	550 GB
500	1,000,000	36 GB	1.3 TB
1000	1,000,000	36 GB	2.6 TB
2000	1,000,000	36 GB	5.2 TB

Note: The recommendations for the system requirements are meant to serve as a general guideline for standard **ER2** deployments. Please contact our Ground Labs Support Team if you require assistance for **ER2** deployments that are not covered in the above parameters.

# **NODE AGENT**

The Node Agent is designed to run with minimal impact on its host system. Its main role is to deliver and load the scanning engine and send scan results to the Master Server through an encrypted TCP connection.

### **Minimum System Requirements**

- Memory: 4 MB.
- Free Disk Space: 16 MB.

# Supported Operating Systems

Environment (Target Category)	Operating System
Microsoft Windows Desktop (Desktop / Workstation)	<ul> <li>Windows 10 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Windows 11 64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different version of Microsoft Windows?</li> </ul>
Microsoft Windows Server (Server)	<ul> <li>Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2016 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2019 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2022 64-bit</li> </ul> Looking for a different version of Microsoft Windows?
Linux (Server)	<ul> <li>Debian 11+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>RHEL 7+ 64-bit</li> <li>Oracle Linux 8 64-bit</li> <li>Ubuntu 16+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different Linux distribution?</li> </ul>
	Note: To run a Node Agent, you need a kernel version of 2.6 and above. To view your kernel's version, run una me -r in the terminal.
UNIX (Server)	<ul> <li>AIX 7.2+</li> <li>FreeBSD 13 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>FreeBSD 14 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Solaris 10+ (Intel x86)</li> <li>Solaris 10+ (SPARC)</li> </ul>
	Note: To scan a UNIX Target that is not supported by a UNIX agent (e.g. FreeBSD 10 or HP-UX 11.31+), perform a Remote Access via SSH scan on the Target instead.

Environment (Target Category)	Operating System
macOS (Desktop / Workstation)	<ul> <li>macOS Monterey 12.0</li> <li>macOS Ventura 13.0</li> <li>macOS Sonoma 14.0</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Note: Scans for macOS Monterey 12.0 and above</li> <li>Selecting "All local files" when scanning macOS Targets may cause the same data to be scanned twice. See Exclude the Read-only System Volume from Scans for macOS Targets for more information.</li> <li>Scanning locations within the top-level Users ( /Use rs ) folder requires the "Full Disk Access" feature to be enabled for er2-agent. If locations within the /U sers folder are scanned without enabling the required full disk access, these locations will be logged as inaccessible locations. See Enable Full Disk Access for more information.</li> </ul>
	Note: Agentless scans for macOS Ventura 13 and above Performing agentless scans requires the "Full Disk Access" feature to be enabled for <b>sshd-keygen-wrapper</b> in the Proxy Agent host. See Enable Full Disk Access for more information.
	<b>Note:</b> To scan a macOS Target that is not supported by the macOS Agent, perform an Agentless Scan or Remote Access via SSH scan on the Target instead.
	Looking for a different version of macOS?

### **Microsoft Windows Operating Systems**

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Windows versions supported by Microsoft.

Prior versions of Windows may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### Linux Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Linux distributions currently supported by the respective providers.

Prior versions of Linux distributions may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### macOS Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all macOS versions supported by Apple Inc.

Prior versions of macOS may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

# **WEB CONSOLE**

To access the Web Console, you must have:

- A compatible browser:
  - Microsoft Edge
  - Mozilla Firefox
  - Google Chrome
  - Safari

Note: To access the Enterprise Recon Web Console, use only browser versions that are supported by the respective developers.

- JavaScript and cookies enabled on your browser.
- A minimum screen height of 720 pixels. Recommended screen height is 1080 pixels.

# FILE PERMISSIONS FOR SCANS

Agents must have read access to scan Targets, and write access to remediate matches.

**1** Info: Files and directories that the Node Agent cannot access are marked and reported in the Web Console under Inaccessible Locations.

# **NETWORK REQUIREMENTS**

This section covers the following topics:

- 1. Master Server Network Requirements
- 2. Node Agent Network Requirements
- 3. Proxy Agent Network Requirements

# **MASTER SERVER NETWORK REQUIREMENTS**

If you have any firewalls configured between the Master Server and

- any hosts that need to connect to the Web Console,
- all Agent hosts, or
- (optional) the Ground Labs update server,

make sure that the following connections are allowed:

TCP Port	Allowed Connections	To / From	Description
80 / 443	/InboundFrom: Hosts3connecting to the		To allow hosts on the network to access the Web Console.
Web Console.	Web Console.	Note: If you have enabled HTTPS on the Master Server (see Enable HTTPS), you can safely disable port 80.	
8843 Outbound To: Ground Labs update server.		To: Ground Labs update server.	(Optional) To allow the Master Server to receive updates from the Ground Labs update server.
	Note: Connecting to the Ground Labs update server requires the Master Server to have a working internet connection.		
11117	Inbound	From: Node or Proxy Agent hosts.	To allow Node and Proxy Agents to establish a connection to the Master Server.

# NODE AGENT NETWORK REQUIREMENTS

On Node Agent hosts, the following connections must be allowed:

TCP	Allowed	To /	Description
Port	Connections	From	
11117	Outbound	To: Master Server.	A Node Agent establishes a connection to the Master Server on this port to send reports and receive instructions.

# **PROXY AGENT NETWORK REQUIREMENTS**

Proxy Agents must be able to connect to:

- the Master Server on port 11117
- the Target host or service

Details can be found in these sections below:

- Agentless Scans
- Network Storage
- Websites and Cloud Services
- Emails
- Databases
- Server Applications

**Tip:** (Recommended) Put Proxy Agents on the same subnet as their intended Targets.

### **Agentless Scans**

Make sure that the Target and Proxy Agent host fulfill the following requirements:

Target Host	Proxy Agent	TCP Port 1	Requirements
Windows host	Windows Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Port 135, 139 and 445.</li> <li>For Targets running Windows Server 2008 and newer: <ul> <li>Dynamic ports 9152 - 65535</li> </ul> </li> <li>For Targets running Windows Server 2003 R2 and older: <ul> <li>Dynamic ports 1024 - 65535</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Bi-directional SCP must be allowed between the Target and Proxy Agent host.</li> <li>The Target host security policy must be configured to allow the scanning engine to be executed locally.</li> <li>The Target credential must have the required permissions to read, write and execute on the Target host.</li> </ul>
		• Tip: WMI can be configured to use static ports instead of dynamic ports.	

Target Host	Proxy Agent	TCP Port 1	Requirements
Linux or UNIX host	Windows, Linux or UNIX Proxy Agent	• Port 22.	<ul> <li>Target host must have a SSH server installed and running.</li> <li>Proxy Agent host must have an SSH client installed.</li> <li>Bi-directional SCP must be allowed between the Target and Proxy Agent host.</li> <li>The Target host security policy must be configured to allow the scanning engine to be executed locally.</li> <li>The Target credential must have the required permissions to read, write and execute on the Target host.</li> </ul>
macOS host	macOS Proxy Agent	• Port 22.	<ul> <li>Target host must have a SSH server installed and running.</li> <li>Proxy Agent host must have an SSH client installed.</li> <li>For macOS Ventura 13 and above, the "Full Disk Access" feature must be enabled for <b>sshd-keygen-wrapper</b> in the Proxy Agent host.</li> <li>Bi-directional SCP must be allowed between the Target and Proxy Agent host.</li> <li>The Target host security policy must be configured to allow the scanning engine to be executed locally.</li> <li>The Target credential must have the required permissions to read, write and execute on the Target host.</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> TCP Port allowed connections.

Note: For best results, use a Proxy Agent host that matches the Target host platform. For example, Debian Proxy Agent hosts should scan Debian Target hosts.

See Agentless Scan for more information.

### **Network Storage**

Protocol/Target Type	Destination TCP Port (default)	Description
CIFS/SMB server	445 *See description for additional ports.	To scan Windows remote file shares via CIFS. <b>Additional ports</b> For Windows 2000 and older: • 137 (UDP) • 138 (UDP) • 139 (TCP)
SSH server	22	To scan Unix or Unix-like remote file shares via SSH.
NFS server	2049 (TCP or UDP) *See description for additional ports.	To scan NFS file shares. Additional ports NFSv4 requires only port 2049 (TCP only). NFSv3 and older must allow connections on the following ports: • 111 (TCP or UDP) • Dynamic ports assigned by rpcbind . rpcbind assigns dynamic ports to the following services required by NFSv3 and older: • rpc.rquotad • rpc.lockd (TCP and UDP) • rpc.mountd • rpc.statd To find out which ports these services are using on your NFS server, check with your system administrator. • Tip: You can assign static ports to the required services, removing the need to allow connections for the entire dynamic port range. For more information, check with your system administrator.

### Websites and Cloud Services

Destination TCP Port (default)	Protocol/Target Type	Description
80	HTTP server	To scan websites.

Destination TCP Port (default)	Protocol/Target Type	Description
443	HTTPS server	To scan HTTPS websites.
443	Cloud services	To scan cloud services.

### Emails

Destination TCP Port (default)	Protocol/Target Type	Description
143	IMAP server	To scan email accounts using IMAP.
993	IMAPS server	To scan email accounts using IMAPS.
1352	HCL Notes client	To scan HCL Notes clients.

### Databases

Destination TCP Port (default)	Protocol/Target Type	Description
50000	IBM DB2 server	To scan IBM DB2 databases.
9088	IBM Informix server	To scan IBM Informix databases.
1927	InterSystems Caché server	To scan InterSystems Caché namespaces.
3306	MySQL or MariaDB server	To scan MySQL or MariaDB databases.
1433	Microsoft SQL server	To scan Microsoft SQL databases.
27017	MongoDB server	To scan MongoDB databases.
1521	Oracle database server	To scan Oracle databases.
5432	PostgreSQL server	To scan PostgreSQL databases.
30015	SAP HANA	To scan SAP HANA databases.
3638	Sybase/SAP ASE	To scan Sybase/SAP ASE databases.
1025	Teradata database server	To scan Teradata databases.
8629	Tibero database server	To scan Tibero databases.

### Server Applications

Destination TCP Port (default)	Protocol/Target Type	Description
443	Confluence On-Premises	To scan Confluence servers.

# SUPPORTED FILE FORMATS

This page lists the data type formats **ER2** detects during a scan.

# LIVE DATABASES

- IBM DB2 11.1 and above.
- IBM Informix 12.10 and above.
- InterSystems Caché 2017.2 and above.
- MariaDB 10.11 and above.
- Microsoft SQL 2012 and above.
- MongoDB 6.0 and above.
- MySQL 5.0 and above.
- Oracle Database 9 and above.
- PostgreSQL 13 and above.
- SAP HANA 2.0 SPS04 and above.
- Sybase/SAP Adaptive Server Enterprise 16.0 and above.
- Teradata 16.20 and above.
- Tibero 6.0 and above.

### Info: Using a different database version?

Ground Labs supports and tests the databases listed above. However, database versions not indicated may still work as expected.

For databases where no specific version is specified, Ground Labs' support is limited to versions the associated vendor still provides active support, maintenance and software patches for.

For more information, see Databases.

### EMAIL

### **Email File Formats**

- Base64 MIME encoded data
- Exchange EDB / STM Information Store (non-clustered)
- HCL Notes NSF
- Maildir (Qmail, Courier, Exim, Posfix, and more)
- MBox (Thunderbird, Sendmail, Postfix, Exim, Eudora and more)
- MIME encapsulated file attachments
- MS Outlook 32/64-bit (PST, OST, MSG, DBX)
- Quoted-printable MIME encoded data

### **Email Platforms**

- Exchange 2007+ servers (EWS domain wide single credentials scan)
- Gmail for business
- HCL Notes (Windows Agent with Domino client installed)
- Microsoft 365 Exchange (EWS domain wide single credentials scan)

• Any IMAP enabled email server

For more information, see Email Locations.

# **EXPORT FORMATS FOR COMPLIANCE REPORTING**

You can export compliance reports in these formats:

- Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF)
- HTML
- Spreadsheet (CSV)
- XML
- Plain text file

For more information, see Reports.

# **FILE FORMATS**

Туре	Formats	
Compressed	bzip2, Gzip (all types), TAR, Zip (all types)	
Databases	Access, DBase, SQLite, MSSQL MDF & LDF	
Images	BMP, FAX, GIF, JPG, PDF (embedded), PNG, TIF	
Microsoft Backup Archive	Microsoft Binary / BKF	
Microsoft	v5, 6, 95, 97, 2000, XP, 2003 onwards	
Office	Note: Masking a match in XLSX files masks all instances of that match in the file. The XLSX format saves repeated values in a shared string table. Masking a string saved in that table masks all instances of that string in the XLSX file.	
Open Source	Star Office / Open Office / Libre Office	
Open Standards	PDF, RTF, HTML, XML, CSV, TXT	

# **NETWORK STORAGE SCANS**

- Unix file shares (via local mount)
- Windows file shares (SMB via Windows agents)
- SSH remote scan (SCP)
- Hadoop

For more information, see Network Storage Locations.

# **PAYMENT CARDS**

- All PCI brands American Express, Diners Club, Discover, JCB, Mastercard and Visa
- Non-PCI brands China Union Pay, Maestro, Laser, Troy
- Specialist flags for prohibited data Track1 / Track2
- ASCII/Clear Text

# **INSTALLATION OVERVIEW**

ER2 has two main components:

- The Master Server
- Node Agents, installed on Target or Proxy hosts.

Both must be installed before you can start scanning Target hosts. For more information on these components, see About Enterprise Recon 2.11.0.

To start using ER2:

- 1. Install the Master Server Appliance (from ISO) or Install the Master Server on RHEL 8 (from RPM).
- 2. Activate ER2 through the Web Console.
- 3. Configure Security Features.
- 4. Install Node Agents.
- 5. Add Targets.

# **ADDITIONAL TASKS**

### **Configure Security Features**

- Enable HTTPS to secure connections to the Web Console. See Enable HTTPS.
- Enforce login policies and two-factor authentication (2FA) to strengthen user authentication. See Login Policy and Two-factor Authentication.
- Setup Access Control Lists (ACLs) to filter traffic and limit access to ER2 from specific IP addresses. See Access Control List.

Note: This Web UI feature is only available for standard installations of the ER2 Master Server appliance (from ISO).

• Manage user privileges and roles to grant users access to specific ER2 resources according to their roles and responsibilities. See User Permissions and User Roles.

### Master Server and Agent Maintenance

- Install the Ground Labs GPG key to verify Node Agent RPM packages. See GPG Keys (RPM Packages).
- Update the Master Server and Agents to receive the latest security updates, bug fixes, and features. See Update ER2 and Agent Upgrade.

# WEB CONSOLE

The Web Console is the primary interface for managing and operating **ER2**.

Topics covered on this page:

- Access Web Console
- First Time Setup
- User Login
- Active Directory Login
- Password Recovery
- Enable HTTPS

# ACCESS WEB CONSOLE

Access the Web Console by entering the host name or IP address of the Master Server in your browser's address bar.

To obtain the IP address of the Master Server host:

• Check the Master Server console on startup.



• Run the ip addr command in the Master Server console.

# **FIRST TIME SETUP**

After installing the Master Server, the administrator must:

- 1. Log in to the Web Console with default administrator credentials.
- 2. Activate ER.
- 3. Update Administrator Account.

### Log In

The default administrator login is:

- Username: admin
- Password: ChangeMeNow

### Activate ER

1. On first login, **ER2** prompts you to upload a new license file. Click **Upload License File**.



- 2. In the Upload License File dialog box, click Choose File.
- 3. Select the license file and click Upload to upload it.

**Info:** See Licensing on how to download your license file.

4. Check that the details of the uploaded license file are correct. Click **Commit** License File.

### **Update Administrator Account**

After activating ER2, you will be asked to update the details of the administrator account.

- 1. In the Account Details dialog box, update the following fields:
  - a. Email Address: Email for your administrator account.

▲ Warning: Your administrator account must have a valid email address to be able to receive notifications and password recovery emails.

Note: If a Message Transfer Agent (MTA) has been set up, all **ER2** notification and/or delegated remediation emails will be sent from the email address configured for the administrator account. See Set Up MTA for more information.

- b. New Password: New password for the administrator account.
- c. Confirm Password: Enter the new password again to confirm.

Note: If you performed a standard (ISO) installation of the Master Server, changing your administrator password here also changes your Master Server's root password.

2. Click Save Changes.

# **USER LOGIN**

Users can log in using credentials provided by their administrators.

A domain field appears if **ER2** is using an imported Active Directory (AD) user list.

To log in using non-AD credentials, select **No Domain**.

# **ACTIVE DIRECTORY LOGIN**

You can set up **ER2** to allow Active Directory logins. See Import A User List from AD DS.

To login using your Active Directory credentials:

- 1. From the list, select a domain.
- 2. Enter your Active Directory credentials and click Login.

## **PASSWORD RECOVERY**

Click Forgot password? to receive an email to reset your password.



You cannot use Forgot password? to reset your password when:

- Your ER2 user account does not have a valid email address.
- A Message Transfer Agent (MTA) has not been set up. See Mail Settings for information on how to set up an MTA.



Note: Forgot password? does not reset Active Directory passwords. Contact your Active Directory administrator for issues with Active Directory logins.

# **ENABLE HTTPS**

Enable HTTPS to secure connections to the Web Console. See Enable HTTPS.

# **UPDATE ER2**

▶ Note: Ground Labs does not guarantee support for non-standard installations of the Enterprise Recon Master Server. Any deviation from the instructions provided in this manual, and/or any modification made to the Master Server that may impact the functionality of Enterprise Recon is considered a non-standard installation, including (but not limited to):

- Addition of any third party software (e.g. anti-virus software), libraries, and/or packages, and/or
- Removal of any software, libaries, and/or packages included by default in the Enterprise Recon appliance.

Please refer to Ground Labs Technical Support Services for more information.

Note: Refer to Enterprise Recon 2.9.0 - Update ER2 if you are upgrading your CentOS 7-based Master Server from Enterprise Recon 2.9.0 (and below).

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Online Update
  - Requirements
  - Update the Master Server
- Offline Update
  - For ER2 Master Server on RHEL 8 (from RPM)
  - For ER2 Master Server Appliance (from ISO)
- Downgrade ER2

### **OVERVIEW**

With each new release of ER2, you are recommended to:

- 1. Create a backup of the Master Server.
- 2. Update the Master Server to access new features and benefit from improvements made to the software.
- 3. (Optional) Perform an Agent Upgrade if a feature available in an updated version of the Agent is required.

See the Release Notes for a list of available features for the current version of **ER2**.

# **ONLINE UPDATE**

Note: Performing an online update is only available for standard installations of the ER2 Master Server appliance (from ISO).

### Requirements

To perform an online upgrade of **ER2**, the Master Server needs to have access to the internet.

### **Update the Master Server**

- 1. Create a backup of the Master Server datastore.
- 2. In the Master Server console, run as root :

yum update

Note: The yum update command checks for and displays all available updates for **ER2** and the underlying operating system.

- 3. Enter y to install available updates.
- 4. Remove unnecessary packages:

yum autoremove

- 5. Enter y to confirm removal of unnecessary packages.
- 6. Verify if restarting your system is required, and restart (if needed).

# Check if a restart is required needs-restarting -r

# If required, restart the system shutdown -r now

Note: You will need to enter the LUKS passphrase when you start up the Master Server.

# **OFFLINE UPDATE**

### For ER2 Master Server on RHEL 8 (from RPM)

You must download the latest RPM package to update **ER2** offline.

- 1. Log in to Ground Labs Services Portal.
- 2. From the Home tab, scroll down to the Enterprise Recon 2 > Enterprise Master RPM Package > RPM Package (EL8) section and look for version 2.11.0.

Enterprise Master RPM Package				
Platform	Version	Filename	Checksum (SHA1)	
RPM Package (EL8)		er2-master-		Download
		el8.x86_64.rp	m	
			Enterprise Master RPM Package archive	

- 3. Click **Download** to download the Enterprise Recon RPM package file ( er2-master-2.x-x-xxxx\_xxxxxxx.el8.x86\_64.rpm ).
- 4. Transfer the downloaded **ER2** RPM software package over to a destination

directory in the Master Server.

5. In the Master Server Console, stop ER2:

/etc/init.d/er2-master stop

6. Remove the old er2-master RPM package:

rpm -e er2-master

7. Install the newly downloaded ER2 RPM package:

# Where '<directory>' is the full path of where the RPM package resides, # and '<RPM file>' is the RPM package to install. # Syntax: rpm -ivh <directory>/<RPM file> rpm -ivh /tmp/er2-master-2.x-x-xxxx\_xxxxxxx.el8.x86\_64.rpm

8. Restart ER2:

/etc/init.d/er2-master start

### For ER2 Master Server Appliance (from ISO)

From version 2.9.1, you can perform offline updates for the Enterprise Recon Master Server appliance that runs on an Oracle Linux 8 operating system. See Perform an Offline Update for Standard Installations of the ER2 Master Server Appliance (From ISO) or contact the Ground Labs Support Team.

## **DOWNGRADE ER2**

Version downgrades are not supported for the Enterprise Recon Master Server as certain features, data sets, storage formats and / or components in newer versions of Enterprise Recon may not be backward compatible. Downgrading a newer version of the Master Server datastore to an earlier version of Enterprise Recon may leave the system in an undesired state.

# **CREATING BACKUPS**

There are two ways to create backups of the Master Server:

- Automated Backups
- Manual Backups

# **AUTOMATED BACKUPS**

Automated backups of the Master Server can only be scheduled from the Server Information page in the Web Console.

To create an automated backup policy in the default location:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to **System > Server Information** page.
- 3. On the Server Information page, go to the Backup section and click the Edit icon.
- 4. Select Enable auto-backup and click Confirm.
- 5. In the Edit Backups dialog box, fill in the following fields:

Edit Backups			
<ul> <li>Enable auto-backup</li> <li>Notify me if the backup fails</li> </ul>			
Frequency:	Daily	<b>v</b>	
Date/Time:	11/07/2017	at 3:00pm	
Location:	/var/lib/er2/backups		
Backups to keep:	2	▲ ▼	
		Confirm Cancel	

Field	Description
Enable auto- backup	Select to begin configuring the automatic backup policy.
Notify me if the backup fails	Sets up a new notification policy in <b>Settings </b> > <b>Notifications</b> > <b>Notification Policy</b> .
Frequency	Select frequency of automatic backup jobs.
Date/ Time	Select date and time of the next automatic backup job.

Field	Description
Location	Enter the destination folder to store the automatic backups. This location can be a local folder on the Master Server host or a remote network share directory.
Backups to keep	Enter the maximum number of backups the Master Server stores. If there are more backups stored than the maximum, the Master Server removes the oldest backups.

6. Click **Confirm** to create the automatic backup policy. The "Backup" section now displays the details of your automatic backup policy.

#### Backup

Auto-Backup: Enabled Frequency: Daily Next: Wed, 07 Jun 2017 17:00 Location: /var/lib/er2/backups Keep: 2

#### Note: Interrupted Backups

Do not restart the Master Server when a backup job is in progress. You cannot resume an interrupted backup job.

#### ▲ Warning: Automatic Backups Stop at 50% Free Disk Space

If there is less than 50% free disk space available on the Master Server, the automatic backup policy will pause itself. Automatic backups will resume when the Master Server detects that there is more than 50% free disk space available.

### **Backup Status**

A list of backup jobs are displayed under the backup policy details. The jobs have the following statuses:

- **COMPLETED**: Completed backup jobs are stored on the Master Server, in the path displayed under the "Location" column.
- **PENDING**: Backup jobs that are waiting to start.
- **RUNNING**: Backup jobs that are in progress.
- **INTERRUPTED**: Backups are interrupted when the Master Server restarts mid-job. You cannot resume an interrupted backup.
- **ERROR**: Backup jobs that have encountered an error and cannot continue.

Started	Finished	Location	Records	Status	1
Mon, 12 Feb 2018 09:30:02	Mon, 12 Feb 2018 09:30:02	/var/lib/er2/backups/er-backup- 2018-02-12_0930.ebk	66	COMPLETED	
Thu, 01 Jan 1970 00:00:00		/var/lib/er2/backups/er-backup- 2018-02-12_0934.ebk	0	PENDING	

### **Delete Backups**

To delete backups:

1. Hover over the backup entry. **Delete** appears to the right of the backup entry.

Status	1
COMPLETED	Delete

- 2. Click Delete.
- 3. Click **Confirm** to permanently delete the backup.

# **MANUAL BACKUPS**

To create a manual backup of the Master Server:

- 1. Log in to the Master Server console.
- 2. (Optional) Create a destination directory to store the backups and give **ER2** ownership of this directory:

# Where '<directory>' is the full path of the backup destination folder # Syntax: mkdir <directory> # Syntax: chown erecon:erecon <directory> mkdir /tmp/er2 chown erecon:erecon /tmp/er2

3. Run the backup-start.rb script:

# Where '<directory>' is the full path of the backup destination folder, # and '<backup file>' is the output backup file # Syntax: /var/lib/er2/scripts/backup-start.rb <directory>/'<backup file>' /var/lib/er2/scripts/backup-start.rb /tmp/er2/er-2.x.x-backup.bak

### Manual Backup Commands

Use these commands to monitor the backup status in the Master Server Console:

Command	Description	
/var/lib/er2/scripts/backup-jobs.rb	Display details of backup jobs including the job ID and status. See Backup Status for more information.	
/var/lib/er2/scripts/backup-stop.rb <jo b ID&gt;</jo 	Stop a specific backup job by job ID.	

# **RESTORING BACKUPS**

For details on restoring backups from the Master Server console, see Restoring Backups.
# **NODE AGENTS**

This section shows you how to install, manage and upgrade node agents.

- To start using ER2, first you need to Install Node Agents.
- To create an Agent Group for Distributed Scans, see Agent Group.
- To learn how to verify, delete or block node agents, see Agent Admin.
- To update to the latest Node Agent packages, see Agent Upgrade.

# **INSTALL NODE AGENTS**

For platform-specific installation instructions, see:

- AIX Agent
- FreeBSD Agent
- Linux Agent
- macOS Agent
- Solaris Agent
- Windows Agent

For a complete list of supported operating systems (OS), see System Requirements.

For Windows and Linux hosts, use the appropriate Agent installers:

- Use the 32-bit Agent installer for hosts with a 32-bit OS.
- Use the 64-bit Agent installer for hosts with a 64-bit OS.

For Proxy Agents scanning remote Targets, refer to the requirements listed under their specific pages in Scan Locations (Targets) Overview.

# MANAGE NODE AGENTS

After installing the Agent, you must verify it with the Master Server before it can be used to scan Target locations. For more information, see how to Verify Agents.

For more information on how to view, delete and block agents, see Agent Admin.

# (OPTIONAL) MASTER PUBLIC KEY

**Info:** The connection between the Node Agent and Master Server is always encrypted whether or not a Master Public Key is specified when configuring the Node Agent.

#### What is the Master Public Key

The Master Server generates a Master Public Key which the Node Agent can use to further secure the connection between the Node Agent and the Master Server.

When a Node Agent is configured to use a fixed Master Public Key, it only connects to a Master Server using that Master Public Key. This mitigates the risk of route hijacking attacks.

#### **Configure Agent to Use Master Public Key**

The Master Public Key can be found on the Server Information page on the Web Console.

On Unix and Unix-like systems, configure the Agent to only connect to a Master Server that uses a specific Master Public Key with the -k flag. On the Agent host, run as root in the terminal:

```
er2-config -k <master-public-key>
```

On Windows, open the Enterprise Recon Configuration Tool and fill in the Master server public key field:

Node Configuration
Master server IP address or host name
er-master
Master server public key (optional)
Target Group (optional)

For detailed instructions to configure the Master Public Key for an Agent, see the respective Agent installation sections.

# **AIX AGENT**

Note: From ER 2.11.0, absolute paths must be specified when executing Node Agent commands. To execute the Node Agent commands without the full path, add the directory to the PATH environment variables.

This section covers the following topics:

- Install the Node Agent
   Verify Checkeym for Node Age
  - Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File
- Configure the Node Agent
- Install RPM in Custom Location
- Restart the Node Agent
- Uninstall the Node Agent
- Upgrade the Node Agent

### **INSTALL THE NODE AGENT**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Agents > Node Agent Downloads.
- 3. On the Node Agent Downloads page, click on the Filename for your Platform.

Note: Save the Node Agent installer on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed.

4. (Optional) Verify the checksum of the downloaded Node Agent package file.

Open a terminal on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed and run the following commands:

1. If there is a previous version of the Node Agent installed, remove it first:

rpm -e er2

2. Install the Node Agent:

# Where './er2-2.x.xx-aix71-power.rpm' is the full path of the installation
package
# Syntax: rpm -i <path\_to\_package.rpm>
rpm -i ./er2-2.x.xx-aix71-power.rpm

▶ Note: From ER 2.0.29, you can install the Node Agent RPM package in a custom location. See Install RPM in Custom Location below.

#### Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File

Requires: OpenSSL package.

You can determine the integrity of the downloaded Node Agent package file by verifying the checksum before installing the Node Agent.

- 1. Download the Node Agent package file.
- 2. Run the commands in a terminal to generate the hash value for the Node Agent package file.
  - MD5 hash (128-bit)

# Syntax: openssl md5 <path to Node Agent package file> openssl md5 ./er2-2.x.xx-aix71-power.rpm

Example MD5 hash: f65a2cd26570ddb7efb6a2a4318388ac • SHA1 hash (160-bit)

# Syntax: openssl sha1 <path to Node Agent package file> openssl sha1 ./er2-2.x.xx-aix71-power.rpm

Example SHA1 hash: 33bcd6678580ae38a03183e94b4038e72b8f18f4 • SHA256 hash (256-bit)

# Syntax: openssl sha256 <path to Node Agent package file> openssl sha256 ./er2-2.x.xx-aix71-power.rpm

Example SHA256 hash:

1ee094a222f7d9bae9015ab2c4ea37df71000556b3acd2632ee27013844c49da

- In the ER2 Web Console, go to the Settings > Agents > Node Agent Downloads page. The Hash column lists the expected hash values for each Node Agent package file.
- 4. Compare the generated hash values from Step 2 with the expected hash values listed in the Web Console; both hash values should be equal.

• **Tip:** If the hash values do not match, check that your network connection is stable, download the Node Agent package again from the Web Console, and verify the checksums again. If the issue still persists, contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

### **CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT**

After you have installed the Node Agent, configure the Node Agent to:

- 1. Point to the Master Server.
- 2. (Optional) Use the Master Public Key (see Server Information) when connecting to the Master Server.
- 3. (Optional) Specify Target initial group.
- 4. Test the connection settings.

To configure the Node Agent, choose either mode:

- Interactive Mode
- Manual Mode

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### **Interactive Mode**

Running this command helps you to quickly configure the Node Agent:

```
/opt/er2/sbin/er2-config -interactive
```

The interactive mode asks you for the following information to help you configure the Node Agent.

**Info:** Pressing **ENTER** while configuring the Node Agent with the interactive mode configures the Node Agent to use the last saved value for that parameter. If there is no last saved value, an empty or default value is used. This may cause the Node Agent to fail to locate the Master Server.

Interactive Mode Command Prompts	Description
Master server host name or IP Address [10.1.100.0]	Specify a Master Server's host name or IP address.
(Optional) Master server public key	Enter the Master Public Key.
	<b>Note:</b> Get the Master Server public key from the Server Information page.
(Optional) Target initial group	Specify Target initial group.
Test connection settings (Y/N)	Test the Node Agent\'s connection settings to the Master Server, enter <b>Y</b> .

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### Manual Mode

To configure the Node Agent without interactive mode, run:

## Required for connecting to the Master Server # -i <hostname|ip\_address>: Master Server IP address or host name. ## Optional parameters # -t: Tests if the Node Agent can connect to the given host name or IP address. # -k <master\_public\_key>: Sets the Master Public Key. # -g <target\_group>: Sets the default Target Group for scan locations added for this Agent.

/opt/er2/sbin/er2-config -i <hostname|ip\_address> [-t] [-k <master\_public\_key>] [-g <t arget\_group>]

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

### **INSTALL RPM IN CUSTOM LOCATION**

To install the Node Agent RPM package in a custom location:

- 1. Download the Node Agent from the Master Server. The Master Server must be version 2.0.29 and above.
- 2. Install the package in a custom location.

# Syntax: rpm --prefix=<custom\_location> -ivh <node\_agent\_rpm\_package>
# Install the Node Agent package into the custom location at '/custompath/er2'.

rpm --prefix=/custompath/er2 -ivh ./er2-2.x.xx-aix71-power.rpm

3. Configure the package:

# Configure the Node Agent package.
# Run 'er2-config' binary from the custom install location, i.e.
'<custom\_location>/sbin/er2-config'
# Specify the location of the configuration file. The location of the configuration file is '<custom\_location>/lib/agent.cfg'

/custompath/er2/sbin/er2-config -c /custompath/er2/lib/agent.cfg -interactive

4. Restart the Node Agent.

# **RESTART THE NODE AGENT**

For your configuration settings to take effect, you must restart the Node Agent.

For Node Agent packages installed in the default location:

## Run either of these options
# Option 1
/etc/rc.d/init.d/er2-agent restart

# Option 2
/etc/rc.d/init.d/er2-agent -stop # stops the agent
/etc/rc.d/init.d/er2-agent -start # starts the agent

For Node Agent packages installed in a custom location:

# Syntax: <custom\_location>/init/er2-agent -<start|stop>
# Where '/custompath/er2' is the custom installation location for the Node Agent pack
age.

/custompath/er2/init/er2-agent stop # stops the agent /custompath/er2/init/er2-agent start # starts the agent

### UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT

To uninstall the Node Agent, run:

rpm -e er2

# **UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT**

See Agent Upgrade for more information.

# FREEBSD AGENT

This section covers the following topics:

- Install the Node Agent
  - Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File
- Configure the Node Agent
- Restart the Node Agent
- Uninstall the Node Agent
- Upgrade the Node Agent

# **INSTALL THE NODE AGENT**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Agents > Node Agent Downloads.
- 3. On the Node Agent Downloads page, click on the Filename for your Platform.

Note: Save the Node Agent installer on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed.

- 4. (Optional) Verify the checksum of the downloaded Node Agent package file.
- 5. Open a terminal on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed and run the following commands:
  - a. If there is a previous version of the Node Agent installed, remove it first:

# Retrieves the name of the installed Node Agent. pkg info|grep er2

# Deletes the installed agent, <package name>
pkg delete er2

b. Install the Node Agent:

# Where './er2-2.x.xx-freebsdxx-x.tbz' is
the full path of the installation package
# Syntax: pkg install <path\_to\_package.tbz>
pkg install ./er2-2.x.xx-freebsdxx-x.tbz

Note: If you are installing the Node Agent on FreeBSD versions that are no longer supported by the provider, run the command pkg install -U <path\_to\_p ackage.tbz> instead. For more information, see FreeBSD - Unsupported FreeBSD Releases.

6. Restart the Node Agent. A restart is only required when upgrading the Node Agent.

#### Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File

You can determine the integrity of the downloaded Node Agent package file by verifying the checksum before installing the Node Agent.

- 1. Download the Node Agent package file.
- 2. Run the commands in a terminal to generate the hash value for the Node Agent package file.
  - MD5 hash (128-bit)

# Syntax: md5 <path to Node Agent package file> md5 ./er2-2.x.xx-freebsdxx-x.tbz

Example MD5 hash: f65a2cd26570ddb7efb6a2a4318388ac • SHA1 hash (160-bit)

# Syntax: sha1 <path to Node Agent package file> sha1 ./er2-2.x.xx-freebsdxx-x.tbz

Example SHA1 hash: 33bcd6678580ae38a03183e94b4038e72b8f18f4 • SHA256 hash (256-bit)

# Syntax: sha256 <path to Node Agent package file> sha256 ./er2-2.x.xx-freebsdxx-x.tbz

Example SHA256 hash:

1ee094a222f7d9bae9015ab2c4ea37df71000556b3acd2632ee27013844c49da

- In the ER2 Web Console, go to the Settings > Agents > Node Agent Downloads page. The Hash column lists the expected hash values for each Node Agent package file.
- 4. Compare the generated hash values from Step 2 with the expected hash values listed in the Web Console; both hash values should be equal.

• **Tip:** If the hash values do not match, check that your network connection is stable, download the Node Agent package again from the Web Console, and verify the checksums again. If the issue still persists, contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

### **CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT**

After you have installed the Node Agent, configure the Node Agent to:

- 1. Point to the Master Server.
- 2. (Optional) Use the Master Public Key (see Server Information) when connecting to the Master Server.
- 3. (Optional) Specify Target initial group.
- 4. Test the connection settings.

To configure the Node Agent, choose either mode:

- Interactive Mode
- Manual Mode

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### **Interactive Mode**

Running this command helps you to quickly configure the Node Agent:

er2-config -interactive

The interactive mode asks you for the following information to help you configure the Node Agent.

**Info:** Pressing **ENTER** while configuring the Node Agent with the interactive mode configures the Node Agent to use the last saved value for that parameter. If there is no last saved value, an empty or default value is used. This may cause the Node Agent to fail to locate the Master Server.

Interactive Mode Command Prompts	Description
Master server host name or IP Address [10.1.100.0]	Specify a Master Server's host name or IP address. For example, 10.1.100.100.
(Optional) Master server public key	Enter the Master Public Key.
	<b>Note:</b> Get the Master Server public key from the Server Information page.
(Optional) Target initial group	Specify Target initial group.
Test connection settings (Y/N)	Test the Node Agent\'s connection settings to the Master Server, enter <b>Y</b> .

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### **Manual Mode**

To configure the Node Agent without interactive mode, run:

## Required for connecting to the Master Server # -i <hostname|ip\_address>: Master Server IP address or host name. ## Optional parameters # -t: Tests if the Node Agent can connect to the given host name or IP address. # -k <master\_public\_key>: Sets the Master Public Key. # -g <target\_group>: Sets the default Target Group for scan locations added for this Agent.

er2-config -i <hostname|ip\_address> [-t] [-k <master\_public\_key>] [-g <target\_group>]

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### **RESTART THE NODE AGENT**

For your configuration settings to take effect, you must restart the Node Agent:

## Run either of these options
# Option 1
er2-agent -stop # stops the agent
er2-agent -start # starts the agent

# Option 2
/etc/rc.d/er2\_agent restart

#### UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT

To uninstall the Node Agent, run the following commands:

# Retrieve the name of the installed Node Agent pkg info | grep er2

# Delete the installed agent, <package name>
pkg delete er2

#### **UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT**

See Agent Upgrade for more information.

# LINUX AGENT

This section covers the following topics:

- Supported Operating Systems
- Install the Node Agent
  - Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File
- Select an Agent Installer
- Install GPG Key for RPM Package Verification
- Configure the Node Agent
- Use Custom Configuration File
- Install RPM in Custom Location
- Restart the Node Agent
- Uninstall the Node Agent
- Upgrade the Node Agent

### SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEM

Environment (Target Category)	Operating System
Linux	<ul> <li>Debian 11+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>RHEL 7+ 64-bit</li> <li>Oracle Linux 8 64-bit</li> <li>Ubuntu 16+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> </ul>
	Looking for a different Linux distribution?

#### **Linux Operating Systems**

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Linux distributions currently supported by the respective providers.

Prior versions of Linux distributions may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### **INSTALL THE NODE AGENT**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Agents > Node Agent Downloads.
- 3. On the **Node Agent Downloads** page, click on the **Filename** for your **Platform**. See Select an Agent Installer for more information.

Note: Save the Node Agent installer on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed.

- 4. (Optional) Verify the checksum of the downloaded Node Agent package file.
- 5. Open a terminal on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed and run the following commands:
  - For Debian or similar Linux distributions



# Install Linux 3 Agent, where 'er2-2.x.x-linux3-rh-x64\_database-runtime.r pm' is the location of the rpm package on your computer. rpm -ivh er2-2.x.x-linux3-rh-x64\_database-runtime.rpm

 For Linux 4 database runtime Node Agent on an RPM-based or similar Linux distributions

rpm -e er2
# Install the epel-release package
dnf install https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest8.noarch.rpm
# Install the required packages
dnf install libxml2 libgsasl openssl libcurl libuuid protobuf krb5-libs libaio lib
nsl
# Install the Linux 4 Agent, where 'er2-2.x.x-linux4-rh-x64\_database-runti
me.rpm' is the location of the rpm package on your computer.
rpm -ivh er2-2.x.x-linux4-rh-x64\_database-runtime.rpm

For more information, see Select an Agent Installer.

#### Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File

# Remove existing ER2 packages

You can determine the integrity of the downloaded Node Agent package file by verifying the checksum before installing the Node Agent.

- 1. Download the Node Agent package file.
- 2. Run the commands in a terminal to generate the hash value for the Node Agent package file.
  - MD5 hash (128-bit)

```
# Syntax: md5sum <path to Node Agent package file>
md5sum er2-2.x.xx-xxxxxx-x64.rpm
```

Example MD5 hash: f65a2cd26570ddb7efb6a2a4318388ac • SHA1 hash (160-bit)

# Syntax: sha1sum <path to Node Agent package file> sha1sum er2-2.x.xx-xxxxxxx-x64.rpm

Example SHA1 hash: 33bcd6678580ae38a03183e94b4038e72b8f18f4 • SHA256 hash (256-bit)

# Syntax: sha256sum <path to Node Agent package file> sha256sum er2-2.x.xx-xxxxxx-x64.rpm

Example SHA256 hash:

1ee094a222f7d9bae9015ab2c4ea37df71000556b3acd2632ee27013844c49da

- In the ER2 Web Console, go to the Settings > Agents > Node Agent Downloads page. The Hash column lists the expected hash values for each Node Agent package file.
- 4. Compare the generated hash values from Step 2 with the expected hash values listed in the Web Console; both hash values should be equal.

**Tip:** If the hash values do not match, check that your network connection is stable, download the Node Agent package again from the Web Console, and verify the checksums again. If the issue still persists, contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

### **SELECT AN AGENT INSTALLER**

Select an Agent installer based on the Linux distribution of the host you are installing the Agent on. The following installation packages are available in the **Settings** > **Agents** > **Node Agent Downloads** page:

Host Operating System	Linux Kernel Version	Debian-based Linux Distributions	RPM-based Linux Distributions
32-bit	2.6.x	er2-2.x.xx-linux26-x32.deb	-
64-bit	2.6.x	er2-2.x.xx-linux26-x64.deb	-
64-bit	3.x	er2-2.x.xx-linux3-x64.deb	er2-2.x.xx-linux3-rh-x64.rpm
64-bit	4.x	-	er2-2.x.xx-linux4-rh-x64.rpm

• Examples of Debian-based distributions are Debian, Ubuntu, and their derivatives.

• Examples of RPM-based distributions are CentOS, Fedora, openSUSE, RHEL, Red Hat and its derivatives.

Note: Linux 3 / Linux 4 64-bit "database runtime" Agents contain additional packages for use with Hadoop Clusters and Oracle Databases only, and is otherwise the same as the Linux 3 / Linux 4 64-bit Agent.

Tip: Checking the Kernel Version
 Run uname -r in the terminal of the Agent host to display the operating system kernel version.
 For example, running uname -r on a Oracle Linux 8 (64-bit) host displays 4.18.0-55 3.5.1.el8.x86\_64. This tells us that it is running a 64-bit Linux 4 kernel.

### **INSTALL GPG KEY FOR RPM PACKAGE VERIFICATION**

Node Agent RPM packages are signed with a Ground Labs GPG key.

For instructions on how to import GPG keys, see GPG Keys (RPM Packages).

### **CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT**

After you have installed the Node Agent, configure the Node Agent to:

- 1. Point to the Master Server.
- 2. (Optional) Use the Master Public Key (see Server Information) when connecting to the Master Server.
- 3. (Optional) Specify Target initial group.
- 4. Test the connection settings.

To configure the Node Agent, choose either mode:

- Interactive Mode
- Manual Mode

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### **Interactive Mode**

Running this command helps you to quickly configure the Node Agent:

er2-config -interactive

The interactive mode asks you for the following information to help you configure the Node Agent.

**Info:** Pressing **ENTER** while configuring the Node Agent with the interactive mode configures the Node Agent to use the last saved value for that parameter. If there is no last saved value, an empty or default value is used. This may cause the Node Agent to fail to locate the Master Server.

Interactive Mode Command Prompts

Interactive Mode Command Prompts	Description
Master server host name or IP Address [10.1.100.0]	Specify a Master Server's host name or IP address. For example, 10.1.100.100.
(Optional) Master server public key	Enter the Master Public Key.
	<b>Note:</b> Get the Master Server public key from the Server Information page.
(Optional) Target initial group	Specify Target initial group.
Test connection settings (Y/N)	Test the Node Agent\'s connection settings to the Master Server, enter <b>Y</b> .

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### Manual Mode

To configure the Node Agent without interactive mode, run:

## Required for connecting to the Master Server # -i <hostname|ip\_address>: Master Server IP address or host name. ## Optional parameters # -t: Tests if the Node Agent can connect to the given host name or IP address. # -k <master\_public\_key>: Sets the Master Public Key. # -g <target\_group>: Sets the default Target Group for scan locations added for this Agent.

```
er2-config -i <hostname|ip_address> [-t] [-k <master_public_key>] [-g <target_group>]
```

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

### **USE CUSTOM CONFIGURATION FILE**

To run the Node Agent using a custom configuration file:

1. Generate a custom configuration file:

```
# Where 'custom.cfg' is the location of the custom configuration file.
# Run the interactive configuration tool.
er2-config -c custom.cfg -interactive
# (Optional) Manual configuration.
er2-config -i <hostname|ip_address> [-t] [-k <master_server_key>] [-g <target_g
roup>] -c custom.cfg
## Required
# -i : MASTER SERVER ip or host name.
## Optional parameters
# -t : Tests if NODE AGENT can connect to the given host name or ip address.
# -k <master server key> : Sets the Master Public Key.
# -g <target group> : Sets the default TARGET GROUP for scan locations adde
d for this AGENT.
```

2. Change the file owner and permissions for the custom configuration file:

```
chown erecon:erecon custom.cfg
chmod 644 custom.cfg
```

- 3. Restart the Node Agent.
- 4. Start the Node Agent with the custom configuration flag -c :

er2-agent -c custom.cfg -start

To check which configuration file the Node Agent is using:

#### ps aux | grep er2

# Displays output similar to the following, where 'custom.cfg' is the configuration file u
sed by the 'er2-agent' process:
# erecon 2537 0.0 2.3 32300 5648 ? Ss 14:34 0:00 er2-agent -c custom.cfg -start

#### **INSTALL RPM IN CUSTOM LOCATION**

To install the Node Agent RPM package in a custom location:

- 1. Download the Node Agent from the Master Server. The Master Server must be version 2.0.21 and above.
- 2. Install the package in a custom location.

# Syntax: rpm --prefix=<custom\_location> -ivh <node\_agent\_rpm\_package>
# Install the Node Agent package into the '/opt/er2' directory.

rpm --prefix=/opt/er2 -ivh er2-2.x.xx-xxxxxxx-x64.rpm

3. Configure the package:

# Configure the Node Agent package. # Run 'er2-config' binary from the custom install location, i.e. '<custom\_location> /usr/sbin/er2-config' # Specify the location of the configuration file. The location of the configuration fi le is '<custom\_location>/var/lib/er2/agent.cfg'

/opt/er2/usr/sbin/er2-config -c /opt/er2/var/lib/er2/agent.cfg -interactive

4. Restart the Node Agent.

### **RESTART THE NODE AGENT**

For your configuration settings to take effect, you must restart the Node Agent:

## Run either of these options
# Option 1
/etc/init.d/er2-agent restart

# Option 2
er2-agent -stop # stops the agent
er2-agent -start # starts the agent

## UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT

To uninstall the Node Agent, run:

# Debian-based Linux distributions
dpkg --remove er2

# RPM-based Linux distributions rpm -e er2

# **UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT**

See Agent Upgrade for more information.

# **MACOS AGENT**

This section covers the following topics:

- Supported Platforms
- Requirements
  - Configure Gatekeeper
- Install the Node Agent
  - Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File
- Configure the Node Agent
- Restart the Node Agent
- Enable Full Disk Access
- Uninstall the Node Agent
- Upgrade the Node Agent

### SUPPORTED PLATFORMS

The following platforms are supported by the macOS Agent:

- macOS Monterey 12.0
- macOS Ventura 13.0
- macOS Sonoma 14.0

To scan a macOS Target that is not supported by the macOS Agent, perform an Agentless Scan or Remote Access via SSH scan on the Target instead.

Note: Scanning process memory is not supported on macOS and OS X platforms.

### REQUIREMENTS

To install the macOS Node Agent:

1. Make sure your user account has administrator rights.

Note: macOS in Enterprise environments may handle administrator rights differently. Check with your system administrator on how administrator rights are handled in your environment.

- 2. Configure Gatekeeper.
- 3. Install the Node Agent.
- 4. Configure the Node Agent.
- 5. Enable Full Disk Access.

#### **Configure Gatekeeper**

**1** Info: Instructions to configure Gatekeeper may vary in different versions of macOS. For more information, see OS X: About Gatekeeper.

Gatekeeper must be set to allow applications from identified developers for the Agent installer to run.

Under **System Settings** > **Privacy & Security** > **Security**, check that "Allow apps downloaded from:" is set to either:

- Mac App Store and identified developers
- Anywhere

To configure Gatekeeper to allow the Agent installer to run:

- 1. On the macOS Agent host, open System Settings.
- 2. Click Privacy & Security, and scroll down to Security.
- 3. Click on the lock at the bottom left corner, and enter your login credentials.
- 4. Under "Allow apps downloaded from:", select **Mac App Store and identified developers**. macOS may prompt you to confirm your selection.
- 5. Click on the lock to lock your preferences.

### **INSTALL THE NODE AGENT**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Agents > Node Agent Downloads.
- 3. On the Node Agent Downloads page, click on the Filename for your Platform.

Note: Save the Node Agent installer on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed.

- 4. (Optional) Verify the checksum of the downloaded Node Agent package file.
- 5. Once the macOS Node Agent package has been downloaded:
  - a. Double-click on the Node Agent package to start the installation wizard.
  - b. At Introduction, click Continue.
  - c. At Installation Type, click Install.
  - d. Enter your login credentials, and click Install Software.
- 6. Restart the Node Agent. A restart is only required when upgrading the Node Agent.

#### Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File

You can determine the integrity of the downloaded Node Agent package file by verifying the checksum before installing the Node Agent.

- 1. Download the Node Agent package file.
- 2. Run the commands in a terminal to generate the hash value for the Node Agent package file.
  - MD5 hash (128-bit)

# Syntax: md5 <path to Node Agent package file> md5 er2-2.x.x-osx-x64.pkg • SHA1 hash (160-bit)

# Syntax: shasum -a 1 <path to Node Agent package file> shasum -a 1 er2-2.x.x-osx-x64.pkg

Example SHA1 hash: 33bcd6678580ae38a03183e94b4038e72b8f18f4 • SHA256 hash (256-bit)

# Syntax: shasum -a 256 <path to Node Agent package file> shasum -a 256 er2-2.x.x-osx-x64.pkg

Example SHA256 hash:

1ee094a222f7d9bae9015ab2c4ea37df71000556b3acd2632ee27013844c49da

- In the ER2 Web Console, go to the Settings > Agents > Node Agent Downloads page. The Hash column lists the expected hash values for each Node Agent package file.
- 4. Compare the generated hash values from Step 2 with the expected hash values listed in the Web Console; both hash values should be equal.

**Tip:** If the hash values do not match, check that your network connection is stable, download the Node Agent package again from the Web Console, and verify the checksums again. If the issue still persists, contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

### **CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT**

Note: Run all commands as root.

After you have installed the Node Agent, configure the Node Agent to:

- 1. Point to the Master Server.
- 2. (Optional) Use the Master Public Key (see Server Information) when connecting to the Master Server.
- 3. (Optional) Specify Target initial group.
- 4. Test the connection settings.

To configure the Node Agent, choose either mode:

- Interactive Mode
- Manual Mode

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### **Interactive Mode**

Running this command helps you to quickly configure the Node Agent:

/usr/local/er2/er2-config -interactive

The interactive mode asks you for the following information to help you configure the Node Agent.

**1** Info: Pressing ENTER while configuring the Node Agent with the interactive mode

configures the Node Agent to use the last saved value for that parameter. If there is no last saved value, an empty or default value is used. This may cause the Node Agent to fail to locate the Master Server.

Interactive Mode Command Prompts	Description
Master server host name or IP Address [10.1.100.0]	Specify a Master Server's host name or IP address.
(Optional) Master server public key	Enter the Master Public Key.
	<b>Note:</b> Get the Master Server public key from the Server Information page.
(Optional) Target initial group	Specify Target initial group.
Test connection settings (Y/N)	Test the Node Agent\'s connection settings to the Master Server, enter <b>Y</b> .

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### Manual Mode

To configure the Node Agent without interactive mode, run:

## Required for connecting to the Master Server # -i <hostname|ip\_address>: Master Server IP address or host name. ## Optional parameters # -t: Tests if the Node Agent can connect to the given host name or IP address. # -k <master\_public\_key>: Sets the Master Public Key. # -g <target\_group>: Sets the default Target Group for scan locations added for this Agent.

/usr/local/er2/er2-config -i <hostname|ip\_address> [-t] [-k <master\_public\_key>] [-g <t arget\_group>]

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

## **RESTART THE NODE AGENT**

For your configuration settings to take effect, you must restart the Node Agent:

/usr/local/er2/er2-agent -stop # stops the agent /usr/local/er2/er2-agent -start # starts the agent

### **ENABLE FULL DISK ACCESS**

**Info:** Instructions to enable the "Full Disk Access" feature may vary in different versions of macOS. For more information, see Change Privacy & Security settings on Mac.

Full Disk Access must be enabled to allow ER2 to:

- Probe and scan locations within the top-level Users folder in macOS Catalina 10.15 and above, and/or
- Perform agentless scans in macOS Ventura 13 and above.

To enable Full Disk Access for the installed macOS Agent:

- 1. On the macOS Agent host, open System Settings.
- 2. Click Privacy & Security > Full Disk Access.
- 3. Enable the required full disk access:
  - a. To probe and scan locations within the top-level Users ( /Users ) folder in macOS Catalina 10.15 Agents and above, select the toggle button for er2-agent to enable full disk access for the ER2 Agent.

Note: If locations within the /Users folder are scanned without enabling the required full disk access, these locations will be logged as inaccessible locations.

b. To perform agentless scans for macOS Ventura 13 Agents and above, also select the toggle button for **sshd-keygen-wrapper** to enable full disk access for the SSH Secure Shell Key Generator.

## UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT

To completely uninstall the Node Agent, run the following commands:

# Stop the agent sudo /usr/local/er2/er2-agent -stop

# Stop the ER2 service sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.groundlabs.plist

#### # Remove all ER2 agent files

sudo rm -fr /var/run/er2 sudo rm -fr /var/lib/er2 sudo rm /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.groundlabs.plist sudo pkgutil --forget com.groundlabs.er2-agent

#### # Delete ER2 agent user

sudo dscl . -delete /Users/erecon sudo dscl . -delete /Groups/erecon

# **UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT**

See Agent Upgrade for more information.

# SOLARIS AGENT

This section covers the following topics:

- Install the Node Agent
  - Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File
- Configure the Node Agent
- Install RPM in Custom Location
- Restart the Node Agent
- Uninstall the Node Agent
- Upgrade the Node Agent

### **INSTALL THE NODE AGENT**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Agents > Node Agent Downloads.
- 3. On the Node Agent Downloads page, click on the Filename for your Platform.

Note: Save the Node Agent installer on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed.

4. (Optional) Verify the checksum of the downloaded Node Agent package file.

Open a terminal on the machine where the Node Agent will be installed and run the following commands:

1. If there is a previous version of the Node Agent installed, remove it first:

# Retrieves the name of the installed Node Agent. pkg info|grep er2

# Deletes the installed agent, <package name>
pkgrm er2

2. Install the Node Agent:

# Where './er2-2.x.xx-solaris10-sparc.pkg' is the full path of the installation pack age

# Syntax: pkgadd -d <path\_to\_package.pkg> <pkgid>
pkgadd -d ./er2-2.x.xx-solaris10-sparc.pkg er2

Note: From ER 2.0.21, you can install the Node Agent RPM package in a custom location. See Install RPM in Custom Location below.

#### Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File

You can determine the integrity of the downloaded Node Agent package file by verifying the checksum before installing the Node Agent.

- 1. Download the Node Agent package file.
- 2. Run the commands in a terminal to generate the hash value for the Node Agent package file.
  - MD5 hash (128-bit)

```
# Syntax: digest -a md5 -v <path to Node Agent package file>
digest -a md5 -v ./er2-2.x.xx-solaris10-sparc.pkg
```

Example MD5 hash: f65a2cd26570ddb7efb6a2a4318388ac • SHA1 hash (160-bit)

```
# Syntax: digest -a sha1 -v <path to Node Agent package file>
digest -a sha1 -v ./er2-2.x.xx-solaris10-sparc.pkg
```

Example SHA1 hash: 33bcd6678580ae38a03183e94b4038e72b8f18f4 • SHA256 hash (256-bit)

# Syntax: digest -a sha256 -v <path to Node Agent package file> digest -a sha256 -v ./er2-2.x.xx-solaris10-sparc.pkg

Example SHA256 hash:

1ee094a222f7d9bae9015ab2c4ea37df71000556b3acd2632ee27013844c49da

- In the ER2 Web Console, go to the Settings > Agents > Node Agent Downloads page. The Hash column lists the expected hash values for each Node Agent package file.
- 4. Compare the generated hash values from Step 2 with the expected hash values listed in the Web Console; both hash values should be equal.

• **Tip:** If the hash values do not match, check that your network connection is stable, download the Node Agent package again from the Web Console, and verify the checksums again. If the issue still persists, contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

# **CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT**

After you have installed the Node Agent, configure the Node Agent to:

- 1. Point to the Master Server.
- 2. (Optional) Use the Master Public Key (see Server Information) when connecting to the Master Server.
- 3. (Optional) Specify Target initial group.
- 4. Test the connection settings.

To configure the Node Agent, choose either mode:

- Interactive Mode
- Manual Mode

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### **Interactive Mode**

Running this command helps you to quickly configure the Node Agent:

er2-config -interactive

The interactive mode asks you for the following information to help you configure the Node Agent.

**Info:** Pressing **ENTER** while configuring the Node Agent with the interactive mode configures the Node Agent to use the last saved value for that parameter. If there is no last saved value, an empty or default value is used. This may cause the Node Agent to fail to locate the Master Server.

Interactive Mode Command Prompts	Description
Master server host name or IP Address [10.1.100.0]	Specify a Master Server's host name or IP address. For example, 10.1.100.100.
(Optional) Master server public key	Enter the Master Public Key.
	<b>Note:</b> Get the Master Server public key from the Server Information page.
(Optional) Target initial group	Specify Target initial group.
Test connection settings (Y/N)	Test the Node Agent\'s connection settings to the Master Server, enter <b>Y</b> .

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

#### Manual Mode

To configure the Node Agent without interactive mode, run:

## Required for connecting to the Master Server # -i <hostname|ip\_address>: Master Server IP address or host name. ## Optional parameters # -t: Tests if the Node Agent can connect to the given host name or IP address. # -k <master\_public\_key>: Sets the Master Public Key. # -g <target\_group>: Sets the default Target Group for scan locations added for this Agent.

er2-config -i <hostname|ip\_address> [-t] [-k <master\_public\_key>] [-g <target\_group>]

For the changes to take effect, you must Restart the Node Agent.

### **INSTALL RPM IN CUSTOM LOCATION**

To install the Node Agent RPM package in a custom location:

- 1. Download the Node Agent from the Master Server. The Master Server must be version 2.0.21 and above.
- 2. Install the package in a custom location.

# Syntax: pkgadd -a none -d <node\_agent\_package> <pkg\_id>
# Install the Node Agent package into the '/custompath/er2' directory.

pkgadd -a none -d ./er2-2.x.xx-solaris10-sparc.pkg er2

# Specify the installation directory when prompted.

3. Configure the package:

# Configure the Node Agent package. # Run 'er2-config' binary from the custom install location, i.e. '<custom\_location>/usr/sbin/er2-config' # Specify the location of the configuration file. The location of the configuration fi le is '<custom\_location>/var/lib/er2/agent.cfg'

/custompath/er2/usr/sbin/er2-config -c /custompath/er2/var/lib/er2/agent.cfg -int eractive

4. Restart the Node Agent.

### **RESTART THE NODE AGENT**

For your configuration settings to take effect, you must restart the Node Agent:

For Node Agent packages installed in the default location:

## Run either of these options
# Option 1
/etc/init.d/er2-agent restart
# Option 2
er2-agent -stop # stops the agent

er2-agent -stop # stops the agent er2-agent -start # starts the agent

For Node Agent packages installed in a custom location:

# Syntax: <custom\_location>/etc/init.d/er2-agent -<start|stop>
# Where '/custompath/er2' is the custom installation location for the Node Agent pack
age.

/custompath/er2/etc/init.d/er2-agent stop **#** stops the agent /custompath/er2/etc/init.d/er2-agent start **#** starts the agent

### UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT

To uninstall the Node Agent, run the following commands:

# Retrieve the name of the installed Node Agent pkg info | grep er2

# Delete the installed agent, <package name>
pkgrm er2

### **UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT**

See Agent Upgrade for more information.

# WINDOWS AGENT

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Supported Operating Systems
- Install the Node Agent
  - Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File
- Configure the Node Agent
- Restart the Node Agent
- Uninstall the Node Agent
- Upgrade the Node Agent

#### **OVERVIEW**

There are two versions of the Windows Node Agent:

Node Agent	Description
Microsoft Windows (32- /64-bit) Node Agent	For normal operation. Scans Targets that are not databases.
Microsoft Windows (32- /64-bit) Node Agent with database runtime components	Includes database runtime components that allow scanning of Microsoft SQL Server, DB2, and Oracle databases without installing additional drivers or configuring DSNs.

Install the Windows Node Agent with database runtime components if you intend to run scans on Microsoft SQL Server, IBM DB2, or Oracle databases.

Note: You must download the Node Agent that matches the computing architecture of the database that you want to scan. For example, to scan a 64-bit Oracle Database, you must download and run the 64-bit Windows Node Agent with database runtime components.

**Info:** To scan databases without using a Node Agent with database runtime components, you must install the correct ODBC drivers and set up a DSN on the host where your scanning Node Agent resides.

## SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEMS

Environment (Target Category)	Operating System
Microsoft Windows Desktop	<ul><li>Windows 10 32-bit/64-bit</li><li>Windows 11 64-bit</li></ul>
	Looking for a different version of Microsoft Windows?
Microsoft Windows Server	<ul> <li>Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2016 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2019 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2022 64-bit</li> </ul>

#### **Microsoft Windows Operating Systems**

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Windows versions supported by Microsoft.

Prior versions of Windows may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### **INSTALL THE NODE AGENT**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Agents > Node Agent Downloads.
- 3. On the **Node Agent Downloads** page, download the appropriate Windows Node Agent installer.
- 4. (Optional) Verify the checksum of the downloaded Node Agent package file.
- 5. If there is a previous version of the Node Agent installed, remove it first.
- 6. Run the downloaded installer and click Next >.
- 7. To install the Node Agent, select Install.



8. While the Node Agent is being installed, the installer prompts you to configure your Node Agent to connect to the Master Server.

😻 Enterprise Recon Configuration Tool	×
Node Configuration	
Master server IP address or host name	
erecon-server	
Master server public key (optional)	
Target Group (optional)	
Test Connection	
Finish Cancel	

**Note:** Get the Master Server public key from the Server Information page.

- 9. Fill in the fields and click **Test Connection**.
- 10. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

#### Verify Checksum for Node Agent Package File

You can determine the integrity of the downloaded Node Agent package file by verifying the checksum before installing the Node Agent.

- 1. Download the Node Agent package file.
- 2. Run the commands in a terminal to generate the hash value for the Node Agent package file.
  - MD5 hash (128-bit)

# Syntax: certutil -hashfile <path to Node Agent package file> MD5 certutil -hashfile er2\_2.x.x-windows-x64.msi MD5

Example MD5 hash: f65a2cd26570ddb7efb6a2a4318388acSHA1 hash (160-bit)

# Syntax: certutil -hashfile <path to Node Agent package file> SHA1 certutil -hashfile er2\_2.x.x-windows-x64.msi SHA1

Example SHA1 hash: 33bcd6678580ae38a03183e94b4038e72b8f18f4 • SHA256 hash (256-bit)

# Syntax: certutil -hashfile <path to Node Agent package file> SHA256 certutil -hashfile er2\_2.x.x-windows-x64.msi SHA256

Example SHA256 hash:

1ee094a222f7d9bae9015ab2c4ea37df71000556b3acd2632ee27013844c49da

- In the ER2 Web Console, go to the Settings > Agents > Node Agent Downloads page. The Hash column lists the expected hash values for each Node Agent package file.
- 4. Compare the generated hash values from Step 2 with the expected hash values listed in the Web Console; both hash values should be equal.

• **Tip:** If the hash values do not match, check that your network connection is stable, download the Node Agent package again from the Web Console, and verify the checksums again. If the issue still persists, contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

### **CONFIGURE THE NODE AGENT**

To configure the Node Agent (to point to a new Master Server, or update the Master Public Key):

1. On the Node Agent host, run the following file as an Administrator:

C:\Program Files (x86)\Ground Labs\Enterprise Recon 2\er\_config\_gui.exe

2. Configure the following fields and click **Test Connection**.

Setting	Description
Master server IP Address or host name	Specify a Master Server's host name or IP address. For example, 10.1.100.100.

Setting	Description
Master server public key (optional)	Enter the Master Public Key.
	<b>Note:</b> Get the Master Server public key from the Server Information page.
Target Group (optional)	Specify Target initial group.

3. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

# **RESTART THE NODE AGENT**

To restart the Node Agent, run the commands in Command Prompt as Administrator:

net stop "Enterprise Recon 2 Agent" # stops the Agent net start "Enterprise Recon 2 Agent" # starts the Agent

### UNINSTALL THE NODE AGENT

#### Windows 64-bit Node Agent

To uninstall the Node Agent:

- 1. In the **Control Panel**, go to **Programs > Programs and Features**.
- 2. Search for Enterprise Recon 2 Agent (x64) in the list of installed programs.
- 3. Right click on Enterprise Recon 2 Agent (x64), select Uninstall, and follow the wizard.

To uninstall the Node Agent from the command line, open the Command Prompt as Administrator and run:

wmic product where name="Enterprise Recon 2 Agent" uninstall

#### Windows 32-bit Node Agent

To uninstall the Node Agent:

- 1. In the **Control Panel**, go to **Programs > Programs and Features**.
- 2. Search for Enterprise Recon 2 Agent (x32) in the list of installed programs.
- 3. Right click on Enterprise Recon 2 Agent (x32), select Uninstall, and follow the wizard.

To uninstall the Node Agent from the command line, open the Command Prompt as Administrator and run:

wmic product where name="Enterprise Recon 2 Agent" uninstall

### **UPGRADE THE NODE AGENT**
See Agent Upgrade for more information.

# AGENT GROUP

To run a distributed scan in **ER2**, an Agent Group must be assigned to a Target or Target location.

To assign an Agent Group to an existing Target or Target location, see Edit Target.

## **CREATE AN AGENT GROUP**

To create an Agent Group with two or more Proxy Agents:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Settings 🌣** > **Agents** > **Agent Admin** page.
- 3. Click on **Create Agent Group** on the top right corner.
- 4. Enter a descriptive name for the Agent Group. The character limit for the name is 256.
- 5. Click on the **Add new agent** menu and select Proxy Agents to add to the current Agent Group.
- 6. When prompted, click **Yes** to confirm the addition of the selected Agent to the Agent Group.

# MANAGE AN AGENT GROUP

To view, add or delete Agents from an Agent Group:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Settings > Agents > Agent Admin** page.
- 3. Click on the Agent Group name in the first column. Agent Groups are indicated by the 🚑 symbol.
- 4. The Agent Group Details page shows the Proxy Agents assigned to the group, and details of the scan jobs assigned to each Proxy Agent.

AGENT GROUP "AG	ENT_GROUP_1" DETAILS		
Group: Agent Members:	AGENT_GROUP_1 Win-Agent-1 Win-Agent-2 Ubuntu-Agent-1 Add new agent  Clear	<ul> <li></li></ul>	
Scheduled start	Repeats 🚓 Target 🔶 Locati	on 🔶 Status 🔶 Agent	\$
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MSSQL Microso	oft SQL Catalog GL_DB Schema dbo Table SSSCh Queued Win-Agent-1	
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MSSQL Microso	oft SQL Catalog GL_DB Schema dbo Table asl./ 1B Queued Win-Agent-1	
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MSSQL Microso	oft SQL Catalog GL_DB Schema dbo Table SSSState Running Win-Agent-1	
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MSSQL Microso	oft SQL Catalog GL_DB Schema Marketing Table / Queued Win-Agent-2	
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MSSQL Microso	oft SQL Catalog GL_DB Schema dbo Table SSSCo Running Win-Agent-2	
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MSSQL Microso	oft SQL Catalog GL_DB Schema dbo Table SSSMa Queued Win-Agent-2	
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MSSQL Microso	oft SQL Catalog GL_DB Schema dbo Table SSSAudit Running Ubuntu-Agent-1	
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MSSQL Microso	oft SQL Catalog GL_DB Schema dbo Table Versions Queued Ubuntu-Agent-1	
03 Jun 2019 11:56AM	MODOL MILLION	A DOL Ostales OL DB Ostares des Table 0000h Outstad	

Column	Description
Scheduled Start	Time that the sub-scan is scheduled to start.
Repeats	Indicates the frequency for repeated scans.
Target	Target to be scanned.
Location	Target location or path for each sub-scan.

- 5. (Optional) Click on the Agent name to view information and system statistics about the Agent host.
- 6. (Optional) To delete an Agent from the Agent Group, click **Remove**.
- 7. (Optional) To add more Agents to the Agent Group, click Add new agent.

# AGENT ADMIN

This article covers the following topics:

- View Agents
- Verify Agents
- Delete Agents
- Block Agents
- Upgrade Node Agents

## **VIEW AGENTS**

Log in to the **ER2** Web Console. Go to the **Settings** > **Agents** > **Agent Admin** page to see a list of Node Agents on your network.

AGENT ADMIN								
Filter by		Agent Name	\$ Version	\$ Connection S 🗘	Proxy 🗘	Status	\$ Verify All	
Search by Agent Name	Q	NINDOWS1	2.0.30			Ready	Ø Block	^
	v	👃 UBUNTU1	2.0.30			Ready	Ø Block	
Select a Status		NINDOWS2	2.0.21			Ready	Ø Block	
Select a Status		4 UBUNTU2	2.0.31			Ready	Ø Block	
Show all	۲	👃 UBUNTU3	2.0.31			Ready	Ø Block	
		👃 DEBIAN1	2.0.30			Unverified	Verify	
O Reset Filters		MINDOWS3	2.0.31			Ready	Ø Block	

Sort the list of Node Agents by column headers, or use the **Filter by** panel to filter Node Agents by Agent Name, Version, Connection Status or Status.

Column	Description
Agent Name	Host name of the Node Agent or Proxy Agent host.
Version	Version of the Agent installed. Select the blank option to display only Agent Groups.
Connection Status	If the Agent is connected to the Master Server, the Agent's IP address is displayed.
Proxy	When selected, allows the Agent to act as a Proxy Agent in scans where a Target has no locally installed Node Agent.
	For information on the difference between Node and Proxy Agents, see About Enterprise Recon 2.11.0.
Status	<ul> <li>Verified: Verified and can scan Targets.</li> <li>Unverified: Established a connection with the Master Server but has not been verified.</li> <li>Blocked: Blocked from communicating with the Master Server.</li> </ul>

Column	Description
✓ Verify All	<ul> <li>In this column, you can apply the following actions to an agent:</li> <li>Delete Agents (only for agents that are Not Connected).</li> <li>Verify Agents.</li> <li>Block Agents (for verified agents that are Connected).</li> </ul>

### **VERIFY AGENTS**

Verifying a Node or Proxy Agent establishes it as a trusted Agent. Only verified Agents may scan Targets and send reports to the Master Server.

After an Agent is verified, **ER2** encrypts all further communication between the Agent and the Master Server.

### How To Verify an Agent

- 1. On the **Agent Admin** page, click **Verify** on the Agent. To verify all Agents, click **Verify All**.
- 2. In the Verify Agent window, select:
  - a. Allow agentless scans to be proxied through this agent: Allows this Agent to act as a Proxy Agent.
  - b. Create a target defaulting to group <Target Group Name>: Assigns the Agent host as a Target which defaults to the selected Target Group Name from the list.

Verifying agent on host	
DEBIAN1	
<ul> <li>Allow agentless scans to be proxied</li> </ul>	through this agent

Note: Creating a Target does not consume a license. A license is consumed only when a scan is attempted.

3. Click **Yes** to verify the Agent.

# **DELETE AGENTS**

You can delete an Agent if it is no longer in use.

Deleting an Agent does not remove the Target host of the same name.

Example: Node Agent "Host 1" is installed on Target host "Host 1".

- 1. Disconnect Node Agent "Host 1".
- 2. Delete Node Agent "Host 1".
- 3. Target host "Host 1" remains available in the Targets page.

To delete an Agent:

- 1. Disconnect the agent from the Master Server by doing one of the following:
  - Stop the **er2-agent service** on the Agent host.
  - Uninstall the Node Agent from the host.
  - Manually disconnect the Agent host from the network.

**Info:** See respective Node Agent pages in Install Node Agents on how to stop or uninstall Node Agents.

2. On the Agent Admin page, go to the last column in the Agent list and click Delete.

# **BLOCK AGENTS**

You can block an Agent from connecting to the Master Server.

When an Agent is blocked, its IP address is added to the Access Control List which blocks only the Agent from communicating with the Master Server.

# **UPGRADE NODE AGENTS**

See Agent Upgrade for more information.

# AGENT UPGRADE

To upgrade, re-install the Agent. See Install Node Agents for instructions for your Agent platform.

Agents do not require an upgrade unless a feature available in an updated version of the Agent is needed. Older versions of the Agent are compatible with newer versions of the Master Server.

**Example:** Version 2.4 of the Linux Node Agent works with Master Servers running version 2.4 and above.

Upgrade your Agent to the corresponding Agent version to use the following features:

Feature	Agent Platform	Agent Version
<b>Feature</b> : NEW You can now scan Oracle Linux 8 and FreeBSD 14 Targets. Requires Linux and FreeBSD Agents.	Linux, FreeBSD	2.11.0
<b>Feature</b> : NEW You can now scan macOS Ventura 13.0 and macOS Sonoma 14.0 Targets. Requires macOS Agents.	macOS	2.10.0
<b>Improvement</b> : You can now perform remedial actions that act directly on match locations (Mask all sensitive data, Delete permanently, and Quarantine) in OneDrive Business and SharePoint Online.	All	2.10.0
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan notebooks and file attachments in Microsoft OneNote.	All	2.8.0
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan the conversation history for chats and channels in Microsoft Teams.	All	2.8.0
<b>Fix</b> : The operating system value for Windows 11 and Windows Server 2022 Targets added in earlier versions of Enterprise Recon would be incorrectly labeled as "Windows 10 64bit" and "Windows Server 2019". Requires Windows Agents.	Windows	2.7.0
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan servers that are running Windows Server 2022 (x64). Requires Windows Agents.	Windows	2.6.1
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan workstations and servers that are running FreeBSD 12 (x64) or FreeBSD 13 (x64). Requires FreeBSD Agents.	FreeBSD	2.6.1
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan Google Cloud Storage buckets and objects. Requires Windows, Linux or macOS Agents, with or without database runtime components.	Windows, Linux, macOS	2.6.0
<b>Fix</b> : Invalid paths for MongoDB Targets could be added and probed via the Enterprise Recon web UI and API.	Windows, Linux	2.6.0
<b>Feature</b> : PRO Data Classification with MIP is now supported for match locations on Windows Share Targets. See Data Classification with MIP - Requirements for more information.	Windows	2.5.0

Feature	Agent Platform	Agent Version
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan Windows 11 Targets. Requires Windows Agents.	Windows	2.5.0
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan macOS Big Sur 11.5 and macOS Monterey 12.0 Targets. Requires macOS Agents.	macOS	2.5.0
<b>Fix</b> : The Agent service would generate a failure and the scan schedule would be stuck at the "Loading" state if Windows Agents were used to perform agentless scans on Linux or Unix-type Targets.	Windows	2.5.0
<b>Improvement</b> : You can now perform local scans for macOS Catalina 10.15 Targets. Requires macOS Agents.	macOS	2.5.0
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan <u>Salesforce</u> objects and files. Requires Windows or Linux Agents, with or without database runtime components.	Windows, Linux	2.5.0
<b>Improvement</b> : The secure location specified when performing a Quarantine remediation action will be automatically created if the path does not exist.	All	2.4
<b>Improvement</b> : <b>PRO</b> The Data Classification with MIP feature has been enhanced to display clearer messaging when applying classification labels with encryption that require file protection. This enhancement also requires the MIP Runtime Package to be updated.	Windows	2.4
<b>Improvement</b> : <b>ER2</b> has been enhanced to support bulk operations to improve the performance for Remediation, Classification and Access Control actions.	All	2.4
<b>Feature</b> : PRO Create Risk Profiles configured with custom Rules, Labels, and Risk Scores (or Risk Levels) to classify the sensitive data discovered across your organization. See Risk Scoring and Labeling for more information.	All	2.3
<b>Feature</b> : PRO Integrate with Microsoft Information Protection (MIP) to leverage the sensitive data discovery capabilities in <b>ER2</b> to better classify, label, and protect sensitive data across your organization. See Data Classification with MIP for more information.	Windows	2.3
<b>Feature</b> : PRO Easily view, analyze and manage access permissions for sensitive data locations with the Data Access Management feature.	Windows, Linux	2.2
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan SAP HANA databases. Requires Windows Agent with database runtime components.	Windows	2.2
<b>Improvement</b> : Added the capability to disable pagination when scanning Microsoft SQL database Targets.	Windows	2.2

Feature	Agent Platform	Agent Version
<b>Fix</b> : In certain scenarios, masking remediation could not be performed successfully for Passport data type matches that were detected on the passport MRZ line.	All	2.2
<b>Fix</b> : The custom port option specified in the "Path" field did not take effect when scanning MongoDB Targets.	Windows, Linux	2.2
<b>Fix</b> : Scanning PostgreSQL database Targets with table or column names that contained SQL keywords (e.g. "ORDER") would be reported as syntax errors.	Windows, Linux	2.2
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan InterSystems Caché databases. Requires Windows Agent with database runtime components.	Windows	2.1
Feature: Users can now scan Dropbox Business.	All	2.1
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan MongoDB databases. Requires Windows or Linux Agent with database runtime components.	Windows, Linux	2.1
<b>Feature</b> : Easily scan Microsoft 365 mailboxes by Group with the new and improved Exchange Online Target.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : Adding or probing a SharePoint Online Target that contained special characters such as the hash "#" or percentage "%" would result in a "400 Bad Request" error.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : The Target details page would only display one match location if sensitive data matches were found in multiple files with the same name within the same Google Drive location or folder.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : In certain scenarios, scanning XLSX files would result in slower scans and larger scanned bytes value than expected.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : Scanning SharePoint Online Targets with a large number of files would result in a "Pool memory limit reached" error.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : Sensitive data matches may not be properly detected when scanning certain rare PDF format variants, such as PDF files with multiple layers of compressed indices.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : The Target report did not contain complete primary key information for Oracle Databases that have a large amount of data, but only a low number of matches.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : The Target report would contain corrupted data for Targets with an immense number of match locations and/or very long file paths.	All	2.1
<b>Improvement</b> : The OneDrive Business module has been updated to use the User Principal Name instead of Display Name as the unique identifier for OneDrive Business user accounts.	All	2.1
<b>Improvement</b> : The updated OneDrive Business module now requires the domain instead of the full service account email when adding a OneDrive Business Target. See Set OneDrive Business as a Target Location for more information.	All	2.1

Feature	Agent Platform	Agent Version
<b>Fix</b> : Scanning or probing Box Enterprise Targets would result in "URL redirected" errors. The Box Enterprise module now has an updated Box API for handling invalid or expired refresh tokens during authentication operations with Box Enterprise.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : In certain scenarios, SharePoint Server and SharePoint Online Target locations that could be probed successfully would return a "404 Not Found" error and be logged as Inaccessible Locations with the first letter missing from the name of the site.	Windows, Linux, FreeBSD	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : Scanning certain cloud Targets (e.g. SharePoint Online, Exchange Online etc.) would sometimes result in "bad_weak_ptr" errors.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : The Target report would contain corrupted data for Targets with an immense number of match locations and/or very long file paths.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : Scanning a Box Enterprise Target would result in an "Authentication credentials required" or "401 Unauthorized" error. This fix improves support for handling invalid or expired refresh tokens during authentication operations with Box Enterprise.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : In certain scenarios, scanning a OneDrive location with would result in a "Caught platform exception 0xc0000005" error. This fix improves the handling of retrying failed query attempts with UI enhancements to properly reflect the scanning progress.	All	2.1
<b>Fix</b> : Scanning Rackspace Cloud locations within folders nested more than 3 levels that were selected from the probing Target workflow would result in a "404 Not Found" error.	All	2.1
<b>Improvement</b> : Distributed Scanning has been enhanced to dynamically reallocate scheduled sub-scans to idle or newly connected Proxy Agents to improve overall scan time.	All	2.1
<b>Improvement</b> : LDAP over SSL (LDAPS) authentication is now supported for Exchange Domain Targets.	Windows	2.1
<b>Improvement</b> : Kerberos Authentication is now supported for Hadoop Targets.	Linux 3	2.1
<b>Improvement</b> : The Web UI has been enhanced to trigger a warning when the overall system memory is below a certain threshold, which may cause a degradation in the Master Server system performance.	All	2.1
<b>Feature</b> : Distributed Scanning is now officially supported in this release of <b>ER2</b> . This revolutionary method steps away from the one-Target-one-Agent approach, allowing you to dispatch multiple Proxy Agents to scan a single Target or Target location.	All	2.0.31

Feature	Agent Platform	Agent Version
<b>Improvement</b> : You can now configure Amazon S3 Targets based on AWS user accounts. This updated approach greatly simplifies the scanning of Amazon S3, allowing you to automatically include all accessible Buckets within a given AWS user account or alternatively select specific S3 Buckets.	Windows, Linux, macOS	2.0.29
<b>Improvement</b> : The Windows Node Agent application update to indicate the architecture version of the installed Node Agent. The 64-bit and 32-bit Windows Node Agent will be displayed as "Enterprise Recon 2 Agent (x64)" and "Enterprise Recon 2 Agent (x32)" respectively.	Windows	2.0.29
<b>Fix</b> : Installing the AIX Node Agent RPM package in a custom location using the 'prefix' command would cause a "Path is not relocatable for package er2-2.0.xx-aix61-power.rpm" error.	AIX	2.0.29
<b>Fix</b> : Scanning Oracle database Targets containing an excessive number of matches could cause a scanning engine failure.	All	2.0.29
<b>Improvement</b> : Easily scan all site collections within a SharePoint on-premise deployment with the updated SharePoint module. Furthermore, the new credential management scheme enables you to conveniently scan all resources in a SharePoint Server even when multiple access credentials are required.	All	2.0.28
<b>Improvement</b> : Easily scan all site collections, sites, lists, folders and files for a given SharePoint Online web application.	All	2.0.28
<b>Fix</b> : Changing the Group that a Target belongs to while a scan is in progress would cause the scan to stop.	All	2.0.28
<b>Fix</b> : Repeated connection attempts by Node Agents from IP addresses that are denied via Access Control List rules would cause the datastore size to increase very quickly. With this fix, additional timeout is introduced before each reconnection attempt, resulting in lesser logs and subsequently a reduced datastore size.	All	2.0.28
<b>Fix</b> : Non-unique keys were generated in certain scenarios during Node Agent installation.	All	2.0.28
<b>Fix</b> : Scans appeared to be stalling when scanning cloud Targets with a huge number of files. This fix will improve the time required for initialising cloud Target scans.	All	2.0.28
<b>Fix</b> : Issue where Agent failure occurs if too many concurrent scans are assigned to it.	All	2.0.27
<b>Fix</b> : Issue where an incorrect scan time is displayed in email notifications.	All	2.0.27
<b>Improvement</b> : Clearer error message is displayed when Agent host has insufficient disk space for scan to start.	All	2.0.27

Feature	Agent Platform	Agent Version
<b>Fix</b> : Issue where when upgrading an RPM-based Linux Agent, the terminal would warn that that the symbolic link for "/etc/init.d/er2-agent" exists.	Linux	2.0.27
<b>Fix</b> : Issue where scanning a PostgreSQL database containing blobs would cause high memory usage by the Agent.	Windows, Linux	2.0.27
Feature: Users can now scan IBM Informix databases.	Windows	2.0.26
Feature: Users can now scan SharePoint Online.	All	2.0.26
<b>Fix</b> : Issue where pausing a scan and then restarting the Master Server would cause the Master Server to lose track of the scan.	All	2.0.26
Feature: Users can now scan Tibero databases.	All	2.0.24
Feature: Users can now scan SharePoint Server.	All	2.0.24
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now scan Hadoop Clusters. Requires Linux 3 Agent with database runtime components.	Linux	2.0.24
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now set the time zone when scheduling a new scan.	All	2.0.23
<b>Improvement</b> : Global Filters now apply to all existing and future scheduled scans.	All	2.0.22
<b>Improvement</b> : Changing the Proxy Agent assigned to a Cloud Target will no longer require user to update credentials with a new access key.	All	2.0.22
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now probe Targets to browse available scan locations.	All	2.0.21
<b>Feature</b> : Users can now install Agents in a custom location on AIX, Linux and Solaris.	AIX, Linux, Solaris, Windows	2.0.21
<b>Fix</b> : Issue where temporary binaries are not cleared when remote scans complete.	AIX, Linux, Solaris, Windows	2.0.21
<b>Improvement</b> : Files are checked for changes since the last scan when remediation is attempted.	All	2.0.20
<b>Improvement</b> : Windows Agent service is now a non-interactive process.	Windows	2.0.20
<b>Feature</b> : Agent can be configured to use its host's fully qualified domain name (FQDN) instead of host name when connecting to the Master Server.	All	2.0.18

# **SCANNING OVERVIEW**

This section talks about the different scan modes and features that can be configured when setting up a scan.

• Learn how to set up and Start a Scan.

Note: Local storage and memory scans are available by default for Targets with Node Agents installed. To scan other Targets, see Add Targets.

• View and Manage Scans in the Schedule Manager.

- Understand and set up Data Type Profiles for scans.
  - See the built-in Data Types in ER2.
  - Understand how to Add Custom Data Type PII PRO
- Set up Global Filters to automatically exclude or ignore matches based on the set rules.

Once a scan is complete, use the Analysis, Remediation and Reporting features in **ER2** to secure and gain insight into the sensitive data matches across your organization.

**PII PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PII and Enterprise Recon Pro Editions. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# START A SCAN

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- How To Start a Scan
- Set Schedule
  - Schedule Label
  - Scan Frequency
  - Set Notifications
  - Advanced Options
- Probe Targets

### **OVERVIEW**

This section assumes that you have set up and configured Targets to scan. See Scan Locations (Targets) Overview.

Start a scan from the following places in the Web Console:

- Dashboard.
- Targets page. See Scan Locations (Targets) Overview.
- Schedule Manager. See View and Manage Scans.
- New Scan page.

## HOW TO START A SCAN

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Navigate to the Select Locations page by clicking on:
  - Scans > New Scan, or
  - the New Scan button in the Dashboard, Targets, or Scans > Schedule Manager page.

```
New Scan
```

3. On the **Select Locations** page, select Targets to scan from the list of Targets and click **Next**.

**1** Info: To add Targets not listed in **Select Locations**, see Add Targets.

**Tip:** From **ER** 2.0.21, you can browse and select the contents of Targets listed in **Select Locations** to add as scan locations. For details, see **Probe Targets**.

- 4. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the **Data Type Profiles** to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 5. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan and click **Next**. See Set Schedule for more information.
- 6. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

Your scan configuration is saved and you are directed to the **Targets** page. The Target(s) you have started scans for should display **Searched x.x%** in the **Searched** column to indicate that the scan is in progress.

Note: If your scan does not start immediately, your Master Server and the Node Agent system clocks may not be in sync. A warning is displayed in the Agent Admin page. See Server Information and Agent Admin for more information.

### SET SCHEDULE

The **Set Schedule** page allows you to configure the following optional parameters for your scan:

- Schedule Label
- Scan Frequency
- Set Notifications
- Advanced Options
  - Automatic Pause Scan Window
  - Limit CPU Priority
  - Limit Search Throughput
  - Enable Scan Trace Logs
  - Capture Context Data
  - Match Detail
  - Partial Salesforce Object Scanning
  - Enable Bulk Download for Cloud Target Scans

NEW SCAN					
		12	3		
	Se	lect Locations Select Data	a Types Set Schedule	Confirm Details	
Search 1 location					
Schedule Label St	HAREPOINT DEC20-1	114			
Scan Now	Or	<ul> <li>Schedule</li> </ul>	2020-04-30	<b>At</b> 12:00pm	
How Often?	Just once	•	•		
Time Zone	Default	•	•		
After Search?	Do Nothing	<ul><li>Notify</li><li>Administrator</li></ul>	×		
		+ Add Notification			
Advanced Options					
					Back Next

#### Schedule Label

Enter a label for your scan. **ER2** automatically generates a default label for the scan. The label must be unique, and will be displayed in the **Schedule Manager**. See View and Manage Scans.

### Scan Frequency

Decide whether to Scan Now, or to Schedule a future scan.

To schedule a scan:

- 1. Select Schedule.
- 2. Select the start date and time for the scan.
- 3. (Optional) Set the scan to repeat by selecting an option under How Often?.

Scan Now	Or	Schedule		2020-04-30	At	12:00pm
How Often?	Just once		•			
Time Zone	Default		•			

When scheduling a future scan, you can set a **Time Zone**. The **Time Zone** should be set to the Target host's local time. Setting the **Time Zone** here will affect the time zone settings for this scheduled scan only.

**Example:** The Master Server resides in Dublin, and Target A is a network storage volume with the physical host residing in Melbourne. A scan on Target A is set for 2:00 pm. The **Time Zone** for the scan should be set to "Australia/Melbourne" for it to start at 2.00 pm local time for Target A.

Selecting the "Default" **Time Zone** will set the scan schedule to use the Master Server local time.

#### **Daylight Savings Time**

When setting up a scan schedule, **Time Zone** settings take into account Daylight Savings Time (DST).

1. On the start day of DST, scan schedules that fall within the skipped hour are moved to run one hour later.

**Example:** On the start day for DST, a scan that was scheduled to run at 2:00 am will start at 3:00 am instead.

2. On the end day of DST, scan schedules that fall within the repeated hour will run only during one occurrence of the repeated hour.

### **Set Notifications**

To set notifications for the scan:

1. Select Notify.

	After Search?	Do Nothing	۲	Notify + Add Notification
2.	Click + Add Notific	ation.		

- 2. Click + Add Notification.
- 3. In the New Notification dialog box:
  Select Users to send alerts and emails to specific users.

W	on	n To Notify		
0	Us	ers		
	S	elect User	•	
	•	Selected Users		
		Administrator	×	

• Select Email Address to send email notifications to specific email addresses.



- Under Notification Options, select Alert or Email for the event to send notifications for when the event is triggered. Only the Email options are available if Email Addresses is selected in Step 3.
- 5. Click Save.

See Notification Policy for more information.

Note: Notification policies created here are not added to the Notification Policy page.

### **Advanced Options**

Configure the following scan schedule parameters in **Advanced Options**:

- Automatic Pause Scan Window
- Limit CPU Priority
- Limit Search Throughput
- Enable Scan Trace Logs
- Capture Context Data
- Match Detail
- Partial Salesforce Object Scanning
- Enable Bulk Download for Cloud Target Scans

### Automatic Pause Scan Window

Set scan to pause during the scheduled periods:

- Pause From: Enter the start time (12:00 am 11:59 pm)
- To: Enter the end time (12:00 am 11:59 pm)
- **Pause on which days?**: Select the day(s) on which the scan is paused. If no days are selected, the Automatic Pause Scan Window will pause the scheduled scan every day between the times entered in the **Pause From** and **To** fields.

Example: Se	et a scan pau	se schedule	for e	very Wedne	esday and Friday from 8:00 am
10.00	Automatic Pa Pause From	ause Scan Wi 8:00am	indow To	12:00pm	
to 12:00 pm:	Pause on whi S M T	ch days? W T F	S		

If a **Time Zone** is set, it will apply to the Automatic Pause Scan Window. If no **Time Zone** is set, the **Time Zone** menu will appear under **How Often?**, allowing the user to set the time zone for the scan. See Scan Frequency above for more information.

Note: Keep the Agents running while scans are paused. If the Agents are shut down, paused scans will not be able to resume and can only be restarted.

### Limit CPU Priority

Sets the CPU priority for the Node Agent used.

If a Proxy Agent is used, CPU priority will be set for the Proxy Agent on the Proxy Agent host.

The default is Low Priority to keep ER2's resource footprint low.

### Limit Search Throughput

Sets the rate at which ER2 scans the Target:

- Limit Data Throughput Rate: Select to set the maximum disk I/O rate at which the scanning engine will read data from the Target host. No limit is set by default.
- Set memory usage limit: Select to set the maximum amount of memory the scanning engine can use on the Target host. The default memory usage limit is 1024 MB.

**Tip:** If you encounter a "Memory limit reached" error, increase the maximum amount of memory the Agent can use for the scan here.

Limit Search Throughput	
Set the maximum data throughput the set of the set o	he application can use when searching each target.
Limit Data Throughput Rate	
	megabytes per second
Set memory usage limit	
	megabytes

### **Enable Scan Trace Logs**

Select **Enable Scan Trace** to capture detailed scan trace messages when scanning a Target. See Scan Trace Logs for more information.

Note: Scan Trace Logs may take up a large amount of disk space, depending on the size and complexity of the scan, and may impact system performance. Enable this feature only when troubleshooting.

#### **Capture Context Data**

Select to include contextual data when displaying matches in the Match Inspector. See Remediation.

**Info:** Contextual data is data found before and after a found match to help you determine if the found match is valid.

#### Match Detail

For each scan schedule, **ER2** balances the amount of information stored for each match location in terms of match details, contextual data and metadata.

While the default **Match Detail** setting is workable in most scenarios, sometimes there may not be sufficient match information captured for **ER2** to safely perform "Masking" remediation on all matches within a given file. In such scenarios, **ER2** will not proceed with the "Masking" remediation process.

From **ER 2.0.30**, you have control over the quantity of match information captured for each scan with the **Match Detail** setting to suit your scanning and remediation needs.

Setting	Description
View less match detail per file across a larger quantity of files	<ul> <li>This results in a more even spread of match data across a large quantity of files.</li> <li>This setting captures less contextual data and metadata for each match location, which leads to less match information viewable in the Match Inspector window.</li> <li>This setting is recommended for first-time scans of a system where a sample-based view of match and context details within every possible location found is required for initial investigation before deciding on the appropriate remediation strategy.</li> </ul>
Balances quantity of files and match detail in each file	<ul> <li>This is the default setting in ER2. This results in more match detail initially captured per file, but rapidly drops off if matches are detected in a large quantity of files.</li> <li>This setting is best catered to typical scenarios where up to 10,000 matches per location are expected.</li> </ul>
View the maximal detail per file across a smaller number of files	<ul> <li>This captures maximal detail per file, but will rapidly reach the resource limit for ER2, resulting in very little match detail in subsequent files if more than a few files with a very high match count are present.</li> <li>If the resource limit is hit before all the locations are scanned, the scan schedule will terminate with the "Scan stopped" status.</li> <li>This setting is most appropriate when millions of matches are expected in a small number of locations.</li> </ul>
	• Tip: With the View the maximal detail per file across a smaller number of files option, you can maximize the match information stored for each file to successfully perform "Masking" remediation on match locations.

Info: Regardless of the selected Match Detail option, the accuracy of the match count reported by Enterprise Recon will not be impacted.
 All other remediation options including Delete Permanently, Quarantine and Encrypt File will also continue function as designed.

#### **Partial Salesforce Object Scanning**

The **Partial Salesforce object scanning** parameter lets you specify the maximum number of records per Salesforce object to be scanned for each scan schedule.

See Salesforce - Partial Salesforce Object Scanning for more information.

### Enable Bulk Download for Cloud Target Scans BETA

The **Enable bulk download for cloud target scans (BETA)** parameter allows bulk download of files for supported cloud Targets.

Cloud Targets that support this feature are:

• Box Inc

Note: This feature is currently in BETA stage. When the **Enable Box Bulk Download** parameter is selected, scan results in Box Targets may report Inaccessible Locations. We strongly recommend using the feature in test environments as there may be other limitations associated with its usage.

### **PROBE TARGETS**

You can probe Targets to browse and select specific Target locations to scan when adding a new Target.

#### **Requirements**

Make sure that:

- The Master Server is running ER 2.0.21 or above. See Update ER2.
- The version of the Node or Proxy Agent assigned to the Target is **2.0.21** or above. For details on how to install or update the Agent, see Agent Admin.
- The Target host and the Node or Proxy Agent assigned to the Target are running and connected to the network.

### **To Probe Targets**

- 1. Start a new scan.
- 2. In **Select Locations**, click the arrow next to the Target name to expand and view available locations for that Target.



3. Select the Target location(s) to scan.

All Groups	
📄 🔹 hil local	files on target DEBIAN-SERVER Edit
📄 🔹 🛯 🕨 📄 🕞	process memory on target DEBIAN-SERVER Edit
🗌 🔻 🛢 MySQL	Catalog employees on target DEBIAN-SERVER Edit
Table	ecurrent_dept_emp
Table	departments
Table	e dept_emp
Table	dept_emp_latest_date
Table	e dept_manager
Table	employees

4. Click **Next** to continue configuring your new scan.

**BETA** This is a Beta feature. Ground Labs does not give any warranties, whether express or implied, as to the suitability or usability of its Beta features. If you have any feedback on bugs or usability of the Beta feature, please email your feedback to product@groundlabs.com. Your assistance on this is highly appreciated.

# **VIEW AND MANAGE SCANS**

This section covers the following topics:

- Scan Status
- Scan Options
- View Scan Details

The **Scans** > **Schedule Manager** page displays a list of scheduled, running or paused scans.

On the left of the page, you can filter the display of the scans based on a Target or Target Group, date range or scan statuses such as completed or failed scans.

The Schedule Manager displays the following for each scan:

- Location: Target or target group of the scan.
- Label: Name given for the scan details.
- Data Type Profile: Number of Data Type Profiles used in the scan. If there is only
  1 data type, the data type profile is shown. To view details of the data type profiles
  used, click \*> View on the selected scan.
- Status: See Scan Status.
- **Next Scan**: For scheduled and active scans, displays the time duration between the current time and the next scan.
- **Repeats**: Frequency of the scan such as weekly or daily.

# **SCAN STATUS**

The following table displays a scan's status and the available options based on the status.

Status	Description	Scan Options
Canceled	A scan or schedule canceled by the user. This scan is permanently archived and cannot be restarted or returned to the default Schedule Manager list. All deleted schedules that apply to Targets also appears here. You cannot restart canceled scans.	• View
Completed	Schedules that have successfully completed.	<ul> <li>View</li> <li>Restart</li> <li>De-activate</li> <li>Skip Scan</li> <li>Cancel</li> </ul>
Deactivated	A deactivated schedule is stopped from running scans. When you reactivate a deactivated scan, the status changes to <u>Scheduled</u> and it actively runs as previously scheduled.	<ul> <li>View</li> <li>Re-activate</li> <li>Cancel</li> </ul>

Status	Description	Scan Options
Failed	A scan which has failed. You can <b>restart</b> a scan with its previous settings.	<ul><li>View</li><li>Restart</li><li>De-activate</li><li>Cancel</li></ul>
Pause	Pause A scan which is temporarily stopped. You can <b>resume</b> a paused scan.	
	• <b>Tip:</b> A scan may be paused manually in the Schedule Manager, or paused automatically by setting up an Automatic Pause Scan Window when starting a scan.	<ul> <li>De-activate</li> <li>Cancel</li> </ul>
Scanning	A scan which is in progress. You can <b>pause</b> or <b>stop</b> this scan.	<ul> <li>View</li> <li>Pause</li> <li>Stop</li> <li>De-activate</li> <li>Skip Scan</li> <li>Cancel</li> </ul>
Scheduled	A scan which is scheduled to run. You have the option modify a scheduled scan.	<ul> <li>View</li> <li>Modify</li> <li>De-activate</li> <li>Skip Scan</li> <li>Cancel</li> </ul>
Stopped	Schedules stopped by the user. A stopped scan cannot be resumed but can be restarted with its previous settings.	<ul> <li>View</li> <li>Restart</li> <li>De-activate</li> <li>Skip Scan</li> <li>Cancel</li> </ul>

# **SCAN OPTIONS**

The options available for a scan depends on the current status of the scan or schedule. On the right of a selected scan, click  $\diamondsuit$  to view the available options.

Option	Description		
View	View details of the scan or scheduled scan.		
Restart	Restarts the schedule or scan with its previously used settings.		
Modify	Modifies a scheduled scan. You cannot modify a running scan.		
Pause	Pausing a scan temporarily suspends activity in the scanning engine.		
	<b>Tip:</b> A scan may be paused manually in the Schedule Manager, or paused automatically by setting up an Automatic Pause Scan Window when starting a scan.		
Stop	Stopping a scan tags it as stopped. You can restart stopped scans from the Schedule Manager.		
De-activate	De-activating a scheduled scan removes the scheduled scan from the default Schedule Manager list and tags it as <b>Deactivated</b> .		
Skip Scan	Skips the next scheduled scan. When you click <b>Skip Scan</b> , the date for the next scheduled scan is skipped to the following scheduled scan. The <b>Next Scan</b> displays the duration for the new scheduled scan.		
	<b>Example:</b> In a scan where the frequency is weekly, the scheduled scan is 1 July. When you click <b>Skip Scan</b> , the scheduled scan on 1 July is skipped and the next scan scheduled is now 8 July. When you click <b>Skip Scan</b> again, the new next scan date is 15 July.		
Cancel	Stops a scan and tags it as canceled. You cannot restart canceled scans.		

## **VIEW SCAN DETAILS**

To view details of a scan, click 2 >View.

Schedule Schedule Label: When:		
Schedule Label: When:		
When:	Weekly Night	
	Fri Jul 28, 10:00PM	
How Often:	Every 7 days	
After Search:	Do nothing	
Priority		
CPU Priority:	Low	
Throughput:	Unlimited	
Memory Limit:	1024 MB	
Data Types		
Data Type:	All Cardholder Data v1	
2 Targets		
Target Name:	DEBIAN	
Location:	All local files	
Location:	All local process memory	

To view additional details on the status of each Target location, hover over the footnote or click on the **Status** of a scan. The footnote indicates the number of Target locations for that scheduled scan.



# DATA TYPE PROFILE

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Permissions and Data Type Profiles
- Add a Data Type Profile
  - Custom Data Type PII PRO
  - Advanced Features
  - Filter Rules
- Share a Data Type Profile
- Delete a Data Type Profile

### **OVERVIEW**

When you Start a Scan, you must specify the data types to scan your Target for.

Data type profiles are sets of search rules that identify these data types. **ER2** comes with several built-in data type profiles that you can use to scan Targets.

See Data Types for more information on the data types available by default in ER2.

Note: To create custom data types, see Add Custom Data Type PI PRO.

# PERMISSIONS AND DATA TYPE PROFILES

Resource Permissions and Global Permissions that are assigned to a user grants access to perform specific operations for data type profiles.

Operation	Definition	Users with Access
View data type profiles	Access to view the <b>Data Type Profile</b> page.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Data Type Author.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan privileges assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>
Add data type profiles	User can choose from the available data types to create a new data type profile.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Data Type Author.</li> </ol>
Add custom data types PII PRO	User can create and share new custom data types.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Data Type Author.</li> </ol>

Operation	Definition	Users with Access
Modify data type profiles	<ul><li>User can modify or archive data type profiles that:</li><li>1. are shared with the user.</li><li>2. were created by the user.</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Data Type Author.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan privileges assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>

# ADD A DATA TYPE PROFILE

To add a customized data type profile:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. On the Scans > Data Type Profile page, you can add:

Туре	Description					
New data type profile	On the top right side of the page, click + Add.					
New version of an existing data type profile	From an existing data type profile, click 🂠 > Edit New Version.					
	This creates a copy of the selected data type profile which you edit. It does not remove the original data type profile. The edited data type profile is tagged as a newer version (e.g. v2) while preserving the original data type profile (e.g. v1).					
	All Cardholder Data 4	v1 -	admin			
	Australian Health Information \$	v2				
		v1				
	Australian Personal Information # v1					

3. On the New Data Type Profile page, enter a label for your data type profile.

**Tip:** Use a label name that describes the use case that the data type profile is built for.

4. Select a data type category as described in the following table.

NEW DATA TYPE PROFILE				
Data Type Prof	file Label: Enter New Label			
Search for	Search Bar			
All Predefined	Choose Categories of All Pred	efined Types List of data types		
Types	Pagions	All Predefined Types (Excludes Custom Data Type)		
Cardholder Data	All 0	American Express	Customise	
ouronoidor bata	Africa 0	Australian Bank Account Number	* Customise	
n=	Asia 0	Australian Business Number	* Customise	
National ID Data	Middle East Countries 0	Australian Company Number	* Customise	
<b>v</b>	North America 0	Australian Driver License Number	* Customise	
o Patient Health	Oceania 0	Australian Healthcare Identifier - Organisation	* Customise	
Data	South America 0	Australian Individual Healthcare Identifier	* Customise	
<b>m</b>	Countries	Australian Mailing Address	* Customise	
Financial Data	Data Type Categories	Australian Medicare Card	* Customise	
	<ul> <li>Robust Search</li> <li>Less results, less false matches</li> </ul>	Australian Medicare Provider	* Customise	
Personal	Relaxed Search	Australian Passport Number	* Customise	
Detail Data	More results, more false matches	Australian Tax File Number	* Customise	
*	Î Î	Australian Telephone Number	* Customise	
Custom Data	Robust / Relaxed Search	Austrian Driver License Number	* Customise	
Field	Descri	ption		

List of data types	Select the data types that you want to add to your data type profile. The displayed list of data types is dependent on the data type category that is selected. To view all available data types that are built-in with <b>ER2</b> , click on <b>All Predefined Types</b> category. To customize the data, click <b>Customize</b> . For more details, see Add a Data Type Profile.
Regions / Countries panel	The regions / countries panel in the sidebar shows you the number of regions or countries your selected data types span across. Not applicable to all built-in data types. Info: Keep scans to one to three regions to reduce occurrence of false positives.
Robust / Relaxed Search	<ul> <li>Robust Search: When selected, applies a stricter search to your scans that reduces the number of false positives that ER2 finds.</li> <li>This reduces the number of matches found and slows down your scans.</li> <li>Relaxed Search: When selected, applies a lenient search to your scans that produce more matches and, consequently, more false positives.</li> <li>This increases the number of matches found and scans more quickly than a Robust Search.</li> <li>Not applicable to all built-in data types.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
Search Bar	Select the data types that you want to add to your data type profile.
	The displayed list of data types is dependent on the data type category that is selected. To view all available data types that are built-in with <b>ER2</b> , click on <b>All Predefined Types</b> category.
	To customize the data, click <b>Customize</b> . For more details, see Add a Data Type Profile.

### Custom Data Type PII PRO

When creating a new version of an existing data type profile, custom data types that were applied will also be available for use in the new version of the data type profile.

To search for a specific custom data type when creating a new version of an existing data type profile:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Scans > Data Type Profile page.
- 3. Click on the gear icon <sup>\*</sup> next to the selected data type profile and choose **Edit New Version**.
- 4. On the **Search for** panel, click on **Custom Data**.
- 5. Use the **Search Custom Data** search bar to look for specific custom data types to be included for the new version of the data type profile.

a Type Prof	The Laber. Enter New Laber			
rch for				
Ê	Choose Categories of (	Custom	Data	
Il Predefined Types	Search Custom Data	Q	Choose Categories of Custom Data	+ Add Custom Data Type
			All Custom Data	
rdholder Data			employee_ID_5	🗑 Remove 🔦 Customise
			employee_ID_4	💼 Remove 🐟 Customise
n=			employee_ID_3	■ Remove   Customise
ID Data			employee_ID_2	Temove Customise
9			employee_ID_1	
atient Health			custom_data_type_5	
Data			custom_data_type_4	Temove Customise
俞			<pre>custom_data_type_3</pre>	
nancial Data			<pre>custom_data_type_2</pre>	
			<pre>custom_data_type_1</pre>	a Remove ≪ Customise
Personal Detail Data				

6. Once done, click the **Ok** button to save the changes.

To add a custom data type to the profile, see Add Custom Data Type.

### Advanced Features

The **Advanced Features** section allows you to select advanced features for identifying sensitive data.

The following advanced features are available:

Field	Description		
Enable OCR	Scans images for sensitive data using Optical Character Recognition (OCR).		
	Note: OCR is a resource-heavy operation that significantly impacts system performance. As with all OCR software capabilities, the accuracy rate will always be lower when compared to scanning raw text data.		
	▲ Warning: OCR cannot detect handwritten information - only typed or printed characters. The images you scan with OCR enabled must have a minimum resolution of 150 dpi. It does not find information stored in screenshots or images of lower quality.		
	<ul> <li>OCR accuracy may be impacted by the following factors:</li> <li>Font face, font size and context stored in the image.</li> <li>Quality of the image being scanned.</li> <li>Image noise (e.g. dust from scanned images).</li> <li>Image format (eg. lossless or lossy images).</li> </ul>		
	OCR is not supported for HP-UX 11.31+ (Intel Itanium) and Solaris 9+ (Intel x86) operating systems.		
Enable EBCDIC mode	Scan file systems that use IBM's EBCDIC encoding.		
	▲ Warning: Use EBCDIC mode only if you are scanning IBM mainframes that use EBCDIC encoded file systems. This mode forces ER2 to scan Targets as EBCDIC encoded file systems, which means that it does not detect matches in non-EBCDIC encoded file systems.		
Suppress Test Data	Ignores test data during a scan. Test data will not be in the scan report.		

### **Filter Rules**

**Filter Rules** are the same as **Global Filters** but apply only to the data type profiles they are created in. From the **Filter Rules** tab, click **+ Add** and select from a list of search filters.

See Global Filters for more information.



**Example:** Data Type Profile A has a search filter that excludes the //etc/ directory. If Data Type Profile A is used when scanning Target X, the contents of //etc/ directory on Target X will be excluded from the scan.

# SHARE A DATA TYPE PROFILE

You own the data type profiles that you create. Created data type profiles are available only to your user account until you share the data type profile. To share a data type profile:

- 1. On the **Data Type Profile** page, select the data type profile you want to share.
- 2. Click the gear icon 🍄 and select **Share**.

# **DELETE A DATA TYPE PROFILE**

To delete a data type profile:

- 1. On the **Data Type Profile** page, select the data type profile you want to share.
- 2. Click the gear icon  $\stackrel{\bullet}{•}$  and select **Remove**.

You cannot delete a data type profile once it is used in a scan. A padlock a will appear next to its name. You can still remove it from the list of data type profiles by clicking on the gear icon and selecting **Archive**.

You can access archived data type profiles by selecting the **Archived** filter in the **Filter by...** panel.

**Info:** Once a data type profile is used in a scan, the profile is locked. This makes sure that it is always possible to trace a given set of results back to the data type profiles used.

**PII PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PII and Enterprise Recon Pro Editions. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# DATA TYPES

**ER2** comes with over **300** Data Types including predefined and variants that span across 7 regions and 52 countries. These data types can be added directly to Data Type Profiles to be used in scans.

The built-in data types cover the regions and countries in the following table:

Region	Countries	
Africa	<ul><li>Gambia</li><li>South Africa</li></ul>	
Asia	<ul> <li>Hong Kong</li> <li>India</li> <li>Japan</li> <li>Malaysia</li> <li>People's Republic of China</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Singapore</li> <li>South Korea</li> <li>Sri Lanka</li> <li>Taiwan</li> <li>Thailand</li> </ul>
Europe	<ul> <li>Austria</li> <li>Belgium</li> <li>Bulgaria</li> <li>Croatia</li> <li>Cyprus</li> <li>Czech Republic</li> <li>Denmark</li> <li>Finland</li> <li>France</li> <li>Germany</li> <li>Greece</li> <li>Hungary</li> <li>Iceland</li> <li>Ireland</li> <li>Italy</li> <li>Latvia</li> <li>Luxembourg</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Macedonia</li> <li>Malta</li> <li>Netherlands</li> <li>Norway</li> <li>Poland</li> <li>Portugal</li> <li>Romania</li> <li>Serbia</li> <li>Slovakia</li> <li>Slovenia</li> <li>Spain</li> <li>Sweden</li> <li>Switzerland</li> <li>Turkey</li> <li>United Kingdom</li> <li>Yugoslavia (former)</li> </ul>
Middle East	<ul> <li>Iran</li> <li>Israel</li> <li>Saudi Arabia</li> <li>United Arab Emirates</li> </ul>	
North America	<ul> <li>Canada</li> <li>Mexico</li> <li>United States of America</li> </ul>	

Region	Countries
Oceania	<ul><li>Australia</li><li>New Zealand</li></ul>
South America	<ul><li>Brazil</li><li>Chile</li></ul>

# **BUILT-IN DATA TYPES**

This section contains a subset of sensitive data types that are supported by ER2.

Note: The list is by no means exhaustive, and we are constantly expanding the list of data types natively supported by **ER2**. For more information on **ER2** data types, please contact our Support team at support@groundlabs.com.

### **Cardholder Data**

- American Express
- China Union Pay
- Diners Club
- Discover
- JCB
- Laser
- Maestro
- Mastercard
- Private Label Card
- Troy
- Visa

### Personally Identifiable Information (PII) PII PRO

- Sensitive PII including Sex, Gender and Race, Religion, Ethnicity
- Date of Birth
- Driver's License Number
- Email Address
- IP Address
- Mailing Address
- Passport Number
- Personal Names
- Telephone Number

### National ID Data PI PRO

- Electronic Identity Card Number
- Foreigner Number
- Inland Revenue Number
- National Registration Identity Card Number
- Personal Identification Card Number
- Personal Public Service Number

- Resident Registration Number
- Social Insurance Number
- Social Security Number
- Tax File Number
- Tax Identification Number
- Uniform Civil Number

### Patient Health Data PI PRO

- Health Insurance Claim Number
- Health Service Number
- Individual Healthcare Identifier
- Medicare Card Number

### Financial Data PII PRO

- Bank Account Number
- Corporate Number
- International Bank Account Number (IBAN)
- ISO 8583 with Primary Account Number (PAN)
- SWIFT Code

**Tip:** If you have a unique data type that is not available in **ER2**, you can create a new data type according to your requirements. See Add Custom Data Type **PI PRO** for more information.

# **TEST DATA**

Test data is a set of non-sensitive, synthetic data that is used to validate a given **ER2** built-in data type.

For example, test cardholder data are credit card numbers that are not in circulation but conform to the same criteria as live card numbers. These criteria include:

- Length The length of the card number is valid. For example, 15 digits for American Express cards, and 16 digits for Mastercard or Visa cards.
- **Prefix** The card number prefix is identified to be issued through a valid card issuing network. For example, American Express cards start with 34 or 37, and Mastercard cards start with 51 55.
- Luhn / Mod10 check algorithm The check digit passes the Luhn / Mod10 check algorithm.

**ER2** maintains a built-in list of over 10,000 test data and is able to distinguish between test data and valid sensitive data. For example, when cardholder data is detected, **ER2** reports test data matches separately from valid cardholder data matches to make PCI DSS compliance easier to achieve.

Users can also define custom test data by Adding a Global Filter.

**PIL PRO** This data type set is only available in Enterprise Recon PII and Enterprise Recon Pro Editions. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.
# ADD CUSTOM DATA TYPE

**PII PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PII and Enterprise Recon Pro Editions. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

#### Note: Not shared

A custom data type is not shared across data type profiles; it can only be applied to the data type profile it was built in.

A Global Admin or Data Type Author can create custom data types to scan for data types that do not come with **ER2**.

To build a custom data type:

- 1. On the Scans > Data Type Profile page, click on the Custom Data tab.
- 2. Click + Add Custom Data Type.
- 3. In the Add Custom Data Type dialog box, fill in these fields:

Field	Description
Describe Your Data Type	Enter a descriptive label for your custom data type.
Add Rules	You can add these rules: Phrase, Character and Predefined. For details, see Custom Rules and Expressions.
Advanced Options	<b>Ignore duplicates</b> : Flags the first instance of this data type in each match location as match. <b>Minimum match count</b> : Flags the match location as a match if there is a minimum number of matches for this custom data type.

## **CUSTOM RULES AND EXPRESSIONS**

You can add custom rules with the **Add Custom Data Type** dialog box with either the Visual Editor or the Expression Editor. Both editors use the same Expression Syntax.

### **Visual Editor**

Add Cust	om Data Type	
Describe Yo Data Type	our Data Type	
🕕 Add Rul	es Predefined <b>v</b>	es as expression
American	Express	+ Add
Phrase	this-is-a-phrase	Delete
Character	Alphanumeric <b>v</b> repeats 0 <b>to</b> 4 <b>times</b>	Delete
Phrase	this-is-a-second-phrase	Delete
Character	Non-digit • repeats 0 • to 1 • times	Delete
Predefined	American Express •	Delete
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> <li>Ignore du</li> <li>Minimum</li> </ul>	I Options uplicates match count 0	
	Confirm	Cancel

Rules added to the visual editor are resolved from top to bottom i.e. the top-most rule applies, followed by the rule that comes under it until the bottom-most rule is reached.



### **Expression Editor**

To use the expression editor, click View rules as expression on the Visual Editor.



In the **Expression Editor**, your custom rules are written as a search expression used by **ER2**.

Describe Your Data Type	
dd Rules	Back to original view
WORD 'this-is-a-phrase' THEN RANGE ALNUM	TIMES 0-4 THEN WORD 'this-is-a-
second-phrase' THEN RANGE NONDIGIT TIMES 'CHD_AMERICANEXPRESS'	0-1 THEN REFER

additional help writing expressions, please contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

## **EXPRESSION SYNTAX**

You can add the following custom expression rules to your custom data type:

- Phrase
- Character
- Predefined

#### Phrase

Adding a Phrase rule to your custom data type allows you to search for a specific phrase or string of characters.

A single \ (backslash) character in a Phrase rule generates an error; you must escape the backslash character with an additional backslash to add it to a Phrase, i.e. \\.

Describe	four Data Type	
to add a l	backslash character - \	
🚺 Add Ru	lles Phrase	View rules as expression
//		+ Add
Phrase	11	Delete
Advance	d Options	

### Character

The Character rule adds a character to your search string and behaves like a wild card character (\*). Wild card characters can search for strings containing characters that meet certain parameters.

**Example:** A rule for numerical characters that repeats 1 - 3 times matches: **123**, **58** 7, 999 but does not match: **12b**, **!@#**, foo.

You can pick the following options to add as character search rules:

Character	Match
Space	Any white-space character.
Horizontal space	Tab characters and all Unicode "space separator" characters.
Vertical space	All Unicode "line break" characters.
Any	Wildcard character that will match any character.
Alphanumeric	ASCII numerical characters and letters.
Alphabet	ASCII alphabet characters.
Digit	ASCII numerical characters.
Printable	Any printable character.
Printable ASCII only	Any printable ASCII character, including horizontal and vertical white- space characters.
Printable non-alphabet	Printable ASCII characters, excluding alphabet characters and including horizontal and vertical white-space characters.
Printable non- alphanumeric	Printable ASCII characters, excluding alphanumeric characters and including horizontal and vertical white-space characters.

Character	Match	
Graphic	Any ASCII character that is not white-space or control character.	
Same line	Any printable ASCII character, including horizontal white-space characters but excluding vertical white-space characters.	
Non- alphanumeric	Symbols that are neither a number nor a letter; e.g. apostrophes ', parentheses (), brackets [], hyphens -, periods , and commas , .	
Non-alphabet	Any non-alphabet characters; e.g. ~ ` ! @ # \$ % ^ & * ( ) + = { }   [ ] : ; " ' < > ? / , . 1 2 3	
Non-digit	Any non-numerical character.	

### Predefined

Search rules that are built into **ER2**. These rules are also used by built-in Data Type Profiles.

# AGENTLESS SCAN

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- How an Agentless Scan Works
- Agentless Scan Requirements
- Supported Operating Systems
- Start an Agentless Scan

## **OVERVIEW**

You can use **ER2** to perform an agentless scan on network Targets via a Proxy Agent. Agentless scans allow you to perform a scan on a target system without having to:

- 1. Install a Node Agent on the Target host, and
- 2. Transmit sensitive information over the network to scan it.

Use agentless scans when:

- The Node Agent is installed on a host other than the Target host.
- Data transmitted over the network must be kept to a minimum.
- The Target credential set has the required permissions to read, write and execute on the Target host.
- The Target host security policy has been configured to allow the scanning engine to be executed locally.

For more information, see Agentless Scan Requirements below.

## **HOW AN AGENTLESS SCAN WORKS**

When an agentless scan starts, the Proxy Agent receives instructions from the Master Server to perform a scan on a Target host. Once a secure connection to the Target host has been established, the Proxy Agent copies the latest version of the scanning engine to a temporary location on the Target host.

The scanning engine is then run on the Target host. It scans the local system and sends aggregated results to the Proxy Agent, which in turn sends the results to the Master Server. Data scanned by **ER2** is kept within the Target host. Only a summary of found matches is sent back to the Master Server.

Once the scan completes, the Proxy Agent cleans up temporary files created on the Target host during the scan and closes the connection.



## AGENTLESS SCAN REQUIREMENTS

Make sure that the Target and Proxy Agent host fulfill the following requirements:

Target Host	Proxy Agent	TCP Port 1	Requirements
Windows host	Windows Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Port 135, 139 and 445.</li> <li>For Targets running Windows Server 2008 and newer: <ul> <li>Dynamic ports 9152 - 65535</li> </ul> </li> <li>For Targets running Windows Server 2003 R2 and older: <ul> <li>Dynamic ports 1024 - 65535</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Bi-directional SCP must be allowed between the Target and Proxy Agent host.</li> <li>The Target host security policy must be configured to allow the scanning engine to be executed locally.</li> <li>The Target credential must have the required permissions to read, write and execute on the Target host.</li> </ul>
		• Tip: WMI can be configured to use static ports instead of dynamic ports.	

Target Host	Proxy Agent	TCP Port 1	Requirements
Linux or UNIX host	Windows, Linux or UNIX Proxy Agent	• Port 22.	<ul> <li>Target host must have a SSH server installed and running.</li> <li>Proxy Agent host must have an SSH client installed.</li> <li>Bi-directional SCP must be allowed between the Target and Proxy Agent host.</li> <li>The Target host security policy must be configured to allow the scanning engine to be executed locally.</li> <li>The Target credential must have the required permissions to read, write and execute on the Target host.</li> </ul>
macOS host	macOS Proxy Agent	• Port 22.	<ul> <li>Target host must have a SSH server installed and running.</li> <li>Proxy Agent host must have an SSH client installed.</li> <li>For macOS Ventura 13 and above, the "Full Disk Access" feature must be enabled for <b>sshd-keygen-wrapper</b> in the Proxy Agent host.</li> <li>Bi-directional SCP must be allowed between the Target and Proxy Agent host.</li> <li>The Target host security policy must be configured to allow the scanning engine to be executed locally.</li> <li>The Target credential must have the required permissions to read, write and execute on the Target host.</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> TCP Port allowed connections.

Note: For best results, use a Proxy Agent host that matches the Target host platform. For example, Debian Proxy Agent hosts should scan Debian Target hosts.

♥ Tip: Data discovery and Remediation using the Agentless Scanning feature requires a high level of user permission and data access. This carries inherent risks which could lead to privileged account abuse or data loss due to the higher-than-usual level of access needed to achieve full domain access with remote software deployment and remote process execution to achieve an agentless scan or remediation action.

Before embarking on this approach, Ground Labs recommends consideration of the Agent-based scanning approach which can achieve data discovery with a reduced level of user permission whilst offering other performance benefits.

### SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEMS

**ER2** supports the following operating systems as agentless scan Targets:

Environment (Target Category)	Operating System
Microsoft Windows Desktop (Desktop / Workstation)	<ul> <li>Windows 10 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Windows 11 64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different version of Microsoft Windows?</li> </ul>
Microsoft Windows Server (Server)	<ul> <li>Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2016 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2019 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2022 64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different version of Microsoft Windows?</li> </ul>
Linux (Server)	<ul> <li>Debian 11+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>RHEL 7+ 64-bit</li> <li>Oracle Linux 8 64-bit</li> <li>Ubuntu 16+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different Linux distribution?</li> </ul>
UNIX (Server)	<ul> <li>AIX 7.2+</li> <li>FreeBSD 13 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>FreeBSD 14 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Solaris 10+ (Intel x86)</li> <li>Solaris 10+ (SPARC)</li> </ul>

Environment (Target Category)	Operating System
macOS (Desktop / Workstation)	<ul><li>macOS Monterey 12.0</li><li>macOS Ventura 13.0</li><li>macOS Sonoma 14.0</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Note: Scans for macOS Monterey 12.0 and above</li> <li>Selecting "All local files" when scanning macOS Targets may cause the same data to be scanned twice. See Exclude the Read-only System Volume from Scans for macOS Targets for more information.</li> <li>Scanning locations within the top-level Users ( /Use rs ) folder requires the "Full Disk Access" feature to be enabled for er2-agent. If locations within the [/U sers] folder are scanned without enabling the required full disk access, these locations will be logged as inaccessible locations. See Enable Full Disk Access for more information.</li> </ul>
	Note: Agentless scans for macOS Ventura 13 and above Performing agentless scans requires the "Full Disk Access" feature to be enabled for <b>sshd-keygen-wrapper</b> in the Proxy Agent host. See Enable Full Disk Access for more information.
	Looking for a different version of macOS?

### **Microsoft Windows Operating Systems**

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Windows versions supported by Microsoft.

Prior versions of Windows may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### Linux Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Linux distributions currently supported by the respective providers.

Prior versions of Linux distributions may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### macOS Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all macOS versions supported by Apple Inc.

Prior versions of macOS may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

## START AN AGENTLESS SCAN

To perform an agentless scan on a Target:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Navigate to the Select Locations page by clicking on:
  - Scans > New Scan, or
  - the New Scan button in the Dashboard, Targets, or Scans > Schedule Manager page.
- 3. On the Select Locations page, click + Add Unlisted Target.
- 4. In the **Select Target Type** window, choose **Server** and enter the host name of the Target in the **Enter New Target Hostname** field.
- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. In the **Select Types** dialog box, select Target locations from Local Storage or Local Process Memory, select the Target type, and click **Done**.
- 7. In the New Target page:
  - a. **Assign Target Group** Assign the Target to the Target Group selected from the dropdown box.
  - b. **Specify the Operating System of the Target** Select the operating system for the Target host from the dropdown box.

Note: Ensure that you select the correct operating system for the Target host. Certain features in **ER2** (e.g. **PRO** Data Classification with MIP, **PRO** Data Access Management) may not work as expected if the selected operating system is incorrect or is set to "Remote Access Only".

- 8. Click Next.
- 9. The UI prompts you if there is no usable Agent detected on the Target host. Select **Would you like to search this target without installing an agent on it?** to continue.
- 10. Fill in the following fields and click Next:

Would you like to search this target without installing an agent on it?				
Credential Details				
Please Specify a Login Credential for this Target:				
Stored Credentials	•empty •	Clear		
	or			
Credential Label: (	Enter Credential Label			
Username:	Enter Username			
Password:	Enter Password			
	Show Password			
Private Key: 1	Select file B	rowse		
Proxy Details				
Agent to act as prop	xy host () Select proxy agent - C	lear		

Field	Description
Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
Username	Enter your Target host user name.
Password	Enter your Target host user password, or passphrase for the private key.
(Optional) Private Key	Upload the file containing the private key. Only required for Target hosts that use a public key-based authentication method. See Set Up SSH Public Key Authentication for more information.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a suitable Proxy Agent.

- On the Select Data Types page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click Next. See Data Type Profiles.
   Set a scan schedule in the Set Schedule section. Click Next.
   Review your scan configuration. Once done, click Start Scan.

# **DISTRIBUTED SCAN**

This section covers the following topics:

- How a Distributed Scan Works
- Distributed Scan Requirements
  - Proxy Agent Requirements
  - Supported Targets
- Start a Distributed Scan
- Monitor a Distributed Scan Schedule

You can use **ER2** to perform a distributed scan on a Target or Target location using a group of Proxy Agents. Distributed scans allow you to:

- 1. Improve scanning time by having multiple scanning processes executed in parallel.
- 2. Optimize resources by distributing the scanning load across multiple Proxy Agent hosts which might otherwise have been unutilized.

Distributed scans are particularly useful for scanning Targets that have a vast number of locations, for example:

- An Exchange Server with thousands of mailboxes.
- A Microsoft SQL Server with hundreds of databases, with thousands of tables per database.

For more information, see Distributed Scan Requirements below.

## **HOW A DISTRIBUTED SCAN WORKS**

For a more detailed explanation on distributed scans, see Scanning - How A Distributed Scan Works.

## **DISTRIBUTED SCAN REQUIREMENTS**

### **Proxy Agent Requirements**

To perform a distributed scan on a Target or group of Targets, you need to Create an Agent Group to be assigned to the Target or Target location. Ensure that all Proxy Agents in the Agent Group:

- Have been upgraded to version 2.1 and above.
- Support scanning of the Target platform.

▲ Warning: If any Proxy Agent within the Agent Group does not support scanning of the Target, all sub-scans assigned to the Proxy Agent will not be executed, subsequently causing the scan schedule to fail. To check which Agents are supported for a Target, see the respective pages under Target Type.

**Example:** To run a distributed scan on a MySQL database, ensure that the Agent Group assigned to the scan only contains Windows Proxy Agents or Linux

Proxy Agents. If the Agent Group assigned to scan the MySQL database includes a Solaris Proxy Agent, the scan schedule will be marked as "Failed" due to incomplete sub-scans.

### Supported Targets

You can run a distributed scan on the following supported Target types:

Target Type	Description			
Windows Share	Scans are distributed across the folders and files under the <b>Path</b> of the network storage location as specified in the scan schedule.			
	<b>Example:</b> If the network storage <b>Path</b> in the scan schedule is specified as MyFolder, the scan will be distributed across all files and folders within the MyFolder directory.			
	<ul> <li>Note: If the number of files under the Path exceeds a certain limit,</li> <li>distributed scanning will be disabled for the scan schedule,</li> <li>the change will be captured in the Activity Log, and</li> <li>the network storage Path will then be assigned to a single Proxy Agent from the Agent Group.</li> </ul>			
Remote Access via SSH	Scans are distributed across the folders and files under the <b>Path</b> of the network storage location as specified in the scan schedule.			
	<b>Example:</b> If the network storage <b>Path</b> in the scan schedule is specified as MyFolder, the scan will be distributed across all files and folders within the MyFolder directory.			
	<ul> <li>Note: If the number of files under the Path exceeds a certain limit,</li> <li>distributed scanning will be disabled for the scan schedule,</li> <li>the change will be captured in the Activity Log, and</li> <li>the network storage Path will then be assigned to a single Proxy Agent from the Agent Group.</li> </ul>			
IBM DB2	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			
InterSystems Caché	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			
MongoDB	Scans are distributed across the collections in the MongoDB Server.			
MariaDB	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			
Microsoft SQL Server	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			
MySQL	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			

Target Type	Description			
Oracle Database	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			
PostgreSQL	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			
SAP HANA	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			
Sybase / SAP ASE	Scans are distributed across the tables in the database.			
SharePoint Server	Scans are distributed across the sites in the SharePoint Server.			
Confluence On- Premises	Scans are distributed across the spaces, blog post folder, and/or top- level pages that are one-level below the selected location(s).			
	Example 1			
	When the entire Confluence domain is selected, the scans will be distributed across each space (e.g. Space Engineering and Space Product ) in the domain.			
	Confluence [host name: my-confluence-server] ☑ Confluence on target MY-CONFLUENCE-SERVER ☑ Space Engineering ☑ Blog Post Folder ☑ Blog Post January ☑ Space Product ☑ Page Feature ☑ Page Feature A ☑ Page Feature B			
	Example 2 The scans for Space Engineering will be distributed across the blog post folder ( Blog Post Folder ) and top-level page ( Page Dev elopment ).			

Target Type	Description, [host name: my-confluence-server]	
Amazon S3	<ul> <li>□ Confluence on target MY-CONFLUENCE-SERVER</li> <li>☑ Space Engineering</li> <li>☑ Blog Post Folder</li> <li>☑ Blog Post January</li> <li>☑ Blog Post February</li> <li>☑ Page Development</li> <li>☑ Page Bug Fixes</li> <li>☑ Page Enhancements</li> <li>□ Space Product</li> <li>☑ Page Feature</li> <li>□ Page Feature A</li> <li>□ Page Feature B</li> <li>□ Page Release</li> <li>Scans are distributed atross field Amazon S3 Buckets in the Amazon</li> </ul>	
Buckets	account. Page Release Q2	
Azure Storage	Scans are distributed across the Blobs, Tables or Queues in the Azure Storage account.	
Box Inc	Scans are distributed across the locations in the Box Inc domain that are selected for the scan schedule. For example, in the scenario below, the scans will be distributed across four locations.	
	Box [domain: example.app.box.com]	
Exchange Domain	Scans are distributed across the mailboxes in the Exchange domain.	
Exchange Online	Scans are distributed across the mailboxes in the Microsoft 365 domain.	
Google Workspace	Scans are distributed across the users in the Google Workspace domain.	
Google Cloud Storage	Scans are distributed across the buckets in the Google Cloud Storage project.	
Microsoft OneNote	Scans are distributed across the user or group name notebooks in the Microsoft 365 domain.	
Microsoft Teams	Scans are distributed across the (i) channels in a team, or (ii) users in a group within the Microsoft 365 domain.	

Target Type	Description
Rackspace Cloud	Scans are distributed across the cloud server regions in the Rackspace account.
SharePoint Online	Scans are distributed across the sites in the SharePoint Online domain.

## **START A DISTRIBUTED SCAN**

Running a distributed scan is the same as starting any other scan.

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Navigate to the Select Locations page by clicking on:
  - Scans > New Scan, or
  - the New Scan button in the Dashboard, Targets, or Scans > Schedule Manager page.
- 3. On the **Select Locations** page, click **+ Add Unlisted Target**. Follow the on-screen instructions to add a new Target.
- 4. When prompted to select an Agent to act as proxy host, click on the **Select proxy agent** menu and select a suitable Agent Group.

▲ Warning: If any Proxy Agent within the Agent Group does not support scanning of the Target, all sub-scans assigned to the Proxy Agent will not be executed, subsequently causing the scan schedule to fail. To check which Agents are supported for a Target, see the respective pages under Target Type.

- 5. Click **Test**, and then **Commit**.
- 6. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the **Data Type Profiles** to be included in your scan and click **Next**. See Data Type Profiles.
- 7. Set a scan schedule in the Set Schedule section. Click Next.
- 8. Review your scan configuration. Once done, click Start Scan.

## MONITOR A DISTRIBUTED SCAN SCHEDULE

Distributed scans show up in the **Targets** page and **Scans** > **Schedule Manager** page in the Web Console just like any other scan. See View and Manage Scans for more information.

## DUAL-TONE MULTI-FREQUENCY DETECTION

## **OVERVIEW**

Organizations that use Interactive Voice Response (IVR) systems may be unwittingly storing sensitive data resulting from the use of a call recording solution which may inadvertently record Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) identifiers that are keyed in using a telephone's numeric keypad during over-the-phone transactions.

Common examples of this use case include:

- When a patient keys in their social security number for verification before accessing a health report.
- When a banking customer enters their internet banking ID or bank account number as part of the telephone banking authentication process.
- When a buyer enters their credit card details (PAN) for payment purposes.

The above scenario can result in violation of varying data security and privacy standards including HIPAA for healthcare information, PCI DSS for payment card data or country-specific privacy laws for a citizen's general personal data.

## **DETECTION OF DTMF TONES**

**ER2** understands common audio file formats and will recognize numeric data types that are entered using the telephone keypad (DTMF tones). The DTMF feature in **ER2**:

- Is enabled by default and does not require any special settings to be set in your scans.
- Can detect DTMF tones within supported MP3 and WAV audio file types.
- Can detect numeric-only data types (e.g. credit card numbers, social security numbers, bank account numbers, custom value lists, etc.)

Supported audio file formats for DTMF defection include MP3 and WAV PCM in 8-bit and 16-bit using audio sample rates of 8, 16 and 44 kHz.

# **GLOBAL FILTERS**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Permissions and Global Filters
- View Global Filters
- Add a Global Filter
- Manage Global Filters
- Sort Global Filters
- Import and Export Filters
- Filter Columns in Databases

## **OVERVIEW**

**Global Filters** allow you to set up filters to automatically exclude or ignore matches based on the set filter rules.

You can do this by adding a filter from the **Scans** > **Global Filters** page or through **Remediation** by marking matches as **False Positive** or **Test Data** when remediating matches.

## **PERMISSIONS AND GLOBAL FILTERS**

Resource Permissions and Global Permissions that are assigned to a user grants access to perform specific operations for global filters.

Operation	Definition	Users with Access
Import or export global filter	Import or export global filter definitions in supported files formats.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>System Manager.</li> </ol>
Add, edit or delete global filters	Users can add, modify or remove global filters that apply to all or specific Targets / Target Groups.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>System Manager.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan or Remediate - Mark Location for Report privileges assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>

See User Permissions for more information.

## **VIEW GLOBAL FILTERS**

The **Global Filters** page displays a list of filters and the Targets they apply to. Filters created by marking exclusions when taking remedial action will also be displayed here (see Remediation).

Filter the list of global filters displayed using the options in the **Filter by...** section:

- False Positives > Locations: Locations marked as False Positives.
- False Positives > Matches: Match data marked as False Positives.
- Test Data > Matches: Match data marked as test data.

GLOBAL FILTERS								
							ك	Export 📥 Import 🕂
Filter by		❸ On/Off 🗘	Last Modified	Name & ID	Filter Details	Description	Filter Types	Targets
alse Positives	/ 1	On 🔛	10 Jul 2024	18209330159734345771			Exclude locations by expression	EXCHANGEDOMAIN:MS
Locations			9:49am					
st Data	∕ ≆	Off	9 Jul 2024	Onedrive	er_i	/Supp	Exclude location by prefix	MSON_
Matches			11:07am	9436508140908645931				
	/ 1	On 🛄	8 Jul 2024	SPO	https File 1	ation	Exclude location by prefix	SPC DERDAT
			11:17am	7044920259788204092	The C			
	/ 11	On 🛄	8 Jul 2024	14642129847785724833	http File	ediation	Exclude locations by expression	SPO
			11:09am					
	1 1	On 🔛	18 Apr 2024	1390458074243574867	/System/Volumes/Data		Exclude location by prefix	MAC
			5:37pm					
	18	On 🛄	11 Jan 2024	1075979489109560886	ress		Exclude locations by expression	JUMANJI
			2:44pm					

## ADD A GLOBAL FILTER

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Scans** > **Global Filters** page.
- 3. On the top-right corner of the **Global Filters** page, click +Add.
- 4. Select New Global Filter or Global Filter Template.
- 5. From the drop-down list, select a filter template to start with, or a filter type:

Filter Type	Description	
Exclude location by prefix	Exclude search locations and nested locations with paths that begin with a given string. Can be used to exclude entire directory trees.	
	Example 1	
	Filter value: C:\Windows\System32	
	Excludes all files and folders in the "C:\Windows\System32" folder.	
	Example 2	
	Filter value: C:\Users\A\Documents\file.zip	
	Excludes all files and folders nested in the "C:\Users\A\Documents\file.zip" archive.	
Exclude location by suffix	Exclude search locations and nested locations with paths that end with a given string.	
	Example	
	Filter value: led.jnl	
	Excludes all files and folders that end with "led.jnl", e.g. "canceled.jnl" and "totaled.jnl".	

Filter Type	Description		
Exclude locations by expression	Exclude search locations and nested locations that match the given expression. The syntax of the expressions you can use are as follows:		
	<b>?</b> : A wildcard character that matches exactly one character; <b>???</b> matches 3 characters.		
	*: A wildcard character that matches zero or more characters in a search string.		
	Example 1		
	Filter value: C:\V???		
	All locations where the path starts with "C:\V" followed by any three characters will be excluded during scans. For example, the expressions will exclude "C:\V123", but does not exclude "C:\V1" or "C:\V1234".		
	Example 2		
	Filter value: /var/*		
	All locations in the "/var" directory will be excluded during scans.		
	Example 3		
	Filter value: /var/*.txt		
	All text files with the ".txt" extension in the "/var" directory will be excluded during scans.		
	Example 4		
	Filter value: C:\Users\A\Documents\*.zip		
	All archived files with the ".zip" extension in the "C:\Users\A\Documents" folder will be excluded during scans.		
	Example 5		
	Filter value: *.txt		
	All text files with the ".txt" extension in all locations will be excluded during scans.		

Filter Type	Description
	You can inverse this filter with a logical <b>NOT</b> operation to only include search locations and nested locations that match the given expression.
	Example 1
	Filter value: !*.pdf
	Only locations with the ".pdf" suffix will be included during scans.
	Example 2
	Filter value: !C:\Users\*
	Only locations where the path starts with "C:\Users\" will be included during scans.
	Example 3
	Filter value: IC:\Users\A\Documents\*.zip
	Only archived files within the "C:\Users\A\Documents" folder will be included during scans.
	Example 4
	Filter value: !*.txt
	Only text files with the ".txt" extension in locations will be included during scans.
Include locations within modification date	Include search locations modified within a given range of dates.
	Prompts you to select a start date and an end date. Files and folders that fall outside of the range set by the selected start and end date are not scanned.
Include locations modified recently	Include search locations modified within <b>N</b> number of days from the current date, where the value of <b>N</b> is from 1 - 99 days.
	Example
	Filter value: 14
	Only scan files and folders that have been modified not more than 14 days before the current date.
Exclude locations greater than file size (MB)	Exclude files that are larger than a given file size (in MB).
Ignore exact match	Ignore matches that match a given string exactly. <b>Example</b>
	Filter value: 4419123456781234
	All exact matches of the pattern "4419123456781234" will be ignored as matches during scans.

Filter Type	Description		
Ignore match by	Ignore matches that begin with a given string.		
pretix	Example		
	Filter value: 4419		
	Search ignores matches found during scans that begin with "4419", such as "4419123456781234".		
Ignore match by expression	Ignore matches found during scans if they match a given expression.		
	<ul><li>?: A wildcard character that matches exactly one character;</li><li>??? matches 3 characters.</li></ul>		
	*: A wildcard character that matches zero or more characters in a search string.		
	Example 1		
	Filter value: *123		
	All data patterns that end with "123" will be ignored as matches during scans.		
	Example 2		
	Filter value: 123*		
	All data patterns that begin with "123" will be ignored as matches during scans.		
	PCRE		
	To enter a Perl Compatible Regular Expression (PCRE), select Enable full regular expressions support.		
Add test data	Report match as test data if it matches a given string exactly.		
	Example		
	Filter value: 4419123456781234		
	All exact matches of "4419123456781234" found during scans will be reported as test data.		
Add test data	Report matches that begin with a given string as test data.		
prefix	Example		
	Filter value: 4419		
	Report matches that begin with "4419" as test data, such as "4419123456781234".		

Filter Type	Description
Add test data expression	Report matches as test data if they match a given expression. The syntax the of the expressions you can use:
	<ul><li>?: A wildcard character that matches exactly one character;</li><li>??? matches 3 characters.</li></ul>
	*: A wildcard character that matches zero or more characters in a search string.
	Example 1
	Filter value: *123
	All data patterns that end with "123" found during scans will be reported as test data.
	Example 2
	Filter value: 123*
	All data patterns that begin with "123" found during scans will be reported as test data.

6. Complete the following fields:

Field	Description		
Filter name (optional)	Enter the Global Filter name.		
Expression / Suffix / Prefix / Date range /	Enter the expression / suffix / prefix / date range / days / file size / match to be excluded or included in the scan.		
size / Exact match	<b>Tip:</b> Press the <b>Enter</b> key to add multiple expressions or paths for filter types that accept multiple values.		
Description (optional)	Enter the Global Filter description.		
Targets to be filtered	Select the Target Group and Target the filter applies to. "All Groups" and "All Targets" are selected by default.		
Status upon adding	Toggle off to disable the Global Filter upon adding. Enabled by default.		
	<b>Note:</b> Adding the filter with the toggle on will only affect upcoming scans that have not started.		

#### 7. Click Add Global Filter.

**Tip:** For help with creating complex filters, please contact Ground Labs Technical Support.

## MANAGE GLOBAL FILTERS

You can edit, delete, and enable or disable existing global filters in the **Global Filters** page.

To edit an existing Global Filter, click the **Edit** button */*.

To remove an existing global filter, click the **Delete** button  $\overline{\mathbf{m}}$ .

To enable or disable a global filter, under the **On/Off** column, select the toggle button **On** 

Note: Changes made by enabling (on) or disabling (off) a global filter only affect upcoming scans that have not started.

## SORT GLOBAL FILTERS

To sort the list of existing global filters, click the ^ and \* arrow at each column header:

Column Headers	Toggle Function
On/Off	<ul> <li>* sorts global filters by status from disabled (off) to enabled (on).</li> <li>* sorts global filters by status from enabled (on) to disabled (off).</li> </ul>
Last Modified	<ul> <li>* sorts global filters by last modified date from the earliest to the latest date and time.</li> <li>* sorts global filters by last modified date from the latest to the earliest date and time.</li> </ul>
Name & ID	<ul> <li>* sorts global filters by name alphabetically from A to Z; filters without names are arranged by ID in descending order and are listed after filters with names.</li> <li>* sorts global filters by name alphabetically from Z to A; filters without names are arranged by ID in ascending order and are listed before filters with names.</li> </ul>
Filter Details	<ul> <li>* sorts global filters by details alphabetically from A to Z.</li> <li>* sorts global filters by details alphabetically from Z to A.</li> </ul>
Description	<ul> <li>* sorts global filters by description alphabetically from A to Z; filters without descriptions are listed before filters with descriptions.</li> <li>* sorts global filters by description alphabetically from Z to A; filters without descriptions are listed after filters with descriptions.</li> </ul>

Column Headers	Toggle Function
Filter Types	<ul> <li> ^ sorts global filters by type alphabetically from A to Z.</li> <li> * sorts global filters by type alphabetically from Z to A.</li> </ul>
Targets	<ul> <li>* sorts global filters by Target alphabetically from A to Z.</li> <li>* sorts global filters by Target alphabetically from Z to A.</li> </ul>

## **IMPORT AND EXPORT FILTERS**

Importing and exporting filters allows you to move filters from one **ER2** installation to another. This is also useful if you are upgrading from Card Recon, or are moving from an older installation of **ER2**.

You can import from or export to the following file formats:

- Portable XML file.
- Spreadsheet (CSV).
- Text File.
- Card Recon Configuration File.

Note: To ensure that all filter parameters are included, export to and import from a **Portable XML file**. Other formats (CSV, text file, Card Recon configuration file) do not support importing and exporting the filter name, description, and status of the global filter.

### Portable XML File

This section shows how filters are described in XML files.

These XML files follow the following basic rules:

- XML tags are case sensitive.
- Each tag must include the closing tag. For example, /filter>.
- The following ASCII characters have a special meaning in XML and have to be replaced by their corresponding XML character entity reference:

ASCII Character	Description	XML Character Entity Reference
<	Less-than sign	<
>	More-than sign	>
&	Ampersand	&
1	Apostrophe	'
"	Double quotation mark	"

**Example:** The XML representation of "<User's Email & Login Name>" is written as &quot;&It;User&apos;s Email &amp; Login Name&gt;&quot; .

The following tags are used in the XML file for global filters:

XML Tags	Description
<filter></filter>	This is the root element that is required in XML files that describe global filters. All defined global filters must be within the <b>filter</b> tag.
<level></level>	<ul> <li>This tag defines the realm that the filter is applied to.</li> <li>1. global : Filter applies to all Targets.</li> <li>2. group : Filter is only applied to a specific Group.</li> <li>3. target : Filter is only applied to a specific Target.</li> </ul>
<name></name>	Name of the Group or Target that the filter is applied. Only required when <b>level</b> is <b>group</b> or <b>target</b> .
<filter type&gt;</filter 	This tag defines the filter type and expression. Refer to Filter Types table to understand how to set up different filters.

### Filter Types

Filter Type	Description and Syntax
Exclude location by prefix	Exclude search locations with paths that begin with a given string. Can be used to exclude entire directory trees. Syntax: <a center;"="" href="https://coation-excludes.cludes/by-the-style=" text-align:="">location-exclude</a>
	<b>Example:</b> <location-exclude>/<b>root</b>*</location-exclude> This excludes all files and folders in the "/root" folder.
Exclude location by suffix	Exclude search locations with paths that end with a given string. Syntax: <location-exclude>*suffix</location-exclude>
	<b>Example:</b> <location-exclude>*.gzip</location-exclude> This excludes all files and folders such as "example.gzip", "files.gzip".
Exclude locations by expression	Excludes search locations by expression. Syntax: <location-exclude>expression</location-exclude>
	<b>Example:</b> <location-exclude><b>C:\W?????</b></location-exclude> This excludes locations like "C:\Windows", but not "C:\Win" and "C:\Windows1234".
Include locations within modification date	Include search locations modified within a given range of date by specifying a start date and an end date. Syntax: <modified-between>YYYY-MM-DD - YYYY-MM-DD</modified-between>
	<b>Example:</b> <modified-between><b>2018-1-1 - 2018-1-31</b></modified-between> This includes only locations that have been modified between 1 January 2018 to 31 January 2018.

Filter Type	Description and Syntax
Include locations modified recently	Include search locations modified within <i>N</i> number of days from the current date, where the value of <i>N</i> is from 1 - 99 days. Syntax: <a href="https://www.example.com">www.example.com</a> Syntax: <a href="https://www.example.com"></a> wwww.example.com
	<b>Example:</b> <modified-within>10</modified-within> This includes locations that have been modified within 10 days from the current date.
Exclude locations greater than file	Exclude files that are larger than a given file size (in MB). Syntax: <modified-maxsize>file size in MB</modified-maxsize>
	<b>Example:</b> <modified-maxsize>1024</modified-maxsize> This excludes files that are larger than 1024 MB.
Ignore exact match	Ignore matches that match a given string exactly. Syntax: <match-exclude>string</match-exclude>
	<b>Example:</b> <match-exclude>&amp;It&amp;It&amp;ItDataType&gt;&gt;&gt;</match-exclude> This ignores matches that match the literal string " << <datatype>&gt;&gt;".</datatype>
Ignore match by prefix	Ignore matches that contain a given prefix. Syntax: <match-exclude>string*</match-exclude>
	<b>Example:</b> <match-exclude><b>MyDT</b>*</match-exclude> This ignores matches that begin with "MyDT", such as "MyDT123".
Ignore match by expression	Ignore matches found during scans if they match a given expression. Syntax: <match-exclude>expression</match-exclude>
	<b>Example:</b> <match-exclude>*<b>DataType?</b></match-exclude> This ignores matches that contain the string "DataType" followed by exactly one character, such as "MyDataType0" and "DataType1".
	PCRE To enable full regular expression support, include @~ before a given expression. Syntax: <match-exclude>@~expression</match-exclude>
	<b>Example:</b> <match-exclude>@~<b>DataType[0-9]</b></match-exclude> This ignores matches that contain the string "DataType" followed by a single digit number "0" to "9", such as "DataType8".

Filter Type	Description and Syntax		
Add test data	Report match as test data if it matches a given string exactly. Syntax: <a href="mailto:string&lt;/match-test">match-test</a>		
	<b>Example:</b> <match-test><b>TestData</b></match-test> This reports matches as test data if they match the literal string "TestData".		
Add test data prefix	Report matches that begin with a given string as test data. Syntax: <match-test>string*</match-test>		
	<b>Example:</b> <match-test><b>TestData*</b></match-test> This reports matches as test data if they begin with "TestData", such as "TestData123".		
Add test data expression	Report matches as test data if they match a given expression. Syntax: <match-test>expression</match-test>		
	<b>Example:</b> <match-test>*<b>TestData?</b></match-test> This reports matches as test data if they contain the string "TestData" followed by exactly one character, such as "MyTestData0" and "TestData1".		

### Example

```
<filter>
  <!-- These filters apply to all Targets -->
  <global>
    <location-exclude>*.gzip</location-exclude>
    <location-exclude>*FOOBAR*</location-exclude>
    <match-test>*@example.com</match-test>
    <modified-maxsize>2048</modified-maxsize>
  </global>
  <!-- These filters apply only to the Group My-Default-Group -->
  <target>
    <name>My-Default-Group</name>
    <modified-between>2018-1-1 - 2018-1-15</modified-between>
  </target>
  <!-- These filters apply only to the Target host My-Windows-Machine -->
  <target>
    <name>My-Windows-Machine</name>
    <match-exclude>1234567890</match-exclude>
    <modified-within>3</modified-within>
  </target>
</filter>
```

## FILTER COLUMNS IN DATABASES

Filter out columns in databases by using the "Exclude location by suffix" filter to specify the columns or tables to exclude from the scan.

Description	Syntax
Exclude specific column across all tables in a database.	<column name=""></column>
	<b>Example:</b> To filter out "columnB" for all tables in a database, enter columnB.
Exclude specific column from in a	/ <column name=""></column>
particular table.	<b>Example:</b> To filter out "columnB" only for "tableA" in a database, enter tableA/columnB.

Note: Filtering locations for all Target types use the same syntax. For example, an "Exclude location by suffix" filter for columnB when applied to a database will exclude columns named columnB in the scan. If the same filter is applied to a Linux file system, it will exclude all file paths that end with columnB (e.g. /usr/share/colum nB ).

Use the **Apply to** field if the global filter only needs to be applied to a specific Target Group or Target.

### **Database Index or Primary Keys**

Certain tables or columns, such as a database index or primary key, cannot be excluded from a scan. If a filter applied to the scan excludes these tables or columns, the scan will ignore the filter.

# SCAN TRACE LOGS

The Scan Trace Log is a log of scan activity for scans on a Target. To capture a scan trace, enable it when scheduling a scan. See <u>Start a Scan</u>.

There are several ways to view the **Scan Trace Logs** for a Target.

#### **Targets**

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Targets page.
- 3. Expand the group your Target resides in.
- 4. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 5. Select View Scan Trace Logs from the drop-down menu.

#### Investigate

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 3. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 4. Select Scan Trace Logs from the drop-down menu.

## SCAN TRACE LOGS PAGE DETAILS

In the **Scan Trace Log** page, you can view all the scan trace logs for the Target.

- Click **Save** to save the trace log as a text or CSV file.
- Click View to view the trace log in the Scan Trace Log Detail page.
- To delete trace logs, select the trace logs to delete and click **Remove**.

	Schedule Label	Log Files	
	AUG03-1618	FEDORA25-SERVER - Aug 03, 2017 04:18pm	👁 <u>View</u> 🗎 Save
	AUG03-1618	FEDORA25-SERVER - Aug 03, 2017 04:19pm	
First F	Prev 1 Next Last		Back to Targets

# **SCAN HISTORY**

Each Target has a record of all performed scans in its Scan History. Users can use the Scan History page to see details for all scans attempted on each Target location.

This section covers the following topics:

- Scan History Page
- Scan History Page Details
- Download Scan History
- Download Isolated Reports for Scan

## **SCAN HISTORY PAGE**

The Scan History page is available in two modes:

- Target level: Contains details for scans attempted across all Target locations under the selected Target.
- Target location: Contains details for scans attempted on a specific Target location.

### Scan History for a Target

There are several ways to view the Scan History for a Target.

### **Targets**

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Targets page.
- 3. Expand the group your Target resides in.
- 4. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 5. Select View Scan History from the drop-down menu.

### Investigate

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 3. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 4. Select **Scan History** from the drop-down menu.

### Scan History for a Target Location

To open the **Scan History** page for a Target location:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Targets page.
- 3. Expand the group your Target resides in.
- 4. Expand the Target your Target location resides in.
- 5. Hover over the Target location and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
| All Groups - / All Targets - | / All Types - |                    | the New Scan              | 📥 Target Group Repo                                     |
|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---|
| □ Targets                    | Comments      | Searched 4         | Matches                   | \$  |
|                              |               | 2 weeks ago        | 37,466 Matches            |   |
| 🗆 🔹 🔬 MY-UBUNTU-MACHINE      |               | 2 weeks ago        | 37,466 Matches            |   |
| All local files              |               | 2 weeks ago        | 37,466 Matches            | <b>\$</b> *   |
| All local process men        | iory          | Never              | Ont searched              | <ul> <li>View in Dashboard</li> <li>New Scan</li> </ul> |
| ► WINDOWS                    |               | 2 weeks ago        | o 6,033,662 Matches       | 昼 View Scan History                                     |
| ► WEBSITES                   |               | 2 weeks ago (incor | mpl 💊 894,567 Matches 💩 9 | Telete Location   |
|                              |               | 2 weeks ago        | 4 102 Matches             |   |

6. Select **View Scan History** from the drop-down menu.

## **SCAN HISTORY PAGE DETAILS**

The following table describes the properties displayed for each scanned Target location:

SCAN HISTORY - 05ABE	32D84309									
Recent Searches									<u></u>	Download Scan History
Source	Start Date	Duration	Scanned Locations	Match Locations	Scanned Bytes	Test	Prohibited	Matches	Inaccessible	Status
File path /root/test/10-MB- Test.xlsx	06-Jul-2018 06:34	23 seconds	2	1	33.56 MB	0	0	37,857	0	Completed
File path /root/test/pro-293- test-data	06-Jul-2018- 08:31	4 seconds	65	1	142.34 MB	20	0	270	960	Completed

Property	Description						
Source	The source Target location scanned. For example, File path /root/sensitive/location.txt.						
Start Date	Date the scan started, in the format DD-MMM-YYYY HH:MM . For example, 06-Jul-2018 06:34 .						
Duration	Length of time taken for this scan.						
Scanned Locations	The total number of individual locations (files, database records, URIs) scanned within the source Target location.						
Match Locations	The total number of individual locations (files, database records, URIs) that contain matches.						
Scanned Bytes	The total amount of data scanned for that Target location. See Scanned Bytes for more information.						
Test	The number of matches found on this Target location that are known test data types. See Test Data for more information.						
Prohibited	The number of matches found on this Target location that constitute prohibited data under the PCI DSS.						
Matches	The number of matches found on this Target location.						
Inaccessible	The number of inaccessible locations encountered during the scan.						
Status	The current state of the scan.						

#### **Scanned Bytes**

The value displayed in the "Scanned Bytes" column may not match the physical size of data scanned on the Target. Files and locations on the Target are processed to extract meaningful data. This data is then scanned for sensitive information. Since only extracted data is scanned, the amount of "Scanned Bytes" may be different from the physical size of files and locations on the Target.

#### **Examples**

- For compressed files (e.g. ZIP archives) or locations, the data is decompressed and extracted before it is scanned for sensitive data, resulting in a higher number of "Scanned Bytes" for the file.
- For XML files, XML tags are stripped from the file before the contents are scanned for sensitive data, resulting in a lower number of "Scanned Bytes" for the XML file.
- For image files, when the OCR feature is enabled, only relevant data is extracted from the file and scanned for sensitive data, resulting in a lower number of "Scanned Bytes" for the image file.

## **DOWNLOAD SCAN HISTORY**

Click on **Download Scan History** to download a CSV file containing all the information found on the **Scan History** page.

📥 Download Scan History

## DOWNLOAD ISOLATED REPORTS FOR SCAN

You can download isolated reports for each recorded scan in the **Scan History** page. The isolated report contains only results (e.g. match details and inaccessible locations) from that particular scan.

To download an isolated report for a single scan, hover over that scan and click on **Save**.

SCAN HISTORY - 05ABB2D84309										
Recent Searches									<u></u>	Download Scan History
Source	Start Date	Duration	Scanned Locations	Match Locations	Scanned Bytes	Test	Prohibited	Matches	Inaccessible	Status
File path /root/test/10-MB- Test.xlsx	06-Jul-2018 06:34	23 seconds	2	1	33.56 MB	0	0	37,857	0	Completed
File path /root/test/pro-293- test-data	06-Jul-2018- 08:31	4 seconds	65	1	142.34 MB	20	0	270	960	Completed Save

For more information on saving scan reports, see Reports.

## ANALYSIS, REMEDIATION AND REPORTING

This section talks about the analysis, remediation and reporting features that can be utilized in **ER2**.

#### Dashboard

View the Dashboard to get the current and historical state of sensitive data for all Targets and Target locations across your Master Server instance.

#### **Investigate and Remediate**

- Navigate to the Investigate page to review the sensitive data matches found during scans, and perform Remediation or Delegated Remediation where necessary.
- Simplify the analysis of sensitive data matches by setting up Advanced Filters to narrow down on locations that contain a specific combination of data types.

#### **Compliance Reporting**

• Generate and download Reports that provide a summary of scan results and the actions taken to secure the match locations.

#### Sensitive Data Risk Management

- **PRO** Reduce risk of exposure by controlling access to sensitive and PII data with the Data Access Management feature.
- **PRO** Create Risk Profiles configured with custom Rules, Labels, and Risk Scores (or Risk Levels) to classify the sensitive data discovered across your organization. See Risk Scoring and Labeling for more information.
- **PRO** Integrate with Microsoft Information Protection (MIP) to leverage the sensitive data discovery capabilities in **ER2** to better classify, label, and protect sensitive data across your organization. See Data Classification with MIP for more information.

# DASHBOARD

The Enterprise Recon **Dashboard** is a summary of the current and historical state of sensitive data discovered across your organization. To view the **Dashboard**, click on the Enterprise Recon edition logo in the top navigation menu.

The **Dashboard** is divided into two main sections that provide insight into your organization's

- Sensitive Data Matches, and
- **PRO** Sensitive Data Risks.

The **Dashboard** also provides quick access to start a new scan, or to download the Global Summary Report for the Master Server.

## **SENSITIVE DATA MATCHES**

You can find the following widgets in the sensitive data matches section of the **Dashboard**:

- Matches
- Summary
- Groups and Targets
- Target Types
- File Formats

By default, all widgets display the match count information across all Target Groups, Targets, and/or Target types for the Master Server. You can customize the match information displayed in each widget using the available data filters below:

```
All Groups - / All Targets - / All Types -
```

Filter	Description
[Groups]	Only show the match count information for selected Target Groups. The default view includes the match count for "All Groups".
[Targets]	Only show the match count information for selected Targets. The default view includes the match count for "All Targets".
[Types]	Only show the match count information for selected Target types (e.g. local files, database etc). The default view includes the match count for "All Types".

#### Matches

The **Matches** widget is a line chart that displays the match count history for selected Target Groups, Targets, and/or Target types over a specific time period. You can customize the match information displayed in the widget using the available data filter below:



Hovering over a data point shows the total match count for all selected locations on the given date.

#### Summary

The **Summary** widget displays the current number of sensitive data matches across selected Target Groups, Targets, and/or Target types, with a breakdown by match severity.



#### **Groups and Targets**

The **Groups** and **Targets** donut chart widgets display the breakdown for selected Target Groups and Targets by compliance status.



Status	Groups Chart	Targets Chart
Compliant	All Targets in the Group have been (i) scanned with no sensitive data matches found, or (ii) scanned and all sensitive data matches have been fully remediated.	The Target has been (i) scanned with no sensitive data matches found, or (ii) scanned and all sensitive data matches have been fully remediated.
Non- compliant	At least one Target in the Group has been scanned and found to have at least one sensitive data match.	The Target has been scanned and found to have at least one sensitive data match.
Not Scanned	All Targets in the Group have not been scanned to-date.	The Target has not been scanned to-date.

#### **Target Types**

The **Target Types** widget displays the current number of sensitive data matches across selected Target Groups, Targets, and/or Target types, with a breakdown by Target type.

Target Types	
🚍 file	48,803
in ssh	10,340
📰 mongodb	6,329
onedrive	0
iii memory	0
🕚 https	0

Clicking on a Target type (e.g. "mongodb") will take you to the **Targets** page, with a filtered list of Targets that contain the selected Target type.

#### **File Formats**

The **File Formats** widget displays the current number of sensitive data matches across selected Target Groups, Targets, and/or Target types, with a breakdown by file type or format.

File Formats	
Microsoft Office Document	20,103
Microsoft SQL Server Database	18,577
HTML/XML Document	7,142
II ZIP Archive	3,390
Adobe Portable Document	845
UTF16 Encoded Text	111

## SENSITIVE DATA RISKS PRO

You can find the following widgets in the sensitive data risks section of the Dashboard:

- Risk Over Time
- Top 3 Targets
- Risk Breakdown

See Risk Scoring and Labeling for more information.

#### **Risk Over Time**

The **Risk Over Time** widget is a multi line graph that displays the risk trend and history over a specific time period for Targets associated with the Master Server.



Each line graph represents the number of match locations that are

- Mapped to risk profiles with a specific risk level (e.g. "High", "Medium", "Low"), and
- Not mapped to any risk profile at all (e.g. "Unmapped").

Note: A location that is mapped to *N* number of risk profiles will be accounted for *N* times in the corresponding line graphs. See How It Works for more information.

**ER2** records and updates the total number of match locations across all Targets once a day (at the end of the day). The most recent data point displayed in the widget is always for the prior day; any changes to the total number of match locations resulting from remediation, new scans, and/or deletion of Targets will only be reflected in the corresponding data points the following day. However, changes made to a risk profile (e.g. changes to the risk level, risk profile priority, or deletion of risk profiles) will be reflected for the corresponding match locations in real-time across all available data points.

You can customize the historical risk information displayed in the widget using the available options and data filters below:

Filter	Description
All Locations	Select the checkbox to show the risk trend and risk history information for all match locations. This includes locations mapped to risk profiles with any risk level (e.g. "High", "Medium", "Low"), and locations that are not mapped to any risk profile (e.g. "Unmapped").
High	Select the checkbox to show the count of match locations mapped to risk profiles with "High" risk levels.
Medium	Select the checkbox to show the count of match locations mapped to risk profiles with "Medium" risk levels.
Low	Select the checkbox to show the count of match locations mapped to risk profiles with "Low" risk levels.
Unmapped	Select the checkbox to show the count of match locations that are not mapped to any risk profile.
Show Prioritized	Select the checkbox to show the count of match locations only for the highest priority matching risk profile. This setting applies to the <b>Risk Over Time</b> , <b>Top 3 Targets</b> , and <b>Risk Breakdown</b> widget. See How It Works for more information.
[Time range]	Only show the risk trend and risk history information for the selected time range (e.g. past one year, past one month). The default view includes the match count over the "Last 1 year".

#### How It Works

Match location A is mapped to three risk profiles:

Profile Name	Risk Level	Priority
Risk-Profile-1	Medium	1
Risk-Profile-2	High	2
Risk-Profile-3	Medium	3

Location A is counted twice for the "Medium" line graph, and counted once for the "High" line graph in the **Risk Over Time** widget.

If the **Show Prioritized** checkbox is selected, Location A will only contribute one count towards the **Risk Over Time** widget in the "Medium" line graph. This corresponds to the risk level for "Risk-Profile-1", the highest priority matching risk profile for Location A.

#### **Top 3 Targets**

The **Top 3 Targets** widget displays the top three Targets with the highest number of locations mapped to at least one risk profile, with a breakdown by risk level.

You can view the top three Targets for other risk levels by changing the risk level selector at the top right corner of the widget, and select the Show Prioritized option to show the count of match locations only for the highest priority matching risk profile.

Top 3 Targets		High <del>-</del>
Target Name	Target Group	Locations
MY-WINDOWS-SERVER	DESKTOPS	77
ENGINEERING-SERVER	DEFAULT GROUP	25
IT-SERVER	DEFAULT GROUP	1

Clicking on a Target / Target Group will take you to the Investigate page, with a filtered list of match locations corresponding to the selected Target(s) and risk level.

#### **Risk Breakdown**

The **Risk Breakdown** widget displays the current number of sensitive data locations that are:

- Mapped to risk profiles with a specific risk level (e.g. "High", "Medium", "Low"), and
- Not mapped to any risk profile at all (e.g. "Unmapped").

Risk Breakdown						
High						103
Medium						22
Low						36
Unmapped						30

You can select the Show Prioritized option to show the count of match locations only for the highest priority matching risk profile.

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# INVESTIGATE

This section covers the following:

- Overview
- Navigate to the Investigate Page
- Filter Targets and Locations
- Results Grid Column Chooser
- Sort Match Locations
- View Match Inspector
- Trash Locations
- Export Match Reports
- View Inaccessible Locations

## **OVERVIEW**

The **Investigate** page provides a one-stop view of match locations across all Targets to help users easily review, export and remediate match results.

Within the Investigate page, users can:

- · Filter the results set according to specific criteria,
- Export CSV match reports of the **Investigate** page based on the applied filters (if any),
- Show, hide or rearrange the columns in the results grid with the Column Chooser,
- Sort match locations within a Target,
- View the Match Inspector to review the list of matches and evaluate the remediation options,
- Remove scan results for Targets or selected match locations, and
- View the list of inaccessible locations for each Target.

## NAVIGATE TO THE INVESTIGATE PAGE

There are several ways to access the **Investigate** page.

#### 1. Navigation Menu

- i. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- ii. Go to **Investigate**. The **Investigate** page displays the complete list of match locations across all Targets on the Master Server.

#### 2. Targets Page

- i. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- ii. Go to Targets.
- iii. To go to the Investigate page, click on the:

II G	roups • / All Targets • / All Types	•			# New Scan	📥 Target Group	Repo
🛛 Tar	gets	Comments	Searched	\$ Matches		\$	
•	ENGINEERING A		4 days ago (incomplete)	🍋 464,093 Matches 👌 47 Test			
•	MY-WINDOWS-MACHINE		4 days ago	381,379 Matches			
	All local files		4 days ago	General Watches General Genera			
8	All local process memory		Never	Not searched			
	B MariaDB C		7 days ago	4,188 Matches			
0	Mindows Share		7 days ago	4,188 Matches			
•	MARKETING		3 days ago	🍋 637,376 Matches 💩 12 Test			
•	A MY-DEBIAN-MACHINE B		3 days ago	💊 637,376 Matches 👌 12 Test			
	🖴 All local files		3 days ago	🍋 637,376 Matches 💩 12 Test			
0	All local process memory		Never	Not searched			
	Oracle		7 days ago	14 188 Matches			

Item	Description
(A) Target Group	<b>Investigate</b> page displays match locations for all Targets in the associated Target Group.
(B) Target	<b>Investigate</b> page displays match locations for the selected Target.
(C) Target Location	<b>Investigate</b> page displays match locations for the selected Target location.

Note: Resource Permissions that are assigned to a user grants access to specific components in the Investigate page. See Resource Permissions - Investigate Permissions for the resource permissions that grant access to the Investigate page components. For more information about resource permissions in **ER2**, see User Permissions - Resource Permissions.

To view the Investigate page components, see Investigate Page User Interface -Investigate Page Components.

## FILTER TARGETS AND LOCATIONS

You can filter the results displayed in the results grid according to specific criteria.

To filter Targets and locations:

1. In the **Investigate** page, click the **Filter T Filter** button to display the **Filter** 

Locations By panel. The Filter button will change to Hide T Hide button that

you can click to hide the panel again.

- 2. In the **Filter Locations By** panel that appears, select one or more filters to show specific Targets and match locations in the results grid. A green dot indicates which filter criteria contains selected filter items. For the complete table of filter criteria, see Investigate Page User Interface Filter Criteria.
- 3. Click **APPLY FILTER** to update the results grid to display only the match locations that fulfill all the selected filter criteria. Filters that are applied to the match results set will be displayed in the filter tags pane above the results grid.

MY-WINDOWS-MACHINE All local files MariaDB American Express China Union Pay Diners Club Discover JCB Maestro Mastercard Visa See Less Clear All Australian Bank Account Number (relaxed) Generic Bank Account Number International Bank Account Number (IBAN)

4. Click **See More** or **See Less** to expand or collapse the filter tags view, or click **Clear All** to reset all filters.

## **RESULTS GRID COLUMN CHOOSER**

You can customize the Results Grid view by showing, hiding or rearranging the columns with the **Column Chooser**.

Edit Columns			
Select and rearrange columns to be displayed Available columns	l on the Investigate Page. Selected columns		
ii Owner	: Location		
II Status	# Matches		
: Status	₩ Sign-off		
	Ok Cancel		

To show, hide or rearrange the columns:

- 1. In the **Investigate** page, click the **Columns** Columns button.
- 2. In the Edit Columns dialog box:
  - Show a column to the results grid by dragging the <a>Column></a> tile from the Available Columns panel, to the Selected Columns panel.
  - Hide a column from the results grid by dragging the <a>Column></a> tile from the Selected Columns panel, to the Available Columns panel.
  - Rearrange the column sequence in the results grid by dragging a <a>Column></a> tile up or down in the **Selected Columns** panel.
- 3. Click **Ok** to save the column configuration.
- (Optional) To adjust the column width, hover over the column boundary until the resizing cursor <sup>←</sup> appears, then hold and drag the column boundary to resize the width.

**1** Info: The Location column is a mandatory column that is always displayed and is the default first column in the results grid.

The column and column width settings are saved only for the logged in user account, and will be displayed for subsequent logins to the Web Console until further changes are made.

## SORT MATCH LOCATIONS

To sort match locations within a Target, click the ^ and \* arrow at each column header in the result grid:

Column Headers	Toggle Function
<ul> <li>Location (default)</li> <li>Owner</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Sign-off</li> <li>Access Control <ul> <li>PRO</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>MIP Label</li> <li>PRO</li> <li>Classification <ul> <li>Status</li> <li>PRO</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>* sorts locations alphabetically from A to Z</li> <li>* sorts locations alphabetically from Z to A</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Matches</li> <li>Access PRO <sup>[1]</sup></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>* sorts locations from the highest to lowest number</li> <li>* sorts locations from the lowest to highest number</li> </ul>
Risk PRO	<ul> <li>* sorts locations from the highest to lowest risk level</li> <li>* sorts locations from the lowest to highest risk level</li> </ul>

<sup>[1]</sup> This feature is only available when Data Access Management is enabled.

## **VIEW MATCH INSPECTOR**

The Match Inspector window allows you to review the list of matches for a specific match location and evaluate the remediation options.

For the list of components found in the Match Inspector window, see Investigate Page User Interface - Match Inspector Components.

To view the Match Inspector window:

- 1. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 2. Click on the arrow to the left of the Target name to expand and show all match locations within a Target.
- 3. (Optional) Sort the list of match locations by:
  - Location Full path of the match location,
  - **Owner** User with Owner permissions,
  - **Status** Remediation, access control or classification status(es) for the match location,
  - Matches Match count and match severity (e.g. prohibited, match, test),
  - Access PRO <sup>[2]</sup> Number of unique users with any form of access permissions to the location, or
  - Access Control **PRO** <sup>[2]</sup> Access control actions taken on a given location.
  - **Risk PRO** Highest priority risk level mapped to a given location.
  - **MIP Label PRO** MIP sensitivity label applied to a given location.
  - **Classification Status PRO** Classification status of the MIP sensitivity label (e.g. Discovered, Classified, Policy-based) applied to a given location.
- 4. Click on the match location to bring up the Match Inspector. The Match Inspector window opens as a right-side panel with the window header showing the path of the selected match location.

**Tip:** Hover over and drag the **i** icon to resize the Match Inspector window.

- 5. In the Match Inspector window, review the information in the **Details**, [match count], **Risk Profiles**, and **Access** tabs.
  - To view the list of match samples, click the > icon next to the data type category. The maximum number of match samples that can be displayed is 1000.

To view the match count breakdown for each data type, click **See breakdown**. The data types are sorted by match count in descending order.

- To expand the list of the data type match count breakdown in the match preview, click View all data types ✓. The data types are sorted by match count in descending order.

See Investigate Page User Interface - Match Inspector Tabs for more information on the details displayed in each tab.

Note: Match preview may not be available for some of the detected matches; these are listed under the **Not shown in preview** section (grouped by data type category).

**Tip:** In the [**match count**] tab, you can hide the match breakdown panel to make more space for the match preview by clicking the **⊡** icon. Click the **⊡** icon to view the match breakdown panel again.

#### Info: Contextual data

Contextual data is the data surrounding the matches found in a match location. Reviewing contextual data may be helpful in determining if the match itself is genuine, since matches are always masked dynamically when presented on the Web Console.

To display contextual data around matches, make sure this option is selected when you schedule a scan.

Scanning EBCDIC-based systems can be enabled in Data Type Profiles.

- 6. Evaluate the remediation options. See Remediation for more information.
- <sup>[2]</sup> This feature is only available when Data Access Management is enabled.

## TRASH LOCATIONS

You can use the **Trash Locations** function to remove scan results for Targets or selected match locations by applying the location filters.

Using the **Trash Locations** button to remove scan results does not delete the actual match data on the Target. If no remedial action was taken, the scan results that were trashed would be detected as match locations if a scan is executed again on the Target.

To delete scan results:

- 1. (Optional) In the **Investigate** page, select one or more filters in the **Filter Locations by** panel and click **Apply Filter** to display specific Targets and match locations in the results grid.
- 2. In the results grid, select the Targets or match locations.
- 3. Click the **Trash Locations** button **1** Trash Locations to remove scan results

for the selected Targets or match locations.

- 4. Enter a name in the Confirm Removal of Data Type field.
- 5. Click Confirm.

## **EXPORT MATCH REPORTS**

You can generate a CSV report of the match results and locations that are selected in the results grid of the **Investigate** page. See Match Report for more information.

## **VIEW INACCESSIBLE LOCATIONS**

When **ER2** encounters any error when accessing files, folders and drives on a Target during a scan, they are logged as **Inaccessible Locations** with the following information:

Column Header	Description
Location	Full path or location of the inaccessible location.
Severity	Severity level (Critical $0$ , Error $A$ , Notice $0$ , Intervention $0$ ) for the inaccessible location.
Description	Error message or details about the inaccessible location.
Logged	Timestamp when the inaccessible location was logged.

The log of inaccessible locations should be reviewed to ensure there are no issues in the scan setup, such as scanning a Target using credentials with insufficient permissions.

To view the log of inaccessible locations for a Target:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 3. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 4. Select Inaccessible Locations from the drop-down menu.

You can also view the list of inaccessible locations from the Targets page.

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# **ADVANCED FILTERS**

This section covers the following:

- Overview
- Displaying Matches While Using Advanced Filters
- Using The Advanced Filter Manager
- Writing Expressions
- Expressions That Check For Data Types
  - Data Type Presence Check
  - Data Type Count Comparison Operators
  - Data Type Function Check
  - Data Type Sets
- Logical and Grouping Operators
  - Logical Operators
  - Grouping Operators
- Remediating Matches While Using Advanced Filters

## **OVERVIEW**

There are situations where a certain combination of data types can provide more meaningful insight for matches found during the scans. Specifically, during analysis of scan results, such combinations can be helpful when attempting to eliminate false positive matches while at the same time homing in on positive matches with greater confidence.

For example, consider a situation where a scanned location A has matches for phone numbers, scanned location B has matches for email addresses, while scanned location C has matches for both email addresses, and phone numbers.

In the example above, it is more likely that location C would actually have Personally Identifiable Information (PII) targeted at an individual compared to locations A and B alone. This is because location C contains two items of data that can be related to an individual. We can use **Advanced Filters** to display such locations.

### DISPLAYING MATCHES WHILE USING ADVANCED FILTERS

To view match locations that fulfill the conditions defined in an Advanced Filter:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Investigate.
- 3. In the Filter Locations By or Filter panel, click on Advanced Filters.
- 4. Select one or more **Advanced Filter** rules to display specific match locations.

## **USING THE ADVANCED FILTER MANAGER**

Use the Advanced Filter Manager to:

- 1. Add an Advanced Filter
- 2. Update an Advanced Filter
- 3. Delete an Advanced Filter

#### Add an Advanced Filter

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Investigate.
- 3. In the Filter Locations By or Filter panel, click on Advanced Filters.
- 4. Click on **Manage** to open the **Advanced Filter Manager**.
- 5. In the Filter name field, provide a meaningful label for the Advanced Filter.
- 6. In the **Filter expression** panel, define expressions for the **Advanced Filter**. See Writing Expressions for more information.
- 7. Click **Save Changes**. The newly created filter will be added to the list on the left.

#### Update an Advanced Filter

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Investigate.
- 3. In the Filter Locations By or Filter panel, click on Advanced Filters.
- 4. Click on **Manage** to open the **Advanced Filter Manager**.
- 5. Select an **Advanced Filter** from the list.
- 6. Edit the filter name or expression for the **Advanced Filter**. See Writing Expressions for more information.
- 7. Click Save Changes.

#### **Delete an Advanced Filter**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Investigate.
- 3. In the Filter Locations By or Filter panel, click on Advanced Filters.
- 4. Click on **Manage** to open the **Advanced Filter Manager**.
- 5. Select an Advanced Filter from the list.
- 6. Click the trash bin  $\frac{1}{2}$  icon next to the filter name.
- 7. Click Yes to delete the Advanced Filter.

## WRITING EXPRESSIONS

Each **Advanced Filter** is defined using one or more expressions which are entered in the editor panel of the **Advanced Filter Manager**. There are a few basic rules to follow when writing expressions:

- An expression consists of one or more data type names combined with operators or functions, and is terminated by a new line.
  - 1 [Visa] and [Mastercard]
  - 2 [Passport Number]

In the example above, line 1 and line 2 are evaluated as separate expressions and is equivalent to defining two separate filters with one line each. New line separators are interpreted as **OR** statements. See Logical Operators for more information.

• Each expression evaluates to either a TRUE or FALSE value. If an expression

in a filter evaluates to **TRUE** for a given match location then that match location is displayed.

- Expressions are evaluated in order of occurrence. When an expression is evaluated and returns a positive result (TRUE), the match location is marked for display and no further expressions are evaluated for that filter.
  - 1 [United States Social Security Number]
  - 2 [United States Telephone Number] AND [Personal Names (English)]

In the example above, a given match location is first checked for the presence of a **United States Social Security Number**. If a **United States Social Security Number** is found, line 1 evaluates to **TRUE** and subsequent lines are skipped. If no **United States Social Security Number** match is found, line 1 evaluates to **FALSE** and the match location is then checked for a combined presence of **United States Telephone Number** and **Personal Names (English)** matches.

- For readability, a single expression can be split across multiple lines by ending a line with a backslash \\ character.
  - 1 [Visa] AND \
  - 2 [Mastercard] OR \
  - 3 [Discover]
- Comments are marked by a hash *#* character and extend to the end of the line. Comments can start at the beginning or in the middle of a line, and can also appear after a line split. All comments are ignored by the Advanced Filters during evaluation.
  - 1 # This is a comment
  - 2 [Visa] AND \ # Look for Visa
  - 3 [Mastercard] OR \ # Look for Mastercard
  - 4 [Discover] # Look for Discover
- White spaces are optional when defining expressions unless they are required to separate keywords or literals.
  - 1 [Visa] AND MATCH(2, [Login credentials], [IP Address], [Email addresses])
  - 2 # line 1 can also be written as line 3
  - 3 [ Visa ] AND MATCH(2, [ Login credentials ], [ IP Address ], [ Email addresses ])

## **EXPRESSIONS THAT CHECK FOR DATA TYPES**

The simplest **Advanced Filter** expression is one that checks for the presence of a specific data type match in a scanned location. This is called a Data Type Presence Check.

You can find a full list of built-in data types and their names when you Add a Data Type Profile. These data type names:

- Are case sensitive.
- Must be enclosed in square brackets
   [].
- Have robust and relaxed variants. If not specified, the relaxed mode is used. For example, the Belgian eID data type has the Belgian eID (robust) and Belgian eID (relaxed) variants. ER2 defaults to using Belgian eID (relaxed) if you don't specify the variant to use.

The **Advanced Filter** editor has an AutoComplete feature that helps you with data type names. To use AutoComplete, press the [ key and start typing the data type name to include in your expression.

The AutoComplete feature only lists the data types that have matches for your Target, but you can still define data type names that have not matched in your **Advanced Filter** expressions.

#### **Data Type Presence Check**

Checks for the presence of a data type in a match location.

#### **Syntax**

[<Data Type>]

#### Example 1

1 [Personal Names (English)]

Example 1 lists match locations that contain at least one **Personal Names (English)** match.

#### Example 2

1 NOT [Visa]

Example 2 lists match locations that are not Visa data type matches.

#### **Data Type Count Comparison Operators**

Use comparison operators to determine if the match count for a data type meets a specific criteria.

#### **Syntax**

[<Data Type>] <operator> n

n is any positive integer, e.g. 0, 1, 2, , n.

#### **Operators**

Comparison Operator	Description
[ <data type="">] &lt; <b>n</b></data>	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if the match count for the Data Type is less than <b>n</b> for the match location.
[ <data type="">] &gt; n</data>	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if the match count for the Data Type is greater than <b>n</b> for the match location.
[ <data type="">] &lt;= <b>n</b></data>	Evaluates to $\mathbf{TRUE}$ if the match count for the Data Type is less than or equal to $\mathbf{n}$ for the match location.
[ <data type="">] &gt;= <b>n</b></data>	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if the match count for the Data Type is greater than or equal to <b>n</b> for the match location.
[ <data type="">] = n</data>	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if the match count for the Data Type is exactly <b>n</b> for the match location.
[ <data type="">] != n</data>	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if the match count for the Data Type is anything except <b>n</b> for the match location.

#### Example 3

1 [Personal Names (English)] >= 2

Example 3 lists match locations that contain at least two **Personal Names (English)** matches.

#### Example 4

- 1 [Login credentials] < 3
- 2 [Email addresses] = 0

Example 4 lists match locations that contain less than three Login credentials matches or contains no Email addresses.

#### **Data Type Function Check**

**MATCH** function checks for the presence of  $\mathbf{n}$  unique data types from a list of provided data types, where the number of provided data types has to be greater or equal to  $\mathbf{n}$ .

#### **Syntax**

MATCH(n, [<Data Type 1>], [<Data Type 2>], , [<Data Type N>])

 ${f n}$  is any positive integer, e.g. 0, 1, 2, ,  ${f n}$ .

#### Example 5

1 MATCH(2, [Visa], [Mastercard], [Troy], [Discover])

Example 5 checks match locations for Visa, Mastercard, Troy, and Discover matches, and only lists a match location if it contains at least two (n=2) of the four data types specified. In this example:

- A match location that contains one Visa match and one Troy match will be listed.
- A match location that contains **Mastercard** matches but does not contain any **Visa**, **Troy** or **Discover** matches will not be listed.

#### Data Type Sets

Use **SET** to define a collection of data types that can be referenced from the **MATCH** function.

#### **Syntax**

SET <set identifier> ([<Data Type 1>], [<Data Type 2>], , [<Data Type N>])

When defining a **SET**, follow these rules:

- A SET definition is a standalone expression and cannot be combined with any other statements in the same expression.
- SET must be defined before any expression that references it.
- SET identifiers are case sensitive.

#### Example 6

- 1 SET CHD\_Data ([Visa], [Mastercard], [Troy], [Discover])
- 2 MATCH (2, CHD\_Data)

Example 6 defines a set of data types named CHD\_Data in line 1. It then uses a **MATCH** function call to check scanned locations for the presence of matches for the data types specified in the CHD\_Data set. Any scanned location that contains at least two of the data types specified in the CHD\_Data set will be returned as a matched location. The following locations will be returned by the filter. In this example:

- A match location that contains one Visa match and one Troy match will be listed.
- A match location that contains one **Mastercard** match but does not contain any **Visa**, **Troy** or **Discover** matches will not be listed.
- A match location that contains two **Mastercard** matches but does not contain any **Visa**, **Troy** or **Discover** matches will not be listed.

## LOGICAL AND GROUPING OPERATORS

Use logical and grouping operators to write more complex expressions. Operator precedence and order of evaluation for these operators is similar to operator precedence in most other programming languages. When there are several operators of equal precedence on the same level, the expression is then evaluated based on operator associativity.

#### **Logical Operators**

You can use the logical operators **AND**, **OR** and **NOT** in **Advanced Filter** expressions. Logical operators are not case sensitive.

#### **Operators**

Operator	NOT	AND	OR
Precedence	1	2	3
Syntax	NOT a	a AND b	a OR b
Description	Negates the result of any term it is applied to.	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if both <b>a</b> and <b>b</b> are <b>TRUE</b> .	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if either <b>a</b> or <b>b</b> are <b>TRUE</b> .
Associativity	Right-to-left	Left-to-right	Left-to-right

#### Example 7

- 1 NOT [Visa]
- 2 [Login credentials] AND [Email addresses]

In Example 7, line 1 lists match locations that do not contain **Visa** matches. Line 2 lists match locations that contain at least one **Login credentials** match and at least one **Email addresses** match.

#### Example 8

1 [Australian Mailing Address] OR [Australian Telephone Number]

In Example 8, line 1 lists match locations that contain at least one Australian Mailing Address match or at least one Australian Telephone Number match.

Instead of writing a chain of **OR** operators, you can write a series of data type presence checks to keep your expression readable. For example, Example 8 can be rewritten as:

- 1 [Australian Mailing Address]
- 2 [Australian Telephone Number]

#### Example 9

1 [Email addresses] > 1 AND [IP Address] AND NOT [Passport Number]

Example 9 lists match locations that contain more than one **Email addresses** match and at least one **IP Address** match, but only if those match locations do not contain any **Passport Number** matches.

#### **Grouping Operators**

Grouping operators can be used to combine a number of statements into a single logical statement, or to alter the precedence of operations. Group statements by surrounding them with parentheses ().

#### Syntax

()

#### Example 10

1 NOT ([SWIFT Code] AND [International Bank Account Number (IBAN)])

For Example 10, the filter displays match locations that do not contain both SWIFT Code and International Bank Account Number (IBAN) matches. Match locations that meet any of the following conditions will be displayed for this filter:

- Contains no SWIFT Code and no International Bank Account Number (IBAN).
- Contains SWIFT Code but no International Bank Account Number (IBAN).
- Contains International Bank Account Number (IBAN) but no SWIFT Code.

#### Example 11

1 [License Number] OR [Personal Names (English)] AND [Date Of Birth]

In Example 11, scanned locations are checked if they contain:

- At least one Personal Names (English) and at least one Date of Birth match, or
- At least one License Number match.

Because the **AND** operator has a higher precedence than the **OR** operator, the **AND** operation in **[Personal Names (English)] AND [Date Of Birth]** is evaluated first.

The below expression is equivalent to Example 11. While Example 11 uses implicit operator precedence, this example uses it explicitly:

1 [License Number] OR ([Personal Names (English)] AND [Date Of Birth])

#### Example 12

1 ([License Number] OR [Personal Names (English)]) AND [Date Of Birth]

Example 12 shows how the operator precedence from Example 11 can be modified with grouping operators. Match locations that meet any of the following conditions will be displayed for this filter:

- Contain at least one Date Of Birth and one License Number.
- Contain at least one Date Of Birth and one Personal Names (English).

# REMEDIATING MATCHES WHILE USING ADVANCED FILTERS

When performing remediation on selected matches, **Advanced Filters** are ignored. To change the scope of remedial action, restrict the number of match locations selected with the location filters.

See Filter Targets and Locations and Remedial Action for more information.

# DATA CLASSIFICATION WITH MIP

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

This section covers the following:

- Overview
- How Data Classification with MIP Works
- Requirements
- Supported File Types
- Install the MIP Runtime Package
- Configuring Data Classification with MIP
  - Generate a Client ID
  - Generate a Client Secret Key
  - Set Up MIP Credentials
  - Update MIP Credentials
- Disable Data Classification with MIP
- View Classification Status
- Apply or Remove Classification

## **OVERVIEW**

Enterprise Recon seamlessly integrates with Microsoft Information Protection (MIP), enabling you to leverage the sensitive data discovery capabilities in **ER2** to better classify, label, and protect sensitive data across your organization.

Once MIP integration is configured, you can view the sensitivity labels for match locations in the Investigate page. The filtering feature lets you easily select match locations with specific classification labels, and take the appropriate remediation or access control action to secure the data.

Sensitivity labels defined by your organization can be applied to supported match locations from the Enterprise Recon web interface and API. This metadata can be propagated to external services, such as data loss prevention (DLP) solutions, to implement additional controls to complete your organization's information protection strategy.

See How Data Classification with MIP Works, Requirements and Supported File Types for more information.

## HOW DATA CLASSIFICATION WITH MIP WORKS



To integrate Enterprise Recon Data Classification with MIP, you must first perform the required configuration in Microsoft 365, and Set Up MIP Credentials from Settings > Analysis > Classification in ER2. When the Retrieve button is clicked, the selected Windows Agent verifies the credentials by attempting to retrieve the MIP labels published to the provided Microsoft 365 user. The MIP credentials are only stored if the MIP labels are retrieved successfully.

Upon successful configuration of MIP credentials in **ER2**, MIP label information will be returned in subsequent scans for supported Target locations. **ER2** users can then navigate to the Investigate page to view, apply, modify, or remove the MIP classification for match locations.

**ER2** periodically retrieves the MIP sensitivity labels every eight hours to always maintain up-to-date information in the datastore. You can trigger a manual refresh of the MIP sensitivity label list by going to **Settings** > **Analysis** > **Classification** and clicking on the **Retrieve** button. The latest classification information will automatically be reflected for match locations in the Investigate page.

## REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description	
License	Enterprise Recon PRO license.	
Master Server	Version 2.5.0 and above.	
Node Agents	64-/32-bit Windows Agents, version 2.5.0 and above.	

Requirements	Description	
MIP Runtime Package	64-/32-bit MIP runtime package (e.g. er2_2.x.x-windows-xxx_mip-ru ntime.msi ). Select a MIP runtime installer with the same computing architecture (64-/32-bit) as the installed Windows Agent. For example, if you have installed a 64-bit Windows Agent, select and install the 64-bit MIP runtime installer. See Install the MIP Runtime Package for more information.	
Scan Modes	<ul> <li>Data Classification with MIP is supported for match locations that were scanned as:</li> <li>Local storage scans with a locally installed Windows Node Agent, or</li> <li>Network storage scans via a Windows Proxy Agent - only supported for Windows Share Targets.</li> </ul>	
Operating Systems	Data Classification with MIP is supported on all 64-/32-bit Windows versions currently supported by Microsoft.	
File Types	See Supported File Types for more information.	
User Permissions	<ul> <li>Manage MIP Credentials</li> <li>Global Admin and Classification Admin users have permissions to set up and modify the MIP credentials in the Settings &gt; Analysis &gt; Classification page. See Global Permissions for more information.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Classify Sensitive Data</li> <li>Global Admin users can manually assign classification labels to all Targets and locations from the Investigate page.</li> <li>Classification Admin users can manually assign classification labels to all Targets and locations for which they have permissions to in the Investigate page.</li> <li>All users can manually assign classification labels to Targets and locations for which they are granted Classification Resource Permissions.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>View MIP Classification Labels</li> <li>Users with access to the Investigate page can view the sensitivity label of locations for which they have Resource Permissions to.</li> </ul>	

## SUPPORTED FILE TYPES

Enterprise Recon MIP integration supports the following file types:

Classification Action	File Types
--------------------------	------------

Classification Action	File Types	
Apply classification labels (without encryption)	<ul> <li>All file types supported by the MIP SDK for classification only</li> <li>All file types that support metadata elements</li> </ul>	
Apply classification labels (with encryption) that require file	<ul> <li>All file types supported by the MIP SDK for classification only</li> <li>All file types that support metadata elements</li> <li>All other file types</li> </ul>	
protection	Note: Original file types (and their corresponding file extensions) may change after applying classification labels (with encryption) that require file protection. See Supported file types for classification and protection for more information.	

See Microsoft 365 - Learn about sensitivity labels for more information.

## **INSTALL THE MIP RUNTIME PACKAGE**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to **Settings 🌣** > **Agents** > **Node Agent Downloads**.
- 3. On the **Node Agent Downloads** page, download the appropriate Windows MIP runtime package (e.g. er2\_2.x.x-windows-xxx\_mip-runtime.msi). Select a MIP runtime package installer with the same computing architecture (64-/32-bit) as the installed Windows Agent.
- 4. (Optional) Verify the checksum of the downloaded Node Agent package file.
- 5. Run the downloaded installer on the same host as the installed Windows Agent and click **Next** >.
- 6. In the Choose Setup Type dialog, select Install.
- 7. In the Ready to Install dialog, select Install.
- 8. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

See MIP Runtime Package Upgrade for more information.

## **CONFIGURING DATA CLASSIFICATION WITH MIP**

To integrate MIP Classification in ER2, you must:

- 1. Have a valid Office 365 subscription.
- 2. Generate a Client ID.
- 3. Generate a Client Secret Key.
- 4. Set Up MIP Credentials.

#### Generate a Client ID

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the App registrations page, click on + New registration.
- 3. In the **Register an application** page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Name	Enter a descriptive display name for <b>ER2</b> . For example, Enterprise Recon.
Supported account types	Select Accounts in this organizational directory only.

- 4. Click **Register**. A dialog box appears, displaying the overview for the newly registered app, "Enterprise Recon".
- 5. Take down the values for the **Application (client) ID**. This will be required to Set Up MIP Credentials.
- 6. In the Manage panel, click API permissions.
- 7. In the **Configured permissions** section, click **+ Add a permission**.
- 8. In the **Request API permissions** page, search and select the following permissions for the "Enterprise Recon: app:

API Permission	Notes
Microsoft APIs > Azure Rights Management Services > Delegated Permissions	Check the user_impersonation permission.
APIs my organization uses > Microsoft Information Protection Sync Service > Delegated Permissions	Check the <b>UnifiedPolicy.User.Read</b> permission.

- 9. Click Add permissions.
- 10. In the **Configured permissions** page, click on **Grant admin consent for** <organization name>.
- 11. In the **Permissions requested Accept for your organization** window, click **Accept**. The **Status** column for all the newly added API permissions will be updated to "Granted for <organization name>".

#### Generate a Client Secret Key

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owner applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered when generating a Client ID. For example, "Enterprise Recon".
- 3. In the Manage panel, click Certificates & secrets.
- 4. In the Client secrets section, click + New client secret.
- 5. In the Add a client secret page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Description	Enter a descriptive label for the Client Secret key.
Expires	Select a validity period for the Client Secret key.

6. Click Add. The Value column will contain the Client Secret key.

Client secrets			
A secret string that the application use	es to prove its identity when req	uesting a token. Also can be referred to as application passwo	ord.
+ New client secret			
Description	Expires	Value	
ER2	1/13/2021	this-is-a-secretKeyExample-12345	D 📋
4			•

7. Copy and save the **Client Secret** key to a secure location. This will be required when you Set Up MIP Credentials.

Note: Save your **Client Secret** key in a secure location. You cannot access this Client Secret key once you navigate away from the page.

#### Set Up MIP Credentials

Users with Global Admin and Classification Admin global permissions can set up the MIP credentials in the **Settings 🌣** > **Analysis** > **Classification** page.

Note: Microsoft Information Protection ("MIP") helps to discover, classify, and protect sensitive information wherever it lives or travels ("MIP Classification Functions"). By choosing to connect Enterprise Recon ("ER") to MIP, you are also agreeing to send error and performance data, including information about the configuration of your software like the software you are currently running and your IP address ("Data"), to Microsoft over the internet. Microsoft uses this Data to provide and improve the quality, security and integrity of Microsoft products and services. For more information on how Microsoft uses this Data, please read the Microsoft Privacy Statement. When turned off, the MIP Classification Functions will not be available through ER.

To set up MIP credentials:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Analysis > Classification.
- 3. Set the toggle button to **On**.
- 4. In the Microsoft Information Protection (MIP) section, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Login ID	Enter the Microsoft 365 user account that will be used for classification. For example, enterprise-recon- user@example.onmicrosoft.com.
	Sensitivity labels that can be retrieved by <b>ER2</b> depends on the labels that are available in label policies published to the specified user.
	▶ Note: The Data Classification with MIP feature in <b>ER2</b> does not support user accounts with two-factor authentication (2FA) enabled. You are recommended to use a Microsoft service account that does not require 2FA to be enabled when setting up the MIP credentials.
App ID	Enter the <b>Application (client) ID</b> value obtained when generating a Client ID. For example, myAppld-example-enterpri serecon-1234.

Field	Description
App Secret	Enter the <b>Client Secret</b> key value obtained when generating a Client Secret Key. For example, myAppSecretKey- enterpriserecon-123.
Password	Enter the password of the user specified in the Login ID field.
Agent	Select a Windows Agent with direct internet access. The selected Windows Agent will be used to retrieve classification labels that are published to the user specified in the <b>Login ID</b> field.

5. Click **Retrieve** to verify the MIP credentials and retrieve the sensitivity labels published to the user specified in the **Login ID** field. MIP credentials are saved (and overwritten) upon successful authentication.

Note: The **Retrieve** button will only be enabled when there is at least one suitable Windows Agent that is available and connected to the Master Server.

#### **Update MIP Credentials**

Users with Global Admin and Classification Admin global permissions can modify the MIP credentials configured in **ER2**.

To modify the MIP credentials:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Analysis > Classification.
- 3. In the Microsoft Information Protection (MIP) section, edit the following fields:

Field	Description
Login ID	Enter the Microsoft 365 user account that will be used for classification. For example, enterprise-recon- user@example.onmicrosoft.com.
	Sensitivity labels that can be retrieved by <b>ER2</b> depends on the labels that are available in label policies published to the specified user.
	▶ Note: The Data Classification with MIP feature in <b>ER2</b> does not support user accounts with two-factor authentication (2FA) enabled. You are recommended to use a Microsoft service account that does not require 2FA to be enabled when setting up the MIP credentials.
App ID	Enter the <b>Application (client) ID</b> value obtained when generating a Client ID. For example, myAppld-example-enterpri serecon-1234.
App Secret	Enter the <b>Client Secret</b> key value obtained when generating a Client Secret Key. For example, myAppSecretKey- enterpriserecon-123.
Password	Enter the password of the user specified in the Login ID field.

Field	Description
Agent	Select a Windows Agent with direct internet access. The selected Windows Agent will be used to retrieve classification labels that are published to the user specified in the <b>Login ID</b> field.

4. Click **Retrieve** to verify the updated MIP credentials and retrieve the sensitivity labels published to the user specified in the **Login ID** field. MIP credentials are saved (and overwritten) upon successful authentication.

**Note:** The **Retrieve** button will only be enabled when there is at least one suitable Windows Agent that is available and connected to the Master Server.

## **DISABLE DATA CLASSIFICATION WITH MIP**

To disable Data Classification integration with MIP:

- 1. Go to Settings 🌣 > Analysis > Classification.
- 2. Set the toggle button to Off.

## **VIEW CLASSIFICATION STATUS**

In the Investigate results grid, the MIP Classification status for a supported match location is reflected in the following columns:

Column	Description	Examples
MIP Label	Displays the latest MIP sensitivity label applied to the location. If the MIP sensitivity label for a location is applied or modified using <b>ER2</b> , a notification icon is will be displayed in this column.	Confidential , Pu blic
	<b>1</b> Info: If the last-known MIP sensitivity label for a location no longer corresponds to an active or valid label, the <b>MIP Label</b> column displays the label ID.	
Classification Type	<ul> <li>If the location has any MIP sensitivity label applied, this column indicates if the label was</li> <li>manually applied in ER2 (Classified), or</li> <li>applied outside of ER2 (Discovered).</li> </ul>	Classified , Disco vered
Status	Displays the status of the most recent Remediation, Access Control, or Classification action performed on the location.	Pending label modi fication, MIP label modified

## **APPLY OR REMOVE CLASSIFICATION**

You can manually apply or remove the sensitivity classification of a supported match location in **ER2**.

#### **Tip:** The **Classify** button will be disabled if:

- Data Classification integration with MIP is disabled, or
- Unsupported Target locations are selected, or
- The user does not have permissions to perform classification actions on one or more selected match locations.

To manually apply or modify the MIP sensitivity label associated with a match location:

- 1. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 2. Select the match location(s) that you want to apply or modify the MIP classification labels for.

▲ Warning: A file that is applied with a classification label with protection settings (encryption) can only be decrypted by users that are authorized by the label's encryption settings.

- 3. Click the **Classify** button to bring up the **Classify locations with a Sensitivity Label (MIP)** dialog box.
- 4. Select a sensitivity label from the dropdown menu to be applied to or modified for the match location(s).
- 5. Enter a name in the **Please sign-off to confirm label modification** field.
- 6. Enter a reason in the **Reason** field.
- 7. Click **Ok** to classify the match location(s) with the selected MIP sensitivity label. Otherwise click **Cancel** to cancel the data classification operation.

To manually remove the MIP sensitivity label associated with a match location:

- 1. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 2. Select the match location(s) that you want to apply or modify the MIP classification labels for.
- 3. Click the **Classify** button to bring up the **Classify locations with a Sensitivity Label (MIP)** dialog box.
- 4. Select **Remove sensitivity label** from the dropdown menu.
- 5. Enter a name in the **Please sign-off to confirm label modification** field.
- 6. Enter a reason in the **Reason** field.
- 7. Click **Ok** to remove the classification for the match location(s). Otherwise click **Cancel** to cancel the data classification operation.

## MIP RUNTIME PACKAGE UPGRADE

Upgrade the **ER2** Master Server and MIP Runtime Package to the corresponding version to use the features below.

Please see Install the MIP Runtime Package for details on upgrading the MIP Runtime Package.

Feature	Agent Platform	Agent Version
<b>Fix</b> : <b>PRO</b> "File Modified" metadata information would be incorrectly updated when applying MIP classification labels to supported file types via the Enterprise Recon web UI and API.	Windows	2.11
<b>Feature</b> : <b>PRO</b> The Data Classification with MIP feature has been updated to the latest version of Microsoft Information Protection SDK.	Windows	2.7
<b>Fix</b> : <b>PRO</b> "File Created" metadata information would be incorrectly updated when applying MIP classification labels to supported file types via the Enterprise Recon web UI and API.	Windows	2.7
<b>Feature</b> : <b>PRO</b> The Data Classification with MIP feature has been enhanced to (i) display clearer messaging when applying classification labels with encryption that require file protection, and (ii) support backward compatibility with earlier Agent versions. This enhancement also requires an Agent Upgrade.	Windows	2.4

# DATA ACCESS MANAGEMENT

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

This section covers the following:

- Overview
- Requirements
- Enable Data Access Management
- Disable Data Access Management
- View Access Status
  - View Access Permissions Details
- Manage and Control Data Access
  - Manage File Owner
  - Manage Permissions for Groups, Users, and User Classes
  - Access Control Actions

## **OVERVIEW**

Controlling access to sensitive and PII data is a key concept in many data protection regulations. After taking the first step of data discovery, identifying who has access to the data is necessary to understand the risk of exposure. For example, does everyone with permissions to view a file still require that access? Which files have open permissions (e.g. accessible by everyone in your organization)?

With the Data Access Management feature, users can easily:

- View and analyze the access permissions and ownership information for sensitive data locations, and
- Immediately take action to minimize risk by managing and controlling access to those locations from the Investigate page.

The Data Access Management feature is disabled by default for:

- New installations of ER2 with the Enterprise Recon PRO license, and
- Existing installations of **ER2** when upgrading from Enterprise Recon PCI or Enterprise Recon PII to an Enterprise Recon PRO license.

See Requirements and Enable Data Access Management for more information.

**Info: ER2** does not retrieve access permission information for all scanned locations; this data is only captured for locations that result in sensitive data matches when the Data Access Management feature is enabled.

Note: Access and permissions details will not be available for locations scanned with **ER 2.1** and prior. Upgrade the Master Server and Agents to version **2.2**, and rescan Targets to get access permissions information for match locations.

## REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
License	Enterprise Recon PRO license.
Master Server	Version 2.4 and above.
Agents	Version 2.4 and above.
File Systems	<b>ER2</b> will retrieve access permissions and ownership information for match locations in Windows NTFS, Linux / Unix and macOS file systems.
Scan Modes	<ul> <li>Data Access Management is supported for match locations that were scanned as:</li> <li>Local scans with a locally installed Node Agent.</li> <li>Agentless scans with Proxy Agents - requires WMI connectivity for Windows, and SSH connectivity for Linux / Unix Targets. See Agentless Scan Requirements for more information.</li> </ul>
User Permissions	<ul> <li>Enable Data Access Management</li> <li>System Manager users have permissions to enable the Data Access Management feature in the Settings &gt; Remediation &gt; PRO Settings page. See Enable Data Access Management and Global Permissions for more information.</li> <li>View match location permission details <ul> <li>Users with Report - Detailed Reporting resource permission are able to view match location permission details. See Resource Permissions for more information.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Manage permissions for the match location <ul> <li>Users with Access Control resource permission are able to manage permissions for the match location. See Resource Permissions for more information.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mote: A Global Admin user has administrative privileges to access and configure all ER2 resources and is therefore not included in the list above.</li> </ul>
Active Directory	<ul> <li>Active Directory (AD) must be set up and enabled in ER2 to:</li> <li>Retrieve detailed information on AD groups or users that have access permissions to a match location, and</li> <li>View the groups or users in the AD domain when managing and controlling access to those match locations.</li> <li>Tip: You can manage access permissions for AD groups or users by manually adding AD accounts using the <domain>\<groupname_or_username> format.</groupname_or_username></domain></li> </ul>
### **ENABLE DATA ACCESS MANAGEMENT**

When the Data Access Management feature is enabled, **ER2** retrieves access permissions and ownership information in scans for supported Target locations. Users can then navigate to the Investigate page to analyze these access details and take the appropriate access control action to secure access to these locations.

Users with Global Admin and System Manager permissions can enable the Data Access Management feature in the **Settings** > **Remediation** > **PRO Settings** page.

To enable Data Access Management:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. On the Settings \* > Remediation > PRO Settings page, go to the Data Access Management section.
- 3. Set the toggle button to **On**.

## **DISABLE DATA ACCESS MANAGEMENT**

Users with Global Admin and System Manager permissions can disable the Data Access Management feature in the **Settings \*** > **Remediation** > **PRO Settings** page.

Disabling the Data Access Management feature will result in the following:

- Access permissions information of all current match locations will not be viewable.
- Access permissions information will not be retrieved for match locations if the feature is disabled prior to the start of the scan.
- Access Control Actions will be unavailable.

To disable Data Access Management:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. On the Settings > Remediation > PRO Settings page, go to the Data Access Management section.
- 3. Set the toggle button to Off.

## **VIEW ACCESS STATUS**

In the **Investigate** results grid, the **Access** column displays the number of unique users that have any level of access permissions to the match location. If a group(s) has access permissions for the given location, unique group members will be calculated as part of the total Access count.

• **Tip:** When Data Access Management is enabled, **ER2** retrieves information on AD users and user groups every 24 hours at 00:00 AM to maintain up-to-date AD account information in the datastore. This may cause the reported Access count to be incorrect if there are newly created AD user groups with Access permissions to a match location.

To view updated Access count information, wait for the periodic update of AD account information and rerun a scan on the impacted match location(s).

There are two scenarios where "Everyone" instead of the unique user count will be displayed in the Access column.

- **Windows** This applies if the built-in group *Everyone* has access permissions to the match location.
- Unix and macOS This applies for match locations that have a non-zero value for the *Others* permission set.

Note: The Access count does not calculate users that belong to nested user groups.

If ownership or access permissions for a match location has been modified using **ER2**, a notification icon <sup>(2)</sup> will be displayed in the **Owner** or **Access** column accordingly. The status of the last access control action performed for a match location will be reflected in the **Access Control** column.

#### Example

"File-B.zip" is a match location that the following groups and users have permissions to:



The **Access** column will indicate "3" for "File-B.zip" as there are three unique users who have access to the match location:

- Administrator
- User-1
- User-2

"User-3" and "User-4" are not included in the total Access count as they belong to "Group-3", which is a nested group and child member of "Group-1".

#### **View Access Permissions Details**

Note: Access and permissions details will not be available for locations scanned with **ER 2.1** and prior. Upgrade the Master Server and Agents to version **2.2**, and rescan Targets to get access permissions information for match locations.

To view the list of groups, users, or user classes that have any level of access permissions for a match location:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 3. Click on the match location to bring up the Access panel.
- 4. The Access panel displays information about the owner, groups, users or user

classes (e.g. Owner, Group, Others) that have access to the match location, and the permissions associated with each group, user, or user class.

**1** Info: If a group or user with access permissions to a location is deleted from the Target system, the **Access** panel displays the ID instead of the group or user name.

## MANAGE AND CONTROL DATA ACCESS

There are several types of access control actions that can be taken on a match location, such as modifying file ownership properties, revoking access permissions for specific users or groups, and granting access to new users, groups, or user classes.

#### Manage File Owner

To modify the file owner property for a match location:

- 1. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 2. Select the match location(s) that you want to manage access permissions for.
- 3. Click the **Control Access** button to bring up the **Reassign Permissions** dialog box.
- 4. Click on **Change** next to the **File Owner** label to change the file ownership for the location.
- 5. Select a new file owner from the list of domain or local user accounts. Alternatively, enter a new user account in the input text field and click **Add**.
  - New domain account: <domain>\<username>
  - New local account: 
     username>
- 6. Enter a name in the **Please sign-off to confirm reassign** field.
- 7. Enter a reason in the **Reason** field.
- 8. Click Reassign.
- 9. (Optional) To reset all changes made to file permissions, click **Cancel** to cancel the operation.

#### **1** Info: Changing File Owner for Windows Locations

For Windows locations, using the **Change** option changes the "Owner" attribute of the file or folder to a new user, but does not automatically remove the existing access permissions (e.g. Execute, Read, Write) for the previous owner.

#### Manage Permissions for Groups, Users, and User Classes

To manage the access permissions for a match location:

- 1. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 2. Select the match location(s) that you want to manage access permissions for.
- 3. Click the **Control Access** button to bring up the **Reassign Permissions** dialog box.
- 4. In the Reassign Permissions dialog box, you can
  - Remove specific groups, users, or user classes
  - Modify the permissions for existing groups, users, or user classes
  - Grant permissions to new groups, users, or user classes
  - Keep or revoke permissions for existing groups, users, or user classes
- 5. Enter a name in the Please sign-off to confirm reassign field.

- 6. Enter a reason in the **Reason** field.
- 7. Click Reassign.
- 8. (Optional) To reset all changes made to file permissions, click **Cancel** to cancel the operation.
- **Tip:** The Control Access button will be disabled if:
  - A selected match location has been removed by another operation (e.g. remediation),
  - A selected match location is a nested object (e.g. a file within a ZIP archive) and not the parent object,
  - Match locations across different file systems (e.g. Windows NTFS, Unix/Linux, or macOS) are selected, or
  - Unsupported Target locations (e.g. databases, cloud Targets, emails etc) are selected.

#### **Access Control Actions**

Action	Description	Details
Remove Permissions	Remove existing groups, users, or user classes from having access permissions to the selected match location(s).	<ol> <li>Click the trash icon <sup>1</sup>/<sub>1</sub> for a selected group, user, or user class.</li> </ol>
Modify Permissions	Modify the permissions for existing groups, users, or user classes.	<ol> <li>Click the pencil icon for a selected group, user, or user class.</li> <li>Add (check) or remove (uncheck) specific permissions granted to the group, user, or user class.</li> <li>Click <b>Proceed</b>.</li> </ol>
Add Permissions ( <b>Change</b> )	Grant access permissions to new groups, users, or user classes.	<ol> <li>Click on Change next to the Groups/Users or Group label to change the groups, users, or user classes that have access permissions for the match location.</li> <li>Add (check) new groups, users, or user classes from the list of domain or local accounts. Alternatively, enter a new group or user in the input text field and click Add.         <ul> <li>New domain account: </li> <li>New domain account: </li> <li>New local account: </li> <li>New local account: </li> <li>Series</li> </ul> </li> <li>Click the pencil icon next to a newly added group, user, or user class.</li> <li>Add (check) or remove (uncheck) specific permissions granted to the group, user, or user class.</li> <li>Click Proceed.</li> </ol>
Reset Permissions (Keep / Keep existing permissions)	Reset all changes (e.g. delete, add, modify) made to the existing groups, users, or user classes with access permissions to the match location(s).	The <b>Keep</b> option does not affect the permissions for groups, users, or user classes added using the <b>Change</b> function.

Action	Description	Details
Action Revoke Permissions (Revoke)	Description Revoke permissions for all existing groups, users, or user classes with access permissions to the match location(s). Note: On Windows file systems, revoking permissions for a location where the "SYSTEM" account is a member of at least one group with existing access permissions to the match location can cause the location to become inaccessible to ER2. This may impact the ability to scan and remediate those locations successfully with ER2.	<ul> <li>Details</li> <li>The Revoke option does not remove the file owner permissions for the location.</li> <li>The Revoke option does not affect the permissions for groups, users, or user classes added using the Change function.</li> <li>Revoking Group permissions for a Unix / Linux file system location changes the Group to root with no permissions granted.</li> <li>Revoking Others permissions for a Unix / Linux file system location removes all permissions for the Others user class.</li> <li>Revoking Group permissions for a macOS file system location changes the Group to wheel with no permissions granted.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>granted.</li> <li>Revoking <b>Others</b> permissions for a macOS file system location removes all permissions for the Others user class.</li> </ul>

# **RISK SCORING AND LABELING**

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

This section covers the following:

- Overview
- How Risk Scoring and Labeling Works
- Requirements
- Managing Risk Profiles
  - Create a Risk Profile
  - Modify a Risk Profile
  - Delete a Risk Profile
  - Prioritize Risk Profiles

### **OVERVIEW**

Not all sensitive data findings are equal. Vulnerable systems that contain prohibited sensitive data need to be secured right away, while some may have already been acted upon and do not need immediate attention.

With the **Risk Scoring and Labeling** feature, you can create Risk Profiles configured with custom Rules, Labels, and Risk Scores (or Risk Levels) to classify the sensitive data discovered across your organization.

**ER2** automatically maps each sensitive data match location with the associated Risk Profiles and displays this information in the Investigate page, empowering you to focus and take action on the sensitive data findings that matter most.

See How Risk Scoring and Labeling Works for more information.

## HOW RISK SCORING AND LABELING WORKS



**ER2** Risk Profiles let you classify "Risk" for each sensitive data location as a combination of four factors:

Category	Description
Content	<ul><li>Combination of data types</li><li>Volume of sensitive data matches</li></ul>
Metadata	<ul><li>Access permissions</li><li>File owner, creation or modified date</li></ul>
Actions Taken	<ul> <li>Remediation and Access Control actions</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul><li>Target Group or Target</li><li>Target type</li></ul>

Each risk profile is assigned a risk classification (label) and risk score (e.g. Low, Medium, High), and can be manually reordered to prioritize the profiles that matter most to the organization.

**ER2** automatically maps the risk profiles to match locations and displays the corresponding risk label and score in the Investigate page. If a location matches the criteria for multiple risk profiles, the **Risk** column in the Investigate results grid reflects the risk profile with the highest priority, regardless of the risk level associated with the profile. Nested files or locations within archives are assigned individual risk scores, which will be reflected in the **Risk** column accordingly.

The "Risk" for a match location is not permanent: the Risk is calculated each time the Investigate page is loaded to reflect the latest Risk status. For example, the risk level associated with a match location may increase in severity when a Global Admin or Risk Admin user modifies the rules for a risk profile, or the match location maps to a newly-created risk profile with a higher priority, or a location may be classified as low risk and is mapped to a different profile once it has been remediated.

See Risk Scoring and Labeling Criteria for more information.

#### Example

Priority	Label	Level
1	Risk Profile 1	High
2	Risk Profile 2	Medium
3	Risk Profile 3	High
4	Risk Profile 4	Low

The table above shows a sample Risk Profile page with four risk profiles, ordered by priority. When the Investigate page is loaded, **ER2** calculates and maps a match location (File path D:\My-Data-Folder\File-A.text) to two risk profiles: "Risk Profile 2" and "Risk Profile 3".

Based on the priority defined in the Risk Profile page, the **Risk** column will display with the label of the highest-priority matching risk profile (Risk Profile 2). The highestpriority matching profile will also be reflected in the **Match Report** exported from the Investigate page.

To check the full set of risk profiles that are mapped to a location, click on:

- The risk color icon in the Risk column of the match location, or
- A match location to bring up the Match Inspector view.

## REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
License	Enterprise Recon PRO license.
Master Server	Version 2.3 and above.

Requirements	Description
User Permissions	<ul> <li>Manage Risk Profiles         <ul> <li>Risk Admin users have permissions to create, modify, delete or define the priority of Risk Profiles in the Settings &gt;             <li>Analysis &gt; Risk Profile page. See Global Permissions for more information.</li> <li>View Risk Profiles</li> </li></ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All users that are assigned any Global or Resource Permission can access the Settings &gt; Analysis &gt; Risk Profile page and view the Risk Profiles configured by Risk Admin users.</li> <li>View Risk Scores and Labels</li> </ul>
	Users can view the associated Risk Profile, Risk Label, Risk Score, and Risk Color of locations for which they have Remediate or Report Resource Permissions in the Investigate page.
	Note: A Global Admin user has administrative privileges to access and configure all <b>ER2</b> resources and is therefore not included in the list above.

### **MANAGING RISK PROFILES**

Users with Global Admin and Risk Admin global permissions can create, modify, delete or define the priority of Risk Profiles in the **Settings > Analysis > Risk Profile** page.

#### **Create a Risk Profile**

To create or add a new risk profile:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Analysis > Risk Profile.
- 3. Click the **New Profile** button in the left panel.
- 4. Assign a unique **Risk Label** to classify the risk profile.
- 5. Set the **Risk Level** or risk score (e.g. High, Medium, Low) for the risk profile.
- 6. Configure the rules for the profile. See Risk Scoring and Labeling Criteria for more information.
- 7. Click Save to add the new risk profile.

#### **Modify a Risk Profile**

To modify or update an existing risk profile:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Analysis > Risk Profile.
- 3. Click to select a risk profile in the left panel.
- 4. Click the edit icon 🖍 in the right panel.
- 5. Modify the risk label, risk level and/or risk rules for the profile as required. See Risk Scoring and Labeling Criteria for more information.
- 6. Click **Save** to update the risk profile.

#### **Delete a Risk Profile**

To delete or remove a risk profile:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings S > Analysis > Risk Profile.
   3. Click to select a risk profile in the left panel.

- Click the trash icon in the right panel.
   Click **Delete** in the "Delete Risk Profile" dialog box to confirm the deletion.

#### **Prioritize Risk Profiles**

In the Investigate results grid, the risk status displayed for a match location is the risk of the highest priority risk profile that maps to the location.

Risk profile priority can be ordered by the user to define the risk profile that takes precedence for reporting. This is managed by sorting the risk profiles in the **Risk Profile** page.

To set the priority of risk profiles:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Analysis > Risk Profile.
- 3. Click the Edit Priority button in the left panel.
- 4. Click and hold a risk profile, and drag it to a new position in the list. The topmost risk profile will have the highest priority, and the bottommost risk profile will have the lowest priority when a match location maps to the criteria of multiple risk profiles, regardless of the risk level.
- 5. Click **Save** to save, or **Cancel** to discard the changes.
- 6. The **Priority** column will reflect the latest priority of the risk profiles.

## RISK SCORING AND LABELING CRITERIA

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

This section covers the following:

- Overview
- Data Types Criteria
  - Match Count Rule
  - Contains or Does Not Contain Rule
  - Contains Any Rule
  - Logical and Grouping Operators
  - Data Types Criteria Example
- Metadata Criteria
- Risk Scoring and Labeling Criteria Example

### **OVERVIEW**

**ER2** risk profiles are defined as a combination of risk level with one or more criteria. Risk profiles are mapped to a location if the sensitive data location matches at least one rule for every defined criteria.

Criteria	Description
Data Types	Define the data type combination and rules that must be fulfilled for the sensitive data location to match to the risk profile. See Data Types Criteria for more information.
Location	Select the Group(s) or Target(s) that the risk profile applies to. If the <b>All Groups</b> option is selected, the risk profile will only be applicable to Target Groups that were available when the risk profile was created. Risk profiles are applicable to new Targets that are added to Target Groups that were selected when the risk profile was created.
Metadata	Define the metadata information that must exist for the match location. See Metadata Criteria for more information.
Access	Map the location to the risk profile if any of the specified groups or users have any form of access permissions to the location. Use the following format to add domain groups or user: <a href="https://www.commonstein.com"></a>
Operation	Select the operation status(es) associated with the match location. E.g. No Status, Confirmed Match, Unable to modify permission s.

See Risk Scoring and Labeling for more information.

## DATA TYPES CRITERIA

The Data Types criteria lets you specify data type rules as a combination of:

- ER2 built-in data types, custom data types and test data, and/or
- volume of sensitive data matches

that must be found in a location for it to be mapped to a risk profile.

Data type rules that are configured will be displayed as an expression within the **Data Types** section in the **Settings 🌣** > **Analysis** > **Risk Profile** page.

Info: If there are multiple custom data types that share the same label / identifier for a given ER2 instance, these will be listed as one entry under the Custom Data category in the [Select a Data Type] dropdown. These custom data types will be evaluated against the configured data type rules as a single data type.

Refer to your custom Data Type Profiles for details on the custom data types that are set up for your Master Server.

#### Match Count Rule

Field	Description		
Select a Data Type	Check the match volume of the selected <b>ER2</b> built-in data type, custom data type, and/or test data in the match location.		
[Comparison Operator]	Use comparison operators to determine if the match count for the data type meets a specific criteria.		
[Value]	Positive integer value to be evaluated against the comparison operator.		

#### Examples:

Select a Data Type	Comparison Operator	Value	Description
American Express	is equal to	2	Map the location to the risk profile if there are exactly 2 American Express data type matches.
United States National Provider Identifier (robust)	is greater or equal to	1	Map the location to the risk profile if there is at least 1 United States National Provider Identifier (robust) data type match.

Select a Data Type	Comparison Operator	Value	Description
SWIFT Code	is less than	10	Map the location to the risk profile if there are less than 10 SWIFT Code data type matches.

#### **Contains or Does Not Contain Rule**

Field	Description		
[Comparison Operator]	Check if the location has at least one, or no matches for the selected <b>ER2</b> built-in data type, custom data type, and/or test data.   Contains  Does not contain		
[Select a Data Type]	Data type to be evaluated against the comparison operator.		

#### Examples:

Comparison Operator	Select a Data Type	Description
Contains	American Express	Map the location to the risk profile if there is at least one American Express data type match.
Does not contain	SWIFT Code	Map the location to the risk profile if there are no SWIFT Code data type matches.

### **Contains Any Rule**

Field	Description
Operator	Contains any operator checks the presence of $n$ number of unique data types from the selected <b>ER2</b> built-in data type(s), custom data type(s) and/or test data, where the number of selected data types must be equal to or larger than $n$ .
Select a Data Type	Check the presence of the selected data type(s) in the match location.
[Value]	<i>n</i> number of unique data types, where <i>n</i> is any positive integer, e.g. 0, 1, 2, , <i>n</i> .

Examples:

Operator	Select a Data Type	Value	Description
Contains any	American Express, Visa, Mastercard, Discover	2	<ul> <li>Map the location to the risk profile if there is at least one match for at least two of the four selected data types. For example:</li> <li>Location contains at least one American Express and at least one Visa match.</li> <li>Location contains at least one match for American Express, Visa, Mastercard and Discover.</li> </ul>

#### Logical and Grouping Operators

You can combine multiple data type rules with logical and grouping operators to create complex data type criteria for the Risk Profile.

Operator precedence and order of evaluation for these operators is similar to operator precedence in most other programming languages. When there are several operators of equal precedence on the same level, the expression is then evaluated based on operator associativity.

#### **Logical Operators**

The following logical comparators can be applied to standalone data type rules, or a group of data type rules:

Operator	Precedence	Syntax	Description
NOT	1	NOT a	Negates the result of any term it is applied to.
AND	2	a AND b	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if both rule <i>a</i> and rule <i>b</i> are true.
OR	3	a <b>OR</b> b	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if either rule $a$ and rule $b$ are true.
AND NOT	-	a AND NOT b	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if rule $a$ is true, and rule $b$ is false.
OR NOT	-	a <b>OR NOT</b> b	Evaluates to <b>TRUE</b> if either rule $a$ is true, and rule $b$ is false.

#### **Grouping Operators**

Grouping operators can be used to combine a number of statements into a single logical statement, or to alter the precedence of operations.

You create a new group each time you create a new data type rule. You can manage the data type rules by clicking on the:

- **Group** icon 🖾 to group a data type rule with the rule or group preceding it, or
- Ungroup icon 🗔 to ungroup a data type rule from the rule or group preceding it, or

• **Delete** icon in to delete a specific data type rule.

#### Data Types Criteria Example

A Risk Admin creates four distinct data type rules for the "HIPAA Compliance" risk profile:

#	Data Type Rule	Description
1	Contains <b>United States Social Security Number</b> (robust)	Check if the location contains at least one <b>United States</b> <b>Social Security Number</b> (robust) data type match.
2	Contains any 3 data types from United States Health Insurance Claim Number (relaxed), United States Health Plan Identifier (relaxed), Date Of Birth, Email addresses, Personal Names (English)	Check if the location contains at least one match from at least three of the selected personal identifiable (PI) data types.
3	Contains any 1 data types from American Express, China Union Pay, Diners Club, Discover, JCB, Laser, Maestro, Mastercard, Private Label Card, Troy, Visa	Check if the location contains at least one match from any one of the selected cardholder data types.
4	Contains any 1 data types from Generic Bank Account Number, International Bank Account Number (IBAN)	Check if the location contains at least one match from any one of the selected bank account number data types.

For every data type rule created, the Risk Admin can define the logical operation and grouping relationship between the rules.

#### Example 1

	AND 🗸	î
Contains any 3 data type	es from Multiple selected	× 12
United States Health Insurance Cl Birth, Email addresses, Personal N	aim Number (relaxed), United States Health Plan Id James (English)	lentifier (relaxed), Date Of
Contains any 1 data type	AND V	
لـــــــا American Express, China Union Pa Troy, Visa	ay, Diners Club, Discover, JCB, Laser, Maestro, Mas	tercard, Private Label Card,
	OR 🗸	î
Contains any 1 data type	es from Multiple selected	~ <sup>1</sup>

In this example, all four data type rules are kept as separate groups. The **AND** operator is selected for rule #2 and rule #3, while the **OR** operator is set for rule #4.

In this configuration, a sensitive data match location will be mapped to the "HIPAA Compliance" risk profile if *either* condition 1 or condition 2 is fulfilled, where:

- 1. The match location contains:
  - At least one United States Social Security Number (robust) data type match, and
  - At least one match from at least three of the selected personal identifiable (PI) data types (United States Health Insurance Claim Number (relaxed), United States Health Plan Identifier (relaxed), Date Of Birth, Email addresses, Personal Names (English)), and
  - At least one match from any of the selected cardholder data types (American Express, China Union Pay, Diners Club, Discover, JCB, Laser, Maestro, Mastercard, Private Label Card, Troy, Visa).
- 2. The match contains at least one **Generic Bank Account Number** or **International Bank Account Number (IBAN)** data type match.

#### Example 2

Contains V	United State	es Social Security Nu	mber (robust)	~	
. <u></u>	_	AND	·]		Î
Contains any 3	data types from	n 🛛 Multiple selec	ted 🗸 🗸		1 년
United States Health	Insurance Claim N	umber (relaxed), Un	ted States Health Plan Identi	fier (relaxed), Date O	f
Birth, Email addresse	s, Personal Names	(English)			
	 Fi	AND	/		Î
Contains any 1	data types from	n Multiple selec	ted 🗸		1 년 1
American Express, C	hina Union Pay, Dir	ners Club, Discover,	JCB, Laser, Maestro, Masterc	ard, Private Label Ca	ırd,
Troy, Visa					
OR 🗸 Cont	ains any 1	data types from	Multiple selected	~	1-5

In this example, rule #4 is grouped with the preceding rule #3 with the **OR** operator. Rule #1 and rule #2 remain as separate rules with the **AND** operator selected for the relationship between the groups.

In this configuration, a sensitive data match location will be mapped to the "HIPAA Compliance" risk profile if *all* the following conditions are fulfilled, where the match location contains:

- 1. At least one **United States Social Security Number (robust)** data type match, <u>and</u>
- 2. At least one match from at least three of the selected personal identifiable (PI) data types (United States Health Insurance Claim Number (relaxed), United States Health Plan Identifier (relaxed), Date Of Birth, Email addresses, Personal Names (English)), and
- 3. At least one match from any of the selected cardholder data types (American Express, China Union Pay, Diners Club, Discover, JCB, Laser, Maestro, Mastercard, Private Label Card, Troy, Visa), or at least one match from the selected bank account number data types (Generic Bank Account Number, International Bank Account Number (IBAN)).

## **METADATA CRITERIA**

The **Metadata** criteria lets you specify the metadata information that must be present in a sensitive data location for it to be mapped to a risk profile.

Metadata	Description
Document	Map the location to the risk profile if the stored document metadata matches the criteria or values defined for the (i) document owner, (ii) document creation date, and / or (iii) document modified date.
Email	Map the email location to the risk profile if the stored email metadata matches the criteria or values defined for the (i) email sender, and / or (ii) date range for the email delivery.

Metadata	Description
Filesystem	Map the location to the risk profile if the stored filesystem metadata matches the criteria or values defined for the (i) filesystem owner, (ii) filesystem creation date, and / or (iii) filesystem modified date.

## **RISK SCORING AND LABELING CRITERIA EXAMPLE**

A Risk Admin creates a Risk Profile with the following configuration:

Field / Criteria	Value	
Risk Label	HIPAA Compliance (Strict)	
Risk Level	High	
Data Types	Contains       United States Social Security Number (robust)         AND         Contains any       3         data types from       Multiple selected         United States Health Insurance Claim Number (relaxed), United States Health Plan Identifier (relaxed), Date Of Birth, Email addresses, Personal Names (English)         AND         Contains any       1         data types from       Multiple selected         AND         Contains any       1         data types from       Multiple selected         American Express, China Union Pay, Diners Club, Discover, JCB, Laser, Maestro, Mastercard, Private Label Card, Troy, Visa         OR       Contains any       1         data types from       Multiple selected         Generic Bank Account Number, International Bank Account Number (IBAN)	
Operation	No Status, Confirmed Match, Unable to mask, Unable to quarant Unable to encrypt, Unable to delete, Unable to modify permission	ine, 1s

In this configuration, a sensitive data match location will be mapped to the "HIPAA Compliance (Strict)" risk profile with a **e** risk level if *all* the following criteria are fulfilled:

- 1. Data Types criteria
  - The match location contains at least one United States Social Security Number (robust) data type match, and
  - At least one match from at least three of the selected personal identifiable (PI) data types (United States Health Insurance Claim Number (relaxed), United States Health Plan Identifier (relaxed), Date Of Birth, Email addresses, Personal Names (English)), and
  - At least one match from any of the selected cardholder data types (American Express, China Union Pay, Diners Club, Discover, JCB, Laser, Maestro, Mastercard, Private Label Card, Troy, Visa), or
     At least one match from the selected bank account number data types (Generic Bank Account Number, International Bank Account Number)
- (IBAN)). 2. Operation criteria
  - The match location has any of the selected Operation statuses (No Status, Confirmed Match, Unable to mask, Unable to quarantine, Unable to encrypt, Unable to delete, Unable to modify permissions).

The "HIPAA Compliance (Strict)" risk profile may be mapped to all locations regardless

of the metadata or access permissions information reported by the location since no Location, Metadata and Access criteria was configured for the risk profile.

# **OPERATION LOG**

The Operation Log captures all remedial, access control **PRO** and classification **PRO** actions taken on a given Target.

Filter by	Location	User	Operation	Match Count	Timestamp	Sign-off
Enter name of user	File path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/Canada Unclaimed Assets.pdf->(pdf)	admin (Administrator)	🛕 Pending Mask	15 matches	Sep 09, 2020 13:09pm	admin - Mask remediate
] Reverse order	File path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/Canada Unclaimed Assets.pdf->(pdf)	admin (Administrator)	0 Unable to mask		Sep 09, 2020 13:34pm	admin - Mask remediate
O Reset Filters	File path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/googie-chrome- stable_current_amd64.deb->data.tar.xz->(xz/lzma2)- >./opt/googie/chrome/locales/cs.pak	admin (Administrator)	Permissions modified		Sep 09, 2020 13:34pm	admin - Write permission for Others
E Export Eog	File path /home/admin/Documents/PII-Data/google-chrome- stable_current_amd64.deb->data.tar.xz->(xz/lzma2)- >/oot/google/chrome/locales/da.pak	admin (Administrator)	Permissions modified		Sep 09, 2020 13:34pm	admin - Write permission for Others

There are several ways to view the **Operation Logs** for a Target.

#### **Targets**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Targets page.
- 3. Expand the group your Target resides in.
- 4. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 5. Select View Operation Log from the drop-down menu.

#### Investigate

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 3. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 4. Select **Operation Log** from the drop-down menu.

Each operation log entry contains the following information:

Property	Description
Location	Location of file where the remediation, access control or classification action was taken.
User	User that performed the remediation, access control or classification action.
Operation	Status of the most recent remediation, access control or classification action for the location.
Match Count	The number of matches in the file. Only applicable for remediation actions.
Timestamp	Month, day, year, and time of the remediation, access control or classification event.

Property	Description
Sign-off	Text entered into the <b>Sign-off</b> field when the remediation, access control or classification action was taken.
	<b>Note: ER2</b> uses two properties to log the source of the action: the <b>Sign-off</b> , and the name of the user account used.

You can modify or download the displayed list of operation logs using the following features:

Feature	Description	
Filter By > Date	Set a range of dates to only display logs from that period.	
Filter By > User	<ul> <li>play only remediation, access control and classification ents from a particular user account. Use the following format</li> <li>Manually added users: <a a="" href="mailto:&lt;ul&gt; &lt;li&gt;username&gt;&lt;/a&gt;&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Users imported using the Active Directory Manager: &lt;a href=" mailto:<=""></a></li> <li>ain&gt;\<username></username></li> </ul>	
Reverse order	By default, the logs display the newest remediation, access control or classification event first; uncheck this option to display the oldest event first.	
ഗ Reset Filters	Click this to reset filters applied to the logs.	
Export Log	Saves the filtered results of the operation log to a CSV file. Select the <b>Include access control details</b> checkbox to include information related to access control operations in the exported operation log.	

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# **API FRAMEWORK**

**PII PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PII and Enterprise Recon Pro Editions. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

Enterprise Recon PII and PRO are shipped with a comprehensive RESTful API framework that provides direct access to key resources and data sets in the Master Server, giving you the flexibility to transform how your organization interacts with **ER2**.

Using the **ER2** API, you can generate custom reports that display scan results to suit your organization's specific requirements, or retrieve detailed information on match locations to perform custom remediation actions on non-compliant Targets. Business as usual (BAU) compliance processes can also be automated. For example, develop a script to easily add thousands of Targets to the Master Server via the API, or export weekly activity logs to monitor Master Server events.

To get started on your Enterprise Recon API journey, check out the ER2 API Documentation.

# **ODBC REPORTING**

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

Enterprise Recon ODBC Reporting is a standard interface for integrating Enterprise Recon with ODBC-ready client applications, including Business Intelligence (BI) reporting tools such as Microsoft Power BI, Excel, SAP Crystal Reports, and more.

The ODBC Driver provides read-only connectivity to comprehensive Enterprise Recon data through a set of Data Tables that can be used to build tailored reports or dashboards to get valuable insight into the sensitive data risks across your organization. You also have the flexibility to programmatically extract Enterprise Recon data using your preferred ODBC command-line tools (e.g. Windows PowerShell).

The **ER2** ODBC Reporting feature supports common SQL commands, allowing you to execute custom SQL queries to retrieve only the data that you need.

To start connecting ODBC-aware applications to Enterprise Recon, check out the ER2 ODBC Reporting Documentation.

## SCAN LOCATIONS (TARGETS) OVERVIEW

To get started with the Targets in the **ER2** Web Console, see Targets Page.

To add a Target to **ER2**, see Add Targets.

To understand how Targets are licensed, see Licensing.

To manage credentials for Targets that require a user name and password, see Target Credentials.

# TARGETS PAGE

The **Targets** page displays the list of Targets added to **ER2**. Here, you can perform the following actions:

- Start a Scan
- Manage existing Targets
- Generate Reports

This section covers the following topics:

- Permissions
- List of Targets
  - Scan Status
  - Match Status
- Manage Targets
- Inaccessible Locations

### PERMISSIONS

A user must have at least Scan, Remediate or Report permissions to see a Target in the **Targets** page.

Targets	Comments	Searched 🗘	Matches	\$
DEFAULT GROUP		Searching 87.6%	All clear!	
DEBIAN-SERVER		Searching 87.6%	All clear!	¢-
🖨 All local files		Searching 87.6%	Not searched	View in Dashboard
All local process memory		7 minutes ago	All clear!	₽ View Report
► SERVERS		Searching 38.2%	All clear!	

To see all Targets, you must be a Global Admin or be explicitly assigned Scan, Remediate or Report permissions for all Targets.

To access features for managing a Target, you must have Global Admin or System Manager permissions.

For more information, see User Permissions.

### LIST OF TARGETS

The list of Targets displays the following details:

- Targets: Target names and location types.
- **Comments**: Additional information for Targets. Error messages are also displayed here.
- Searched: Scan Status and progress.
- Matches: Match Status.

Filter the list of targets by selecting criteria from the top-left. You can filter the list of Targets by:

- **Target Group**: Displays information only for selected Target Group. Defaults to "All Groups".
- **Specific Target**: Displays information only for the selected Target. Defaults to "All Targets".
- **Target Types**: Displays information only for selected Target types (e.g. "All local files"). Defaults to "All Types".

All Groups - / All Targets - / All Types -

nts Searched 💠 Matches
Searching 65.9% Ø All clear!
🐫 Searching 65.9% 🛛 🥝 All clear!
🐫 Searching 65.9% 🌗 Not searched
4 minutes ago 📀 All clear!
👙 Searching 0.0% 🛛 📀 All clear!
Searching 0.0% 9 Not searched
Never () Not searched
Searching 0.0% 9 Not searched
Searching 0.0% • Not searched
Searching 0.0% Intersected
👙 Searching 0.0% 🛛 📀 All clear!
Searching 0.0% 9 Not searched
< 1 minute ago 🛛 📀 All clear!

#### **Scan Status**

Scan Status	Description
Searching x.x%	Target is currently being scanned.
Manually paused at x.x%	Scan was paused in the Schedule Manager. See Scan Options for more information.
Automatically paused at x.x%	Scan was paused by an Automatic Pause Scan Window set up while scheduling a scan. See Automatic Pause Scan Window for more information.
Previously scanned	The length of time passed since the last scan.
Previously scanned with errors	The length of time passed since the last scan. The last scan finished with errors.

Scan Status	Description
Incomplete	<ul> <li>2 cannot find any data to scan in the Target ation. For example, a scanned location may be omplete when:</li> <li>Folder has no files</li> <li>Mailbox has no messages</li> <li>Mail server has no mailboxes</li> </ul>
	Note: Check configuration Check that your Target location is not empty and that your configuration is correct.
<b>Tip:</b> View the trace logs to troub	leshoot a scan. See Scan Trace Logs.

#### Match Status

Match Status	Description
Not searched	Target cannot be accessed, or has never been scanned.
Prohibited	Scanned locations contains prohibited PCI data, and must be remediated.
Matches	Scanned locations contain data that match patterns that have been identified as data privacy breaches.
Test	Scanned locations contains known test data patterns.
All clear!	No matches found. No remedial action required.

## **MANAGE TARGETS**

To manage a Target Group or Target, go to the right hand side of the selected Target Group or Target and click on the options gear **\$**.

Users with Global Admin permissions have administrative rights to perform all available actions to manage a Target or Target Group.

Users with Remediate and Report permissions can only **View in Dashboard** and **View Current Report** for their assigned Targets or Target groups.

Resource permissions and Global Permissions that are assigned to a user grants access to perform specific operations on the **Targets** page.

Option	Description	Users with Access	
View in Dashboard	Opens the Dashboard view for the selected Target or Target Group.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan, Report or Remediate privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>	
New Scan	Starts a new scan with the selected Target or Target Group.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>	
View Notifications and Alerts	Opens <b>Notification Policy</b> and filters results to show only the selected Target or Target Group.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>System Manager. This user can manage Notification and Alerts only for Targets / Target Groups that the user has permissions to.</li> </ol>	
View Scan Schedules	Opens the View and Manage Scans and filters results to show only the selected Target or Target Group.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>	
Add Comment	<ul> <li>Adds a comment to the selected Target / Target Group.</li> <li>To add a comment: <ol> <li>Click Add Comment.</li> <li>In the Add Comment window, enter your comment and click Save. The newly added comment is displayed in the Comments column.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>System Manager. This user can add comments only for Targets / Target Groups that the user has permissions to.</li> </ol>	

Option	Description	Users with Access
Edit Comment	<ul> <li>Edits comment previously added to the selected Target / Target Group.</li> <li>To edit a comment: <ol> <li>Click Edit Comment.</li> <li>In the Edit Comment window, enter your comment and click Save. The edited comment is displayed in the Comments column.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>System Manager. This user can edit comments only for Targets / Target Groups that the user has permissions to.</li> </ol>
View Current Report	<ul> <li>Generates the latest report for the selected Target or Target Group and displays it.</li> <li>1. Target Group: Displays the summary report for the selected Target Group.</li> <li>2. Target: Displays the latest Consolidated Report for the selected Target.</li> <li>To save the generated Report, click Save This Report.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Report privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>
Download Report	Brings up the <b>Save Target Group</b> <b>Report</b> or <b>Save Target Report</b> dialog box to download the Target Group or Target report. See Reports for more information.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Report privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>
Rename Group	Renames the Target Group.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>System Manager. This user can rename only Target Groups that the user has permissions to.</li> </ol>

Option	Description	Users with Access	
No Scan Window	The No Scan Window allows you to schedule a period during which all scans are paused for that Target Group. <b>Warning:</b> Setting a No Scan Window here does not create an entry in the View and Manage Scans. You can only check for an existing No Scan Window by opening the Target Group's No Scan Window.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>	
View Scan History	Displays the Scan History page for the selected Target. See Scan History for more information.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>	
Inaccessible Locations	Displays the Inaccessible Locations page for the selected Target. See Inaccessible Locations for more information.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan, Report - Detailed Reporting or Remediate privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>	
View Operation Log	Displays the Operation Log for the selected Target. See Operation Log for more information.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Remediate privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>	
View Scan Trace LogsDisplays the Scan Trace Log for the selected Target. See Scan Trace Logs for more information.		<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users without Global Permissions but have Scan</li> </ol>	
	<b>Info:</b> The Scan Trace Log is only be available for a Target if you had started a scan with the <b>Enable Scan Trace</b> option selected in the <b>Set Schedule</b> section.	privileges for the Target / Target Group assigned through Resource Permissions.	

Option	Description	Users with Access
Edit Target	See Edit Target.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>System Manager. This user can edit only Targets that the user has permissions to.</li> </ol>
Delete Target	<ul> <li>Delete the Target permanently from ER2.</li> <li>Deleting a Target: <ul> <li>Releases the Target license back to the corresponding license pool (e.g. Client or Server &amp; DB License).</li> <li>Does not reset or nullify the consumed data allowance associated with the Target.</li> <li>Removes all scan data and records for the Target; however historical Target reports will be available for download.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Marning: Deleting a Target permanently removes all scan data and records associated with the Target permanently removes all scan data and records associated with the Target permanently removes all scan data end records associated with the Target from ER2.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>System Manager. This user can delete only Targets that the user has permissions to.</li> </ol>

## **INACCESSIBLE LOCATIONS**

When **ER2** encounters any error when accessing files, folders and drives on a Target during a scan, they are logged as **Inaccessible Locations** with the following information:

Column Header	Description
Location	Full path or location of the inaccessible location.
Severity	Severity level (Critical $0$ , Error $\mathbf{A}$ , Notice $0$ , Intervention $0$ ) for the inaccessible location.
Description	Error message or details about the inaccessible location.
Logged	Timestamp when the inaccessible location was logged.

Location	Severity	Description	Logged
All local files	Critical	No suitable agent found	21 Apr 2020 1:33PN
Remote access via SSH Path dev/shm/PostgreSQL.1804289393	🛕 Error	Error opening file: Permission denied.	21 Apr 2020 1:33PM
Remote access via SSH Path etc/NetworkManager/system-connections/ Wired connection 1	A Error	Error opening file: Permission denied.	21 Apr 2020 1:33PN
Remote access via SSH Path etc/group-	🔺 Error	Error opening file: Permission denied.	21 Apr 2020 1:33PM
Remote access via SSH Path etc/gshadow	🔺 Error	Error opening file: Permission denied.	21 Apr 2020 1:33PM
Remote access via SSH Path etc/iscsi/iscsid.conf	🔺 Error	Error opening file: Permission denied.	21 Apr 2020 1:33PM
Remote access via SSH Path etc/passwd-	🔺 Error	Error opening file: Permission denied.	21 Apr 2020 1:33PM
Remote access via SSH Path etc/polkit-1/localauthority	🔺 Error	Error opening file: Permission denied.	21 Apr 2020 1:33PN
Remote access via SSH Path etc/postgresql/9.4/main/pg hba.conf	A Error	Error opening file: Permission denied.	21 Apr 2020 1:33PN

To view the list of inaccessible locations for a Target:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Investigate** page.
- 3. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 4. Select **Inaccessible Locations** from the drop-down menu.

#### or

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Targets page.
- 3. Expand a Target Group with an error message in the **Comments** column.
- 4. Click the error message of the impacted Target. For example, click on Critical erro r next to the Target Windows-03.

II Groups - / All Targets - /	All Types -		65	New Scan	Larget Group Repor
Targets	Comments	Searched 🗘	Matches		\$
T DEFAULT GROUP	Critical error	A 7 days ago with errors	🤏 36,603,564 Matches 💩 6,0	016 Test	
🕨 🔸 👌 Linux-01		10 weeks ago (incomplete)	Not searched		
🕨 🕨 Windows-01		2 weeks ago	💊 1 Match 💩 7 Test		
) 🕨 🎊 Windows-02		2 weeks ago	🤏 29,357,660 Matches 💩 1 1	Test	
🕨 🖌 Linux-02	Critical error	🛕 10 weeks ago with errors	🤏 2,726,509 Matches 👌 1,62	25 Test	
) 🕨 🏂 Windows-03	<u>Critical error</u>	🛕 7 days ago with errors	🍋 697 Matches 💩 313 Test		Ø-
🕨 👌 Linux-03		16 weeks ago (incomplete)	🤏 4,484,516 Matches 👌 4,06	69 Test	
► 👌 Linux-04	Critical error	A 2 weeks ago with errors	🔏 34,181 Matches 💩 1 Test		

# **ADD TARGETS**

To add a Target to a scan:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the New Scan page by clicking on:
  - Scans > New Scan, or
  - the New Scan button in the Dashboard, Targets or Scans > Schedule Manager page.
- 3. On the Select Locations page, you can:
  - Add an Existing Target.
  - Add a Discovered Target.
  - Add an Unlisted Target.
- 4. Select a Target type. See the individual pages under Target Type for detailed instructions.
- 5. (Optional) Edit the Target location to change the Target location path. See Edit Target Location Path.
- 6. Click **Next** to continue scheduling the scan.

## TARGET TYPE

You can add the following Target types:

- Server Targets
  - Local Storage and Local Memory
  - Network Storage Locations
  - Databases
  - Email Locations
  - Websites
  - SharePoint Server
  - Confluence On-Premises
- Cloud Targets
  - Amazon S3 Buckets
  - Azure Storage
  - Box
  - Dropbox
  - Exchange Online
  - Google Workspace
  - Google Cloud Storage
  - Microsoft OneNote
  - Microsoft Teams
  - OneDrive
  - Rackspace Cloud
  - Salesforce
  - SharePoint Online
  - Exchange Domain

**SELECT LOCATIONS** 

#### Add an Existing Target

Targets that have been previously added are listed in the Select Locations page.

Adding an existing Target will take its previously defined settings and add them to the scan.



To add a previously unlisted location to an existing Target, click + Add New Location.



#### Add a Discovered Target

New Targets found through Network Discovery are listed here.

Discovered Targets
 All data on new target FREEBSD11-SERVER

#### Add an Unlisted Target

Click + Add Unlisted Target to add a Target that is not listed, and enter the Target host name. See the pages under Target Type for instructions.

+ Add Unlisted Target

## **EDIT TARGET LOCATION PATH**

After adding a Target location and before starting a scan on it, you can change the path of the Target location in **Select Locations**.
To edit a Target location path:

- 1. Add a Target to the scan.
- 2. At **Select Locations**, locate the Target on the list of available Target locations. Click **Edit**.



3. Edit the **Path** field. See respective pages in Target Type on the path syntax each Target type.

Edit All local files	
Path details	
Path:	\home\debian-server
If the path det	ails are blank, all fixed drives are scanned.

4. Click + Add customised.

# LOCAL STORAGE AND LOCAL MEMORY

This section covers the following topics:

- How a Local Scan Works
- Supported Operating Systems
- Licensing
- Local Storage
- Local Process Memory
- Unsupported Locations

# **HOW A LOCAL SCAN WORKS**

Local scans can be performed on Targets when the Node Agent is installed locally on the Target host.

When a local scan starts, the Node Agent receives instructions from the Master Server to perform a scan on the Target host. The Node Agent loads the scanning engine locally, which is executed to scan the local system. The scanning engine sends aggregated scan results back to the Node Agent, which in turn relays the results back to the Master Server.

If the Node Agent loses its connection to the Master Server, the local scan can still proceed. Results will be saved locally and sent back to the Master Server once the connection is reestablished.



# SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEMS

Local storage and local memory are included by default as available scan locations when adding a new server or workstation Target.

**ER2** supports the following operating systems as local storage and local memory scan locations:

Environment (Target Category)	Operating System
Microsoft Windows Desktop (Desktop / Workstation)	<ul> <li>Windows 10 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Windows 11 64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different version of Microsoft Windows?</li> </ul>
Microsoft Windows Server (Server)	<ul> <li>Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2016 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2019 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2022 64-bit</li> </ul> Looking for a different version of Microsoft Windows?
Linux (Server)	<ul> <li>Debian 11+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>RHEL 7+ 64-bit</li> <li>Oracle Linux 8 64-bit</li> <li>Ubuntu 16+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different Linux distribution?</li> </ul>
UNIX (Server)	<ul> <li>AIX 7.2+</li> <li>FreeBSD 13 32-bit/64-bit <sup>1</sup></li> <li>FreeBSD 14 32-bit/64-bit <sup>1</sup></li> <li>Solaris 10+ (Intel x86)</li> <li>Solaris 10+ (SPARC)</li> </ul>
macOS 1 (Desktop / Workstation)	<ul> <li>macOS Monterey 12.0</li> <li>macOS Ventura 13.0</li> <li>macOS Sonoma 14.0</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Note: Scans for macOS Monterey 12.0 and above</li> <li>Selecting "All local files" when scanning macOS Targets may cause the same data to be scanned twice. See Exclude the Read-only System Volume from Scans for macOS Targets for more information.</li> <li>Scanning locations within the top-level Users ( /Use rs ) folder requires the "Full Disk Access" feature to be enabled for er2-agent. If locations within the /U sers folder are scanned without enabling the required full disk access, these locations will be logged as inaccessible locations. See Enable Full Disk Access for more information.</li> </ul>
	Looking for a different version of macOS?

<sup>1</sup> Does not support scanning of Local Process Memory.

### Microsoft Windows Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Windows versions supported by Microsoft.

Prior versions of Windows may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### Linux Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Linux distributions currently supported by the respective providers.

Prior versions of Linux distributions may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### macOS Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all macOS versions supported by Apple Inc.

Prior versions of macOS may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

## LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned local storage and local memory Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, local storage and local memory Targets require Server & DB Licenses or Client Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License or Client License data allowance limit, depending on the Target operating system.

See Target Licenses for more information.

# LOCAL STORAGE

**Local Storage** refers to disks that are locally mounted on the Target server or workstation. The Target server or workstation must have a Node Agent installed.

You cannot scan a mounted network share as Local Storage.

To scan Local Storage:

- 1. From the **New Search** page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the **Enter New Target Hostname** field, enter the host name of the server or workstation.
- 3. Click **Test**. If the host name is resolved, the **Test** button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 4. Click **Commit**.
- 5. In **Select Types**, select **Local Storage**. You can scan the following types of **Local Storage**:

Local	Description
Storage	

Local Storage	Description
Local Files	<ul> <li>To scan all local files:</li> <li>1. Select All local files.</li> <li>2. Click Done.</li> <li>To scan a specific file or folder:</li> <li>1. Click Customise next to All local files.</li> <li>2. Enter the file or folder Path and click + Add Customised.</li> </ul>
	<b>Example:</b> Windows: C:\path\to\folder\file.txt ; Unix and Unix-like file systems: /home/username/file.txt .
Local	Windows only
Shadow	To scan all local shadow volumes:
Volumes	<ol> <li>Select All local shadow volumes.</li> <li>Click Done.</li> </ol>
	To scan a specific shadow volume:
	<ol> <li>Enter the Shadow volume root and click + Add Customised.</li> </ol>
Local Free	Windows only
Disk Space	Deleted files may persist on a system's local storage, and can be recovered by data recovery software. <b>ER2</b> can scan local free disk space for persistent files that contain sensitive data, and flag them for remediation.
	To scan the free disk space on all drives:
	<ol> <li>Select All local free disk space.</li> <li>Click Done.</li> </ol>
	To scan the free disk space of a specific drive:
	<ol> <li>Click Customise next to All local free disk space.</li> <li>Enter the drive letter to scan and click + Add Customised.</li> </ol>
	<b>1</b> Info: Scanning All local free disk space is only available for Windows environments.

### Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach

Data discovery or scanning of data requires **read access**. Remediation actions that act directly on supported file systems including Delete Permanently, Quarantine, Encryption and Masking require **write access** in order to change, delete and overwrite data.

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Agent user provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

### Exclude the Read-only System Volume from Scans for macOS Targets

Starting from macOS Catalina 10.15, Apple has introduced a dedicated, read-only System (/System) volume that is separate from the writable Data volume that stores the top-level Users (/Users) folder, Home (/home) folder, and more. This writable Data volume is mounted on the read-only System volume and is accessible through the path /System/Volumes/Data, which may cause the same data to be scanned twice for macOS Targets if both the System and Data volumes are included in a scan.

To avoid consuming data allowance that is twice the size of the data, you are recommended to:

- · Select specific folders or files when scheduling scans for macOS Targets, or
- Use the **Exclude Location by Prefix** Global Filter to exclude the /System/Volume s/Data path when scanning "All local files" for selected macOS Targets.

Exclude Location By Prefix	
Enter the first part of the search location to be excluded	
Eg: To exclude all items within a folder called Windows on C drive type C:\Windows\	
/System/Volumes/Data	
Apply to: MACOS-GROUP - / All Targets -	
Ok Cancel	

# LOCAL PROCESS MEMORY

During normal operation, your systems, processes store and accumulate data in memory. Scanning **Local Process Memory** allows you to check it for sensitive data.

To scan local process memory:

- 1. From the **New Search** page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the **Enter New Target Hostname** field, enter the host name of the server or workstation.
- 3. Click **Test**. If the host name is resolved, the **Test** button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 4. Click Commit.
- 5. In Select Types, select Local Memory > All local process memory.
- 6. Click **Done**.

To scan a specific process or process ID (PID):

- 1. From the New Search page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the **Enter New Target Hostname** field, enter the host name of the server or workstation.
- 3. Click **Test**. If the host name is resolved, the **Test** button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 4. Click Commit.
- 5. In Select Types, select Local Memory. Next to All local process memory, click Customise.
- 6. Enter the process ID or process name in the **Process ID or Name** field.

7. Click + Add Customised.

# **UNSUPPORTED LOCATIONS**

**ER2** does not follow or scan symbolic links or junctions. Each symbolic link or junction point that is skipped during a scan will have a log entry in the Scan Trace Log (if enabled).

# **NETWORK STORAGE LOCATIONS**

ER2 supports the following network storage locations:

- Windows Share
- Unix File Share (NFS)
- Remote Access via SSH
- Hadoop Clusters

# **NETWORK STORAGE SCANS**

Network storage scans can be performed on mounted network share Targets via a Proxy Agent when the Node Agent is installed on a host other than the Target host.

When the Proxy Agent receives instructions from the Master Server to scan a network storage location, the Proxy Agent copies the latest version of the scanning engine to the Proxy host. The Proxy Agent then establishes a secure connection to the Target host and copies data from the Target host to the Proxy host.

Note: Scanning Network Storage Locations transmits scanned data over your network, increasing network load and your data footprint. Scan network storage locations as Local Storage and Local Memory where possible. See Agentless Scan for more information.

The scanning engine is then executed locally on the Proxy host. It scans the data copied from the network storage Target host and sends aggregated results to the Proxy Agent, which in turn relays the results to the Master Server. Data from the Target host is not stored or transmitted to the Master Server. Only a small amount of contextual data for found matches is sent back to the Master Server for reporting purposes.

Once the scan completes, the Proxy Agent deletes the data from the Proxy host and closes the connection.



**Tip:** Try to locate the Proxy Agent and network storage Targets in the same VLAN. Moving data across VLANs increases your data footprint.

# LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned network storage Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, network storage Targets require Server & DB Licenses or Client Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License or Client License data allowance limit, depending on the Target operating system.

See Target Licenses for more information.

# WINDOWS SHARE

### Requirements

To scan a Windows share Target:

- 1. Use a Windows Proxy Agent.
- 2. Ensure that the Target is accessible from the Proxy Agent host.
- 3. The Target credential set must have the minimum required permissions to access the Target locations to be scanned.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

Data discovery or scanning of data requires **read access**. Remediation actions that act directly on supported file systems including Delete Permanently, Quarantine, Encryption and Masking require **write access** in order to change, delete and overwrite data.

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

### Add Target

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- In the Select Target Type window, enter the host name of the Windows share server in the Enter New Target Hostname field.

For example, if your Windows share path is \\remote-share-server-name\remote-s hare-name , enter the **Target Hostname** as remote-share-server-name :

Select Target Type	
<ul> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> </ul>	Server Details Enter New Target Hostname: remote-share-server-name
Box     OneDrive	

- 3. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 4. In the Select Types dialog box, click on Network Storage.
- 5. Under Network Storage Location Type, select Windows Share.
- 6. Fill in the following fields:

Path details	
Path:	folder_name
Credentials Details	
Stored Credentials	•empty · Clear
	or
New Credential	Enter Credential Label
Label:	
New Username:	Enter Username
New Password:	Enter Password
	□ Show Password
Private Key 🕦	Select File Browse
Proxy Details	
Agent to act as pro	xy host () Select proxy agent - Clear

Field	Description
Path	Enter the path of the folder to scan. For example: <folder_name></folder_name>
Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
Username	Enter your user name. See Windows Target Credentials for further information.
Password	Enter your password, or passphrase for the private key.
(Optional) Private Key	Upload the file containing the private key. Only required for Target hosts that use a public key-based authentication method. See Set Up SSH Public Key Authentication for more information.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Windows Proxy Agent that matches the Target operating system (32-bit or 64-bit).

7. Click **Test**, and then **+ Add Customized** to finish adding the Target location.

#### ▲ Warning: Increased counting of licensed data usage

If the same location is recognized and scanned by **ER2** separately as a different location and/or as a different protocol, **ER2** will count the licensed data usage separately for each individual location.

To prevent redundant scanning and increased counting of licensed data usage, ensure that:

- the same location is not selected for scanning using both Local Storage and Network Storage protocols,
- both the shared folder and its subfolder are not selected for scanning if the subfolder is also shared separately,
- multiple shared folders (all pointing to the same physical location) are not included in the scan, and

• administrative shares are accounted for during location selection for the scan.

For more information and detailed scenarios, see Mitigate Increased Counting of Licensed Data Usage in ER2.

### Windows Target Credentials

For scanning of Windows Share Targets using a Windows proxy agent, use the appropriate user name format when setting up the target Windows hosts credentials:

Username	Description
<domain\usernam e&gt;</domain\usernam 	Windows target host resides in the same Active Directory domain as the Windows proxy agent.
<target_hostname \username&gt;</target_hostname 	Windows target host does not reside in the same Active Directory domain as the Windows proxy agent.

**Info:** If the above user name syntax does not work, try entering <username> instead.

### **Remediating Windows Share Targets**

When remediating match locations on Windows Share Targets using the "Quarantine" option, you can specify a secure location on the Windows Share Target or Windows Proxy Agent host.

Quarantine		
As each item is quarantined to a new location, the original location will be permanently deleted.		
Filter criteria:		
Windows Share		
Locations to process:		
All filtered locations in 1 target		
Enter a secure location to quarantine the selected items		
\\Windows-Share-Server\Engineering\Quarantine-Folder		
A new location will be created if the above path does not exist.		

Use the following syntax in the "Enter a secure location to quarantine the selected items" field to specify the absolute path to a secure quarantine location on the:

• Windows Share Target

# Syntax: \\<remote-share-server-name>\<remote-share-name>\<quarantine-fol der> \\Windows-Share-Server\Engineering\Quarantine-Folder

#### • Windows Proxy Agent host

# Syntax: <quarantine-folder-on-proxy-agent-host> C:\Quarantine-Folder

See Remediation - Act Directly on Selected Location for more information.

# **UNIX FILE SHARE (NFS)**

### **Requirements**

Select the **Unix File Share** Target type when scanning a Network File System (NFS) share.

To scan a Unix file share Target:

- Use a Unix or Unix-like Proxy Agent.
- The Target credential set must have the minimum required permissions to access the Target locations to be scanned.
- The Target must be mounted on the Proxy Agent host.
- The **Path** field must be set to the mount path on the Proxy host when adding a Unix file share Target.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

Data discovery or scanning of data requires **read access**. Remediation actions that act directly on supported file systems including Delete Permanently, Quarantine, Encryption and Masking require **write access** in order to change, delete and overwrite data.

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

To mount an NFS share server, on the Proxy host, run as root:

# Requires nfs-common. Install with `apt-get install nfs-common` mount <nfs-server-hostname|nfs-server-ipaddress>:</target/directory/share-name>

### Add Target

- 1. From the **New Scan** page, Add Targets.
- In the Select Target Type window, enter the host name of the Unix file share server in the Enter New Target Hostname field. This is usually an NFS file server. For example, if your Unix file share path is //remote-share-server-name/remote-sh are-name, enter the Target Hostname as remote-share-server-name :

Select Target Type		
Server	Server Details	
Amazon S3 Box	Enter New Target Hostname:	remote-share-server-name
OneDrive		

- 3. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 4. In the Select Types dialog box, click on Network Storage.
- 5. Under Network Storage Location Type, select UNIX File Share.
- 6. Fill in the following fields:

Path details	
Path:	folder_name/file_name.txt
Proxy Details	
Agent to act as proxy host () Select proxy agent - Clear	

Field	Description
Path	Enter the file path to scan. This is the mount path on the Proxy host for the Unix file share Target. For example: <folder_name file_name.txt=""></folder_name>
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Linux Proxy Agent. File share must be mounted on the selected Linux Proxy Agent host.

7. Click + Add Customised to finish adding the Target location.

# **REMOTE ACCESS VIA SSH**

### **Requirements**

To scan a Target using remote access via SSH:

- 1. The Target host must have an SSH server running on TCP port 22.
- 2. The Proxy Agent host must have an SSH client installed.

**Tip:** For best results, use a Proxy Agent host that matches the Target host platform. For example, Debian Proxy Agent hosts should scan Debian Target hosts.

### **Supported Operating Systems**

**ER2** supports the following operating systems as remote access via SSH Targets:

Environment (Target Category)	Operating System
Microsoft Windows Desktop (Desktop / Workstation)	<ul> <li>Windows 10 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Windows 11 64-bit</li> </ul>
Microsoft Windows Server (Server)	<ul> <li>Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2016 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2019 64-bit</li> <li>Windows Server 2022 64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different version of Microsoft Windows?</li> </ul>
Linux (Server)	<ul> <li>Debian 11+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>RHEL 7+ 64-bit</li> <li>Oracle Linux 8 64-bit</li> <li>Ubuntu 16+ 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>Looking for a different Linux distribution?</li> </ul>
UNIX (Server)	<ul> <li>AIX 7.2+</li> <li>FreeBSD 13 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>FreeBSD 14 32-bit/64-bit</li> <li>HP-UX 11.31+ (Intel Itanium)</li> <li>Solaris 10+ (Intel x86)</li> <li>Solaris 10+ (SPARC)</li> </ul>
macOS (Desktop / Workstation)	<ul> <li>macOS Monterey 12.0</li> <li>macOS Ventura 13.0</li> <li>macOS Sonoma 14.0</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Note: Scans for macOS Monterey 12.0 and above</li> <li>Selecting "All local files" when scanning macOS Targets may cause the same data to be scanned twice. See Exclude the Read-only System Volume from Scans for macOS Targets for more information.</li> <li>Scanning locations within the top-level Users ( /Use rs ) folder requires the "Full Disk Access" feature to be enabled for er2-agent. If locations within the [/U sers folder are scanned without enabling the required full disk access, these locations will be logged as inaccessible locations. See Enable Full Disk Access for more information.</li> </ul>
	Looking for a different version of macOS?

### Microsoft Windows Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Windows versions supported by Microsoft.

Prior versions of Windows may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### Linux Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all Linux distributions currently supported by the respective providers.

Prior versions of Linux distributions may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### macOS Operating Systems

Ground Labs supports and tests **ER2** for all macOS versions supported by Apple Inc.

Prior versions of macOS may continue to work as expected. However, Ground Labs cannot guarantee support for these versions indefinitely.

### Add Target

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the **Select Target Type** window, enter the host name of the remote share server in the **Enter New Target Hostname** field. The remote share server must have an SSH server running.

Select Target Type	
<ul> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> <li>Box</li> <li>OneDrive</li> </ul>	Server Details Enter New Target Hostname: remote-share-server-name

- 3. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 4. In the Select Types dialog box, click on Network Storage.
- 5. Under Network Storage Location Type, select Remote access via SSH.
- 6. Fill in the following fields:

Path details	
Path:	folder_name/file_name.txt
Credentials Details	
Stored Credentials	●empty ▼ Clear
	Or
New Credential	Enter Credential Label
Label: New Username:	Enter Username
New Password:	Enter Password
	Show Password
Private Key 🌖	Select File Browse
Proxy Details	
Agent to act as pro	xy host ① Select proxy agent - Clear

Field	Description
Path	Enter the file path to scan. For example, <folder_name file_name.txt=""> .</folder_name>
Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
Username	Enter your remote host user name.
Password	<ul> <li>SSH password authentication: Enter your remote host user password.</li> <li>SSH key pair authentication using private key (password-protected): Enter the passphrase for the private key.</li> <li>SSH key pair authentication using private key (non password-protected): Leave the field blank.</li> </ul>
Private Key	Upload the file containing the private key compatible with SSH format. For example, <a href="mailto:userA_ssh_key.pem">userA_ssh_key.pem</a> . See Set up SSH Public Key Authentication for more information. <b>Tip:</b> The user account on the remote host must be configured to enable SSH key-pair authentication.
Proxy Agent	Select a Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

Data discovery or scanning of data requires **read access**. Remediation actions that act directly on supported file systems including Delete Permanently, Quarantine, Encryption and Masking require **write access** in order to change, delete and overwrite data.

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

7. Click **Test**, and then **+ Add Customized** to finish adding the Target location.

# **HADOOP CLUSTERS**

### **Requirements**

To scan a Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) cluster, you must have:

- 1. A Target NameNode running Apache Hadoop 2.7.3 (minimum version), Cloudera Distribution for Hadoop (CDH), or similar.
- 2. A Proxy host running the Linux 3 or 4 Agent with database runtime components for RPM-based Linux systems. See Install Linux 3 or 4 Agent for more information.
- 3. A valid Kerberos ticket if Kerberos authentication is enabled. See Generate Kerberos Authentication Ticket.

### Install Linux 3 or 4 Agent

To install the Linux 3 or 4 Agent with database runtime components:

- On the designated Proxy host, go to the Web Console and navigate to Settings 
   Agents > Node Agent Downloads.
- 2. In the list of Node Agents available for download, select the Linux 3 64bit (Red Hat) (RPM) \* or Linux 4 64bit (Red Hat) (RPM) \* Agent.

**1** Info: Make sure that the Agent installation package has "database-runtime" in its **Filename**.

 To install the Linux 3 64bit (Red Hat) (RPM) \* or Linux 4 64bit (Red Hat) (RPM) \* database runtime Agent, run the following commands in a terminal on the designated Proxy Agent host: # Remove existing ER2 packages rpm -e er2

# Install the epel-release package yum install epel-release

*#* Install the required packages yum install libxml2 libgsasl openssl libcurl libuuid protobuf krb5-libs libaio

# Install the Linux 3 or 4 Agent, where 'er2-2.x.x-linuxx-rh-x64\_database-runtim e.rpm' is the location of the rpm package on your computer. rpm -ivh er2-2.x.x-linuxx-rh-x64\_database-runtime.rpm

4. (Optional) Generate Kerberos Authentication Ticket.

### **Generate Kerberos Authentication Ticket**

If Kerberos authentication is enabled for your HDFS cluster, run the following commands in a terminal on the designated Proxy Agent host.

To generate a Kerberos ticket:

- 1. (Optional) Check if a valid Kerberos ticket has been issued for the principal user:
- 2. Generate a Kerberos ticket as a principal user:

# kinit <username>@<domain>
kinit userA@example.com

To renew an expired Kerberos ticket:

1. If the ticket has expired within its renewable lifetime:

# kinit -kt '<path to keytab file>' <username>@<domain>
kinit -kt '/home/hadoop/userA.keytab' userA@example.com

2. If the ticket has expired beyond its renewable lifetime:

kdestroy

# kinit <username>@<domain>
kinit userA@example.com

▲ Warning: Running the kdestroy command destroys all of the user's active Kerberos authorization tickets.

Note: A valid Kerberos ticket is required to successfully scan a HDFS cluster. You should:

- 1. Generate a New Kerberos Authentication Ticket if the ticket validity expires while the scan is still in progress, or
- 2. Generate a Kerberos authentication ticket with a ticket lifetime that is valid for the duration of the scan.

### Add Target

- 1. From the **New Scan** page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the Select Target Type window, enter the host name of the NameNode of the HDFS cluster in the Enter New Target Hostname field. For example, if your HDFS share path is hdfs://remote-share-server-name/remote-share-name, the host name of the NameNode is remote-share-server-name. Enter the Target Hostname as remote-share-server-name :

Select Target Type		
<ul> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> <li>Box</li> <li>OneDrive</li> </ul>	Server Details Enter New Target Hostname:	remote-share-server-name

- 3. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 4. In the Select Types dialog box, click on Network Storage.
- 5. Under Network Storage Location Type, select HDFS.
- 6. Fill in the following fields:

Hadoop HDFS Details		
Path:	folder_name/file_name.txt	
Proxy Details		
Agent to act as proxy host () Select proxy agent - Clear		

Field	Description
Path	Enter the file path to scan. For example, <folder_name>/<fi le_name=""> .</fi></folder_name>
	If the NameNode is accessed on a custom port (default: 80 20), enter the port before the HDFS file path: (port= <port>)<folder_name>/<file_name>. For example, to scan a Hadoop cluster with NameNode accessed on port 58020, enter (port=58020)folder-A/file-</file_name></folder_name></port>
	A.txt .
Proxy Agent	Linux 3 or 4 Agent with database runtime components.

#### 7. Click + Add Customised to finish adding the Target location.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

# DATABASES

This section covers the following topics:

- Supported Databases
- Licensing
- Requirements
- DBMS Connection Details
- Add a Database Target Location
- How ER2 Scans Databases
- Remediating Databases
- InterSystems Caché Connection Limits
- Tibero Scan Limitations
- Teradata FastExport Utility
- Allow Remote Connections to PostgreSQL Server

## SUPPORTED DATABASES

- IBM DB2 11.1 and above.
- IBM Informix 12.10 and above.
- InterSystems Caché 2017.2 and above.
- MariaDB 10.11 and above.
- Microsoft SQL 2012 and above.
- MongoDB 6.0 and above.
- MySQL 5.0 and above.
- Oracle Database 9 and above.
- PostgreSQL 13 and above.
- SAP HANA 2.0 SPS04 and above.
- Sybase/SAP Adaptive Server Enterprise 16.0 and above.
- Teradata 16.20 and above.
- Tibero 6.0 and above.

#### Info: Using a different database version?

Ground Labs supports and tests the databases listed above. However, database versions not indicated may still work as expected.

For databases where no specific version is specified, Ground Labs' support is limited to versions the associated vendor still provides active support, maintenance and software patches for.

# LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned database Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, database Targets require one Server & DB License per host machine, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

# REQUIREMENTS

Component	Description
Proxy Agent	Windows Agent with database runtime components
	The Windows Agent with Database Runtime Components can scan all supported databases and is recommended for scanning IBM DB2 and Oracle Databases.
	Windows Agents (without database runtime components) and Linux Agents
	To use Windows Agents (without database runtime components) and Linux Agents to scan databases, make sure the ODBC drivers for the Target database are installed on the Agent host.
	Note: Specific requirements for each database type are listed in DBMS Connection Details.
Database Credentials	Your database credentials must have the minimum required privileges to access the databases, schemas, or tables to be scanned. Example: To scan a MySQL database, use credentials that have SELECT (data reader) permissions.

**Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach** 

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

# **DBMS CONNECTION DETAILS**

The following section describes the supported database management systems (DBMS) and the settings required for **ER2** to connect to and scan them.

### **IBM DB2**

Settings	Description
Default Port	50000 If connection to the database uses a port other than 50000, the [: <port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.</port>
Required Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> </ul>
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific schema: <database[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/schema/table&gt; Example: GLDB/HRAdmin/Employees</database[:<port></li> </ul>
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### **IBM Informix**

Settings	Description
Default Port	9088 If connection to the database uses a port other than 9088, the [:< port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.
Required Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components (ER2 2.0.26 and above)</li> <li>Windows Agent (ER2 2.0.26 and above)</li> </ul>
Proprietary Client	You must have an IBM Informix client installed on the Agent host. Make sure that the client has been configured to connect to the target Informix database instance by running "setnet32.exe". For more information on "setnet32.exe", see IBM: Setting up the SQLHOSTS registry key with Setnet32 (Windows). The following IBM Informix clients are supported: IBM Informix Connect (IConnect) 4.10 IBM Informix Client SDK (CSDK) 4.10 Both clients are included in the IBM Informix Software Bundle installer
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>Specific database: <instance database[:<port="">]&gt; Example: ol_informix1210:9999/stores_demo</instance></li> <li>Specific schema: <instance database[:<port="">]/schema&gt; Example: ol_informix1210/stores_demo/userA</instance></li> <li>Specific table: <instance database[:<port="">]/schema/table&gt; Example: ol_informix1210/stores_demo/userA/customers</instance></li> </ul>

Settings	Description
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### InterSystems Caché

Settings	Description
Default Port	1972 If connection to the namespace uses a port other than 1972, the [: <port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.</port>
Required Proxy Agents	Windows Agent with database runtime components
Proprietary Client	Requires Visual C++ Redistributable Packages for Visual Studio 2013 to be installed on the Agent host.
<b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> Syntax	Use the following syntax for the <b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> fields for Instance Authentication and LDAP Authentication methods. • <b>Username</b> : <user_name> Example: user1 • <b>Password</b>: <password> Example: myPassword123</password></user_name>
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>To scan the InterSystems Caché relational database model, use the following syntax:</li> <li>Specific namespace: <namespace[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB:9999</namespace[:<port></li> <li>Specific schema: <namespace[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin</namespace[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <namespace[:<port>]/schema/table&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin/Employees</namespace[:<port></li> </ul>
	Delimited Identifiers
	Support for delimited identifiers is enabled by default when scanning InterSystems Caché Targets. If the <b>Support Delimited Identifiers</b> setting is disabled for InterSystems Caché SQL, set the option (DI= FALSE). • Specific namespace: <namespace(di=false)[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB(DI=FALSE):9999 • Specific schema: <namespace(di=false)[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB(DI=FALSE):9999/HRAdmin • Specific table: <namespace(di=false)[:<port>]/schema/table &gt; Example: GLDB(DI=FALSE):9999/HRAdmin/Employees If you encounter an "IDENTIFIER expected" error, set the option (DI =FALSE).</namespace(di=false)[:<port></namespace(di=false)[:<port></namespace(di=false)[:<port>
Path Case	The path syntax is case-sensitive.
Sensitivity	

Settings	Description
Others	Each InterSystems Caché license permits a limited number of connections. See InterSystems Caché Connection Limits for more information.

### MariaDB

Settings	Description
Default Port	3306 If connection to the database uses a port other than 3306, the [:< port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.
Required Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> </ul>
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>All locations: [:<port>] Example: Leave the Path blank, or :9999</port></li> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: hr:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/table&gt; Example: hr/employees</database[:<port></li> <li>Pagination is enabled by default when scanning MariaDB databases. To disable pagination, set the option (paged=false) .</li> <li>All locations: (paged=false)[:<port>] Example: (paged=false)</port></li> <li>Specific database: <database(paged=false)[:<port>]&gt; Example: hr(paged=false):9999</database(paged=false)[:<port></li> </ul> Info: In MariaDB, a "database" may also be referred to as a "schema".
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### Microsoft SQL Server

Settings	Description
Default Port	1433If connection to the database uses a port other than 1433 , the [:<

Settings	Description
Recommended Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> </ul>
	<b>Info:</b> Requires the Microsoft ODBC Driver for SQL Server to be installed on the Windows Proxy Agent host for <b>ER2</b> to connect to the database.
Username and Password Syntax	Use the correct syntax for <b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> fields according to your Microsoft SQL Server authentication method: <b>SQL Server Authentication</b> • <b>Username</b> : <database_user_name> • <b>Password</b>: <database_user_password></database_user_password></database_user_name>
	Note: SQL Server Authentication must be used if the Windows Proxy Agent does not reside on the same host as the Microsoft SQL database server.
	<pre>Windows Authentication From ER2 2.0.21, Windows authentication is supported for Microsoft SQL 2008 and above.    Username: <windows_domain>\<windows_user_name>    Password: <windows_user_password></windows_user_password></windows_user_name></windows_domain></pre>
	Note: Windows Authentication is only supported if the Windows Proxy Agent resides on the same host as the Microsoft SQL database server.
	For more information on Windows or SQL Server Authentication, see Choose an Authentication Mode.

Settings	Description
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>All locations: [:<port>] Example: Leave the Path blank, or :9999</port></li> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific schema: <database[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/schema/table&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin/Employees</database[:<port></li> <li>Scan a specific SQL Server instance (where multiple are running): <database(instance=<instance_name>)[:<port>] [/schema][/table]&gt; Example: GLDB(instance=MsSQLInst2):9999/HrAdmin/Emplo yees</port></database(instance=<instance_name></li> </ul> Pagination is enabled by default when scanning Microsoft SQL databases. To disable pagination, set the option (paged=false) . <ul> <li>All locations: (paged=false)[:<port>] Example: Leave the Path blank, or (paged=false):9999</port></li> <li>Specific database: <database(paged=false)[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB(paged=false):9999</database(paged=false)[:<port></li> <li>Specific schema: <database(paged=false)[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB(paged=false):9999</database(paged=false)[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database(paged=false)[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB(paged=false):9999/HRAdmin</database(paged=false)[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database(paged=false)[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB(paged=false):9999/HRAdmin </database(paged=false)[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database(paged=false)[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB(paged=false):9999/HRAdmin</database(paged=false)[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database(paged=false)[:<port>]/schema/table&gt; Example: GLDB(paged=false):9999/HRAdmin/Employees</database(paged=false)[:<port></li> </ul>
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### MongoDB

Settings	Description
Default Port	27017 If connection to the database uses a port other than 27017, the [: <port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.</port>
Recommended Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> </ul>
<b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> Syntax	Use the correct syntax for the Username and Password fields according to your MongoDB authentication method: No authentication required • Username: <leave blank=""> • Password: <leave blank=""> Username, password and authentication database • Username: <authentication_database>/<user_name> Example: pgdb1/user1 • Password: <password> Example: myPassword123</password></user_name></authentication_database></leave></leave>
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>All locations: [:<port>] Example: Leave the Path blank, or GLDB:9999</port></li> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: hr:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/<collection> Example: hr/employees</collection></database[:<port></li> </ul>
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

## MySQL

Settings	Description
Default Port	3306 If connection to the database uses a port other than 3306, the [:< port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.
Required Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> </ul>

Settings	Description
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>All locations: [:<port>] Example: Leave the Path blank, or :9999</port></li> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: hr:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/table&gt; Example: hr/employees</database[:<port></li> </ul> Pagination is enabled by default when scanning MySQL databases. To disable pagination, set the option (paged=false) . <ul> <li>All locations: (paged=false)[:<port>] Example: (paged=false)</port></li> <li>Specific database: <database(paged=false)[:<port>]&gt; Example: hr(paged=false):9999</database(paged=false)[:<port></li> </ul> Info: In MySQL, a "database" may also be referred to as a "schema".
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### **Oracle Database**

Settings	Description
Default Port	1521 If connection to the database uses a port other than 1521, the [:< port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.
Recommended Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux 3 Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux 4 Agent with database runtime components</li> </ul>
Libraries	Requires the following libraries to be installed on the Linux 3 Agent host:
	sudo apt-get install libaio1 libaio-dev

Settings	Description
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>All locations: [:<port>] Example: Leave the Path blank, or :9999</port></li> <li>Specific schema: <schema[:<port>]&gt; Example: HR:9999</schema[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <schema[:<port>]/table&gt; Example: HR/EMPLOYEES</schema[:<port></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pagination is disabled by default when scanning Oracle databases.</li> <li>To enable pagination, set the option (paged=true) .</li> <li>All locations: (paged=true)[:<port>] Example: (paged=true)</port></li> <li>Specific schema: <schema(paged=true)[:<port>]&gt; Example: HR(paged=true):9999</schema(paged=true)[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <schema(paged=true)[:<port>]/table&gt; Example: HR(paged=true)/EMPLOYEES</schema(paged=true)[:<port></li> </ul>
	Connect using a fully qualified domain name (FQDN)
	When adding an Oracle Database as a Target location, you may need to enter the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the database server instead of its host name.
	Oracle 12x/TNS: protocol adapter error
	If you are using Oracle 12x, or if the Oracle database displays a "TNS: protocol adapter error", you must specify a SERVICE_NAM
	<ul> <li>Scan a specific schema or table using service name: <schema (SERVICE_NAME=<servicename>)[:port]/table&gt; Example: HR(SERVICE_NAME=GLDB)/EMPLOYEES</servicename></schema </li> </ul>
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### PostgreSQL

Settings	Description
Default Port	5432 If connection to the database uses a port other than 5432, the [:< port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.
Recommended Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> </ul>

Settings	Description
<b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> Syntax	Use the following syntax for the <b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> fields for MD5 and SCRAM-SHA-256 password-based authentication methods. • <b>Username</b> : <user_name> Example: user1 • <b>Password</b>: <password> Example: myPassword123</password></user_name>
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: gldb:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific schema: <database[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: gldb:9999/hr</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/schema/table&gt; Example: gldb/hr/employees</database[:<port></li> </ul>
	Note: PostgreSQL by default blocks remote connections to the PostgreSQL server. To configure the PostgreSQL to allow remote connections, see Allow Remote Connections to PostgreSQL Server.
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### SAP HANA

Settings	Description
Default Port	30015 If connection to the database uses a port other than 30015, the [: <port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.</port>
Recommended Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> </ul>
	<b>Info:</b> If the Agent host has SAP HANA ODBC drivers installed, the Agent will use those drivers instead of its built-in database runtime components.
<b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> Syntax	<ul> <li>Basic authentication with database user name and password</li> <li>Username: <database_user_name></database_user_name></li> <li>Example: pgdb1-user1</li> <li>Password: <password></password></li> <li>Example: myPassword123</li> </ul>

Settings	Description
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific schema: <database[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/schema/table&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin/Employees</database[:<port></li> </ul>
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### Sybase / SAP ASE

Settings	Description
Default Port	3638 If connection to the database uses a port other than 3638, the [:< port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.
Recommended Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> </ul>
Proprietary Client	You must set up the data source to connect to Sybase/SAP ASE proprietary database software. On the Proxy Agent machine, install a Sysbase/ASE client to provide the ODBC drivers that <b>ER2</b> can use to connect to the database. Examples of Sybase/ASE clients: • ASE Express Edition • ASE Developer's Edition
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific schema: <database[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/schema/table&gt; Example: GLDB/HRAdmin/Employees</database[:<port></li> <li>Scan a specific Sybase instance (where multiple are running): <database(instance=<instance_name>)[:<port>][/schema][/tab le]&gt; Example: GLDB(instance=Inst2):9999/HrAdmin/Employees</port></database(instance=<instance_name></li> <li>Info: In Sybase ASE, a "database" may also be referred to as a "catalog".</li> </ul>
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.

### Teradata

Settings	Description
Default Port	1025 If connection to the database uses a port other than 1025, the [:< port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.
Recommended Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> </ul>

Settings	Description
Proprietary Client	Requires Teradata Tools and Utilities 16.20, 17.00, 17.10, or 17.20. Install the Teradata Tools and Utilities on the Agent host.
	<b>Tip:</b> You may need to restart the Agent host after installing Teradata Tools and Utilities.
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>(Not recommended) Scan all locations: [:<port>] Example: Leave the Path blank, or :9999</port></li> <li>Specific user: <user_name[:<port>]&gt; Example: userA:9999</user_name[:<port></li> <li>Specific table belonging to user: <user_name[:<port>]/table&gt; Example: userA:9999/accounts</user_name[:<port></li> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: hr</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/table&gt; Example: hr</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/table&gt; Example: hr</database[:<port></li> </ul>
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.
Others	Teradata scans may create temporary tables in the default database. See Teradata FastExport Utility for more information.

### Tibero

Settings	Description
Default Port	8629 If connection to the database uses a port other than 8629, the [:< port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.
Recommended Proxy Agents	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components (ER2 2.0.24 and above)</li> </ul>
	<b>Info:</b> If the Agent host has Tibero 6 ODBC drivers installed, the Agent will use those drivers instead of its built-in database runtime components.

Settings	Description
Path Syntax	<ul> <li>Specific database: <database[:<port>]&gt; Example: GLDB:9999</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific schema: <database[:<port>]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB:9999/HRAdmin</database[:<port></li> <li>Specific table: <database[:<port>]/schema/table&gt; Example: GLDB/HrAdmin/Employees</database[:<port></li> </ul>
	You can specify the encoding used by the Target database with th (encoding= <character_set>) option. If not specified, the default M SWIN949 character set will be used.</character_set>
	You can specify the following values for <character_set> :     MSWIN949 (default)     UTF-8     UTF-16</character_set>
	To specify the encoding that the Target database is using, use the following syntax:
	<ul> <li>Specific database: <database(encoding=<character_set>)[:<p ort&gt;]&gt;</p </database(encoding=<character_set></li> <li>Example: GLDB(encoding=UTF-8):9999</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Specific schema: <database(encoding=<character_set>)[:<por t&gt;]/schema&gt; Example: GLDB(encoding=UTF-8)/HRAdmin</por </database(encoding=<character_set></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Specific table: <database(encoding=<character_set>)[:<port>]/ schema/table&gt; Example: GLDB(encoding=UTF-8)/HRAdmin/Employees</port></database(encoding=<character_set></li> </ul>
Path Case Sensitivity	The path syntax is case-sensitive.
Others	Tibero scans currently have a few limitations. See Tibero Scan Limitations for more information.

# ADD A DATABASE TARGET LOCATION

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Server.
- 3. In the **Enter New Target Hostname** field, enter the host name of your database server.
- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. In the Select Types dialog box, click on Database.
- 6. In **Database**, select the DBMS type running on your database server.
- 7. In the next window, enter the database connection settings. Fill in the following fields:

Select Types	
<ul> <li>Local Storage</li> <li>Local Memory</li> <li>Network Storage</li> <li>Database</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Websites</li> </ul>	Database > Microsoft SQL Path details Path: Enter Path Here Credentials Details Stored Credentials •empty • Clear • Clear • Clear New Credential Enter Credential Label Label: New Username: Enter Name New Password: Show Password Proxy Details Agent to act as proxy host • Select proxy agent • Clear
	Test Cancel

Field	Description
Path	Enter path details of the database. See DBMS Connection Details for information on the Path syntax to use.
Credential Details	<ul> <li>If you have stored the credentials, select from Stored Credentials.</li> <li>If not, enter: <ul> <li>New Credential Label: Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.</li> <li>New Username: User name for the database.</li> <li>New Password: Password for the database.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Proxy Details	Select an Agent.
	<ul> <li>Info: See DBMS Connection Details for database-specific Agent requirements.</li> <li>For optimal performance, use an Agent installed on the database server.</li> </ul>

- 8. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 9. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

## HOW ER2 SCANS DATABASES

For a more detailed explanation of how **ER2** scans databases, see Scanning - How ER2 Scans Databases.

## **REMEDIATING DATABASES**

Direct remediation is not supported for database Targets. This means that you **cannot** perform these remedial actions:
- Mask all sensitive data.
- Quarantine.
- Delete permanently.
- Encrypt file.

However, you can mark locations in the scan results of your database location for further action. For details, see Remediation.

## **INTERSYSTEMS CACHÉ CONNECTION LIMITS**

In **ER2**, each connected node agent requires one connection to the InterSystems Caché server. When running a Distributed Scan, each connected proxy agent in the Agent Group requires a separate connection.

Intersystems Caché permits a certain number of connections per user license. If the number of connections exceeds the maximum, another license unit will be consumed, if available. See the Caché Documentation for information on how to prevent the consumption of more than one license unit per user.

## **TIBERO SCAN LIMITATIONS**

In a Target Tibero database, tables and columns with case sensitive names will be skipped during the scan. For example, if a table in the Target Tibero database is named "TABLE\_ONE", it will be scanned. If a table in the Target Tibero database is named "table\_One", it will be skipped during the scan.

## **TERADATA FASTEXPORT UTILITY**

A Teradata scan may create temporary tables that are named <u>erecon\_fexp\_<YYYYMM</u> DDHHMMSS><PID><RANDOM>. Do not remove these tables while the scan is in progress.

These temporary tables are created by the Teradata FastExport utility to temporarily store FastExport metadata. The utility extracts data from the Teradata database and stores it in memory (spool space), where the scanning engine reads and scans it. No data from the database is written to disk by the scanning engine.

**Info:** Sufficient spool space must be allocated for **ER2** to successfully scan Teradata tables using FastExport spool mode.

The temporary tables are automatically removed when a scan completes. If a scan fails or is interrupted by an error, the temporary tables may remain in the database. In this case, it is safe to delete the temporary tables.

#### ALLOW REMOTE CONNECTIONS TO POSTGRESQL SERVER

PostgreSQL by default blocks all connections that are not from the PostgreSQL database server itself. This means that to scan a PostgreSQL database, the Agent must either be installed on the PostgreSQL database server itself (not recommended), or the PostgreSQL server must be configured to allow remote connections.

To configure a PostgreSQL server to allow remote connections:

- 1. On the PostgreSQL database server, locate the pg\_hba.conf configuration file. On a Unix-based server, the file is usually found in the /var/lib/postgresql/data directory.
- 2. As root, open pg\_hba.conf in a text editor.
- 3. Add the following to the end of the file:

# Syntax:
# host <database\_name> <postgresql\_user\_name> <agent\_host\_address> <a
uth-method>
host all all md5

#### Note: Secure configuration

The above configuration allows any remote client to connect to the PostgreSQL server if a correct user name and password is provided. For a more secure configuration, use configuration statements that are specific to a database, user or IP address. For example: host database\_A scan\_user 172.17.0.0/24 md5.

4. Save the file and restart the PostgreSQL service.

# **EMAIL LOCATIONS**

This section covers the following topics:

- Supported Email Locations
- Licensing
- Locally Stored Email Data
- IMAP/IMAPS Mailbox
- HCL Notes

### SUPPORTED EMAIL LOCATIONS

- · Locally Stored Email Data
- IMAP/IMAPS Mailbox
- HCL Notes

# LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned email Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, email Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

### LOCALLY STORED EMAIL DATA

When running a Local Storage and Local Memory scan, **ER2** detects and scans offline email data stores and data files for sensitive data. **ER2** does not scan data files locked by the email server.

Scanning a locally stored email data file may produce matches from ghost records or slack space that you are not able to find on the live email server itself.

#### **1** Info: Directly scan Microsoft Exchange Information Store data files

- 1. Stop the Microsoft Exchange Information Store service and back up the Microsoft Exchange Server.
- 2. Once the backup is complete, copy the backup of the Information Store to a location that ER2 can access.
- 3. Select that location as a Local Storage location. See Local Storage and Local Memory for more information.

### **IMAP/IMAPS MAILBOX**

To scan IMAP/IMAPs mailboxes, check that your system meets the following

requirements:

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>macOS Agent</li> </ul>
Email client	The Target Internet mailbox must have IMAP enabled.

#### To Add an IMAP/IMAPS Mailbox

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the **Enter New Target Hostname** field, enter the name of the IMAP/IMAPS server for the mailbox you want to scan.
- 3. Select the IMAP mailbox type to set up:
  - a. IMAP: Select Email > Internet Mailbox.
  - b. IMAPS (IMAP over SSL): Select Email > Internet SSL Mailbox.

Select Types	
<ul> <li>Local Storage</li> <li>Local Memory</li> <li>Network Storage</li> <li>Database</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Websites</li> </ul>	Email          Internet Mailbox Customise         Internet SSL Mailbox Customise         HCL Notes Customise         HCL Notes Customise         Microsoft Exchange Web Services (EWS) Customise

4. In the Internet Mailbox or Internet SSL Mailbox page, fill in the following fields:

Local Storage     Local Memory     Network Storage	Email > Internet S Path details	SSL Mailbox	
Email	Path:	Enter Path Here	
Websites	Credentials Details		
	Stored Credentials	•empty • •	lear
	New Credential	Enter Credential Label	
	Label: New Username:	Enter Username	
	New Password:	Enter Password	1
	Proxy Details	Show Password	
	Agent to act as pro	xy host ) Select proxy agent • C	lear
		Test	1000

Field

Description

Field	Description
Path	Enter the email address that you want to scan. For example, <user_name@domain_name.com> .</user_name@domain_name.com>
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
New Username	Your internet mailbox user name.
Password	Your internet mailbox password.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

#### Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach

Data discovery or scanning of data requires **read access**. Remediation actions that act directly on supported file systems including Delete Permanently, Quarantine, Encryption and Masking require **write access** in order to change, delete and overwrite data.

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

# **HCL NOTES**

To scan HCL Notes mailboxes, check that your system meets the following requirements:

Requirements	Description	
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Note: One task at a time</li> <li>Each Agent can perform only one task at a time. Attempting to perform multiple tasks simultaneously, for example, scanning and probing a Notes Target at the same time, will cause an error.</li> <li>To perform multiple tasks at the same time, use multiple Agents.</li> </ul>	
Notes client	<ul><li>The Agent host must have one of the following installed:</li><li>HCL Notes client 9.0.1</li></ul>	
Single-user installation	<b>ER2</b> works best with an Agent host running a Single-user installation of the Notes client.	
Admin user	User credentials with administrator rights to the target mailbox.	
Others	<ul> <li>Make sure that:</li> <li>The Agent host has a fully configured Notes client installed.</li> <li>The Notes client can connect to the target Domino server.</li> <li>The Notes client can access emails with credentials used for scanning.</li> </ul>	

#### To Add a Notes Mailbox

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the **Enter New Target Hostname** field, enter the host name of the Domino server that the Target Notes mailbox resides on.
- 3. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 4. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 5. In the Select Types dialog box, select Email > HCL Notes.
- 6. Fill in the fields as follows:

Email Websites Credentials Details Stored Credentials	s <b>0</b> em		
Stored Credential	s 🛛em		
	_	or	• Clear
New Credential Label:	Enter Cree	dential Label	
New Username:	Enter Use	mame	
New Password:	Enter Pas	sword assword	-
Proxy Details			
Agent to act as pr	oxy host 0	Select proxy agent	* Clear

Field	Description
Path	Enter the path to scan. Use the following syntax:
	Note: <user_name domino_domain=""> is your Notes User Name.</user_name>
	<ul> <li>Scans all resources available for user credentials provided. Syntax: Leave Path blank.</li> <li>Scans all resources available for the user name provided. Syntax: <user_name domino_domain=""> Example: administrator/exampledomain</user_name></li> <li>Scans a specific path available for the user credentials provided. Syntax: <user_name domino_domain="" path=""> Example: administrator/exampledomain/mail</user_name></li> <li>You can specify a specific server partition to connect to. Syntax: (partition=<server_partition_name>) Example: (partition=serverPartitionA) Specify a server partition when:         <ul> <li>Connecting to a specific server partition in a Domino domain.</li> <li>The target Domino server has a server name that is different from its host name.</li> </ul> </server_partition_name></li> </ul>
	on a Domino server, enter: (partition=serverPartitionA)/administrator/exampledomain/ma il/administ.nsf
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
New Username	Your Notes User Name.
New Password	Your HCL Notes password.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Proxy Agent that resides on a Proxy host with the appropriate HCL Notes client installed.

#### Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

- 7. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 8. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

#### **Notes User Name**

To find your Notes user name:

- 1. Open the Notes client.
- 2. From the menu bar, select **File** > **Security** > **User Security**.
- 3. A password prompt opens. In the prompt, your Notes user name is displayed in the format <user\_name/domino\_domain> .

Lotus Notes		X
STOR OF	User name:	Administrator/groundlabs
an Her	Password:	
		Log In Exit

4. If no password prompt opens, find your Notes user name in the **User Security** screen.

User Security						? ×
🇀 Security Basics	Who You	Are				
🔮 🗄 Your Identity	Name	Administrator/grou	ndlabs			
👧 🗉 Identity of Others	ID File	C:\Users\	\AppData\Local\Lotus\Notes\Da	ata\user.id		
😤 🗉 What Others Do	ID File encr	yption strength	128 bit RC2		Mail Recovery ID .	
💝 🗉 Notes Data	ID File expir	ration date	01/31/2019		<u>R</u> enew	

### **MICROSOFT EXCHANGE (EWS)**

▶ Note: The Microsoft Exchange Web Services (EWS) protocol has reached endof-support as of Enterprise Recon 2.7.0 and is no longer available as a scan Target. To continue scanning the Microsoft Exchange Server, you are recommended to use the Exchange Domain protocol instead. See End-of-Support Platforms for more information.

# **WEBSITES**

This section covers the following topics:

- Licensing
- Requirements
- Set Up a Website as a Target Location
- Path Options
- Sub-domains

### LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned website Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, website Targets require Server & DB Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

### REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Required Proxy Agents:</li> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>macOS Agent</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	<ul> <li>Port 80 for HTTP website.</li> <li>Port 443 for HTTPS website.</li> <li>All TCP ports used by the website.</li> </ul>

## SET UP A WEBSITE AS A TARGET LOCATION

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Server.
- 3. In Enter New Target Hostname, enter the website domain name.
- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 6. In the Select Types dialog box, select Websites.
- 7. Under Websites section, select Website (http://) or SSL Website (https://).
- 8. Fill in the fields as follows:

Field	Description
(Optional) Path	See Path Options table to understand the parameters available to configure a website scan. If <b>Path</b> field is left blank, only resources available at the Target website root directory will be scanned.
(Optional)	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
Label	<b>1</b> Info: Only "Basic" HTTP authentication scheme credentials are supported.
(Optional) Username	Enter your user name.
(Optional) Password	Enter your password.
Agent to act as proxy host	The host name of the machine on which the Proxy Agent resides on. This selected Proxy Agent will be used to scan the website.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

9. Click +Add customised.

#### Path Options

The following options can be defined in the **Path** field to setup a website Target scan:

Options	Description
<folder></folder>	Scan a specific directory on the website domain. If <folder> is not defined in the <b>Path</b> field, only resources available at the Target website root directory will be scanned.</folder>
(port= <port>)</port>	Define a custom <b>port</b> for the Proxy Agent to establish a connection with the server hosting the Target website. If the Target website is hosted on a port other than the standard HTTP (80) or HTTPS (443) ports, the <b>port</b> option must be specified.
(depth= <depth< td=""><td><ul> <li>Specify the depth of the website scan:</li> <li>If depth is not specified or (depth=0), the Agent will scan resources available only in the specified directory.</li> <li>For (depth=x), the Agent will scan resources available in the specified directory and x levels down from the specified directory.</li> </ul></td></depth<>	<ul> <li>Specify the depth of the website scan:</li> <li>If depth is not specified or (depth=0), the Agent will scan resources available only in the specified directory.</li> <li>For (depth=x), the Agent will scan resources available in the specified directory and x levels down from the specified directory.</li> </ul>

Options	Description
(proxy= <proxy &gt;)</proxy 	Specify the address of the HTTP proxy server. If the Proxy Agent has to connect to the Target website via a HTTP proxy server, the proxy option must be specified.

The examples below describe the different scan scenarios based on the value in the **Path** field for a Target website hosted at <a href="http://www.example.com">http://www.example.com</a>.

1. folder1(depth=2)(port=8080)

Proxy Agent will receive instructions to scan the resources available in the following directories on port 8080 :

- www.example.com:8080/folder1/\*
- www.example.com:8080/folder1/folder2a/\*
- www.example.com:8080/folder1/folder2a/folder3a/\*
- www.example.com:8080/folder1/folder2b/\*
- www.example.com:8080/folder1/folder2b/folder3b\*
- 2. (proxy=proxy.example.com) No folder or depth is defined. Proxy Agent will receive instructions to scan only the resources available in the root directory through the proxy server proxy.example.com :
  - www.example.com/\*

#### **SUB-DOMAINS**

Sub-domains are considered individual Targets, therefore each sub-domain must be licensed and scanned separately from apex domains.

**Example:** Three separate licenses are required to scan the Targets below:

- www.example.com
- example.com
- subdomain.example.com

# SHAREPOINT SERVER

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
  - Credentials
  - Using Multiple Credentials to Scan a SharePoint Server Target
- Set Up and Scan a SharePoint Server Target
  - Add SharePoint Server as a New Target
  - Scan a SharePoint Server Target

#### **OVERVIEW**

When a SharePoint Server is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns all root-level Site Collections for the SharePoint Server.

For the example below, "SharePointDBS" is added as a SharePoint Server Target in **ER2**. When the Target is probed, users can view and scan all root-level Site Collections associated with "Web Application 1" and "Web Application 2", as shown below:

SharePoint Server Host (host name: SharePointDBS) +- SharePoint Server

+- Web Application 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com)

- +- Site Collection 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com/)
- +- Site Collection 2 (https://sharepoint.example.com/operations)
- +- Site Collection 3 (https://sharepoint.example.com/marketing)
- +- Web Application 2 (https://sharepoint.example.com:100)
  - +- Site Collection 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com:100/)
  - +- Site Collection 2 (https://sharepoint.example.com:100/engineering)

Note: When probing a SharePoint Server, only the Site Collections that the credential set has access to will be listed.

### LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned SharePoint Server Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, SharePoint Server Targets require Server & DB Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

### REQUIREMENTS

Component	Description
Version Support	SharePoint Server 2013 and above.
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>ER 2.0.28 Agent and newer.</li> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents: <ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	<ul> <li>All TCP ports used by the SharePoint web applications.</li> </ul>

#### Credentials

To successfully scan all resources for a SharePoint Server Target, use credentials that have the minimum required privileges to access all the web applications and site collections on the SharePoint Server.

**Example:** To scan all the SharePoint site collections in "SharePoint DBS", use a credential set that has access to "Web Application 1" and "Web Application 2".

#### Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted access to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

#### Using Multiple Credentials to Scan a SharePoint Server Target

When multiple credentials are required to access the different Site Collections or Sites, a user can upload a text file containing granular access credentials when setting up a SharePoint Server Target. The text file contents must follow these rules:

- 1. Each line of the text file defines a credential set for a URL path.
- 2. Each line must be formatted as <url\_path>|<username>|<password> .

Field	Description
<url_pa th&gt;</url_pa 	The URL path to a Site Collection or Site. If the <url_path> is left blank, the credentials will be used to access all content in the SharePoint Server.</url_path>
<usern ame&gt;</usern 	User name that has access to the URL path.
<passw ord&gt;</passw 	Password for the corresponding user.

Here is an example of a text file with granular access credentials for SharePointDBS:

- 1 https://sharepoint.example.com/operations/myUserName1/myPassword1
- 2 https://sharepoint.example.com:9999/|myUserName2|myPassword2
- 3 https://sharepoint.example.com:100/engineering|myUserName3|myPassword3

### SET UP AND SCAN A SHAREPOINT SERVER TARGET

#### Add SharePoint Server as a New Target

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Server.
- 3. In the **Enter New Target Hostname** field, enter the host name of the Microsoft SQL Server where the SharePoint Server is hosted.
- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 6. In the Select Types dialog box, click Server Applications > SharePoint Server.
- 7. In the next window, fill in the following details:

Local Storage     SharePoint URL     Local Memory     Network Storage     Path:     Enter Path Here	
	ar
Server Applications     Or  New Credential     Enter Credential label	
Label: New Username: Enter Username	
New Password:         Enter SQL Server Password           Show SQL Server Password	
API passwords Select File Brows (optional)	se
Agent to act as proxy host  Select proxy agent Clea	ar
Test Can	

Field	Description
Path	Enter the URL of the resource to scan.
	If the <b>Path</b> field is left blank, all resources in the SharePoint Server (e.g. web applications, site collections, sites, lists, list items, folders and files) will be scanned.
	See Path Syntax table for more information on scanning specific resources in the SharePoint Server.

Field	Description
Credential Details	<ul> <li>If you have stored the credentials, select from Stored Credentials.</li> <li>If not, fill in the following fields: <ul> <li>New Credential Label: Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.</li> <li>New Username: User name for the database server.</li> <li>New Password: Password for the database server.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Tip: Windows Authentication for Microsoft SQL To use Windows authentication, enter your Windows account credentials:</li> <li>Username: Windows domain and username in the <domai n_name\user_name&gt; format.</domai </li> <li>Password: Windows password.</li> <li>For more information on Windows or SQL Server authentication modes, see Choose An Authentication Mode.</li> <li>Credentials must have the minimum privileges described in Credentials.</li> </ul>
(Optional) API passwords	<ul> <li>Upload the text file containing multiple credentials to access different Sites or Site Collections.</li> <li>For example, my_sharepoint_credentials.txt .</li> <li>ER2 will default to the credentials provided in the Username and Password fields for Sites or Site Collections that are not specified in the API passwords file.</li> <li>See Using Multiple Credentials to Scan a SharePoint Server Target for more information.</li> </ul>
Proxy Details	Select a suitable Agent.

- 8. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 9. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

#### Scan a SharePoint Server Target

- 1. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific Target locations to scan.
- 2. Click Next.
- 3. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 4. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See **Set Schedule** for more information.
- 5. Click Next.
- 6. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

#### **Path Syntax**

The following options can be defined in the **Path** field to setup a SharePoint Server scan:

#### Example of SharePoint Web Application structure:

Web Application 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com)

+- Site Collection 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com/)

+- Site Collection 2 (https://sharepoint.example.com/operations)

+- Sub-site 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com/operations/sub-site.aspx)

+- Folder 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com/operations/myFolder)

+- File 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com/operations/myFolder/myFile.txt)

+- Lists (https://sharepoint.example.com/operations/Lists)

+- List 1 (https://sharepoint.example.com/operations/Lists/myList) +- Item 1

https://sharepoint.example.com/operations/Lists/myList/myFile.pptx)

Description	Syntax & Example		
Scan all resources for the SharePoint Online web application. This includes all site collections, sites, lists, list items, folders and files.	Syntax: Leave <b>Path</b> blank.		
Scan a site collection.	Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collectio< td=""></site_collectio<></organization>		
This includes all sites, lists, list items, folders and files for the site collection.	Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations		
Scan a site in a site collection.	Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collectio n&gt;/<site></site></site_collectio </organization>		
	Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/ my-site		
Scan all lists in a site collection.	Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collectio n&gt;/:site/:list</site_collectio </organization>		
	Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/: site/:list		
Scan a specific list in a site collection.	Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collectio n&gt;/:site/:list/<list></list></site_collectio </organization>		
	Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/: site/:list/my-list		
Scan all folders and files in a site collection.	Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collectio n&gt;/:site/:file</site_collectio </organization>		
	Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/: site/:file		
Scan a specific folder in a site collection.	Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collectio n&gt;/:site/:file/<folder></folder></site_collectio </organization>		
	Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/: site/:file/documents		

Description	Syntax & Example
Scan a specific file in a site collection.	Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collectio n&gt;/:site/:file/<file></file></site_collectio </organization>
	Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/: site/:file/example-file.txt
Scan a specific file within a folder in a site collection.	Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collectio n&gt;/:site/:file/<folder>/<file></file></folder></site_collectio </organization>
	Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/: site/:file/documents/example-file.txt

# **CONFLUENCE ON-PREMISES**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Set Up and Scan a Confluence On-Premises Target
  - Add Confluence On-Premises as a New Target
    - Scan a Confluence On-Premises Target
- Edit Confluence On-Premises Target Path
- Confluence API Limits
- Confluence Remediation

### **OVERVIEW**

When Confluence On-Premises is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns all spaces, blog posts, and pages that are accessible to the Confluence user account.

When the Target is probed, you can select specific spaces, blog posts, and/or pages (along with the associated comments and attachments) when setting up the scan schedule.

+- Page Feature A
+- Page Feature A
+- Page Feature B
+- Page Release
+- Page Release Q1
+- Page Release Q2

To set up and scan Confluence On-Premises as a Target:

- 1. Check the Requirements.
- 2. Set Up and Scan a Confluence On-Premises Target.
  - a. Add Confluence On-Premises as a New Target.
    - b. Scan a Confluence On-Premises Target.

To scan specific paths in a Confluence On-Premises Target, see Edit Confluence On-Premises Target Path.

## LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Confluence On-Premises Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Confluence On-Premises Targets require one Server & DB License per host machine, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

### REQUIREMENTS

Component	Description
Version Support	Confluence Data Center 7.4 LTS, 7.19 LTS, and 8.5 LTS.
	<ul> <li>Info: Using a different Confluence On-Premises version?</li> <li>Ground Labs supports and tests the versions listed above. However, versions not indicated may still work as expected.</li> </ul>
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct access to the Confluence server.</li> <li>ER 2.10.0 Agent and newer.</li> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents: <ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Default Port	443
Confluence Credentials	"View" space permission is required. Use credentials of either an individual user with "View" space permission, or a user that belongs to a Confluence group with "View" space permission.
	<b>Example:</b> If User A has "View" space permission for Space A and B, but not for Space C, only Space A and Space B can be added and scanned. If User A has "View" space permission for Space A and Space B, and User A also belongs to a Confluence group with "View" space permission for Space C, all three spaces can be added and scanned.
API Limits	1000 requests (or above) per minute is recommended. See Confluence API Limits.

### SET UP AND SCAN A CONFLUENCE ON-PREMISES

# TARGET

#### Add Confluence On-Premises as a New Target

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Server.
- 3. In the **Enter New Target Hostname** field, enter the host name of the Confluence server.
- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 6. In the Select Types dialog box, click Server Applications > Confluence.
- 7. In the next window, fill in the following details:

Select Types					
<ul> <li>Local Storage</li> <li>Local Memory</li> <li>Network Storage</li> <li>Database</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Websites</li> <li>Server Applications</li> </ul>	Path details Path: Credentials Details	Enter Path	Here		
	Stored Credentials	•emį	pty or	•	Clear
	New Credential Label: New Username:	Enter Cred	ential Label name		
	New Password:	Enter Pass	word		
	Agent to act as pro	xy host 🕦	Select proxy agent	•	Clear
				Test	Cancel

Section	Description
Path details	In the <b>Path</b> field, enter the path to scan. If the field is left blank, all Confluence spaces (on the default connector port) the user or user's Confluence group(s) has "View" permissions to are added.
	See the Path Syntax table for more information on the path syntax to use.
Credential Details	<ul> <li>If you have stored the credentials, select from Stored Credentials.</li> <li>If not, fill in the following fields:</li> <li>a. New Credential Label: Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.</li> <li>b. New Username: Enter the Confluence account user name.</li> <li>c. New Password: Enter the Confluence account password.</li> </ul>
	Note: "View" space permission is required. Use credentials of either an individual user with "View" space permission, or a user that belongs to a Confluence group with "View" space permission.

Section	Description
Proxy Details	Select a suitable Agent. See Requirements - Proxy Agent.

- 8. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 9. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

#### Scan a Confluence On-Premises Target

1. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific Target locations to scan.

Note: Comments and attachments associated with the selected location(s) are also scanned.

- 2. Click Next.
- 3. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 4. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See **Set Schedule** for more information.
- 5. Click Next.
- 6. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

### EDIT CONFLUENCE ON-PREMISES TARGET PATH

To scan a specific path in Confluence On-Premises:

- 1. Set Up and Scan a Confluence On-Premises Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Confluence On-Premises Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Confluence** dialog box, enter the path to scan using the following syntax:

Location to Scan	Path Syntax
All spaces	Syntax: [: <port>] If connection to the Confluence server uses a port other than 443, the [:<port>] value must be defined in the <b>Path</b> field.</port></port>
	Example: Leave the <b>Path</b> field blank or :9999
All pages in a specific space	Syntax: [: <port>/]<space name=""> Example: Engineering</space></port>
All blog posts in a	Syntax: [: <port>/]<space name="">/\$b</space></port>
specific space	Example: Engineering/\$b
A specific blog post in	Syntax: [: <port>/]<space name="">/\$b/<blog name<="" post="" td=""></blog></space></port>
a specific space	
	Example: Engineering/\$b/ivew Feature

Location to Scan	Path Syntax
All subpages under a specific page	Syntax: [: <port>/]<space name="">/<page name=""> Example: Engineering/Features</page></space></port>
A specific subpage under a specific page	Syntax: [: <port>/]<space name="">/<page name="">/<pag e Name&gt; Example: Engineering/Features/Versioning</pag </page></space></port>

Note: Comments and attachments associated with the selected location(s) are also scanned.

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

# **CONFLUENCE API LIMITS**

**ER2** uses REST API to query and retrieve data from Confluence. The number and frequency of REST API requests that users can make can be configured using the rate limiting feature.

When rate limiting is enabled and the **Limit requests** option is selected, we recommend setting the **Requests allowed per node** to a value not lower than 1000 requests per minute per user to allow **ER2** to properly execute scans.

If an organization reaches the configured request limits, the following scan issues may be encountered:

- The scan speed will substantially decrease, and
- The scan schedule will take too long to complete and will be stuck in "Scanning" state.

For more information, see Confluence - Rate Limiting.

#### **CONFLUENCE ON-PREMISES REMEDIATION**

The following remediation actions are supported for Confluence On-Premises Targets:

- Mark Locations for Compliance Report
- PRO Delegated Remediation

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# **AMAZON S3 BUCKETS**

Note: ER 2.0.29 has an updated Amazon S3 module. To continue scanning Amazon S3, all Amazon S3 Targets and Amazon S3 credential sets added in earlier versions of ER2 must be deleted and added back in ER 2.0.29.

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
  - Encryption
- Get AWS User Security Credentials
- Set Up and Scan an Amazon S3 Target
  - Add Amazon S3 as a Target
  - Scan an Amazon S3 Target
- Edit Amazon S3 Target Path

### **OVERVIEW**

When probing an Amazon S3 Buckets Target, **ER2** lists all buckets (if any) in the principal account that the IAM user (whose credentials are used for the scan) belongs to. However, scans can only be completed successfully for buckets that the IAM user has (at minimum) read access to.

Buckets in other principal accounts (cross principal accounts) that the IAM user has (at minimum) read access to can also be probed and scanned. To scan Amazon S3 Buckets in cross principal accounts, add the bucket manually as a new location under the existing Amazon S3 Target.

To add Amazon S3 Buckets as Targets:

- 1. Check the Requirements.
- 2. Get AWS User Security Credentials.
- 3. Set Up and Scan an Amazon S3 Target.
  - a. Add Amazon S3 as a Target.
  - b. Scan an Amazon S3 Target.

To scan specific objects in the Target bucket, see Edit Amazon S3 Target Path.

#### LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Amazon S3 Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Amazon S3 Targets require Server & DB Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

### REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>Cloud service-specific access keys.</li> <li>ER 2.0.29 Agent and newer.</li> </ul> Required Proxy Agents: <ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>macOS Agent</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

#### Encryption

ER2 supports Amazon S3 Buckets that use the following encryption methods:

- 1. Server-side encryption with Amazon S3-managed encryption keys (SSE-S3)
- 2. Server-side encryption with AWS KMS-managed keys (SSE-KMS)
- 3. Server-side encryption with customer-provided encryption keys (SSE-C)

**Tip: ER2** supports only one encryption key value for scanning Amazon S3 Buckets protected by SSE-C method. Scan the Target using different credential sets if multiple encryption key values are required to access all objects within a bucket.

## GET AWS USER SECURITY CREDENTIALS

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

- 1. Log in to the AWS IAM console.
- 2. On the left of the page, click **Users** and select an IAM user with the following access permissions to the Amazon S3 Buckets that you want to scan:
  - ListAllMyBuckets
  - ListBucket
  - GetBucketLocation
  - GetObject

Dashboard	Create New Users	User Actions -	
Search IAM	•		
Dotaile	Filter		
Groups	User Name 🖨	Groups	Pass
Users	aws_user	0	

3. On the **User** page, click on the **Security Credentials** tab. The tab displays the user's existing Access Keys.

Access Keys							^
Use access key industry best pr Create Acce	s to make secure actice recommend ss Key	REST or Query protocol requests to a is frequent key rotation. Learn more a	any AWS service about Access Ke	API. For your protection,	you should never share	your secret	keys with anyone. In addition
Access Key II		Created	Loot Hood	Loot Hood Comico	Lost Hoad Degion	Chatura	Actions
Access Key II	<b>)</b>	Created	Last Used	Last Used Service	Last Used Region	Status	Actions
Access Key II Akia	KGQ	Created 2016-08-17 16:00 UTC+0800	Last Used	Last Used Service	Last Used Region	Status Active	Actions Make Inactive   Delete

- 4. Click **Create Access Key**. A dialog box appears, displaying a new set of User security credentials. This consists of an **Access Key ID** and a **Secret Access Key**.
- 5. Click **Download Credentials** to save the User security credentials in a secure location, or write it down in a safe place. You cannot access this set of credentials once the dialog box is closed.

	access key has been	created success	sfully.	
This is t	the last time these U	ser security cre	edentials will be availa	ble for download.
You can	manage and recreate	these credentia	als any time.	
▼ Hi	de User Security Cred	entials		
	aws_user			
			0.10	
	Access Key ID:	AKIA	GJQ	
	Access Key ID: Secret Access Key:	AKIA jNvEb	0.00	sW4Su

Note: Save your new Access Key set. Once this window is closed, you cannot access this Secret Access Key.

### SET UP AND SCAN AN AMAZON S3 TARGET

#### Add Amazon S3 as a Target

- 1. From the **New Scan** page, Add Targets.
- In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Amazon S3.
   In the Amazon S3 Details section, fill in the following fields:

Select Target Type		
<ul> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> <li>Azure Storage</li> <li>Box</li> <li>Dropbox</li> <li>Exchange Domain</li> <li>Google Workspace</li> <li>Google Cloud Platform</li> <li>Microsoft 365</li> <li>Rackspace Cloud Files</li> <li>Salesforce</li> </ul>	Amazon S3 Details Amazon Account Label: Credentials Details Stored Credentials New Credential Label: Access Key ID: Secret Access Key: Private Key () Proxy Details Agent to act as pro	Clear Browse Clear Clear

Field	Description
Label	Enter a descriptive label for the Amazon S3 Target. Example: UserA_Amazon_S3.
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
Access Key ID	Enter the <b>Access Key ID</b> obtained in Get AWS User Security Credentials.
	Example: AKIAABCDEFGHIEXAMPLE .
Secret Access Key	Enter the <b>Secret Access Key</b> obtained in Get AWS User Security Credentials.
	Example: aBcDeFGHiJKLM/A1NOPQR/wxYzdcbAEXAMPLEK EY .
Private Key	Upload the file containing the customer-provided 256-bit encryption key.
	Only required for Amazon S3 Buckets that use the server-side encryption with customer-provided encryption keys (SSE-C) method for object encryption.
	Example: my_amazon_key.txt .
Agent to act as a proxy host	Select a Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

#### Note: AWS

Please check if your AWS administrator has a set of IAM access keys for your use. AWS advises against using AWS root credentials. Use IAM whenever possible. For more information, see the AWS official documentation.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 6. Back in the **New Scan** page, locate the newly added Amazon S3 Target and click on the arrow next to it to display a list of available buckets for the Amazon S3 user.

#### Scan an Amazon S3 Target

▶ Note: Scanning principal accounts without any buckets for ER 2.9.1 and below If the credentials used belong to an IAM user in a principal account that does not have buckets, probing the Target will fail. Add the Amazon S3 Target via the Enterprise Recon API instead or upgrade the Master Server to ER 2.10.0.

#### Scan Buckets in a Single Principal Account

1. In **Scans** > **New Scan** page, locate the newly added/existing Amazon S3 Target and select the Target location(s) to scan.

▶ Note: ER2 lists all buckets (if any) in the principal account that the IAM user (whose credentials are used for the scan) belongs to. However, scans can only be completed successfully for buckets that the IAM user has (at minimum) read access to. See Scanning Amazon S3 Buckets in a Single and Cross Principal Accounts for more information.

 If "All data on new target AWSS3:<Amazon\_Target\_Label>" or "Amazon S3 : All buckets on new target AWSS3:<Amazon\_Target\_Label>" is selected, ER2 scans all objects contained in all buckets available for the IAM user account.

		Select Locations Select Data	Types Set Schedule Confirm Details	
A	ll Groups		Selected Locations	
D	<ul> <li>All data on target AWSS3:USER.</li> </ul>	A_AMAZON_ACCOUNT	Amazon S3 : All buckets on target AWSS3:USERA_AMAZON_ACCOUNT	Remove
	<ul> <li>Amazon S3 : All buckets on tar</li> </ul>	rget AWSS3:USERA_AMAZON_ACCOUNT Edit		
	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket01</li> </ul>			
0	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket02</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket03</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket04</li> </ul>			
5	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket05</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket06</li> </ul>			
5	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket07</li> </ul>			
1	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket08</li> </ul>			
1	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket09</li> </ul>			
į	<ul> <li>Bucket bucket10</li> </ul>			
_		,		

Note: For this setup, **ER2** probes and retrieves the buckets under an IAM user account for each instance of a recurring scan. Any new bucket added after the scan was first scheduled is included in the following scan.

• If only specific buckets are selected, **ER2** scans only the objects contained in the selected buckets.

				Select Location	s Select Data Types	Set Schedule Confirm Details	
	Grou	ps				Selected Locations	
	• 🛆	AI	II data on target AWSS3:USI	ERA_AMAZON_ACCOUNT		<ul> <li>Amazon S3 Bucket bucket01 on target AWSS3:USERA_AMAZON_ACCOUNT</li> </ul>	Remove
	•	6	Amazon S3 : All buckets on	target AWSS3:USERA_AMAZON_AC	COUNT Edit	<ul> <li>Amazon S3 Bucket bucket03 on target AWSS3:USERA_AMAZON_ACCOUNT</li> </ul>	Remove
	۲	0	Bucket bucket01			Amazon S3 Bucket bucket05 on target AWSS3:USERA_AMAZON_ACCOUNT	Remove
	٠	0	Bucket bucket02			7	
0	۲	0	Bucket bucket03				
		0	Bucket bucket04				
			Bucket bucket05				
		0	Bucket bucket06				
	۲	0	Bucket bucket07				
		0	Bucket bucket08				
		0	Bucket bucket09				
		0	Bucket bucket10				
		-			*		

Note: For this setup, **ER2** probes and retrieves only the objects in the selected buckets. Any new bucket added after the scan was first scheduled is not included in the following scan.

- 2. Click Next.
- 3. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 4. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See **Set Schedule** for more information.
- 5. Click Next.
- 6. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

#### Scan Buckets in Other Principal Accounts

- 1. In Scans > New Scan page, locate the newly added/existing Amazon S3 Target.
- 2. Click Add New Location.
- 3. In the **Path** field, enter the name of the bucket in the other principal account.
- 4. In the **Credentials Details** section, fill in the fields using the credentials of the IAM user. See step 3 of Add Amazon S3 as a Target.
- 5. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

Note: For this setup, **ER2** probes and retrieves only the objects in the manually added bucket. Any new bucket added after the scan was first scheduled is not included in the following scan.

### **EDIT AMAZON S3 TARGET PATH**

To scan a specific object in the Amazon S3 Bucket:

- 1. Add Amazon S3 as a Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Amazon S3 Bucket Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Amazon S3 Bucket Location** dialog, enter the **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Path	Syntax
Whole Bucket	<bucketname></bucketname>
Specific folder in Bucket	<bucketname folder_name=""></bucketname>
Specific file in Bucket	<bucketname[ filename.txt="" folder_name]=""></bucketname[>

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

# **AZURE STORAGE**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Get Azure Account Access Keys
- Set up Azure as a Target location
- Edit Azure Storage Target Path

### **OVERVIEW**

The instructions here work for setting up the following Azure Storage types as Targets:

- Azure Blobs
- Azure Tables
- Azure Queues

To set up Azure Storage as a Target:

- 1. Get Azure Account Access Keys
- 2. Set up Azure as a Target location

To scan specific paths in an Azure Storage Target, see Edit Azure Storage Target Path.

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

## LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Azure Storage Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Azure Storage Targets require Server & DB Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

### REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>Cloud service-specific access keys.</li> </ul> Required Proxy Agents:
	<ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>macOS Agent</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

# **GET AZURE ACCOUNT ACCESS KEYS**

- 1. Log in to your **Azure** account.
- 2. Go to All resources > [Storage account], and under Settings, click on Access keys.
- 3. Note down **key1** and **key2** which are your primary and secondary access keys respectively. Use the active access key to connect **ER2** to your Azure Storage account.

**1** Info: Only one access key can be active at a time. The primary and secondary access keys are used to make rolling key changes. Ask your Azure Storage account administrator which access key is currently active, and use that key with **ER2**.

## SET UP AZURE AS A TARGET LOCATION

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the **Select Target Type** dialog box, click on **Azure Storage** and select one of the following Azure Storage types:
  - Azure Blobs
  - Azure Queue
  - Azure Table
- 3. Fill in the following fields:

Azure Account Na	me:	Enter Storage Account	unt Name	]
Credentials Details				
Stored Credential	s ()	empty		- Clear
		or		
New Credential	Enter Credential Label			
New Username:	Enter Username			
New Password:	Enter Password			
		Show Password		
Proxy Details				
Agent to act as pr	oxy h	ost O Select prov	vacent	Clear

Field	Description
Azure Account Name	Enter your Azure account name.
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
New Username	Enter your Azure Storage account name.
New Password	Enter either <b>key1</b> or <b>key2</b> . See Get Azure Account Access Keys for more information.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

#### EDIT AZURE STORAGE TARGET PATH

To scan a specific Target location in Azure Storage:

- 1. Set up Azure as a Target location.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Azure Storage Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the Edit Azure Storage Location dialog box, enter the Path to scan. Use the

following syntax:

Azure Storage type	Path syntax
Azure Blobs	To scan a specific folder: <folder_name> To scan a specific file: &lt;[folder_name/]file_name.txt&gt;</folder_name>
Azure Table	To scan a specific table: <table_name></table_name>
Azure Queue	To scan a specific Queue: <queue_name></queue_name>

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

Note: From Enterprise Recon 2.9.0, the Box Inc module replaces the previous Box Enterprise module.

This section covers the following topics:

- Box Inc
  - Overview
  - Licensing
  - Requirements
  - Configure Box Account
    - Create Custom App
    - Authorize Custom App
  - Set Up and Scan a Box Inc Target
  - Edit Box Inc Target Path
  - Box Inc Remediation
  - User Account in Multiple Groups

### **BOX INC**

Note: From Enterprise Recon 2.9.0, the Box Inc module replaces the previous Box Enterprise module.

#### Overview

When Box Inc is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns all groups and users accounts of each group in the Box Inc domain. You can select specific groups, users, folders, or files when setting up the scan schedule, and each is reported as distinct Target locations.

You can also scan all user accounts in your organization's Box Inc domain by selecting the "All Users" group as a scan location.

#### Example of Box Inc structure: Box [domain: example.app.box.com] +- Box on target BOX:EXAMPLE.APP.BOX.COM +- Group All Users +- User A +- Folder 1 +- File 1 +- File 2 +- File 3 +- User B +- File 1 +- File 2 +- User C +- Folder 1 +- File 2 +- Folder 2 +- Group Design +- User A +- Folder 1 +- File 1 +- File 2 +- File\_3 +- User B +- File 1 +- File 2 +- Group Engineering +- User A +- User A +- Folder 1 +- File 1 +- File 2 +- File 3 +- User C +- Folder 1 +- File 2 +- Folder 2

#### Licensing

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Box Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Box Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

#### Requirements

Requirements

Description
Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>ER 2.9.0 Agent and newer.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents:</li> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

#### **Configure Box Account**

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

For **ER 2.9.0** and above, you will need to perform the following setup to scan Box Targets:

- 1. Create Custom App
- 2. Authorize Custom App

**Info:** Two-factor authentication (2FA) must be enabled for the Box Inc domain to set up and configure the custom app for use with **ER2**.

#### Create Custom App

- 1. With an administrator account, log in to your organization's Box account or custom domain account.
- 2. Go to the Box Dev Console.
- 3. Click Create New App.
- 4. In the My Apps > Create New App page, click Custom App.
- 5. In the Create a Custom App dialog box:

Field	Description	
App Name	Enter a descriptive display name for the <b>ER2</b> app (e.g. Enterprise_Recon ).	
Description (optional)	Enter a brief description for the app.	
Purpose	Select Integration.	
Categories	Select Security & Compliance.	
Which external system are you integrating with?	Enter <b>ER2</b> .	
Who is building this application? (optional)	Select Partner.	

Field	Description
Please specify	Enter Ground Labs.

- 6. Click Next.
- 7. In the Authentication Method section, select Server Authentication (with JWT).
- 8. Click **Create App**. You will be redirected to the **Configuration** tab for the newly created app, Enterprise\_Recon.
- 9. In the **Configuration** tab, go to the following sections and set up the app as follows:

Section	Setup
App Access Level	Select App + Enterprise Access.
Application Scopes	Select: <ul> <li>Read all files and folders stored in Box</li> <li>Write all files and folders stored in Box</li> <li>Manage users</li> <li>Manage groups</li> </ul> Deselect: <ul> <li>Manage enterprise properties</li> </ul>
Advanced Features	Select: <ul> <li>Make API calls using the as-user header</li> <li>Generate user access tokens</li> </ul>

- 10. Click Save Changes.
- In the Add and Manage Public Keys section, click Generate a Public/Private Keypair and OK. This will generate and download a JSON configuration file containing all the settings (including the private key) for the custom app, Enterpris e\_Recon. This configuration file will be required to Set Up and Scan a Box Inc Target.

**1** Info: Two-factor authentication (2FA) must be enabled for the Box Inc domain to set up and configure the custom app for use with **ER2**.

- 12. Go to the Authorization tab and click Review and Submit.
- 13. In the **Review App Authorization Submission** dialog box, click **Submit**. The **Authorization Status** will be set to **Pending Authorization**.

#### Authorize Custom App

- 1. With an administrator account, log in to your organization's Box account or custom domain account.
- 2. In the left navigation pane, click on Admin Console.
- 3. In the left navigation pane, click on Apps > Custom Apps Manager.
- 4. Under the list of **Server Authentication Apps**, search for the newly created custom app, Enterprise\_Recon.
- 5. Click View.
- 6. In the **Custom Apps Manager** > app name Enterprise\_Recon page, click **Authorize**.
- 7. In the **Authorize App** dialog box, review the details of the custom app and click **Authorize**. The **Authorization Status** for the **Enterprise\_Recon** app should be set to **Authorized**.

#### Set Up and Scan a Box Inc Target

- 1. Configure Box Account.
- 2. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 3. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Box.
- 4. Fill in the following details:

Select Target Type			
<ul> <li>Select Target Type</li> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> <li>Azure Storage</li> <li>Box</li> <li>Dropbox</li> <li>Exchange Domain</li> <li>Google Workspace</li> <li>Google Cloud Platform</li> <li>Microsoft 365</li> <li>Rackspace Cloud Files</li> <li>Salesforce</li> </ul>	Box Details Box Domain: Credentials Details Stored Credentials ① New Credential Label: Configuration File ① Proxy Details Agent to act as proxy h	Enter Domain empty or Enter Credential Label Select File ost  Select proxy agent	Clear Browse Clear

Field	Description
Box Domain	Enter the Box Inc domain to scan. Example: example.app.box.com
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the Box credential set. Example: box_example_domain_credentials
Configuration File	Upload the JSON configuration file (*.json) containing all the settings for the custom app (e.g. Enterprise_Recon ). See step 11 of Create Custom App for more information.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Windows or Linux Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 7. Back in the **New Scan** page, locate the newly added Box Target and click on the arrow next to it to display a list of available groups for the domain.
- 8. Select the Target location(s) to scan:
  - a. If "All Users" is selected, ER2 scans all user accounts in the Box Inc domain.

▶ Note: "All Users" is a default, non-configurable virtual group in ER2 that automatically includes all user accounts in the Box Inc domain. If a similar "All Users" group pre-exists in your Box environment, we recommend that you change the group name as it will be viewed as a duplicate group and will not be displayed in ER2.

b. If only specific groups are selected, **ER2** only scans (the folders and files of) user accounts in the selected groups.

Note: For Box Inc Target location paths that contain special characters (e.g. "#", "%", "&", etc...), probe the Target to add and scan the location.

- 9. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 10. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 11. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific Target locations to scan.
- 12. Click Next.
- 13. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 14. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See <u>Set</u> <u>Schedule</u> for more information.
- 15. (Optional) Select / deselect the **Enable Box Bulk Download** parameter. Enabling this setting will allow bulk download of files for scans of Box Targets.

Note: This feature is currently in BETA stage. When the **Enable Box Bulk Download** parameter is selected, scan results in Box Targets may report Inaccessible Locations. We strongly recommend using the feature in test environments as there may be other limitations associated with its usage.

- 16. Click Next.
- 17. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

#### Edit Box Inc Target Path

To scan a specific path in Box Inc:

- 1. Set Up and Scan a Box Inc Target.
- 2. In the Select Locations section, select your Box Target location and click Edit.

Note: For Box Inc Target location paths that contain special characters (e.g. "#", "%", "&", etc...), probe the Target to add and scan the location.

3. In the **Edit Box** dialog box, enter the path to scan. Use the following syntax:

Path	Syntax	
Whole domain	Leave blank.	
All user accounts in all groups	Syntax: All Users Example: All Users	
All user accounts in a specific group	Syntax: <group name=""> Example: Engineering</group>	
Specific user account in group	Syntax: <group name="">/<user> Example: Engineering/user1@example.com</user></group>	
Specific folder for user account in group	Syntax: <group name="">/<user>/<folder> Example: Engineering/user1@example.com/P roject A</folder></user></group>	
Specific file for user account in group	Syntax: <group name="">/<user>/<file> Example: Engineering/Project A/user1@exam ple.com/example.html</file></user></group>	
Specific file in a folder for user account in group	Syntax: <group name="">/<user>/<folder><file &gt; Example: Engineering/Project A/user1@exam ple.com/example.html</file </folder></user></group>	

- 4. (Optional) Select a different Windows or Linux Agent to act as a proxy host.
- 5. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

#### **Box Remediation**

The following remediation actions are supported for Box Targets:

- Mark Locations for Compliance Report
- PRO Delegated Remediation

#### **User Account in Multiple Groups**

This section describes the behavior of users that are members of multiple groups for the Box Target.

#### License Consumption

A Box user account that belongs to multiple groups

- is scanned each time a group the user belongs to is scanned.
- consumes only 1x data allowance usage regardless of how many times it is scanned as part of different groups.

**Example:** User "UserA" belongs to two groups, "Engineering" and "Design". The data size (for the folders and files) under "UserA" is 5 MB.

When both "Engineering" and "Design" groups are added to the same scan, the folders and files for "UserA" are scanned once when "Engineering" is scanned, and a second time when "Design" is scanned.

"UserA" consumes only one Client License, and 5 MB Client License data allowance despite having been scanned twice.

#### **Scan Results**

Matches that are found in the folders and files for users that belong to multiple groups will be reported as a distinct match count for each group.

Take for example a simplified Box Target for the domain "example.app.box.com" below:

EXAMPLE.APP.BOX.COM	55 matches	
+– Engineering	30 matches	
+– UserA	10 matches	
+– UserB	20 matches	
+– Design	25 matches	
+– UserA	10 matches	
+– UserC	15 matches	

Matches found in the folders and files for "UserA" will be included in the match count for both Engineering and Design groups.

## **BOX ENTERPRISE**

Note: The Box Enterprise protocol has reached end-of-support as of 2.9.0 and is no longer available as a scan Target. To continue scanning the Box environment, you are recommended to use the Box Inc protocol which uses the custom app with server-side authentication using JSON Web Tokens (JWT) for authorization.

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# DROPBOX

Note: ER 2.4 has an updated Dropbox Business and Dropbox Personal module which requires the latest access token for authentication. Previous access tokens will no longer be supported by ER2 from September 2021.

To continue scanning Dropbox Business and Dropbox Personal Targets without interruption,

- 1. Upgrade the Master Server, and
- 2. Update Dropbox credential sets added in earlier versions of **ER2** by performing re-authentication. See Re-authenticate Dropbox Credentials for more information.

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Supported Dropbox Business Configuration
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Set Up Dropbox as a Target location
- Edit Dropbox Target Path
- Re-authenticate Dropbox Credentials

## **OVERVIEW**

The instructions here work for setting up the following Dropbox products as Targets:

- Dropbox Business
- Dropbox Personal

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

### SUPPORTED DROPBOX BUSINESS CONFIGURATION

The Dropbox Business Target in **ER2** only supports the team folder configuration with Team Spaces.

Log in to the **Admin Console** with your Dropbox Business team admin's account to determine the team folder Configuration for your Dropbox Business account.

# LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Dropbox Business and Dropbox Personal Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Dropbox Business and Dropbox Personal Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

# REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>Cloud service-specific access keys.</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

# SET UP DROPBOX AS A TARGET LOCATION

- 1. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the **Select Target Type** dialog box, click on **Dropbox** and select one of the following Dropbox products:
  - Dropbox Business
  - Dropbox Personal
- 3. In the **Dropbox Details** section, fill in the following fields:

Select Target Type				
<ul> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> <li>Azure Storage</li> <li>Box</li> <li>Dropbox</li> <li>Exchange Domain</li> <li>G Suite</li> <li>Office 365</li> <li>Rackspace Cloud Files</li> </ul>	Dropbox > Dropbo Dropbox Details Dropbox Email: Credentials Details Step 1 Please click on the li enter the access cod Dropbox Account Au This will open a sepa Step 2 Enter the access cod Access Code: Proxy Details Agent to act as proc	Enter Email Ink below to g le that appear thorization arate tab de from the D Enter Acce Show Acc xy host ()	il grant us access to your Dro irs on the website in Step 2 Dropbox Website ss Code cess Code Select proxy agent	opbox account and 2.
				Test Cancel

Field	Description
Dropbox Admin Email / Dropbox Domain	Enter your Team Admin email address for <b>Dropbox Business</b> or your Dropbox email address for <b>Dropbox Personal</b> .

Field	Description	
Dropbox Business Account Authorization / Dropbox Account Authorization	Obtain the Dropbox access code: 1. In Dropbox Details, click on Dropbox Business Account Authorization / Dropbox Account Authorization. This opens the Account Authorization page in a new browser tab. 2. In the Dropbox Business Account Authorization / Dropbox Account Authorization page: i. Enter the Team Admin's user name and password for Dropbox Business or your user name and password for Dropbox Personal. Click Sign in. ii. Click Allow. Ground Labs - Business would like to access GroundLabs's team information and activity log, as well as the ability to perform any action as any team member. Cancel Allow Info: Dropbox Business ER2 only uses content-download API requests to scan Dropbox Business Targets and does not consume any upload API quota. For more information, please consult your Dropbox Business team administrator. 3. Copy the Access Code. Enter this code into Ground Labs - Business to finish the process. 7	
Access Code	Enter the Access Code obtained during Dropbox Business Account Authorization / Dropbox Account Authorization.	
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.	

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

# EDIT DROPBOX TARGET PATH

To scan a specific path in Dropbox Business or Dropbox Personal:

- 1. Set Up Dropbox as a Target location.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Dropbox Business or Dropbox Personal Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Dropbox Business** / **Edit Dropbox Personal** dialog box, enter the path to scan. Use the following syntax:

Path	Syntax
Specific folder	<folder_name></folder_name>
Specific file	<[folder_name/]file_name.txt>

4. Click on **Dropbox Business Account Authorization** / **Dropbox Account Authorization** and follow the on-screen instructions. Enter the **Access Code** obtained into the Access Code field.

Note: Each additional location requires you to generate a new Access Code for use with **ER2**.

5. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

# **RE-AUTHENTICATE DROPBOX CREDENTIALS**

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Target Credentials.
- 3. Hover over the Dropbox Business or Dropbox Personal Target credential set and click **Edit**.

TARGET CREDENTIALS					
					+ Add
Credential Label	Туре	Login Name	Password	Certificate	
dropbox.admin@example.com	DROPBOXBUSINE SS	dropbox.admin@example.com	*********		🖊 Edit 🧃 Remove

4. Click on Dropbox Business Account Authorization (opens in a new tab) / Dropbox Personal Account Authorization (opens in a new tab) and follow the on-screen instructions.

Credential Label.	dropbox.admin@example.com
Туре:	Cloud
Storage Provider:	Dropbox Business
Please click on the link I Dropbox Business Acc	velow to grant us access to your Cloud storage account and enter the access code that appears on the website in Step 2.
Step 2	rom the Cloud Storage website.
Enter the doocoo ooder	

- 5. Enter the **Access Code** obtained into the **Access Code** field in the credential editor.
- 6. Click Save.

# **EXCHANGE ONLINE**

Info: The Exchange Online (EWS) (previously Office 365 Mail) Target uses the Basic Authentication method for Exchange Web Services (EWS), which is marked for retirement by Microsoft. Existing scans for Exchange Online (EWS) may start to fail once Basic Authentication access is disabled for Exchange Web Services (EWS). From ER 2.1, you can use the Microsoft Graph implementation of Exchange Online by adding the Exchange Online (Graph) Target.

Note: Exchange Online and Exchange Online (EWS) (previously Office 365 Mail) are separate Targets in ER 2.11.0. Scanning the same user account using both Exchange Online and Exchange Online (EWS) Targets would consume data allowance that is twice the size of data for that user account.

This section covers the following topics:

- Exchange Online
  - Licensing
  - Requirements
  - Configure Microsoft 365 Account
    - Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key
    - Generate Client Secret Key
    - Grant API Access
  - Set Up and Scan an Exchange Online Target
  - Edit Exchange Online Target Path
  - Unsupported Mailbox Types and Folders
  - Exchange Online Remediation
  - Mailbox in Multiple Groups

## **EXCHANGE ONLINE**

When Exchange Online is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns all Microsoft 365 groups and user accounts with active mailboxes in each group. You can select specific groups or individual users when setting up the scan schedule, and each group will be presented as a separate location for the Exchange Online Target.

Here are some scenarios which may benefit from scanning Exchange Online mailboxes by Microsoft 365 groups:

- Users in the organization are typically managed as groups, and assigned group memberships in your Microsoft 365 environment.
- Compliance procedures requires the capability to segregate and report scan results by business unit, division or group.
- Head of Departments are only authorized to review and remediate non-compliant mailboxes in certain groups. This can be easily managed by delegating specific Resource Permissions to the user.

You can also scan all users with mailboxes in your organization's domain by adding the "All Users" group as a scan location.

#### Example of Exchange Online structure:

Exchange Online [domain: example.onmicrosoft.com]

+- Exchange Online on target EXCHANGEONLINE: EXAMPLE. ONMICROSOFT. C

МО

- +- Group All Users
- +- Group Engineering
- +- Group Design

▶ Note: If there are multiple Microsoft 365 groups with the same display name in your domain, **ER2** will only retrieve the first group occurrence. For example, if there are three groups with the same display name, "Engineering", **ER2** will only probe, scan and return results for the first "Engineering" group for the Exchange Online Target.

#### Licensing

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Exchange Online Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Exchange Online Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

#### Requirements

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>ER 2.1 Agent and newer.</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

#### **Configure Microsoft 365 Account**

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

For **ER 2.1** and above, you will need to perform the following setup to scan Exchange Online Targets:

- 1. Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key
- 2. Generate Client Secret Key
- 3. Grant API Access

#### **Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key**

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, click **+ New registration**.
- 3. In the **Register an application** page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Name	Enter a descriptive display name for <b>ER2</b> . For example, Enterprise Recon.
Supported account types	Select Accounts in this organizational directory only.

- 4. Click **Register**. You will be redirected to the Overview page for the newly registered app, Enterprise Recon.
- 5. Take down the **Application (client) ID** and **Directory (tenant) ID**. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan an Exchange Online Target.

😑 Microsoft Azure 🏼	Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)	EXAMPLE.COM			
Home > App registrations > En	Home > App registrations > Enterprise Recon				
Enterprise Recon		× %			
, P Search (Ctrl+/)	« 🗊 Delete 🌐 Endpoints				
Overview	Got a second? We would love your feedback on Micros	off identity platform (previously Azure AD for developer). $ ightarrow$			
Quickstart	Display name Enterprise Recon	Supported account types Multiple organizations			
Manage	Application (client) ID clientid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Redirect URIs Add a Redirect URI			
Branding	Directory (tenant) ID tenantid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Application ID URI Add an Application ID URI			
Certificates & secrets	Object ID objectid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Managed application in local directory MyER2Master			
III Token configuration (preview	)	*			
- API permissions	Welcome to the new and improved App registrations. Looking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? Learn more				
🙆 Expose an API					
0wners	Call APIs	Documentation			

#### **Generate Client Secret Key**

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owned applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered (e.g. Enterprise Recon ) when generating the Client ID and Tenant ID key.
- 3. In the Manage panel, click Certificates & secrets.
- 4. In the **Client secrets** section, click + **New client secret**.
- 5. In the Add a client secret page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Description	Enter a descriptive label for the Client Secret key.
Expires	Select a validity period for the Client Secret key.

6. Click Add. The Value column will contain the Client Secret key.

Client secrets				
A secret string that the application uses to prove	its identity when request	ing a token. Also can be referred to as application password.		
+ New client secret				
Description	Expires	Value		
ER2	1/13/2021	this-is-a-secretKeyExample-12345	D	Î
4				

7. Copy and save the **Client Secret** key to a secure location. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan an Exchange Online Target.

Note: Save your Client Secret key in a secure location. You cannot access this Client Secret key once you navigate away from the page.

#### **Grant API Access**

To scan Exchange Online Targets, you will need to grant **ER2** permissions to access specific resource APIs.

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owned applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered (e.g. Enterprise Recon ) when generating the Client ID and Tenant ID key.
- 3. In the Manage panel, click API permissions.
- 4. In the **Configured permissions** section, click + Add a permission.
- 5. In the **Request API permissions** page, select **Microsoft Graph > Application permissions**.
- 6. Select the following permissions for the Enterprise Recon app:

API Permissions	Description
<ul> <li>Group.Read.All</li> <li>User.Read.All</li> <li>Directory.Read.All</li> <li>Mail.Read</li> <li>Contacts.Read</li> <li>Calendars.Read</li> </ul>	Required for probing and scanning Exchange Online Targets.
<ul> <li>Group.ReadWrite.All</li> <li>User.ReadWrite.All</li> <li>Directory.ReadWrite.All</li> <li>Mail.ReadWrite</li> <li>Contacts.ReadWrite</li> <li>Calendars.ReadWrite</li> </ul>	Required for remediating Exchange Online Targets.

- 7. Click Add permissions.
- 8. In the **Configured permissions** page, click on **Grant admin consent for** <organization name>.
- 9. In the Grant admin consent confirmation dialog, click Yes. The Status column

for all the newly added API permissions will be updated to "Granted for <organization name>".

#### Set Up and Scan an Exchange Online Target

This section describes how to set up Exchange Online Targets for **ER 2.1** and above.

- 1. Configure Microsoft 365 Account.
- 2. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 3. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Microsoft 365 > Exchange Online.
- 4. Fill in the following details:

Microsoft 365 > Exchange Online			
Exchange Online Details			
Exchange Online Domain: Credentials Details	Enter Domain		
Stored Credentials	• Oempty • Clear		
	or		
New Credential Label:	Enter Credential Label		
Client ID:	Enter Client ID		
Client Secret Key:	Enter Client Secret Key		
	Show Client Secret Key		
Tenant ID:	Enter Tenant ID		
Proxy Details			
Agent to act as proxy host () Select proxy agent - Clear			

Field	Description	
Exchange Online Domain	Enter the Microsoft 365 domain to scan. Example: example.onmicrosoft.com	
	<ul> <li>Note: Only accounts where the user principal name (UPN) shares the same domain as specified in the Exchange Online Domain field will be scanned and/or listed when probing the Target.</li> <li>For example, if Exchange Online Domain is set to example.onmicrosoft.com, user1@example2.onmicrosoft.com will not be scanned and/or listed when probing the Target even if the user belongs to a group in the example.onmicrosoft.com domain.</li> <li>To scan multiple domains within your organization's Microsoft 365 environment, add these domains as separate Exchange Online Targets.</li> </ul>	
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the Exchange Online credential set. Example: m365-exchangeonline-exampledomain	
Client ID	Enter the Client ID. Example: clientid-1234-5678-abcd-6d05bf28c2bf See Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key for more information.	
Client Secret Key	Enter the Client Secret key. Example: client~secret.key-CHvV1B5YQfr~6zDjEyv See Generate Client Secret Key for more information.	
Tenant ID	Enter the Tenant ID. Example: tenantid-1234-abcd-5678-02011df316f4 See Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key for more information.	
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Windows, Linux or macOS Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.	

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 7. Back in the **New Scan** page, locate the newly added Exchange Online Target and click on the arrow next to it to display a list of available Microsoft 365 groups for the domain.
- 8. Select the Target location(s) to scan:
  - a. If "All Users" is selected, **ER2** scans all user accounts in the Microsoft 365 domain.

▶ Note: "All Users" is a default, non-configurable virtual group in ER2 that automatically includes all user accounts in the Microsoft 365 domain. If a similar "All Users" group pre-exists in your Microsoft 365 environment, we recommend that you change the display name for that group as it will be

viewed as a duplicate group and will not be displayed in ER2.

- b. If only specific groups are selected, **ER2** only scans user accounts in the selected groups.
- 9. Click Next.
- 10. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 11. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See <u>Set</u> <u>Schedule</u> for more information.
- 12. Click Next.
- 13. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

#### Edit Exchange Online Target Path

- 1. Set Up and Scan an Exchange Online Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Exchange Online Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Exchange Online** dialog box, enter a (case sensitive) **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Mailbox / Folder to Scan	Path
All user accounts in a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name=""> Example: Engineering (SG)</group>
Specific user account in group	Syntax: <group display<br="">Name&gt;/<user name="" principal=""> Example: Engineering (SG)/user1@example.onmicrosoft.com</user></group>
Specific folder for user account in group (e.g. Calendar, Contacts, Notes etc)	Syntax: <group display<br="">Name&gt;/<user name="" principal="">/<mailb ox Folder&gt; Example: Engineering (SG)/user1@example.onmicrosoft.com /ProjectA</mailb </user></group>
All user accounts	Syntax: All Users
Specific user account	Syntax: All Users/ <user na<="" principal="" td=""></user>
<b>Tip:</b> Recommended for scanning mailboxes of user accounts that do not belong to any Microsoft 365 group.	me> Example: All Users/user1@example.o nmicrosoft.com
Specific folder for user account (e.g. Calendar, Contacts, Notes etc)	Syntax: All Users/ <user na<br="" principal="">me&gt;/<mailbox folder=""></mailbox></user>
• <b>Tip:</b> Recommended for scanning mailboxes of user accounts that do not belong to any Microsoft 365 group.	Example: All Users/user1@example.o nmicrosoft.com/ProjectA

▶ Note: If there are multiple Microsoft 365 groups with the same display name in your domain, **ER2** will only retrieve the first group occurrence. For example, if there are three groups with the same display name, "Engineering", **ER2** will only probe, scan and return results for the first "Engineering" group for the Exchange Online Target.

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

#### **Unsupported Mailbox Types and Folders**

**ER2** currently does not support the following mailbox types and folders for the Exchange Online Target:

- Archived mailboxes (In-Place Archives)
- Deleted mailboxes
- Unlicensed mailboxes
- Microsoft 365 Group mailboxes and conversations

**Tip:** Check the Inaccessible Locations for any errors that were encountered when scanning the Exchange Online Target.

#### **Exchange Online Remediation**

If an Exchange Online email / message is removed using the "Deleted Permanently" remediation option, these emails / messages may still be discovered by **ER2** in the Recoverable Items or Deleted Items folder upon rescans of the Exchange Online Target. Items in the Recoverable Items or Deleted Items folder cannot be further remediated and will be retained in Exchange Online until the retention period expires.

See Exchange Online - Retention Limits for more information.

#### Mailbox in Multiple Groups

This section describes the behavior of mailboxes that are members of multiple groups for the Exchange Online Target.

#### **License Consumption**

A mailbox for a user account that belongs to multiple groups

- is scanned each time a group the user belongs to is scanned.
- consumes only 1x data allowance usage regardless of how many times it is scanned as part of different groups.

**Example:** User "UserA" belongs to two groups, "Engineering" and "Design". The mailbox size for "UserA" is 5 MB.

When both "Engineering" and "Design" groups are added to the same scan, the mailbox for "UserA" is scanned once when "Engineering" is scanned, and a second time when "Design" is scanned.

Mailbox for "UserA" consumes only one Client License, and 5 MB Client License data allowance despite having been scanned twice.

#### Scan Results

Matches that are found in mailboxes that belong to multiple groups will be reported as a distinct match count for each group.

Take for example a simplified Exchange Online Target for the domain "example.onmicrosoft.com" below:

EXAMPLE.ONMICROSOFT.COM		55 matches
+– Engineering	30 matches	
+– UserA	10 matches	
+– UserB	20 matches	
+– Design	25 matches	
+– UserA	10 matches	
+– UserC	15 matches	

Matches found in the mailbox for UserA will be included in the match count for both Engineering and Design groups.

## **EXCHANGE ONLINE (EWS)**

Note: The Exchange Online (EWS) protocol has reached end-of-support as of Enterprise Recon 2.7.0 and is no longer available as a scan Target. To continue scanning the Exchange Online environment, you are recommended to use the Exchange Online (Graph) protocol which uses the more secure application permissions workflow for authentication and authorization. See End-of-Support Platforms for more information.

# **GOOGLE WORKSPACE**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Configure Google Workspace Account
  - Select a Project
  - Enable APIs
  - Create a Service Account
  - Set up Domain-Wide Delegation
- Set Up and Scan a Google Workspace Target
- Edit Google Workspace Target Path

# **OVERVIEW**

The instructions here work for setting up the following Google Workspace products as Targets:

- Google Drive
- Google Tasks
- Google Calendar
- Google Mail

To set up Google Workspace products as Targets:

- 1. Configure Google Workspace Account
- 2. Set Up and Scan a Google Workspace Target

To scan a specific path in Google Workspace, see Edit Google Workspace Target Path.

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

# LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Google Workspace Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Google Workspace Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

# REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents: <ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>macOS Agent</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

# **CONFIGURE GOOGLE WORKSPACE ACCOUNT**

Before you add Google Workspace products as Targets, you must have:

- A Google Workspace administrator account for the Target Google Workspace domain.
- A Google Workspace account. Personal Google accounts are not supported in **ER2**.

To configure your Google Workspace account for scanning:

- Select a Project
- Enable APIs
- Create a Service Account
- Set up Domain-Wide Delegation

**Info:** Setting up a Google Workspace account as a Target location requires more work than other cloud services because the Google API imposes certain restrictions on software attempting to access data on their services. This keeps their services secure, but makes it more difficult to scan them using **ER2**.

#### Select a Project

- 1. Log in to the Google API Console.
- 2. From the projects list, select a project to scan with **ER2**.



- a. Select an existing project, or
- b. (recommended) Create a new project.

#### **Enable APIs**

To scan a specific Google Workspace product, enable the API for that product in your selected project.

To enable Google Workspace APIs:

- 1. Select a Project.
- 2. In the APIs & Services page, click + ENABLE APIS AND SERVICES.
- 3. In the API Library page, search for and click ENABLE for the following APIs:

Target Google Workspace Product	API Library
All	Admin SDK API
Google Mail	Gmail API
Google Drive	Google Drive API
Google Tasks	Tasks API
Google Calendar	Google Calendar API

#### Create a Service Account

Before adding Google Workspace products as a Target, you must create a Google service account for use with **ER2**. The service account must have the required permissions to allow **ER2** to authenticate and access (scan) the resources in your Google Workspace workspace.

To create a service account for use with ER2:

- 1. Log in to the Google Cloud Console.
- 2. From the projects list, select the project that you want to scan with ER2.

- 3. Click the hamburger icon ≡ to expand the navigation menu and go to IAM & Admin > Service Accounts.
- 4. Click +CLICK SERVICE ACCOUNT.

+ CREATE SERVICE ACCOUNT

5. In the Service account details section, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Service account name	Enter a descriptive name for the service account. Example: enterprise-recon-sa
(Optional) Service account ID	Edit the default ID for the service account, or click the <b>C</b> button to generate a service account ID. Example: enterprise-recon-sa@project-id.iam.gservice account.com
(Optional) Description	Provide a description for the new service account.

- 6. Click **CREATE AND CONTINUE**.
- 7. In the Grant this service account access to the project section, click on the Select a role dropdown and select Project > Owner.
- 8. Click **CONTINUE** and **DONE**.
- 9. Back in the Service accounts page, click on the newly created service account.
- 10. In the **DETAILS** tab, take down the:
  - Email for the service account (e.g. enterprise-recon-sa@project-id.iam.gserv iceaccount.com). This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a Google Workspace Target.
  - **Unique ID** (or **OAuth 2 Client ID**) for the service account (e.g. 1234567890 12345678901 ). This is required when you Set up Domain-Wide Delegation.
- 11. In the **KEYS** tab, click **ADD KEY** > **Create new key**.
- 12. In the Create private key for '<service account>' dialog box, select "P12" Key type and click CREATE.
- 13. Save the created P12 private key file to a secure location on your computer. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a Google Workspace Target.

**1** Info: The dialog box displays the private key's password: **notasecret** . does not need you to remember this password.

14. Click Close.

#### Set up Domain-Wide Delegation

Note: Set up domain-wide delegation with the administrator account used in Enable APIs.

To allow **ER2** to access your Google Workspace domain with the Service Account, you must set up and enable domain-wide delegation after creating a service account.

To set up domain-wide delegation:

- 1. Log in to the Google Admin Console.
- 2. Click the hamburger icon  $\equiv$  to expand the navigation menu and go to Security > Access and data control > API controls.
- 3. Click MANAGE DOMAIN WIDE DELEGATION and Add New.
- In the Client ID field, enter the Unique ID or OAuth 2 Client ID (e.g. 12345678901 2345678901) for the service account. See Create a Service Account - Step 10 for more information.
- 5. In the **OAuth scopes (comma-delimited)** field, enter a comma-separated list of Google API scopes for each Google Workspace service that you want to scan with **ER2**.

Google Workspace service	Google API OAuth 2.0 Scope
All (required)	https://www.googleapis.com/auth/admin.directory.user .readonly
Google Mail	https://mail.google.com/
Google Drive	https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive.readonly
Google Tasks	https://www.googleapis.com/auth/tasks.readonly
Google Calendar	https://www.googleapis.com/auth/calendar.readonly

https://www.googleapis.com/auth/admin.directory.user.readonly, https://mail.go ogle.com/, https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive.readonly

6. Click Authorize.

# SET UP AND SCAN A GOOGLE WORKSPACE TARGET

- 1. Configure Google Workspace Account.
- 2. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 3. In the **Select Target Type** dialog box, click on **Google Workspace** and select one of the following Google Workspace products:
  - Google Drive
  - Google Tasks
  - Google Calendar
  - Google Mail
- 4. Fill in the following fields:

Google Drive Details	\$
Google Workspace Domain:	Enter Domain …
Credentials Details	
Stored Credentials	●empty Clear
	Or
New Credential Label:	Enter Credential Label
New Username:	Enter Username
New Password:	Enter Password
	Show Password
Private Key 🜗	Select File Browse
Proxy Details	
Agent to act as proxy host () Select proxy agent - Clear	

Field	Description
Google Workspace Domain	Enter the Google Workspace domain you want to scan.
	<b>Example:</b> If your Google Workspace administrator email is a dmin@example.com , your Google Workspace domain is example.com .
	For more information on how to scan specific mailboxes or accounts, see Edit Google Workspace Target Path.

Field	Description
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the Google Workspace credential set.
New Username	Enter your Google Workspace administrator account email address. Example: admin@example.com
	Note: Use the same administrator account used to Enable APIs and Set up Domain-Wide Delegation.
New Password	Enter your Google Workspace service account email address. Example: enterprise-recon-sa@project-id.iam.gserviceaccount. com See Create a Service Account - Step 10 for more information.
Private Key	Upload the private key (*.p12) associated with the Google Workspace service account. See Create a Service Account - Step 13 for more information.
Agent to act as a proxy host	Select a Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 7. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific Target locations to scan.
- 8. Click Next.
- 9. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the **Data Type Profiles** to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 10. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See **Set Schedule** for more information.
- 11. Click Next.
- 12. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

# EDIT GOOGLE WORKSPACE TARGET PATH

- 1. Set Up and Scan a Google Workspace Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select the Google Workspace Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Google Workspace Location** dialog box, enter a (case sensitive) **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Path	Syntax
User account	<user_name></user_name>

Path	Syntax
Folder in user account	<user_name folder_name=""></user_name>

**Example:** To scan the user mailbox at user\_name@example.com , enter user \_name . To scan the "Inbox" folder in the user mailbox user\_name@example.c om , enter user\_name/inbox ; to scan the "Sent Mail" folder, enter user\_name /sent .

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

# **GOOGLE CLOUD STORAGE**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Configure Google Service Account
  - Create a Role
  - Create a Service Account
- Set Up and Scan a Google Cloud Storage Target
- Edit Google Cloud Storage Target Path

## **OVERVIEW**

Support for Google Cloud products is currently available for Google Cloud Storage only.

To set up Google Cloud Storage as a Target:

- 1. Configure Google Service Account
- 2. Set Up and Scan a Google Cloud Storage Target

To scan a specific path in Google Cloud Storage, see Edit Google Cloud Storage Target Path.

# LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Google Cloud Storage Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Google Cloud Storage Targets require Server & DB Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

# REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents: <ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>macOS Agent</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

# **CONFIGURE GOOGLE SERVICE ACCOUNT**

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

Before adding Google Cloud Storage as a Target, you must create a Google service account for use with **ER2**. The service account must have the required permissions to allow **ER2** to authenticate and access (scan) the buckets in your Google Cloud Storage project.

To configure your Google service account for scanning with **ER2**:

- Create a Role
- Create a Service Account

#### Create a Role

To create a new role for use with ER2:

- 1. Log in to the Google Cloud Console.
- 2. From the projects list, select the project that you want to scan with ER2.



- 3. Click the hamburger icon ≡ to expand the navigation menu and go to IAM & Admin > Roles.
- 4. Click + CREATE ROLE.

+ CREATE ROLE

5. In the **Create role** page, fill in the following fields:

Field

Description

Field	Description
Title	Enter a descriptive name for the role. Example: Enterprise_Recon
(Optional) Description	Provide a description for the new role.
(Optional) ID	Edit the default ID for the role.
+ ADD PERMISSIONS	Search for and select the following permissions to <b>ADD</b> to the role: • monitoring.timeSeries.list • storage.buckets.list • storage.objects.get • storage.objects.list

6. Click CREATE.

#### **Create a Service Account**

To create a service account for use with ER2:

- 1. Log in to the Google Cloud Console.
- 2. From the projects list, select the project that you want to scan with ER2.

- 3. Click the hamburger icon ≡ to expand the navigation menu and go to IAM & Admin > Service Accounts.
- 4. Click +CLICK SERVICE ACCOUNT.

+ CREATE SERVICE ACCOUNT

5. In the Service account details section, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description	
Service account name	Enter a descriptive name for the service account. Example: enterprise-recon-sa	
(Optional) Service account ID	Edit the default ID for the service account, or click the <b>C</b> button to generate a service account ID. Example: enterprise-recon-sa@project-id.iam.gservice	
	account.com	
(Optional) Description	Provide a description for the new service account.	

- 6. Click CREATE AND CONTINUE.
- In the Grant this service account access to the project section, click on the Select a role dropdown and select the role created for use with ER2 (e.g. Enterpri se\_Recon ). See Create a Role for more information.
- 8. Click **CONTINUE** and **DONE**.
- 9. Back in the **Service accounts** page, click on the newly created service account.
- 10. In the **DETAILS** tab, take down the **Email** for the service account (e.g. enterpriserecon-sa@project-id.iam.gserviceaccount.com ). This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a Google Cloud Storage Target.

- 11. In the **KEYS** tab, click **ADD KEY** > **Create new key**.
- 12. In the Create private key for '<service account>' dialog box, select "JSON" Key type and click CREATE.
- 13. Save the created JSON private key file to a secure location on your computer. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a Google Cloud Storage Target.
- 14. Click Close.

# SET UP AND SCAN A GOOGLE CLOUD STORAGE TARGET

- 1. Configure Google Service Account.
- 2. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 3. In the Select Target Type dialog box, click on Google Cloud Platform and select Google Cloud Storage.
- 4. Fill in the following fields:

Select Target Type			
<ul> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> <li>Azure Storage</li> <li>Box</li> <li>Dropbox</li> <li>Exchange Domain</li> <li>G Suite</li> <li>Microsoft 365</li> <li>Rackspace Cloud Files</li> <li>Salesforce</li> <li>Google Cloud Platform</li> </ul>	Google Cloud Platfo Cloud Storage deta Project ID: Credentials Details Stored Credentials New Credential Label: Email: Private Key O Proxy Details	orm > Google Cloud Storage Is Enter Project empty or Enter Credential Label Enter Email Select File ON file with private key (.json), vate key file (.pem) oxy host () Select proxy agent	<ul> <li>✓ Clear</li> <li>Browse</li> <li>✓ Clear</li> </ul>
		Te	est Cancel

Field	Description
Project ID	Enter the ID of the Google Cloud Storage project to scan.
	<b>Note:</b> Go to the Manage resources page in Google Cloud Console to get the <b>ID</b> for your Google Cloud Storage project.
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the Google Cloud Storage credential set.

Field	Description	
Email	Enter your Google Cloud Storage service account email address.	
	Example: enterprise-recon-sa@project-id.iam.gserviceaccount. com	
	See Create a Service Account - Step 10 for more information.	
Private Key	Upload the private key (*.json) associated with the Google Cloud Storage service account.	
	See Create a Service Account - Step 13 for more information.	
Agent to act as a proxy host	Select a supported Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.	

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 7. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific buckets or objects to scan.
- 8. Click Next.
- 9. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 10. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See <u>Set</u> Schedule for more information.
- 11. Click Next.
- 12. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

# EDIT GOOGLE CLOUD STORAGE TARGET PATH

- 1. Set Up and Scan a Google Cloud Storage Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select the Google Cloud Storage Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the Edit Google Cloud Storage Location dialog box, enter a (case sensitive) **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Path	Syntax
Specific bucket	Syntax: <bucket> Example: bucket-1</bucket>
Specific folder	Syntax: <bucket>/<folder>/ Example: bucket-1/Folder-1/</folder></bucket>
Specific object	Syntax: <bucket>/<folder>/<object> Example: bucket-1/Folder-1/My-File-1.txt</object></folder></bucket>

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

# **MICROSOFT ONENOTE**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Configure Microsoft 365 Account
  - Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key
  - Generate Client Secret Key
  - Grant API Access
- Set Up and Scan a Microsoft OneNote Target
- Edit Microsoft OneNote Target Path
- Matches in Attachments in Microsoft OneNote
- Microsoft OneNote Remediation
- Users in Multiple Groups

# **OVERVIEW**

When Microsoft OneNote is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns the notebooks for all Microsoft 365 groups and user accounts. You can select specific groups, users, notebook folders, notebooks, sections, or pages when setting up the scan schedule.

You can also scan all users with Microsoft OneNote notebooks in your organization's domain by selecting the "All Users" group as a scan location.

#### Example of Microsoft OneNote structure: Microsoft OneNote [domain: example.onmicrosoft.com] +- Microsoft OneNote on target MS365:EXAMPLE.ONMICROSOFT.COM +- Group Engineering +- User A +- Notebook A +- Section A +- Page 1 +- Page 2 +- Section B +- Page 1 +- Page 2 +- Group Design +- Group's Notebook +- Notebook A +- Section A +- Page 1 +- Page 2 +- Section Group A +- Section A +- Section Group B

▶ Note: If there are multiple Microsoft 365 groups with the same display name in your domain, **ER2** will only retrieve the first group occurrence. For example, if there are three groups with the same display name, "Engineering", **ER2** will only probe, scan and return results for the first "Engineering" group for the Microsoft OneNote Target.

# LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Microsoft OneNote Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Microsoft OneNote Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.
## REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>ER 2.8.0 Agent and newer.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents:</li> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>macOS Agent</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

## **CONFIGURE MICROSOFT 365 ACCOUNT**

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

For **ER 2.8.0** and above, you will need to perform the following setup to scan Microsoft OneNote Targets:

- 1. Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key
- 2. Generate Client Secret Key
- 3. Grant API Access

#### **Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key**

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the App registrations page, click + New registration.
- 3. In the **Register an application** page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Name	Enter a descriptive display name for <b>ER2</b> . For example, Enterprise Recon.
Supported account types	Select Accounts in this organizational directory only.

- 4. Click **Register**. You will be redirected to the Overview page for the newly registered app, Enterprise Recon.
- 5. Take down the **Application (client) ID** and **Directory (tenant) ID**. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a Microsoft OneNote Target.

😑 Microsoft Azure 🏼	<ul> <li>Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)</li> </ul>	E 🕼 Q 🍪 ? 😳 administrator@example 🧶
Home > App registrations > En	terprise Recon	
Enterprise Recon		× \$\$
, P Search (Ctrl+,/)	« 📋 Delete 🌐 Endpoints	
Uverview	Got a second? We would love your feedback on Microso	ft identity platform (previously Azure AD for developer). $ ightarrow$
🖗 Quickstart	Display name Enterprise Recon	Supported account types Multiple organizations
Manage	Application (client) ID clientid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Redirect URIs Add a Redirect URI
Branding	Directory (tenant) ID tenantid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Application ID URI Add an Application ID URI
Certificates & secrets	Object ID objectid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Managed application in local directory MyER2Master
III Token configuration (preview)	)	8
API permissions	<ol> <li>Welcome to the new and improved App registratic</li> </ol>	ns. Looking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? Learn more $ imes$
🙆 Expose an API		
Owners	Call APIs	Documentation

#### **Generate Client Secret Key**

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owned applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered (e.g. Enterprise Recon ) when generating the Client ID and Tenant ID key.
- 3. In the Manage panel, click Certificates & secrets.
- 4. In the **Client secrets** section, click + **New client secret**.
- 5. In the Add a client secret page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Description	Enter a descriptive label for the Client Secret key.
Expires	Select a validity period for the Client Secret key.

6. Click Add. The Value column will contain the Client Secret key.

Client secrets				
A secret string that the application uses to prove	its identity when request	ing a token. Also can be referred to as application password.		
+ New client secret				
Description	Expires	Value		
ER2	1/13/2021	this-is-a-secretKeyExample-12345	D	Û
4				•

7. Copy and save the **Client Secret** key to a secure location. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a Microsoft OneNote Target.

Note: Save your Client Secret key in a secure location. You cannot access this Client Secret key once you navigate away from the page.

#### **Grant API Access**

To scan Microsoft OneNote Targets, you will need to grant **ER2** permissions to access specific resource APIs.

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owned applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered (e.g. Enterprise Recon ) when generating the Client ID and Tenant ID key.
- 3. In the Manage panel, click API permissions.
- 4. In the Configured permissions section, click + Add a permission.

- 5. In the **Request API permissions** page, select **Microsoft Graph > Application permissions**.
- 6. Select the following permissions for the Enterprise Recon app:

API Permissions	Description
<ul> <li>Group.Read.All</li> <li>User.Read.All</li> <li>Directory.Read.All</li> <li>Notes.Read.All</li> </ul>	Required for probing and scanning Microsoft OneNote Targets.

- 7. Click Add permissions.
- 8. In the **Configured permissions** page, click on **Grant admin consent for** <organization name>.
- 9. In the **Grant admin consent confirmation** dialog, click **Yes**. The **Status** column for all the newly added API permissions will be updated to "Granted for <organization name>".

#### SET UP AND SCAN A MICROSOFT ONENOTE TARGET

This section describes how to set up Microsoft OneNote Targets for **ER 2.8.0** and above.

- 1. Configure Microsoft 365 Account.
- 2. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 3. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Microsoft 365 > Microsoft OneNote.
- 4. Fill in the following details:

365 > Microsoft OneNote Details Domain Enter Domain Is Details redentials ●empty

Field

Description

Field	Description
OneNote Domain	Enter the Microsoft 365 domain to scan. Example: example.onmicrosoft.com
	<ul> <li>Note: Only accounts where the user principal name (UPN) shares the same domain as specified in the OneNote Domain field will be scanned and/or listed when probing the Target.</li> <li>For example, if OneNote Domain is set to example.onmi crosoft.com , user1@example2.onmicrosoft.com will not be scanned and/or listed when probing the Target even if the user belongs to a group in the example.onmic rosoft.com domain.</li> <li>To scan multiple domains within your organization's</li> </ul>
	Microsoft 365 environment, add these domains as separate Microsoft OneNote Targets.
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the Microsoft OneNote credential set.
	Example: m365-microsoftonenote-exampledomain
Client ID	Enter the Client ID.
	Example: clientid-1234-5678-abcd-6d05bf28c2bf
	See Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key for more information.
Client Secret Key	Enter the Client Secret key.
	Example: client~secret.key-CHvV1B5YQfr~6zDjEyv
	See Generate Client Secret Key for more information.
Tenant ID	Enter the Tenant ID.
	Example: tenantid-1234-abcd-5678-02011df316f4
	See Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key for more information.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Windows, Linux or macOS Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 7. Back in the **New Scan** page, locate the newly added Microsoft OneNote Target and click on the arrow next to it to display a list of available Microsoft 365 groups for the domain.
- 8. Select the Target location(s) to scan:
  - a. If "All Users" is selected, **ER2** scans all user accounts in the Microsoft 365 domain.

Note: "All Users" is a default, non-configurable virtual group in **ER2** that automatically includes all user accounts in the Microsoft 365 domain. If a similar "All Users" group pre-exists in your Microsoft 365 environment, we

recommend that you change the display name for that group as it will be viewed as a duplicate group and will not be displayed in **ER2**.

b. If only specific groups are selected, **ER2** only scans notebooks from user accounts or notebook folders in the selected groups.

Note: For Microsoft OneNote Target location paths that contain special characters (e.g. "#", "%", "&", etc...), probe the Target to add and scan the location.

- 9. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 10. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 11. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific Target locations to scan.
- 12. Click Next.
- 13. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the **Data Type Profiles** to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 14. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See <u>Set</u> Schedule for more information.
- 15. Click Next.
- 16. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

## EDIT MICROSOFT ONENOTE TARGET PATH

- 1. Set Up and Scan a Microsoft OneNote Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Microsoft OneNote Target location and click **Edit**.

Note: For Microsoft OneNote Target location paths that contain special characters (e.g. "#", "%", "&", etc...), probe the Target instead to add and scan the location.

3. In the **Edit Microsoft OneNote** dialog box, enter a (case sensitive) **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Locations to Scan	Path
All notebooks for all users in all groups	Syntax: All Users Example: All Users
All notebooks for all users or in the notebook folder of a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name=""> Example: Engineering</group>
All notebooks in the notebook folder of a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name="">/g Example: Engineering/g</group>
Specific notebook for a specific user in a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name="">/<user name<br="" principal="">&gt;/<notebook> Example: Engineering/user1@example.onmicrosoft.co m/Q1 Notebook</notebook></user></group>
Specific notebook in the notebook folder of a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name="">/g/<notebook> Example: Engineering/g/Q1 Notebook</notebook></group>
Specific section of a notebook for a specific user in a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name="">/<user name<br="" principal="">&gt;/<notebook>/<section> Example: Engineering/user1@example.onmicrosoft.co m/Q1 Notebook/Section A</section></notebook></user></group>
Specific section or section group of a notebook in the notebook folder of a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name="">/g/<notebook>/<section group="" or="" section=""> Example: Engineering/g/Q1 Notebook/SG Branch</section></notebook></group>
Specific section or nested section in a section group of a specific notebook in the notebook folder of a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name="">/<notebook folder="">/&lt; Notebook&gt;/<section group="">/<section nested="" or="" section<br="">n&gt; Example: Engineering/g/Q1 Notebook/SG Branch/Section A</section></section></notebook></group>

Locations to Scan	Path
Specific pages in a section of a specific notebook for a specific user in a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name="">/<user name="" principal="">/<notebook>/<section>/<page></page></section></notebook></user></group>
	Example: Engineering/user1@example.onmicrosoft.co m/Q1 Notebook/Section A/Page 1
Specific pages in a section of a specific notebook in the notebook folder of a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name="">/g/<notebook>/<sectio n&gt;/<page></page></sectio </notebook></group>
	Example: Engineering/g/Q1 Notebook/Section A/Page

▶ Note: If there are multiple Microsoft 365 groups with the same display name in your domain, **ER2** will only retrieve the first group occurrence. For example, if there are three groups with the same display name, "Engineering", **ER2** will only probe, scan and return results for the first "Engineering" group for the Microsoft OneNote Target.

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

#### MATCHES IN ATTACHMENTS IN MICROSOFT ONENOTE

Matches that are found in attachments in notebooks are reported as distinct match locations from its parent page.

#### Example:

Page 1 in "Section A" of "Notebook A" contains the files "team-building.txt" and "members.txt". If matches are found in both files, **ER2** reports this as two match locations, where "team-building.txt" and "members.txt" are distinct match locations.

**Tip:** Check the Inaccessible Locations for any errors that were encountered when scanning the Microsoft OneNote Target.

#### **MICROSOFT ONENOTE REMEDIATION**

The following remediation actions are supported for Microsoft OneNote Targets:

- Mark Locations for Compliance Report
- PRO Delegated Remediation

## **USERS IN MULTIPLE GROUPS**

This section describes the behavior of users that are members of multiple groups for the Microsoft OneNote Target.

#### License Consumption

A notebook owned by a user account that belongs to multiple groups

- is scanned each time a group the user belongs to is scanned.
- consumes only 1x data allowance usage regardless of how many times it is scanned as part of different groups.

**Example:** User "UserA" belongs to two groups, "Engineering" and "Design". The notebook size owned by "UserA" is 5 MB.

When both "Engineering" and "Design" groups are added to the same scan, the notebook by "UserA" is scanned once when "Engineering" is scanned, and a second time when "Design" is scanned.

"UserA" consumes only one Client License, and 5 MB Client License data allowance despite having been scanned twice.

#### Scan Results

Matches that are found in notebooks owned by users that belong to multiple groups will be reported as a distinct match count for each group.

Take for example a simplified Microsoft OneNote Target for the domain "example.onmicrosoft.com" below:

EXAMPLE.ONMICROSOFT.COM		55 matches
+– Engineering	30 matches	
+– UserA	10 matches	
+– UserB	20 matches	
+– Design	25 matches	
+– UserA	10 matches	
+– UserC	15 matches	
+- Engineering +- UserA +- UserB +- Design +- UserA +- UserC	30 matches 10 matches 20 matches 25 matches 10 matches 15 matches	

Matches found in notebook owned by "UserA" will be included in the match count for both Engineering and Design groups.

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

## **MICROSOFT TEAMS**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Configure Microsoft 365 Account
  - Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key
  - Generate Client Secret Key
  - Grant API Access
- Set Up and Scan a Microsoft Teams Target
- Edit Microsoft Teams Target Path
- Unsupported Types and Folders in Microsoft Teams
- Microsoft Teams Remediation
- Users in Multiple Groups

## **OVERVIEW**

When Microsoft Teams is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns the channel conversations and private chat messages for all Microsoft 365 groups, teams, and user accounts. You can select specific groups, teams, channel conversations or private chat messages sent by individual users when setting up the scan schedule. Each team for channel conversations and each group for private chats will be presented as a separate location for the Microsoft Teams Target.

You can also scan the private chat messages sent by all users in your organization's domain by selecting the Private Chats > "All Users" group as a scan location.

#### Example of Microsoft Teams structure: Microsoft Teams [domain: example.onmicrosoft.com] +- Microsoft Teams on target MS365:EXAMPLE.ONMICROSOFT.COM +- Channels +- Team A +- Channel 1 +- Channel 2 +- Team Engineering +- Channel 1 +- Channel 2 +- Private Chats +- Group All Users +- User A +- User B +- Group Engineering +- User B +- User C +- Group Design +- User D +- User E

▶ Note: If there are multiple Microsoft 365 groups with the same display name in your domain, **ER2** will only retrieve the first group occurrence. For example, if there are three groups with the same display name, "Engineering", **ER2** will only probe, scan and return results for the first "Engineering" group for the Microsoft Teams Target.

## LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Microsoft Teams Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Microsoft Teams Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

## REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>ER 2.8.0 Agent and newer.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents:</li> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>macOS Agent</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

## **CONFIGURE MICROSOFT 365 ACCOUNT**

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

For **ER 2.8.0** and above, you will need to perform the following setup to scan Microsoft Teams Targets:

- 1. Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key
- 2. Generate Client Secret Key
- 3. Grant API Access

#### **Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key**

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, click **+ New registration**.
- 3. In the **Register an application** page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Name	Enter a descriptive display name for <b>ER2</b> . For example, Enterprise Recon.
Supported account types	Select Accounts in this organizational directory only.

- 4. Click **Register**. You will be redirected to the Overview page for the newly registered app, Enterprise Recon.
- 5. Take down the **Application (client) ID** and **Directory (tenant) ID**. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a Microsoft Teams Target.

😑 Microsoft Azure 🖉	Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)	ылын 🖾 🕞 Д 🕲 ? 🙄 administrator@example 🧶
Home > App registrations > Ente	rprise Recon	
Enterprise Recon		\$ ×
	« 📋 Delete 🌐 Endpoints	
Uverview	Got a second? We would love your feedback on Microsoft ide	ntity platform (previously Azure AD for developer). $ ightarrow$
🖗 Quickstart	Display name Enterprise Recon	Supported account types Multiple organizations
Manage	Application (client) ID clientid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Redirect URI Add a Redirect URI
Branding	Directory (tenant) ID tenantid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Application ID URI Add an Application ID URI
Certificates & secrets	Object ID objectid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Managed application in local directory MyER2Master
III Token configuration (preview)		8
API permissions	Welcome to the new and improved App registrations. L	woking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? Learn more $ imes$
🙆 Expose an API		
0wners	Call APIs	Documentation

#### **Generate Client Secret Key**

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owned applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered (e.g. Enterprise Recon ) when generating the Client ID and Tenant ID key.
- 3. In the Manage panel, click Certificates & secrets.
- 4. In the **Client secrets** section, click **+ New client secret**.
- 5. In the Add a client secret page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Description	Enter a descriptive label for the Client Secret key.
Expires	Select a validity period for the Client Secret key.

6. Click Add. The Value column will contain the Client Secret key.

Client secrets				
a secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as application password.				
+ New client secret				
Description	Expires	Value		
ER2	1/13/2021	this-is-a-secretKeyExample-12345	D	Û
4				•

7. Copy and save the **Client Secret** key to a secure location. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a Microsoft Teams Target.

Note: Save your Client Secret key in a secure location. You cannot access this Client Secret key once you navigate away from the page.

#### Grant API Access

Note: The resource APIs required to read and scan the chats and channels history for Microsoft Teams are considered protected APIs. This request form must be completed to request access to these protected APIs. Please see Metered APIs and services in Microsoft Graph for more information.

To scan Microsoft Teams Targets, you will need to grant **ER2** permissions to access specific resource APIs.

1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.

- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owned applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered (e.g. Enterprise Recon ) when generating the Client ID and Tenant ID key.
- 3. In the Manage panel, click API permissions.
- 4. In the Configured permissions section, click + Add a permission.
- 5. In the **Request API permissions** page, select **Microsoft Graph > Application permissions**.
- 6. Select the following permissions for the Enterprise Recon app:

API Permissions	Description
<ul> <li>Group.Read.All</li> <li>User.Read.All</li> <li>Directory.Read.All</li> <li>ChannelMessage.Read.All</li> <li>Chat.Read.All</li> </ul>	Required for probing and scanning Microsoft Teams Targets.

- 7. Click Add permissions.
- 8. In the **Configured permissions** page, click on **Grant admin consent for** <**organization name**>.
- 9. In the **Grant admin consent confirmation** dialog, click **Yes**. The **Status** column for all the newly added API permissions will be updated to "Granted for <organization name>".

## SET UP AND SCAN A MICROSOFT TEAMS TARGET

This section describes how to set up Microsoft Teams Targets for **ER 2.8.0** and above.

- 1. Configure Microsoft 365 Account.
- 2. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 3. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Microsoft 365 > Microsoft Teams.
- 4. Fill in the following details:

<ul> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> <li>Azure Storage</li> <li>Box</li> <li>Dropbox</li> <li>Exchange Domain</li> <li>Google Workspace</li> <li>Google Cloud Platform</li> <li>Microsoft 365</li> </ul>	Microsoft 365 > Mi Teams Details Teams Domain:	Enter Domain	
	Stored Credentials	empty	• Clear
Rackspace Cloud Files     Salesforce	New Credential Label: Client ID:	Enter Credential Label	
	Client Secret Key:	Enter Client Secret Key	
	Tenant ID: Proxy Details Agent to act as pro	Enter Tenant ID	t • Clear

Description

Field

Field	Description	
Teams Domain	Enter the Microsoft 365 domain to scan. Example: example.onmicrosoft.com	
	Note: Only accounts where the user principal name (UPN) shares the same domain as specified in the Teams Domain field will be scanned and/or listed when probing the Target. For example, if Teams Domain is set to example.onmicr osoft.com , user1@example2.onmicrosoft.com will not be scanned and/or listed when probing the Target even if the user belongs to a group in the example.onmicrosoft.c om domain. To scan multiple domains within your organization's Microsoft 365 environment, add these domains as separate Microsoft Teams Targets.	
New Credential	Enter a descriptive label for the Microsoft Teams credential	
Laber	Example: m365-microsoftteams-exampledomain	
Client ID	Enter the Client ID.	
	Example: clientid-1234-5678-abcd-6d05bf28c2bf	
	See Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key for more information.	
Client Secret Key	Enter the Client Secret key.	
	Example: client~secret.key-CHvV1B5YQfr~6zDjEyv	
	See Generate Client Secret Key for more information.	
Tenant ID	Enter the Tenant ID.	
	Example: tenantid-1234-abcd-5678-02011df316f4	
	See Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key for more information.	
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Windows, Linux or macOS Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.	

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 7. Back in the **New Scan** page, locate the newly added Microsoft Teams Target and click on the arrow next to it to display a list of available Microsoft 365 groups for the domain.
- 8. Select the Target location(s) to scan:
  - a. If "All Users" is selected, **ER2** scans all user accounts in the Microsoft 365 domain.

Note: "All Users" is a default, non-configurable virtual group in **ER2** that automatically includes all user accounts in the Microsoft 365 domain. If a similar "All Users" group pre-exists in your Microsoft 365 environment, we

recommend that you change the display name for that group as it will be viewed as a duplicate group and will not be displayed in **ER2**.

b. If only specific groups are selected, **ER2** only scans the channel conversations or private chat messages sent from user accounts in the selected groups.

Note: For Microsoft Teams Target location paths that contain special characters (e.g. "#", "%", "&", etc...), probe the Target to add and scan the location.

- 9. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 10. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 11. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific Target locations to scan.
- 12. Click Next.
- 13. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 14. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See <u>Set</u> Schedule for more information.
- 15. Click Next.
- 16. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

## EDIT MICROSOFT TEAMS TARGET PATH

- 1. Set Up and Scan a Microsoft Teams Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Microsoft Teams Target location and click **Edit**.

Note: For Microsoft Teams Target location paths that contain special characters (e.g. "#", "%", "&", etc...), probe the Target instead to add and scan the location.

3. In the **Edit Microsoft Teams** dialog box, enter a (case sensitive) **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Channel / Chat to Scan	Path	
All channel conversations in a specific team	Syntax: c/ <team display="" name=""> Example: c/Engineering (SG)</team>	
Specific channel conversation in a specific team	Syntax: c/ <team display="" name="">/<ch annel Name&gt;</ch </team>	
	Example: c/Engineering (SG)/Feature A	
All private chats messages sent from all users in a specific group	Syntax: p/ <group display="" name=""> Example: p/Engineering (SG)</group>	
All private chats messages sent from a specific user in a specific group	Syntax: p/ <group display="" name="">/<us er Principal Name&gt;</us </group>	
	Example: p/Engineering (SG)/userA@ example.onmicrosoft.com	
All private chats messages sent from all users	Syntax: p/All Users Example: p/All Users	

▶ Note: If there are multiple Microsoft 365 groups with the same display name in your domain, **ER2** will only retrieve the first group occurrence. For example, if there are three groups with the same display name, "Engineering", **ER2** will only probe, scan and return results for the first "Engineering" group for the Microsoft Teams Target.

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

# UNSUPPORTED TYPES AND FOLDERS IN MICROSOFT TEAMS

**ER2** does not support the following types and folders for the Microsoft Teams Target:

- Calendar. To scan the Calendar folder, set up and scan the Exchange Online Target instead.
- Contacts. To scan the Contacts folder, set up and scan the Exchange Online Target instead.
- Attachments (e.g. files, videos etc...) sent in channel conversations and private chat messages. To scan these attachments, set up and scan the OneDrive

Business or SharePoint Online Target instead.

• (Calls) History.

**Tip:** Check the Inaccessible Locations for any errors that were encountered when scanning the Microsoft Teams Target.

## **MICROSOFT TEAMS REMEDIATION**

The following remediation actions are supported for Microsoft Teams Targets:

- Mark Locations for Compliance Report
- PRO Delegated Remediation

## **USERS IN MULTIPLE GROUPS**

This section describes the behavior of users that are members of multiple groups for the Microsoft Teams Target.

#### License Consumption

A private chat message sent from a user account that belongs to multiple groups

- is scanned each time a group the user belongs to is scanned.
- consumes only 1x data allowance usage regardless of how many times it is scanned as part of different groups.

**Example:** User "UserA" belongs to two groups, "Engineering" and "Design". The private chat message size sent by "UserA" is 5 MB.

When both "Engineering" and "Design" groups are added to the same scan, the private chat messages sent by "UserA" are scanned once when "Engineering" is scanned, and a second time when "Design" is scanned.

"UserA" consumes only one Client License, and 5 MB Client License data allowance despite having been scanned twice.

#### Scan Results

Matches that are found in private chat messages sent by users that belong to multiple groups will be reported as a distinct match count for each group.

Take for example a simplified Microsoft Teams Target for the domain "example.onmicrosoft.com" below:

EXAMPLE.ONMICROSOFT.COM		55 matches
+– Engineering	30 matches	
+– UserA	10 matches	
+– UserB	20 matches	
+– Design	25 matches	
+– UserA	10 matches	
+- UserC	15 matches	

Matches found in private chat messages sent by "UserA" will be included in the match

count for both Engineering and Design groups.

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

## **ONEDRIVE BUSINESS**

Note: The OneDrive Business module has been updated in **ER 2.6.0**. To continue scanning OneDrive Business Targets:

- 1. Upgrade the Master Server, and
- 2. Update the OneDrive Business credential sets added in earlier versions of ER2.

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Configure Microsoft 365 Account
  - Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key
  - Generate Client Secret Key
  - Grant API Access
- Set Up and Scan a OneDrive Business Target
- Edit OneDrive Business Target Path
- OneDrive Business Remediation
- Unsupported Types and Folders in OneDrive Business
- User Account in Multiple Groups

#### **OVERVIEW**

When OneDrive Business is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns all Microsoft 365 groups and user accounts in each group. You can select specific groups or individual users when setting up the scan schedule, and each group will be presented as a separate location for the OneDrive Business Target.

You can also scan all users with OneDrive Business in your organization's domain by selecting the "All Users" group as a scan location.

#### **Example of OneDrive Business structure:**

OneDrive Business [domain: example.onmicrosoft.com]

+- OneDrive Business on target MSONE:EXAMPLE.ONMICROSOFT.COM

- +- Group Engineering
- +- Group Design

▶ Note: If there are multiple Microsoft 365 groups with the same display name in your domain, **ER2** will only retrieve the first group occurrence. For example, if there are three groups with the same display name, "Engineering", **ER2** will only probe, scan and return results for the first "Engineering" group for the OneDrive Business Target.

#### LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned OneDrive Business Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, OneDrive Business Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

## REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents: <ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

#### **CONFIGURE MICROSOFT 365 ACCOUNT**

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

For **ER 2.6.0** and above, you will need to perform the following setup to scan OneDrive Business Targets:

- 1. Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key
- 2. Generate Client Secret Key
- 3. Grant API Access

#### **Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key**

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the App registrations page, click + New registration.
- 3. In the **Register an application** page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Name	Enter a descriptive display name for <b>ER2</b> . For example, Enterprise Recon.
Supported account types	Select Accounts in this organizational directory only.

- 4. Click **Register**. You will be redirected to the Overview page for the newly registered app, Enterprise Recon.
- 5. Take down the **Application (client) ID** and **Directory (tenant) ID**. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a OneDrive Business Target.

≡ Microsoft Azure	$\mathcal P$ Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)	E E C 💀 ? 😳 administrator@example 🧶
Home > App registrations > E	Enterprise Recon	
Enterprise Recon		& ×
℘ Search (Ctrl+/)	« 📋 Delete 🌐 Endpoints	
Uverview	Got a second? We would love your feedback on Micr	osoft identity platform (previously Azure AD for developer). $ ightarrow$
Quickstart	Display name Enterprise Recon	Supported account types Multiple organizations
Manage	Application (client) ID clientid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Redirect URIs Add a Redirect URI
Branding	Directory (tenant) ID tenantid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Application ID URI Add an Application ID URI
Certificates & secrets	Object ID objectid-abcd-1234-5678-sample123456	Managed application in local directory MyER2Master
III Token configuration (previe	w)	8
API permissions	Welcome to the new and improved App registra	tions. Looking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? Learn more $ imes$
🙆 Expose an API		
0wners	Call APIs	Documentation

#### **Generate Client Secret Key**

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owned applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered (e.g. Enterprise Recon ) when generating the Client ID and Tenant ID key.
- 3. In the Manage panel, click Certificates & secrets.
- 4. In the **Client secrets** section, click + **New client secret**.
- 5. In the Add a client secret page, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Description	Enter a descriptive label for the Client Secret key.
Expires	Select a validity period for the Client Secret key.

6. Click Add. The Value column will contain the Client Secret key.

Client secrets				
A secret string that the application uses to prove	its identity when request	ing a token. Also can be referred to as application password.		
+ New client secret				
Description	Expires	Value		
ER2	1/13/2021	this-is-a-secretKeyExample-12345	D	Û
4				•

7. Copy and save the **Client Secret** key to a secure location. This is required when you want to Set Up and Scan a OneDrive Business Target.

Note: Save your Client Secret key in a secure location. You cannot access this Client Secret key once you navigate away from the page.

#### Grant API Access

To scan OneDrive Business Targets, you will need to grant **ER2** permissions to access specific resource APIs.

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to the Azure app registration portal.
- 2. In the **App registrations** page, go to the **Owned applications** tab. Click on the app that you registered (e.g. Enterprise Recon ) when generating the Client ID and Tenant ID key.
- 3. In the Manage panel, click API permissions.
- 4. In the Configured permissions section, click + Add a permission.

- 5. In the **Request API permissions** page, select **Microsoft Graph > Application permissions**.
- 6. Select the following permissions for the Enterprise Recon app:

API Permissions	Description	
<ul> <li>Group.Read.All</li> <li>GroupMember.Read.All</li> <li>Directory.Read.All</li> <li>Files.Read.All</li> <li>Sites.Read.All</li> </ul>	Required for probing and scanning OneDrive Business Targets.	
Files.ReadWrite.All	Required for remediating OneDrive Business Targets.	

- 7. Click Add permissions.
- 8. In the **Configured permissions** page, click on **Grant admin consent for** <**organization name**>.
- 9. In the **Grant admin consent confirmation** dialog, click **Yes**. The **Status** column for all the newly added API permissions will be updated to "Granted for <organization name>".

## SET UP AND SCAN A ONEDRIVE BUSINESS TARGET

This section describes how to set up OneDrive Business Targets for **ER 2.6.0** and above.

- 1. Configure Microsoft 365 Account.
- 2. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 3. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Microsoft 365 > OneDrive Business.
- 4. Fill in the following details:



Field

Field	Description
OneDrive Domain	Enter the Microsoft 365 domain to scan. Example: example.onmicrosoft.com
	<ul> <li>Note: Only accounts where the user principal name (UPN) shares the same domain as specified in the OneDrive Domain field will be scanned and/or listed when probing the Target.</li> <li>For example, if OneDrive Domain is set to example.on microsoft.com , user1@example2.onmicrosoft.com will not be scanned and/or listed when probing the Target even if the user belongs to a group in the example.onmicrosoft.com domain.</li> <li>To scan multiple domains within your organization's</li> </ul>
	Microsoft 365 environment, add these domains as separate OneDrive Business Targets.
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the OneDrive Business credential set.
	Example: m365-onedrive-exampledomain
Client ID	Enter the Client ID.
	Example: clientid-1234-5678-abcd-6d05bf28c2bf
	See Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key for more information.
Client Secret Key	Enter the Client Secret key.
	Example: client~secret.key-CHvV1B5YQfr~6zDjEyv
	See Generate Client Secret Key for more information.
Tenant ID	Enter the Tenant ID.
	Example: tenantid-1234-abcd-5678-02011df316f4
	See Generate Client ID and Tenant ID Key for more information.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Windows or Linux Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

Data discovery or scanning of data requires **read access**. Remediation actions that act directly on supported file systems including Delete Permanently, Quarantine, Encryption and Masking require **write access** in order to change, delete and overwrite data.

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** 

button.

- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 7. Back in the **New Scan** page, locate the newly added OneDrive Business Target and click on the arrow next to it to display a list of available Microsoft 365 groups for the domain.
- 8. Select the Target location(s) to scan:
  - a. If "All Users" is selected, **ER2** scans all user accounts in the Microsoft 365 domain.

▶ Note: "All Users" is a default, non-configurable virtual group in **ER2** that automatically includes all user accounts in the Microsoft 365 domain. If a similar "All Users" group pre-exists in your Microsoft 365 environment, we recommend that you change the display name for that group as it will be viewed as a duplicate group and will not be displayed in **ER2**.

b. If only specific groups are selected, **ER2** only scans user accounts in the selected groups.

Note: For OneDrive Business Target location paths that contain special characters (e.g. "#", "%", "&", etc...), probe the Target to add and scan the location.

- 9. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 10. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 11. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific Target locations to scan.
- 12. Click Next.
- 13. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 14. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See <u>Set</u> Schedule for more information.
- 15. Click Next.
- 16. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

#### EDIT ONEDRIVE BUSINESS TARGET PATH

- 1. Set Up and Scan a OneDrive Business Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your OneDrive Business Target location and click **Edit**.

Note: For OneDrive Business Target location paths that contain special characters (e.g. "#", "%", "&", etc...), probe the Target instead to add and scan the location.

3. In the **Edit OneDrive Business** dialog box, enter a (case sensitive) **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Folder to Scan	Path
All user accounts in all groups	Syntax: All Users
	Example: All Users

Folder to Scan	Path
All user accounts in a specific group	Syntax: <group display="" name=""></group>
	Example: Engineering (SG)
Specific user account in group	Syntax: < Group Display
	Name>/ <user name="" principal=""></user>
	Example: Engineering
	(SG)/useri@example.onmicrosoff.com
Specific folder for user account in group	Syntax: < Group Display
	Name>/ <user name="" principal="">/<folde r&gt;</folde </user>
	Example: Engineering
	(SG)/user1@example.onmicrosoft.com
	/ProjectA
Specific file for user account in group	Syntax: < Group Display
	Name>/ <user name="" principal="">/<folde< td=""></folde<></user>
	Example: Engineering
	/ProjectA/example.html

▶ Note: If there are multiple Microsoft 365 groups with the same display name in your domain, **ER2** will only retrieve the first group occurrence. For example, if there are three groups with the same display name, "Engineering", **ER2** will only probe, scan and return results for the first "Engineering" group for the OneDrive Business Target.

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

## **ONEDRIVE BUSINESS REMEDIATION**

#### ▲ Warning: Potential Impact of Retention Policies

Remediation can result in the permanent erasure or modification of data (and metadata). Once performed, remedial actions cannot be undone. Your organization's configured retention policies impact the behavior of the remedial actions applied to the current and historical versions of the match object. For more information, see Remediation Behavior in OneDrive Business Targets or contact the Ground Labs Support Team.

The following remediation actions are supported for OneDrive Business Targets:

- Act Directly on Selected Location
  - Mask all sensitive data
  - Delete Permanently
  - Quarantine
- Mark Locations for Compliance Report
- PRO Delegated Remediation

# UNSUPPORTED TYPES AND FOLDERS IN ONEDRIVE BUSINESS

**ER2** does not support scanning of the following types and folders for the OneDrive Business Target:

- Notebooks. To scan the Notebooks folder, set up and scan the Microsoft OneNote Target instead.
- OneNote file types and folders stored in OneDrive Business but outside the default Notebooks folder. To scan these files and notebook folders, set up and scan the Microsoft OneNote Target instead.
- Recycle bin.
- User's Preservation Hold library.

**Tip:** Check the Inaccessible Locations for any errors that were encountered when scanning the OneDrive Business Target.

## **USER ACCOUNT IN MULTIPLE GROUPS**

A OneDrive Business-enabled user account that belongs to multiple groups

- is scanned each time a group the user belongs to is scanned.
- consumes only 1x data allowance usage regardless of how many times it is scanned as part of different groups.

**Example:** OneDrive Business-enabled user account "user1@mycompany.com" belongs to Groups "A1" and "A2". When Groups "A1" and "A2" are added to the same scan, user account "user1@mycompany.com" is scanned once when Group "A1" is scanned, and a second time when Group "A2" is scanned. User account "user1@mycompany.com" consumes only one Client License, and 1x Client License data allowance despite having been scanned twice.

# **RACKSPACE CLOUD**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Get Rackspace API key
- Set Rackspace Cloud Files as a Target Location
- Edit Rackspace Cloud Storage Path

## **OVERVIEW**

Support for Rackspace services is currently available for Cloud File Storage only.

To set up a Rackspace Cloud File Storage Target:

- 1. Get Rackspace API key
- 2. Set Rackspace Cloud Files as a Target Location

To scan specific cloud server regions and folders, see Edit Rackspace Cloud Storage Path.

## LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Rackspace Cloud Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Rackspace Cloud Targets require Server & DB Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

#### REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li> <li>Cloud service-specific access keys.</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

## **GET RACKSPACE API KEY**

- 1. Log into your Rackspace account.
- 2. Click on your Username, and then click Account Settings.



3. In the Account Settings page, go to API Key and click Show.

Email Address	support@rackspace.com
Security Question	What is the location of a dream vacation?
API Key	Show Reset

4. Write down your Rackspace account API Key.

# SET RACKSPACE CLOUD FILES AS A TARGET LOCATION

- 1. Get Rackspace API key.
- 2. From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
- 3. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Rackspace Cloud Files.
- 4. In the Rackspace Cloud Files section, fill in the following fields:

Rackspace Accou Name: Credentials Details	nt	Enter	Account Name		••••]
Stored Credentials	. 0	em	pty	•	Clear
		_	or		
New Credential Label:	En	ter Crea	fential Label		
New Username:	Enter Username				
New Password:	Enter Password				
		Show Pa	assword		
Proxy Details					
Agent to act as pro	oxy h	ost o	Select proxy agen	t 👻	Clear

Field	Description
Rackspace Account Name	Enter a descriptive label for the Rackspace Cloud Target.
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
New Username	Enter your Rackspace account user name.
New Password	Enter your Rackspace account <b>API Key</b> . See Get Rackspace API key.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.
Encrypt the Connection via SSL	Select this option to encrypt the connection with SSL.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

## EDIT RACKSPACE CLOUD STORAGE PATH

- 1. Set Rackspace Cloud Files as a Target Location.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Rackspace Cloud Files Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Rackspace Storage Location** dialog box, enter the **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Path	Syntax
Specific cloud server region	<cloud-server-region></cloud-server-region>
Specific folder	<cloud-server-region folder=""></cloud-server-region>

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

# SALESFORCE

▶ Note: The Salesforce module in Enterprise Recon 2.8.0 has been updated to use the Enhanced Domains URLs for authentication. Active scans for previously added Salesforce Targets that use My Domain URLs will fail; this will impact Salesforce sandbox environments.

To continue scanning Salesforce (sandbox) Targets without interruption, enable enhanced domains for your Salesforce organization. See Enhanced Domains for more information.

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Configure Salesforce Account
  - Generate Certificate and Private Key
  - Create Connected App
- Set Up and Scan a Salesforce Target
  - Exclude Files or Attachments from Scans for Salesforce Targets
  - Partial Salesforce Object Scanning
- Edit Salesforce Target Path
- Archived or Deleted Salesforce Data
- Salesforce Files and Attachments
- Unsupported Salesforce Standard Objects
- Salesforce API Limits

#### **OVERVIEW**

When Salesforce is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns all Standard Objects (including Salesforce Files and Chatter), Custom Objects and Big Objects in the Salesforce domain. You can scan the whole domain or select specific Objects when setting up the scan schedule for the Salesforce Target.

For information on scanning archived and deleted Salesforce data, see Archived or Deleted Salesforce Data.

To set up Salesforce as a Target:

- 1. Configure Salesforce Account
  - Generate Certificate and Private Key
  - Create Connected App
- 2. Set Up and Scan a Salesforce Target

To scan specific paths in a Salesforce Target, see Edit Salesforce Target Path.

#### LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Salesforce Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Salesforce Targets require Server & DB Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

## REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul><li>Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.</li><li>Cloud service-specific access keys.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Required Proxy Agents:</li> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443

## **CONFIGURE SALESFORCE ACCOUNT**

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

You will need to perform the following setup to scan Salesforce Targets:

- 1. Generate Certificate and Private Key
- 2. Create Connected App

#### **Generate Certificate and Private Key**

To scan Salesforce Targets, you will need a digital signature associated with a digital certificate and private key.

To generate the digital certificate and private key:

- 1. Open a Terminal or Windows Command Prompt.
- 2. Install the OpenSSL package and run the following command:

# Syntax: openssl req -x509 -sha256 -nodes -newkey rsa:2048 -days <number of days> -keyout <\*.key private key file> -out <\*.crt certificate file> openssl req -x509 -sha256 -nodes -newkey rsa:2048 -days 365 -keyout er-sales force.key -out er-salesforce.crt

Parameter	Description
(Optional) days	Number of days to certify the certificate for. The default is 30 days.

Parameter	Description
keyout	Output filename to write the private key to. For example, er-salesf orce.key .
out	Output filename to write the digital certificate to. For example, er-s alesforce.crt.

3. openssl asks for the following information:

Prompt	Answer
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:	Your country's two letter country code (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2).
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:	State or province name.
Locality Name (e.g., city) []:	City name or name of region.
Organization Name (e.g., company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:	Name of organization.
Organizational Unit Name (e.g., section) []:	Name of organizational department.
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:	Fully qualified domain name of the Master Server.
Email Address []:	Email address of organization's contact person.

The openssl command generates two output files:

- The digital certificate (e.g. er-salesforce.crt ) required to create a connected app for ER2, and
- The private key (e.g. er-salesforce.key ) required to Set Up and Scan a Salesforce Target.

#### Create Connected App

To create a connected app in Salesforce for **ER2**:

- 1. With your administrator account, log in to your organization's Salesforce site and go to **Setup**.
- 2. In the **Setup** > **Home** tab, enter "App Manager" in the Quick Find box, and select **App Manager**.
- 3. In the Lightning Experience App Manager page, click on New Connected App.
- 4. In the **Basic Information** section, fill in the following fields:

Field	Description
Connected App Name	Enter a descriptive display name for <b>ER2</b> . For example, Enterpris e_Recon.
API Name	Enter a unique identifier to use when referring to the app programmatically. For example, Enterprise_Recon.
Contact Email	Enter an email address that Salesforce can use if they need to contact you about the connected app.

- 5. In the API (Enable OAuth Settings) section, select the Enable OAuth Settings checkbox.
- 6. In the **Callback URL** field, enter the URL to redirect to after successful authorization of the connected app. For example, <a href="https://example.com/callback-e">https://example.com/callback-e</a> nterprise-recon .

**Info:** The **Callback URL** is a compulsory field when setting up a connected app, but is not required for scanning Salesforce Targets with **ER2**.

- 7. Select the **Use digital signatures** checkbox and click **Choose File** to upload a digital certificate. For example, er-salesforce.crt . See Generate Certificate and Private Key for more information.
- 8. Under **Select OAuth Scopes**, select and **Add** the following permissions for the "Enterprise\_Recon" connected app:

Available OAuth Scopes	Description
<ul> <li>Access the identity URL service (id, profile, email, address, phone)</li> <li>Manage user data via APIs (api)</li> <li>Perform requests at any time (refresh_token, offline_access)</li> </ul>	Required for probing, scanning and remediating Salesforce Targets.

- 9. Click **Save** > **Continue**.
- In the Manage Connected Apps page, go to API (Enable OAuth Settings) > Consumer Key and click Copy. The consumer key will be required when you Set Up and Scan a Salesforce Target.
- 11. Click Manage > Edit Policies.
- 12. Under OAuth Policies > Permitted Users, select Admin approved users are pre-authorized.
- 13. Click Save.
- 14. Back in the **App Manager** page, go to the **Profiles** section and click **Manage Profiles**.
- 15. In the Application Profile Assignment page, select the profile(s) (e.g. "System

Administrator") that you want to allow to access the "Enterprise\_Recon" connected app.

Note: The username that is specified for the **Salesforce Account** field when you Set Up and Scan a Salesforce Target must be assigned to at least one of the profiles that has:

• Access to the ER2 connected app (e.g. "Enterprise\_Recon"), and

Minimum "Read" permissions for the Salesforce Objects to be scanned.
 See Salesforce Help - Object Permissions for more information.

- 16. Click Save.
- 17. In the **Setup** > **Home** tab, enter "Profiles" in the Quick Find box, and select **Profiles**.
- 18. Go to the profile(s) selected in Step 15 (e.g. "System Administrator") and click Edit.
- 19. In the **Administrative Permissions** section, select the following checkboxes:
  - API Enabled
  - Query All Files

Note: Enabling the Query All Files permission is an optional step that allows the Salesforce account that is specified when you Set Up and Scan a Salesforce Target to scan all files in your organization's Salesforce site, including those owned / managed by other user accounts.

Without the **Query All Files** permission, **ER2** will only be able to scan the files that are owned by / shared to the specified Salesforce account.

20. Click Save.

## SET UP AND SCAN A SALESFORCE TARGET

- From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
   In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Salesforce.
   Fill in the following fields:

Amazon S3 Azure Storage Box Credent	rce Domain:	Enter	Organization Domain		
Exchange Domain     Stored	Credentials ()	em	pty	•	Clear
Google Cloud Platform Microsoft 365 Rackspace Cloud Files Salesforce	edential	Enter Credential Label			
Salesto Accoun Consun	t: her Kev:	Enter Salestorce Account			
301541		Show Co	onsumer Key		
Private	Key 🕦 S	elect File			Browse
Proxy D Agent to	etails o act as proxy	host 🜒	Select proxy agent	•	Clear

Field	Description			
Salesforce Domain	Enter the organization's domain name.			
	<ul> <li>Tip: To get the domain name for your organization's Saleforce site, log in to Salesforce and go to Setup &gt; Company Settings &gt; My Domain. The value in the My Domain Name field is your Salesforce domain.</li> </ul>			
	My Domain Details Edit			
	Current My Domain URL myorganization.sandbox.my.salesforce.com with enhanced domains			
	Domain Suffix Standard (*.my.salesforce.com)			
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.			
Field	Description			
------------------------------------	--			
Salesforce Account	Use the correct username syntax for the Salesforce Account according to the Salesforce site. <b>Production</b> <ul> <li>Syntax: <ul> <li>username&gt;</li> <li>Example: admin@example.com</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sandbox <ul> <li>Syntax: sandbox:<ul> <li>sandbox:<ul> <li>Syntax: sandbox:<ul> <li>sandbox:<ul> <li>Example: sandbox:<ul> <li>Example: sandbox:<ul> <li>Example: sandbox:<ul> <li>Account field must be assigned to at least one of the profiles that has:</li> <li>Access to the ER2 connected app (e.g. "Enterprise_Recon"), and</li> <li>Minimum "Read" permissions for the Salesforce Objects to be scanned.</li> </ul> </li> <li>See Create Connected App and Salesforce Help - Object Permissions for more information.</li> </ul></li></ul></li></ul></li></ul></li></ul></li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>			
Consumer Key	Enter the Consumer Key obtained from Create Connected App. For example, 1234567890.ThisIsTheConsumerKeyForTheEnterpriseReconCo nnectedAppForSalesforce_1234567.			
Private Key	Upload the private key file obtained from Generate Certificate and Private Key. For example, er-salesforce.key.			
Agent to act as a proxy host	Select a Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.			

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 6. (Optional) On the **Select Locations** page, probe the Target to browse and select specific Salesforce Objects to scan.

Note: Probing a Salesforce Target will display the list of Salesforce Objects (that are accessible by the specified Salesforce account) by the Object's API name. Go to Setup > Object Manager in your organization's Salesforce site to get the API name for your Salesforce Objects.

7. Click Next.

- 8. On the **Select Data Types** page, select the Data Type Profiles to be included in your scan and click **Next**.
- 9. On the **Set Schedule** page, configure the parameters for your scan. See **Set Schedule** for more information.
- (Optional) Configure the Partial Salesforce object scanning parameter, Scan maximum [N] records, sorted by last modified date in descending order, where N:
  - Is the maximum number of records to scan per Salesforce Object.
  - Must be a positive integer ( $N \ge 1$ ).
  - Must be less than or equal to 2147483647 (*N* ≤ 2147483647).

See Partial Salesforce Object Scanning for more information.

- 11. Click Next.
- 12. On the **Confirm Details** page, review the details of the scan schedule, and click **Start Scan** to start the scan. Otherwise, click **Back** to modify the scan schedule settings.

#### Exclude Files or Attachments from Scans for Salesforce Targets

To exclude scanning files and/or attachments in Salesforce:

- Do not select Objects that contain files / attachments (Attachments, Documents, ContentVersion Objects, etc.) when selecting scan locations in Step 6, or
- Use the **Exclude Location by Prefix** Global Filter to exclude the Objects that contain files (e.g. s/ContentVersion) when scanning Salesforce Targets.

Exclude Location By Prefix
Enter the first part of the search location to be excluded
Eg: To exclude all items within a folder called Windows on C drive type
C:\Windows\
s/ContentVersion
Apply to: SALESFORCE-GROUP / All Targets -
4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Ok Cancel

▲ Warning: Both methods will exclude the whole Object from the scan. Excluding the whole Object may also exclude other columns (e.g. "Description" column) that could potentially contain sensitive data.

#### Partial Salesforce Object Scanning

The **Partial Salesforce object scanning** parameter is optional. If the parameter is left blank, **ER2** will proceed to scan all available records in a Salesforce Object.

The maximum number of records to scan per Salesforce Object, **N** will apply to all Salesforce Targets that are included in the scan schedule.

All records will be scanned if the number of available records in a Salesforce Object is less than **N**.

### EDIT SALESFORCE TARGET PATH

To scan a specific Target location in Salesforce:

- 1. Set Up and Scan a Salesforce Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your Salesforce Target location and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Salesforce Location** dialog box, enter the **Path** to scan. Use the following syntax:

Salesforce Object Type	Path Syntax
Standard	Syntax: s/ <object api="" name=""></object>
Object	Example: s/Account
Custom	Syntax: c/ <object api="" name=""></object>
Object	Example: c/Accountc
Big Object	Syntax: b/ <object api="" name=""> Example: b/Accountb</object>

Note: Go to Setup > Object Manager in your organization's Salesforce site to get the API name for your Salesforce Objects.

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

### **ARCHIVED OR DELETED SALESFORCE DATA**

**ER2** supports the scanning of archived and deleted records in Salesforce Objects. These records will contain the "Archived" or "Deleted" tags in the location's metadata information.

Scanning of archived and deleted files is not supported by ER2.

### SALESFORCE FILES AND ATTACHMENTS

When a Salesforce Object is selected during a scan, **ER2** scans all attachments and files associated with the parent records under the selected Object.

Each attachment and file is scanned and reported as a distinct location from its parent record. Files with multiple versions are differentiated by the *Version N* suffix in the location path.

#### Example

The "ContentVersion" Object contains records for the file "Data.txt". If there are three versions of "Data.txt", and a match is found in two file versions (Version 1 and Version 3), **ER2** reports this as:

- Six scanned locations, where the record and file for each version of "Data.txt" are distinct scanned locations, and
- Two match locations, where Version 1 and Version 3 of "Data.txt" are distinct

match locations.

### **UNSUPPORTED SALESFORCE STANDARD OBJECTS**

ER2 currently does not support the following Salesforce Standard Objects:

- AccountUserTerritory2View
- AppTabMember
- ColorDefinition
- ContentDocumentLink
- ContentFolderItem
- ContentFolderMember
- DataStatistics
- DataType
- DatacloudAddress
- EntityParticle
- FieldDefinition
- FlexQueueItem
- FlowVariableView
- FlowVersionView
- IconDefinition
- IdeaComment

- ListViewChartInstance
- NetworkUserHistoryRecent
- OutgoingEmail
- OutgoingEmailRelation
- OwnerChangeOptionInfo
- PicklistValueInfo
- PlatformAction
- RelationshipDomain
- RelationshipInfo
- SearchLayout
- SiteDetail
- UserEntityAccess
- UserFieldAccess
- UserRecordAccess
- Vote

Selecting these Standard Objects when scanning Salesforce Targets will result in

ER2 reporting these Objects as Inaccessible Locations.

To prevent unsupported Standard Objects from being reported as inaccessible locations, you are recommended to select specific Salesforce Objects when scheduling scans for Salesforce Targets.

### **SALESFORCE API LIMITS**

Salesforce imposes a limit for the total number of inbound API calls that can be made per 24-hour period for an organization. For each API call to Salesforce, **ER2** queries and retrieves:

- Up to 2000 records (including Big Objects), or
- A single attachment or file.

If an organization reaches its daily API request limits:

- A critical error will be flagged for the Salesforce domain (or location) with the HTTP 403 error "REQUEST\_LIMIT\_EXCEEDED. TotalRequest Limit Exceeded".
- Ongoing Salesforce scans will stop executing with the "Failed" status, and the critical error will be reflected on the last Object that was scanned when the limit was reached.
- Probing a Salesforce Target will result in the HTTP 403 error "REQUEST\_LIMIT\_EXCEEDED. TotalRequest Limit Exceeded".

See Salesforce - API Request Limits and Allocations for more information.

## SHAREPOINT ONLINE

#### Note: For new SharePoint Online subscriptions

**ER2** uses Azure ACS (Access Control Service) to access SharePoint Online. For new SharePoint Online tenants, using an ACS app-only access token is disabled by default and must be enabled manually.

Note: The SharePoint Online module has been updated in **ER 2.6.0**. To continue scanning SharePoint Online Targets:

- 1. Upgrade the Master Server, and
- 2. Update the SharePoint Online credential sets added in earlier versions of ER2.

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
  - Enable SharePoint Add-in
- Configure SharePoint Add-in
  - Generate Client ID and Client Secret
  - Grant Permissions to SharePoint Add-in
- Set Up SharePoint Online as a Target
- Edit SharePoint Online Target Path
- Deleted SharePoint Online Sites
- SharePoint Online Remediation
- Unsupported Remediation Locations in SharePoint Online

### **OVERVIEW**

When SharePoint Online is added as a scan Target, **ER2** returns all resources in the SharePoint Online web application. You can select specific site collections, sites, lists, list items, folders and/or files when setting up the scan schedule.

The instructions here work for setting up SharePoint Online as a Target.

To set up SharePoint Online as a Target:

- 1. Enable SharePoint Add-in (for new SharePoint Online subscriptions only).
- 2. Configure SharePoint Add-in.
- 3. Set Up SharePoint Online as a Target.

To scan specific paths in a SharePoint Online Target, see Edit SharePoint Online Target Path.

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

### LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned SharePoint Online Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, SharePoint Online Targets require Server & DB Licenses, and consume data from the Server & DB License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

### REQUIREMENTS

Component	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>ER 2.0.28 Agent and newer.</li> <li>Recommended Proxy Agents: <ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> <li>Linux Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Linux Agent</li> <li>FreeBSD Agent</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	Port 443 for cloud services.

#### Enable SharePoint Add-in

#### Note: For new SharePoint Online subscriptions

**ER2** uses Azure ACS (Access Control Service) to access SharePoint Online. For new SharePoint Online tenants, using an ACS app-only access token is disabled by default and must be enabled manually.

For new SharePoint Online tenants, connect to SharePoint Online using Windows PowerShell and enable the SharePoint Add-in by running the following commands:

# Install the SharePoint PowerShell module Install-Module -Name Microsoft.Online.SharePoint.PowerShell # Set the administrator's account email address \$adminUPN="<full email address of a SharePoint administrator account>" # Specify the organization's name to log into \$tenant="<name of your Microsoft 365 organization, example: mycompany>" # Set the password in a secure prompt \$userCredential = Get-Credential -UserName \$adminUPN -Message "Type the password:" # Connect to the SharePoint server using the credentials provided Connect-SPOService -Url https://\$tenant-admin.sharepoint.com -Credential \$userCre dential # Enable custom app (SharePoint Add-in) Set-SPOTenant -DisableCustomAppAuthentication \$false

### **CONFIGURE SHAREPOINT ADD-IN**

Note: Instructions for configuring a cloud service account's security settings are provided here for the user's convenience only. For the most up-to-date instructions, please consult the cloud service provider's official documentation.

Before adding SharePoint Online as a Target, you must register and configure the SharePoint Add-in for use with **ER2**. The registered SharePoint Add-in must have the required permissions to allow **ER2** to authenticate and access (scan) the resources in your SharePoint Online environment.

#### Note: For new SharePoint Online subscriptions

**ER2** uses Azure ACS (Access Control Service) to access SharePoint Online. For new SharePoint Online tenants, using an ACS app-only access token is disabled by default and must be enabled manually. For more information, see Enable SharePoint Add-in.

To configure the SharePoint Add-in for ER2:

- Generate Client ID and Client Secret
- Grant Permissions to SharePoint Add-in

#### **Generate Client ID and Client Secret**

You need to register the SharePoint Add-in to generate the client ID and client secret key which is required when setting up SharePoint Online as a Target.

To register the SharePoint Add-in:

1. Log in to SharePoint Online and go to the **AppRegNew** form at <site collection url >/\_layouts/15/AppRegNew.aspx .

For example, https://mycompany.sharepoint.com/\_layouts/15/AppRegNew.aspx . 2. In the **AppRegNew** form, fill in the following fields:

Example: "https://www.contoso.co	om/default.aspx"
Example: "www.contoso.com"	
App Domain:	
Titler	Generate
Client Secret:	
	Generate

Field	Description	
Client Id	Enter a unique lowercase string, or click <b>Generate</b> to generate a client ID.	
	Example: 1234abcd-56ef-78gh-90ij-1234clientid	
Client Secret	Click Generate to generate a client secret.	
	Example: abcdefghij0123456789klmnopqrst0clientsecr et	
Title	Enter a descriptive name for the add-in.	
	Example: Enterprise Recon SPO add-in	
App Domain	The host name of the remote component of the SharePoint Add-in.	
	Example: www.example.com	
	<b>1</b> Info: This is a compulsory field when registering the SharePoint Add-in, but is not required for scanning SharePoint Online Targets with <b>ER2</b> .	
Redirect URI	The endpoint in the remote application or service to which Azure Access Control service (ACS) sends an authentication code.	
	Example: https://www.example.com/default.aspx	
	<b>Info:</b> This is a compulsory field when registering the SharePoint Add-in, but is not required for scanning SharePoint Online Targets with <b>ER2</b> .	

- 3. Click **Create**. The page reloads and displays the details of the newly registered SharePoint Add-in.
- 4. Take down the **Client ID** (e.g. 1234abcd-56ef-78gh-90ij-1234clientid ) and **Client Secret** (e.g. abcdefghij0123456789klmnopqrst0clientsecret ) for the SharePoint Add-in. These will be required when you Set Up SharePoint Online as a Target.

#### **Grant Permissions to SharePoint Add-in**

- With your administrator account, go to the tenant administration site at <tenant>-a dmin.sharepoint.com/\_layouts/15/appinv.aspx to grant permissions to the registered SharePoint Add-in.
   For example, <a href="https://mycompany-admin.sharepoint.com/\_layouts/15/appinv.aspx">https://mycompany-admin.sharepoint.com/\_layouts/15/appinv.aspx</a>.
- In the App Id field, enter the client ID (e.g. 1234abcd-56ef-78gh-90ij-1234clientid ) for the registered SharePoint Add-in and click Lookup. See Generate Client ID and Client Secret - Step 4 for more information.

App Id	App Id:
The app's	Lookup
its title.	Title:
	App Domain:
	Example: "www.contoso.com" Redirect URL:
	Example:
	"https://www.contoso.com/default.aspx"
App's	Permission Request XML:
Permission Request	
XML	
The	
permission	
the ann	

3. In the **Permission Request XML** field, enter the following permissions for the SharePoint Add-in:

<AppPermissionRequests AllowAppOnlyPolicy="true"> <AppPermissionRequest Scope="http://sharepoint/content/tenant" Right="Full Control"/> <AppPermissionRequest Scope="http://sharepoint/content/sitecollection" Righ t="Write"/> <AppPermissionRequest Scope="http://sharepoint/content/sitecollection/web"

Right="Write"/>

</AppPermissionRequests>

- 4. Click Create.
- 5. You will be presented with a permission consent dialog. Click **Trust It** to grant permissions to the SharePoint Add-in.
- Go to the Site App Permissions page at <tenant>admin.sharepoint.com/\_layouts/15/appprincipals.aspx?Scope=Web . For example, https://mycompanyadmin.sharepoint.com/\_layouts/15/appprincipals.aspx?Scope=Web .
- 7. In the **App Display Name** column, look for the registered SharePoint Add-in (e.g. Enterprise Recon SPO add-in ).
- 8. Take down the **Tenant Id** from the **App Identifier** value. This will be required when you Set Up SharePoint Online as a Target.

# App Identifier format: i:0i.t|ms.sp.ext|<client ID>@<tenant ID> i:0i.t|ms.sp.ext|1234abcd-56ef-78gh-90ij-1234clientid@12345678-abcd-9012-ef gh-ijkltenantid

Where:

- Client ID = 1234abcd-56ef-78gh-90ij-1234clientid
- Tenant ID = 12345678-abcd-9012-efgh-ijkltenantid

### SET UP SHAREPOINT ONLINE AS A TARGET

To add a SharePoint Online Target:

- 1. From the **New Scan** page, Add Targets.
- 2. In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Microsoft 365 > SharePoint Online.
- 3. Fill in the following fields:

<ul> <li>Server</li> <li>Amazon S3</li> <li>Azure Storage</li> <li>Box</li> <li>Dropbox</li> <li>Exchange Domain</li> <li>G Suite</li> <li>Microsoft 365</li> <li>Rackspace Cloud Files</li> <li>Salesforce</li> <li>Google Cloud Platform</li> </ul>	Microsoft 365 > St SharePoint Online D SharePoint Online Domain:	narePoint O etails Enter Dom	nline Iain Name		
	Stored Credentials	•em	pty or	•	Clear
	New Credential Label: Client ID:	Enter Crec	lential Label nt ID		
	Client Secret Key:	Enter Clier	nt Secret Key ient Secret Key		
	Tenant ID: Proxy Details	Enter Tena	int ID		
	Agent to act as pro	xy host 🕚	Select proxy agent	•	Clear

Field	Description
SharePoint Online Domain	Enter your SharePoint Online organization name. For example, if you access SharePoint Online at https: //mycompany.sharepoint.com , enter mycompany .
New Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the SharePoint Online credential set.
Client ID	Enter the <b>Client ID</b> for the registered SharePoint Add- in. Example: 1234abcd-56ef-78gh-90ij-1234clientid See Generate Client ID and Client Secret - Step 4 for more information.
Client Secret Key	Enter the <b>Client Secret</b> key for the registered SharePoint Add-in. Example: abcdefghij0123456789klmnopqrst0clientsecr et See Generate Client ID and Client Secret - Step 4 for more information.
Tenant ID	Enter the <b>Tenant ID</b> key for the registered SharePoint Add-in. Example: 12345678-abcd-9012-efgh-ijkltenantid See Grant Permissions to SharePoint Add-in - Step 8 for more information.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a supported Proxy Agent host with direct Internet access.

#### **Tip: Recommended Least Privilege User Approach**

Data discovery or scanning of data requires **read access**. Remediation actions that act directly on supported file systems including Delete Permanently, Quarantine, Encryption and Masking require **write access** in order to change, delete and overwrite data.

To reduce the risk of data loss or privileged account abuse, the Target credentials provided for the intended Target should only be granted **read-only access** to the exact resources and data that require scanning. Never grant full user access privileges or unrestricted data access to any application if it is not required.

- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

### EDIT SHAREPOINT ONLINE PATH

- 1. Set Up SharePoint Online as a Target.
- 2. In the **Select Locations** section, select your SharePoint Online Target and click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit SharePoint Online** dialog box, enter the site collection to scan in the **Path**. Use the following syntax:

#### Description, Syntax and Example

Scan all resources for the SharePoint Online web application.

This includes all site collections, sites, lists, list items, folders and files.

Syntax:

Leave Path blank.

Scan a site collection.

This includes all sites, lists, list items, folders and files for the site collection.

Syntax:

<organization>.sharepoint.com/<site\_collection>

Example:

https://example.sharepoint.com/operations

Scan a site in a site collection.

Syntax:

<organization>.sharepoint.com/<site\_collection>/<site>

Example:

https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/my-site

Scan all lists in a site collection.

Syntax:

<organization>.sharepoint.com/<site\_collection>/:site/:list

Example:

https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/:site/:list

Scan a specific list in a site collection.

Syntax:

<organization>.sharepoint.com/<site\_collection>/:site/:list/<list>

Example:

https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/:site/:list/my-list

Description, Syntax and Example		
Scan all folders and files in a site collection.		
Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collection>/:site/:file</site_collection></organization>		
Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/:site/:file		
Scan a specific folder in a site collection.		
Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collection>/:site/:file/<folder></folder></site_collection></organization>		
Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/:site/:file/documents		
Scan a specific file in a site collection.		
Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collection>/:site/:file/<file></file></site_collection></organization>		
Example: https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/:site/:file/my-file.txt		
Scan a specific file within a folder in a site collection.		
Syntax: <organization>.sharepoint.com/<site_collection>/:site/:file/<folder>/<file></file></folder></site_collection></organization>		
https://example.sharepoint.com/operations/:site/:file/documents/my-file.txt		

4. Click **Test** and then **Commit** to save the path to the Target location.

### **DELETED SHAREPOINT ONLINE SITES**

In SharePoint Online, deleted sites or site collections are retained for 93 days in the site Recycle Bin, unless deleted permanently. These deleted sites or site collections in SharePoint Online Targets are still discoverable by **ER2**, but will result in "HTTP 404" errors when attempting to probe or scan them.

### SHAREPOINT ONLINE REMEDIATION

#### **Marning:** Potential Impact of Retention Policies

Remediation can result in the permanent erasure or modification of data (and metadata). Once performed, remedial actions cannot be undone. Your organization's configured retention policies impact the behavior of the remedial actions applied to the current and historical versions of the match object. For more information, see Remediation Behavior in SharePoint Online Targets or contact the Ground Labs

The following remediation actions are supported for SharePoint Online Targets:

- Act Directly on Selected Location
  - Mask all sensitive data
  - Delete Permanently
  - Quarantine
- Mark Locations for Compliance Report
- PRO Delegated Remediation

# UNSUPPORTED REMEDIATION LOCATIONS IN SHAREPOINT ONLINE

The following locations and/or objects in SharePoint Online Targets are not supported for remedial actions that act directly on match locations:

- List items
- Site pages
- News posts

For more information on the unsupported locations for remediation for each Target, see Unsupported Remediation Locations by Target.

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

## **EXCHANGE DOMAIN**

This section covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Licensing
- Requirements
- Add an Exchange Domain Target
- Scan Additional Mailbox Types
- Archive Mailbox and Recoverable Items
- Unsupported Mailbox Types
- Configure Impersonation
- Mailbox in Multiple Groups

### **OVERVIEW**

The Exchange Domain Target allows you to scan mailboxes and mailbox Groups by specifying the domain on which the mailboxes reside on.

To scan a Microsoft Exchange server directly, see Microsoft Exchange (EWS) for more information.

### LICENSING

For Sitewide Licenses, all scanned Exchange Domain Targets consume data from the Sitewide License data allowance limit.

For Non-Sitewide Licenses, Exchange Domain Targets require Client Licenses, and consume data from the Client License data allowance limit.

See Target Licenses for more information.

### REQUIREMENTS

Requirements	Description
Version Support	Exchange Server 2013 and above.

Requirements	Description
Proxy Agent	<ul> <li>Agent host architecture (32-bit or 64-bit) must match the Exchange Server.</li> <li>The Agent host must be able to contact the domain controller (DC).</li> <li>A valid LDAP over SSL (LDAPS) certificate that is trusted by the DC must be installed on the Agent host. Only required for LDAPS authentication.</li> <li>Required Proxy Agents: <ul> <li>Windows Agent with database runtime components</li> <li>Windows Agent</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
TCP Allowed Connections	<ul> <li>Port 443</li> <li>Port 389 for LDAP authentication</li> <li>Port 636 for LDAPS authentication</li> </ul>
Service Account	<ul> <li>The account used to scan Microsoft Exchange mailboxes must:</li> <li>Have a mailbox on the target Microsoft Exchange server.</li> <li>Be a service account assigned the ApplicationImpersonation management role. See Configure Impersonation for more information.</li> </ul>

### **ADD AN EXCHANGE DOMAIN TARGET**

- From the New Scan page, Add Targets.
   In the Select Target Type dialog box, select Exchange Domain.
   Fill in the following fields:

Exchange Domain details		
Exchange Domain:	Enter Domain	
Credentials Details		
Stored Credentials	Oempty ▼ Clear	
	or	
Credential Label:	Enter Credential Label	
Username:	Enter Name	
Password:	Enter Password	
	Show Password	
Proxy Details		
Agent to act as pro	xy host () Select proxy agent - Clear	

Field	Description
Domain	Enter a domain to scan mailboxes that reside on that domain. This is usually the domain component of the email address, or the Windows Domain.
Credential Label	Enter a descriptive label for the credential set.
Username	Enter your service account user name.
Password	Enter your service account password.
Agent to act as proxy host	Select a Windows Proxy Agent.

- 4. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 5. Click **Commit** to add the Target.
- 6. Back in the **New Search** page, locate the newly added Exchange Domain Target and click on the arrow next to it to display a list of available mailbox Groups. Expand a Group to see a list of mailboxes that belong to that Group.
- 7. Select Groups or mailboxes to add them to the "Selected Locations" list.
- 8. (Optional) You can add a location manually by selecting + Add New Location at the bottom of the list, clicking Customise and entering <a href="https://www.commons.org">Group/User Display Nam</a>
   e> in the Exchange Domain field.
- 9. Click **Next** to continue setting up your scan.

### SCAN ADDITIONAL MAILBOX TYPES

The following additional mailbox types are supported:

- Shared mailboxes. Shared mailboxes do not have a specific owner. Instead, user accounts that need to access the shared mailbox are assigned "SendAs" or "FullAccess" permissions.
- Linked mailboxes. A linked mailbox is a mailbox that resides on one Active Directory (AD) forest, while its associated AD user account (the linked master account) resides on another AD forest.
- Mailboxes associated with disabled AD user accounts. Disabled AD user accounts may still be associated with active mailboxes that can still receive and send email. Mailboxes associated with disabled AD user accounts are not the same as disconnected mailboxes.
- Archive Mailbox and Recoverable Items

To scan the above supported mailbox types, use a service account with "FullAccess" rights to the target mailbox.

Note: Adding "FullAccess" privileges to an existing user account may cause issues with existing user configuration. To avoid this, create a new service account and use it only for scanning Exchange shared mailboxes with **ER2**.

The following sections contain instructions on how to grant "FullAccess" permissions for each mailbox type:

- Shared Mailboxes
- Linked Mailboxes
- Mailboxes associated with disabled AD user accounts

Changes may not be immediate. Wait 15 minutes before starting a scan on the exchange server.

Once the service account is granted access to the target mailboxes, follow the instructions above to add the shared mailbox as a Target.

Note: Linked mailboxes as service accounts

You cannot use a linked master account (the owner of a linked mailbox) to scan Exchange Targets in **ER2**. To successfully scan an Exchange Target, use a service account that resides on the same AD forest as the Exchange Target.

#### **Shared Mailboxes**

To grant a service account "FullAccess" rights to shared mailboxes, run the following commands in the Exchange Management Shell:

• To grant a user full access to a specific shared mailbox:

Add-MailboxPermission -Identity <SHARED\_MAILBOX> -User <SERVICE\_AC COUNT> -AccessRights FullAccess -Automapping \$false

where <SHARED\_MAILBOX> is the name of the shared mailbox, and <SERVI CE\_ACCOUNT> is the name of the account used to scan the mailbox.

 To grant a user full access to all existing shared mailboxes on the Exchange server:

Get-Recipient -Resultsize unlimited | where {\$\_.RecipientTypeDetails -eq "Shar edMailbox"} | Add-MailboxPermission -User <SERVICE\_ACCOUNT> - AccessRights FullAccess -Automapping \$false

where <SERVICE\_ACCOUNT> is the name of the account used to scan the mailboxes.

#### Linked Mailboxes

To grant a service account "FullAccess" rights to linked mailboxes, run the following commands in the Exchange Management Shell:

• To grant a user full access to a specific shared mailbox:

Add-MailboxPermission -Identity <LINKED\_MAILBOX> -User <SERVICE\_ACC OUNT> -AccessRights FullAccess -Automapping \$false

where <LINKED\_MAILBOX> is the name of the shared mailbox, and <SERVIC E\_ACCOUNT> is the name of the account used to scan the mailbox.

• To grant a user full access to all existing shared mailboxes on the Exchange

server:

Get-Recipient -Resultsize unlimited | where {\$\_.RecipientTypeDetails -eq "Linke dMailbox"} | Add-MailboxPermission -User <SERVICE\_ACCOUNT> - AccessRights FullAccess -Automapping \$false

where <SERVICE\_ACCOUNT> is the name of the account used to scan the mailboxes.

#### Mailboxes associated with disabled AD user accounts

To grant a service account "FullAccess" rights to mailboxes associated with disabled AD user accounts, run the following commands in the Exchange Management Shell:

• To grant a user full access to a specific mailbox:

Add-MailboxPermission -Identity <USER\_DISABLED\_MAILBOX> -User <SERVICE\_ACCOUNT> -AccessRights FullAccess -Automapping \$false

where <USER\_DISABLED\_MAILBOX> is the name of the mailbox associated with a disabled AD user account, and <SERVICE\_ACCOUNT> is the name of the account used to scan the mailbox.

### **ARCHIVE MAILBOX AND RECOVERABLE ITEMS**

Requirements: Exchange Server 2010 SP1 and newer.

When enabled for a user mailbox, the Archive mailbox and the Recoverable Items folder can be added to a scan:

- Archive or In-Place Archive mailboxes. An archive mailbox is an additional mailbox that is enabled for a user's primary mailbox, and acts as long-term storage for each user account. Archive mailboxes are listed as (ARCHIVE) on the Select Locations page when browsing an Exchange mailbox.
   Recoverable Items folder or dumpster.
- Recoverable items folder of dumpster.
   When enabled, the Recoverable Items folder or the dumpster in Exchange retains deleted user data according to retention policies.
   Recoverable Items folders are listed as (RECOVERABLE) on the Select
   Locations page when browsing an Exchange mailbox.

By default, adding a user mailbox to a scan also adds the user's Archive mailbox and Recoverable Items folder to the scan.

To add only the Archive mailbox or Recoverable Items folder to the scan:

- 1. Configure impersonation for the associated user mailbox. See Configure Impersonation for more information.
- 2. Add the Exchange Target to the scan.
- 3. In the **Select Locations** page, expand the added Exchange Target and browse to the Target mailbox.
- 4. Expand the target mailbox, and select (ARCHIVE) or (RECOVERABLE).

### **UNSUPPORTED MAILBOX TYPES**

ER2 currently does not support the following mailbox types:

- **Disconnected mailboxes**. Disconnected mailboxes are mailboxes that have been:
  - Disabled. Disabled mailboxes are rendered inactive and retained until the retention period expires, while leaving associated user accounts untouched. Disabled mailboxes can only be accessed by reconnecting the owner user account to the mailbox.
  - Removed. Removing a mailbox deletes the associated AD user account, renders the mailbox inactive and retains it until its retention period expires. Removed mailboxes can only be accessed by connecting it to another user account.
  - Moved to a different mailbox database. Moving a mailbox from one mailbox database to another leaves the associated user account untouched, but sets the state of the mailbox to "SoftDeleted". "SoftDeleted" mailboxes are left in place in its original mailbox database as a backup, in case the destination mailbox is corrupted during the move. To access a "SoftDeleted" mailbox, connect it to a different user account or restore its contents to a different mailbox.
- **Resource mailboxes**. Resource mailboxes are mailboxes that have been assigned to meeting locations (room mailboxes) and other shared physical resources in the company (equipment mailboxes). These mailboxes are used for scheduling purposes.
- **Remote mailboxes**. Mailboxes that are set up on a hosted Exchange instance, or on Microsoft 365, and connected to a mail user on an on-premises Exchange instance.
- System mailboxes.
- Legacy mailboxes.

#### Info: Not mailboxes

The following are not mailboxes, and are not supported as scan locations:

- All distribution groups.
- Mail users or mail contacts.
- Public folders.

### **CONFIGURE IMPERSONATION**

To scan a Microsoft Exchange mailbox, you can:

- Use an existing service account, and assign it the ApplicationImpersonation management role, or
- (Recommended) Create a new service account for use with **ER2** and assign it the ApplicationImpersonation management role.

**Info:** While it is possible to assign a global administrator the ApplicationImpersonation management role and use it to scan mailboxes, we recommend using a service account instead.

Service accounts are user accounts set up to perform administrative tasks only. Because of the broad permissions granted to service accounts, we recommend that you closely monitor and limit access to these accounts. Assigning a service account the ApplicationImpersonation role allows the account to behave as if it were the owner of any account that it is allowed to impersonate. **ER2** scans those mailboxes using permissions assigned to that service account.

To assign a service account the ApplicationImpersonation role for all mailboxes:

1. On the Exchange Server, open the Exchange Management Shell and run as administrator:

# <impersonationAssignmentName>: Name of your choice to describe the role assigned to the service account.

# <serviceAccount>: Name of the Exchange administrator account used to scan EWS.

New-ManagementRoleAssignment –Name:<impersonationAssignmentName> -Role:ApplicationImpersonation –User:<serviceAccount>

(Advanced) To assign the service account the ApplicationImpersonation role for a limited number of mailboxes, apply a management scope when making the assignment.

To assign a service account the ApplicationImpersonation role with an applied management scope:

- 1. On the Exchange Server, open the Exchange Management Shell as administrator.
- 2. Create a management scope to define the group of mailboxes the service account can impersonate:

New-ManagementScope -Name <scopeName> -RecipientRestrictionFilter <filte r>

For more information on how to define management scopes, see Microsoft: New-ManagementScope.

3. Apply the ApplicationImpersonation role with the defined management scope:

New-ManagementRoleAssignment –Name:<impersonationAssignmentName> –Role:ApplicationImpersonation –User:<serviceAccount> -CustomRecipientWrit eScope:<scopeName>

### MAILBOX IN MULTIPLE GROUPS

If a mailbox is a member of multiple Groups, it is scanned each time a Group it belongs to is scanned. Mailboxes that are members of multiple Groups still consume only one mailbox license, no matter how many times it is scanned as part of a separate Group.

**Example:** User mailbox "A" belongs to Groups "A1",and "A2". When Groups "A1" and "A2" are added to the same scan, user mailbox "A" is scanned once when Group "A1" is scanned, and a second time when Group "A2" is scanned. Mailbox "A" consumes only one mailbox license despite having been scanned twice.

## EDIT TARGET

Targets and Target locations can be edited after they are added to **ER2**:

- Edit a Target
- Edit a Target Location
- Edit Target Location Path

### EDIT A TARGET

Global Admin or System Manager permissions are required to edit a Target.

To edit a Target:

- 1. Go to the Targets or Investigate page.
- 2. (Targets page only) Expand the group your Target resides in.
- 3. Hover over the Target and click on the gear 🍄 icon.
- 4. Select Edit Target from the drop-down menu.



- 5. In the Edit Target dialog box, select a tab:
  - Change Group. Change the Target Group the Target is assigned to.

▲ Warning: Changing the Group of a Target to a Group where you do not have at least Scan, Remediate or Report Resource Permissions makes the Target inaccessible. Get a Permissions Manager user to return the Target access rights. See User Permissions.

- Change OS. Change the Operating System type assigned to the Target. ER2 uses this property to send the correct scan engine to the Node or Proxy Agent host.
- Change Credentials. Changes:
  - The set of saved credentials used to access the Target. See Target Credentials.
  - The Proxy Agent or Agent Group used.

6. Click Ok.

### **EDIT A TARGET LOCATION**

You can edit locations in a Target that are not Local Storage and Local Memory Targets.

To edit a Target location:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Targets page.
- 3. Click on the right arrow ▶ next to a Target Group.
- 4. In the expanded Target Group list, click on the right arrow ▶ next to the Target that contains the Target location.
- 5. The Target expands to show the list of Targets locations for that Target. Click the gear icon 🍄 for the Target location.



- 6. In the Change Types dialog box, select a tab:
  - **Change Credentials**: Change the credential set used to access the Target location.
  - **Change Proxy**: Change the Proxy Agent or Agent Group used to connect to the Target location.
- 7. Click Ok.

### **EDIT TARGET LOCATION PATH**

To edit a Target location path for an existing scan, you must be scheduling a scan for it. See Add Targets for more information.

## TARGET CREDENTIALS

Manage credentials for Target locations that require user authentication for access in the **Target Credentials** page.

The section covers the following topics:

- Credential Permissions
- Using Credentials
- Add Target Credentials
- Edit Target Credentials
- Set up SSH Public Key Authentication

### **CREDENTIAL PERMISSIONS**

Resource Permissions and Global Permissions that are assigned to a user grants access to perform specific operations for Target credentials.

Operation	Definition	Users with Access
View credentials	Access to view credentials when setting up a scan or via the Resource Permissions Manager.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Permissions Manager.</li> <li>Users that have Use or Edit Credential privileges assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>
Add credentials	User can add credentials when setting up a Scan for a Target.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users that have Scan privileges assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>
Add credentials (Global)	User can add credentials for all Target platforms via Target Credential Manager.	1. Global Admin.
Use credentials	Access to use credentials when scanning a Target.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users that have Use Credential privileges assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>
Edit credentials	User can edit credentials.	<ol> <li>Global Admin.</li> <li>Users that have Edit Credential privileges assigned through Resource Permissions.</li> </ol>

Global Admin users have full access to all credentials. A Permissions Manager user can view all existing credentials and assign users permissions to use or edit these credentials via the Resource Permissions Manager.

All users can Add Target Credentials, but can only use or edit the credential sets to

which they have been explicitly assigned permissions to.

Note: Granting users permissions to a credential set does not automatically grant the user access to the Target location it applies to.

See Resource Permissions for more information.

#### Info:

For remote scanning of live target types, the configuration of credentials is required for each account unless otherwise stated.

For supported target types where no specific version is specified, Ground Labs support is limited to versions the associated vendor still provides active support, maintenance and software patches for.

Supported platforms may change from time to time and this is outlined in this product documentation.

### **USING CREDENTIALS**

Credential sets that are saved in **Target Credentials** appear in the **Stored Credentials** field when adding Targets to scan.

Note: Only credential sets which the user has permissions to will appear in the **Stored Credentials** field.

Select Types			
<ul> <li>Local Storage</li> <li>Local Memory</li> <li>Network Storage</li> <li>Database</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Websites</li> </ul>	Database > Micro Path details Path: Credentials Details Stored Credentials New Credential Label: New Username: New Password: Proxy Details Agent to act as pro	enter Path Here	Clear
		Test	Cancel

You can use a new credential set when you enter a value in the Credential Label,

#### Username and Password fields.

Once the Target is added to **ER2**, the **Credential Details** that were provided are automatically saved to **Target Credentials** under the specified **Credential** Label.

### ADD TARGET CREDENTIALS

A user can add new credentials to ER2 in two ways:

- When you Start a Scan, the credentials used for that scan are saved to ER2.
- Add a credential set through the Target Credentials page.

Credential Label:	Server Credentials
Туре:	Server 🔻
Username:	Enter Username
Password:	Enter Password
	Show Password
Private Key File:	Browse () Ex: SSL certificate (.pem), Private key file(.p12)

#### Add a Credential Set Through the Target Credentials

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🍄 > Target Credentials.
- 3. On the top-right of the **Target Credentials** page, click + Add.
- 4. In the **New Credentials** page, enter a descriptive label in the **Credential Label** field.
- 5. Select the Target **Type**:

Target Type	Description	
Cloud	From the <b>Storage Pro</b> provider. Each cloud storage pro formats. See Add Targ	ovider list, select your cloud storage ovider requires different credential gets.
	Credential Label:	Cloud Credentials
	Туре:	Cloud
	Storage Provider:	Amazon S3 🔹

Target Type	Description		
Server	<ul> <li>In the New Credentials page, enter your:</li> <li>User name.</li> <li>Password.</li> <li>(Optional) Click Browse to upload a P12 key or SSL certificate. See Set up SSH Public Key Authentication for more information.</li> </ul>		
	<b>Tip:</b> Users automatically have use and edit permissions for credential sets that they create.		
	Credential Label:	Server Credentials	
	Туре:	Server •	
	Username:	Enter Username	
	Password:	Enter Password	
		Show Password	
	Private Key File:	<b>Browse</b> (1) Ex: SSL certificate (.pem), Private key file(.p12)	

### **EDIT TARGET CREDENTIALS**

You can edit previously saved credentials through Target Credentials:

- 1. Hover over the Target credential set that you want to edit on the **Target Credentials** page.
- 2. Click Edit to edit the credentials.

### SET UP SSH PUBLIC KEY AUTHENTICATION

The following example values are used in the sample command lines below:

- Proxy Agent host name: AGENT-HOST-A
- Proxy Agent user name: user-A
- Remote Target host name: REMOTE-HOST-B
- Remote Target user name: user-B

To set up a SSH Public / Private Key-pair for authentication:

- 1. Login to the Proxy Agent host machine AGENT-HOST-A.
- 2. Open a terminal and run the following command to generate a SSH public / private key-pair:

ssh-keygen -t rsa

3. The ssh-keygen command asks for the following information:

Prompt	Response
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/user-A/.ssh/id_rsa):	Leave as default and press <b>Enter</b> key.

Prompt	Response
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):	Enter passphrase and press <b>Enter</b> key.
Enter same passphrase again:	Re-enter passphrase and press <b>Enter</b> key.

4. In the same terminal on AGENT-HOST-A, use ssh to create a directory ~/.ss h as user-B on REMOTE-HOST-B and enter user-B 's password when prompted.

ssh user-B@REMOTE-HOST-B 'mkdir -p ~/.ssh'

5. Append user-A 's new public key to the user-B@REMOTE-HOST-B:~/.ssh/auth orized\_keys file on REMOTE-HOST-B and enter user-B 's password when prompted.

cat ~/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub | ssh user-B@REMOTE-HOST-B 'cat » ~/.ssh/authorized\_keys'

6. On the Proxy Agent host machine (e.g. AGENT-HOST-A), convert the private key file ~/.ssh/id\_rsa to the required .pem format. Enter the passphrase for the private key (from Step 3) when prompted.

# Syntax: openssl rsa -in <input-private-key-file> -outform PEM -out <output-pe m-file>

openssl rsa -in ~/.ssh/id\_rsa -outform PEM -out ~/.ssh/id\_rsa.pem

- 7. Login to the remote Target host machine **REMOTE-HOST-B**.
- 8. Change the folder and file permissions as follows:

chown user-B ~/.ssh ~/.ssh/authorized\_keys chmod 700 ~/.ssh chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized\_keys

9. Check the /etc/ssh/sshd\_config file and verify that Public Key Authentication is allowed for the remote Target host.

# The following line must be uncommented PubkeyAuthentication yes

## **END-OF-SUPPORT PLATFORMS**

This section covers the following topics:

- End-of-Support Platforms
  - End-of-Support Platforms Behavior

### **END-OF-SUPPORT PLATFORMS**

The platforms / Targets listed here have reached end-of-support and will no longer be available as scan Targets in Enterprise Recon.

Platform / Protocol	Description	End-of- Support In?
Box Enterprise	To continue scanning the Box environment, you are recommended to use the Box Inc protocol which uses the custom app with server-side authentication using JSON Web Tokens (JWT) for authorization.	ER 2.9.0
Microsoft 365 - Exchange Online (EWS)	The Exchange Online (EWS) (previously Office 365 Mail) Target uses the Basic Authentication method for Exchange Web Services (EWS), which is marked for retirement by Microsoft on October 1st, 2022. Existing scans for Microsoft 365 - Exchange Online (EWS) may start to fail once Basic Authentication access is disabled for Exchange Web Services (EWS).	ER 2.7.0
	To continue scanning Exchange Online, you are recommended to use the Exchange Online (Graph) protocol which uses the more secure application permissions workflow for authentication and authorization. The recommended Exchange Online (Graph) protocol also simplifies compliance management by allowing you to identify, remediate and report results according to predefined Groups in your organization's Exchange Online mail environment	
Email Targets - Microsoft Exchange (EWS)	To continue scanning the Microsoft Exchange Server, you are recommended to use the Exchange Domain protocol instead.	ER 2.7.0

#### End-of-Support Platforms Behavior

The following section describes what happens when a platform / Target reaches end-of-support in Enterprise Recon. This behavior is applicable for the **ER2** Web UI and API.

Feature	Description
Targets / Target Locations	<ul> <li>End-of-support Targets cannot be added as new Targets to the Master Server.</li> <li>You cannot probe or add new locations for existing Targets that have reached end-of-support.</li> </ul>
Scans	<ul> <li>You cannot create or schedule new scans for existing Targets that have reached end-of-support.</li> <li>Active scan schedules (that are currently running, scheduled, interrupted, paused, recurring, or failed) for end-of-support Targets will fail and be logged as an Inaccessible Location with Critical      severity. Other Targets contained in these scan schedules will proceed to be scanned as usual.</li> <li>End-of-support Targets will be automatically removed from the list of "Selected Locations" when modifying an active scan schedule that contains an end-of-support Target.</li> <li>End-of-support Targets cannot be added when modifying an active scan schedule.</li> </ul>
Results and Remediation	<ul> <li>The match results for end-of-support Targets can be viewed and/or exported from the Investigate page.</li> <li>All post-scan actions (e.g. remediation, access control, classification etc) are not available for end-of-support Targets.</li> </ul>
Reports and Logs	• All Target logs (e.g. scan trace logs, inaccessible locations etc) and scan reports for end-of-support Targets will continue to be available and accessible via the Targets page.

## **NETWORK CONFIGURATION**

To configure the network interface of the Master Server, see Master Server Console.

For information on specific firewall settings, see Network Requirements.

To monitor a range of IP addresses for discoverable Target hosts to be added to **ER2**, see Network Discovery.

## **NETWORK DISCOVERY**

**Network Discovery** allows **ER2** to monitor a range of IP addresses for discoverable Target hosts and adds them to a list of **Discovered Targets** the user can select from when starting a scan. See Add Targets for information on how to start a scan.

All Groups			
All data in group DEFAULT GROUP			
<ul> <li>Discovered Targets</li> </ul>			
All data on new target CENTOS7C-SERVER			
All data on new target FEDORA25-SERVER			
All data on new target FREEBSD11-SERVER			
+ Add Unlisted Target			

To add a range of IP addresses to Network Discovery:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Targets > Network Discovery.
- 3. In the **Network Discovery List**, enter the range of IP addresses that you want to monitor for new Targets:

Network Discovery List	t 10 . 0 . 2 . 0 / 24 + Add	
Network ranges will be automatically probed for new host targets.		
IP		
IF		
10 0 2 0 10 0 2 255		

4. Click +Add. The added IP address range is displayed in the Network Discovery List.

## **USERS AND SECURITY**

Control access to resources by adding users and assigning specific roles and permissions to them.

To get started:

- Read User Permissions to understand how permissions work with Targets, credential sets, and other resources.
- See User Accounts on how to add new users and manage user accounts in ER2.
- See Login Policy to configure the password policy, account security and Two-factor Authentication (2FA) settings for **ER2** user accounts.
- See User Roles on how to manage user roles.
- Allow or deny connections from specific IP addresses. See Access Control List.

## **USER PERMISSIONS**

**ER2** uses a form of Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) where a user has access to resources and privileges to perform specific tasks based on the roles and permissions granted to the user.

This article covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Global Permissions
- Resource Permissions
- Permissions Table
- Roles

### **OVERVIEW**

A user is granted access to **ER2** resources according to the roles and permissions that are explicitly assigned to the user. Permissions can be assigned via:

- Global Permissions: Determines the global settings and resources that a user can manage and access.
- **Resource Permissions**: Determines the resources that a user can access, and the actions that can be taken on those resources.
- **Roles**: Contain pre-set combinations of Global Permissions and Resource Permissions that determine the resources that a user can access, and the actions that can be taken on those resources.

Note: For user accounts added in **ER** 2.0.27 and below, the resource permissions for the user account will be automatically migrated to the new permissions architecture.

### **GLOBAL PERMISSIONS**

A Global Admin or Permissions Manager can manage the Global Permissions that are assigned to a user.

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Users  $\mathbb{A}$  > User Accounts page.
- 3. Hover over a user, click Edit and navigate to the Roles and Permissions > Global Permissions tab.

Setting	Description for <setting> = On</setting>
Global Admin	Superuser with global administrative rights to manage all resources. User can access and edit all pages on the <b>ER2</b> Web Console. The following settings are automatically set to <b>On</b> for a Global
	Admin:
	<ul> <li>Permissions Manager</li> <li>Data Type Author PII PRO</li> <li>Allow API Access PII PRO</li> <li>Risk Admin PRO</li> <li>Classification Admin PRO</li> </ul>
System Manager	User is granted administrative rights to manage the settings in the following Web Console pages: • Scans
	<ul> <li>Data Type Profile</li> <li>System</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Activity Log</li><li>Server Information</li></ul>
	• Users <b>&amp;</b>
	<ul> <li>Add edit or delete user accounts</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Active Directory</li> <li>Settings * &gt; Agents</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Agent Admin</li> <li>Settings * &gt; Remediation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Tombstone Text Editor</li> <li>PBO Settings PBO</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Data Access Management</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Delegated Remediation Email</li> <li>Settings * &gt; Security</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Login Policy</li><li>Access Control List</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Settings  &gt; Notifications</li> <li>Notification Policy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mail Settings</li> </ul>
Permissions Manager	User can manage User Roles and also assign Target and Target Group permissions to user accounts.
	See Resource Permissions and Roles for more information.
Data Type Author	User can create and share custom data types <b>PII PRO</b> .
Allow API Access PII PRO	User is granted access to the Enterprise Recon API. User is only able to access resources to which they have explicit permissions to.
Setting	Description for <setting> = On</setting>
-----------------------------	--
Risk Admin PRO	User can create, update, remove or define the priority of Risk Profiles in the <b>Settings</b> > <b>Analysis</b> > <b>Risk Profile</b> page. User is able view all resources when setting up Risk Profile rules, and is not limited by the resource to which they have explicit permissions to. See Risk Scoring and Labeling for more information.
Classification Admin PRO	User can enable the Data Classification with Microsoft Information Protection (MIP) feature, and manage the MIP credentials in the <b>Settings</b> > <b>Analysis</b> > <b>Classification</b> page. User is able to perform manual classification on all Targets or locations which they have permissions to view in the Investigate page. See Data Classification with MIP for more information.

See Permissions Table for a detailed list of components that are accessible for each Global Permissions setting.

## **RESOURCE PERMISSIONS**

A Global Admin or Permissions Manager can assign and manage the resources that a user has permissions to. Granular permissions can be assigned for Target Groups, Targets and credentials using the Resource Permissions Manager.

To manage the resources that a user has permissions to:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Users  $\mathbb{A}$  > User Accounts page.
- 3. Hover over a user, click **Edit** and navigate to the **Roles and Permissions** > **Resource** tab.
- 4. Click on **+ Add permissions** to open the Resource Permissions Manager to add or remove permissions for the user.

#### **Resource Permissions Manager**

#### **Target Group**

Target Groups are a means of managing Targets as a group, and for the purposes of permission setting, are treated like an individual Target.

Use the Resource Permissions Manager to set user permissions for all or specific Target Groups. Add multiple Target Groups by pressing the **Ctrl** key and clicking the selected Target Groups.

Resource Permission	Permission Details
Scan	User can schedule and manage scans for the selected Target Group.
Remediate - Mark Location for Report	User can only perform remedial actions that mark locations for compliance reports (e.g. Confirmed, Remediated Manually, Test Data, False match, Remove Mark). Remediate resource permissions grants the user permissions to view the match details for the applicable match locations.
Remediate - Act Directly on Location	User can only perform remedial actions that act directly on selected locations (e.g. Mask all sensitive data, Quarantine, Delete Permanently, Encrypt file). Remediate resource permissions grants the user permissions to view the match details for the applicable match locations.
Report - Summary Reporting	<ul> <li>User can view or download only high-level summary information about a Target Group.</li> <li>In the reports, user can view the total and breakdown of matches by: <ul> <li>Match severity (e.g. prohibited data, match data, test data)</li> <li>Data type (e.g. American Express, Australian Phone Number)</li> <li>Target platform (e.g. Linux 4 64 bit, Windows 10 64bit)</li> <li>Target type (e.g. MySQL, all local files)</li> <li>File format (e.g. XML files, ZIP archives)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Report - Detailed Reporting	<ul> <li>User can view or download detailed information about a Target Group.</li> <li>In the reports, user can view: <ul> <li>The total and breakdown of matches by:</li> <li>Match severity (e.g. prohibited data, match data, test data)</li> <li>Data type (e.g. American Express, Australian Phone Number)</li> <li>Target platform (e.g. Linux 4 64 bit, Windows 10 64bit)</li> <li>Target type (e.g. MySQL, all local files)</li> <li>File format (e.g. XML files, ZIP archives)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Details on match locations</li> <li>Match data samples and contextual information. See Reports for more information.</li> </ul>
Access Control	User can take access control actions for match locations on the Target Group with the Data Access Management feature.
Classification PRO	User can manually assign classification and sensitivity labels to match locations on the Target Group with Data Classification with MIP.

Target

Targets must belong to one (and are allowed only one) Target Group.

Use the Resource Permissions Manager to set user permissions for all or specific Targets. Add multiple Target by pressing the **Ctrl** key and clicking the selected Targets.

Access to Targets can be limited to specific paths by defining a **Path** value. If no **Accessible Path** is specified, user will be allowed to access all resources on the Target. See Restrict Accessible Path by Target for more information.

Resource Permission	Permission Details
Scan	User can schedule and manage scans for the selected Target.
Remediate - Mark Location for Report	User can only perform remedial actions that mark locations for compliance reports (e.g. Confirmed, Remediated Manually, Test Data, False match, Remove Mark). Remediate resource permissions grants the user permissions to view the match details for the applicable match locations.
Remediate - Act Directly on Location	User can only perform remedial actions that act directly on selected locations (e.g. Mask all sensitive data, Quarantine, Delete Permanently, Encrypt file). Remediate resource permissions grants the user permissions to view the match details for the applicable match locations.
Report - Summary Reporting	<ul> <li>User can view or download only high-level summary information about a Target.</li> <li>In the reports, user can view the total and breakdown of matches by: <ul> <li>Match severity (e.g. prohibited data, match data, test data)</li> <li>Data type (e.g. American Express, Australian Phone Number)</li> <li>Target platform (e.g. Linux 4 64 bit, Windows 10 64bit)</li> <li>Target type (e.g. MySQL, all local files)</li> <li>File format (e.g. XML files, ZIP archives)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Report - Detailed Reporting	<ul> <li>User can view or download detailed information about a Target.</li> <li>In the reports, user can view: <ul> <li>The total and breakdown of matches by:</li> <li>Match severity (e.g. prohibited data, match data, test data)</li> <li>Data type (e.g. American Express, Australian Phone Number)</li> <li>Target platform (e.g. Linux 4 64 bit, Windows 10 64bit)</li> <li>Target type (e.g. MySQL, all local files)</li> <li>File format (e.g. XML files, ZIP archives)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Details on match locations</li> <li>Match data samples and contextual information. See Reports for more information.</li> </ul>
Access Control	User can take access control actions for match locations on the Target with the Data Access Management feature.

Resource Permission	Permission Details
Classification PRO	User can manually assign classification and sensitivity labels to match locations on the Target with Data Classification with MIP.

### **Credentials**

Credentials are credential sets saved by the user to access external resources such as Cloud-based Targets, Database Servers, and Remote Scan Targets. Credential sets are treated as independent objects from the Targets they are related to.

Use the Resource Permissions Manager to select the credential sets that will be available to the user.

Note: Granting users permissions to a credential set does not automatically grant the user access to the Target location it applies to.

Resource Permission	Permission Details
Credential - Use	User can use the selected credential set when scheduling scans.
Credential - Edit	User can modify the selected credential set.

### **Restrict Accessible Path by Target**

Granular permissions can be assigned by defining specific paths that a user can access for a Target.

To restrict user access to a specific path on a Target:

- 1. Open the **Resource Permission Manager** > **Choose Resource** and select **Targets**.
- 2. Click on your selected Target to add it to the panel below.
- 3. Click on + Add path to restrict access to target to add a new path.
- 4. In the dropdown list, select the correct Target type.
- 5. Fill in the Accessible Path value to allow user access only to the specified path.

Targets			~	Scan	On 📃	Schedule Scan	
Search 0				Remediate	On 📗	Act Directly on Location -	
All Targets and Groups				Report	On 🛄	Detailed Reporting -	
MY-MACBOOK-TARGET						, in the second s	
SALESFORCE:EXAMPLE-TARGET				Access Control	Off		
SOLARIS-SERVER							
WIN10 AC				Classification	04		
WIN11-AC				Classification	UI		
WIN11-AC	Accessible Path			Classification	UII		
WIN11-AC	Accessible Path All local files	~ ×	×	Classification			
Incode WIN11-AC lected Targets N11-AC	Accessible Path All local files D\ThisFolder	× ×	×	CidSillCdiUI	On		

- 6. (Optional) Click on + Add line to add more accessible paths.
- 7. Click **Add** to save the changes.

### Example

Target A is a MySQL database. Credential Set X contains the user name and password to access Target A.

User B is a System Manager who has the following resource permissions:

Resource	Granted Permissions
Target A	Scan, Remediate - Mark Location for Report, Report - Detailed Reporting
Credential Set X	Use, Edit

User B can scan Target A using Credential Set X. User B has the rights to edit Credential Set X when necessary.

If matches are found on Target A, User B can mark these locations for compliance reports but is not allowed to perform any remedial action that acts directly on these match locations.

## **PERMISSIONS TABLE**

Resource permissions and Global Permissions that are assigned to a user grants access to specific components in **ER2**.

Note: A Global Admin user has administrative privileges to access all **ER2** resources and is therefore not included in the table below.

ER2 Components	Global Permissions	Resource Permissions
Dashboard		Target / Target Group: Scan, Report or Remediate
Investigate PII PRO		Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting, Access Control, Remediate, or Classification
Tracker PRO	All u	sers.
Targets	·	
<ul> <li>Add Targets</li> </ul>		Target / Target Group: Scan
<ul> <li>View Targets</li> </ul>		Target / Target Group: Scan, Report or Remediate
<ul> <li>Scan Targets</li> </ul>		Target / Target Group: Scan
Edit Targets	System Manager and Tar Report or R	get / Target Group: Scan, emediate [1]

ER2 Components	Global Permissions	Resource Permissions
<ul> <li>High level summary reports</li> </ul>		Target / Target Group: Report - Summary Reporting
<ul> <li>Detailed reports</li> </ul>		Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting
<ul> <li>View inaccessible locations</li> </ul>		Target / Target Group: Scan, Report - Detailed Reporting or Remediate
Scans		
New Scans		Target / Target Group: Scan
Schedule Manager		Target / Target Group: Scan
Data Type Profile		
<ul> <li>View data type profiles</li> </ul>	Data Type Author	Target / Target Group: Scan
<ul> <li>Add or edit data type profiles</li> </ul>	Data Type Author	
Add custom data     types PII PRO	Data Type Author	
Global Filters	1	
<ul> <li>Add, edit or delete global filters</li> </ul>	System Manager [2]	Target / Target Group: Scan, Remediate - Mark Location for Report
<ul> <li>Import or export global filters</li> </ul>	System Manager	
System		
Activity Log	System Manager <sup>[3]</sup>	Target / Target Group: Scan, Report or Remediate or Credentials: Edit, Use <sup>[3]</sup>
Server Information	System Manager	
License Details	System Manager	
Users 🌡	•	
User Accounts		

ER2 Components	Global Permissions	Resource Permissions
Add, edit or delete     user accounts	System Manager	
Manage Global     Permissions	Resource Permissions Manager	
Manage Resource     Permissions	Resource Permissions Manager	
Roles		
Add, edit or delete roles	Resource Permissions Manager	
Assign roles to user accounts	Resource Permissions Manager	
Active Directory	System Manager	
Settings 🌣 > Targets	,	
Network Discovery	System Manager	
Target Credentials		
<ul> <li>Add new credential sets</li> </ul>		Target / Target Group: Scan
Edit credential sets		Credentials: Edit
Use credential sets		Credentials: Use
Settings 🌣 > Agents	,	
Agent Admin	System Manager	
Node Agent Downloads	All ι	JSers.
Settings 🌣 > Security		
Login Policy	System Manager	
Access Control List	System Manager	
Settings 🌣 > Notification	S	
Notification Policy	System Manager [4]	Target / Target Group: Scan [4]
Mail Settings	System Manager	

ER2 Components	Global Permissions	Resource Permissions
Settings 🌣 > Remediation	1	
Tombstone Text Editor	System Manager	
PRO Settings PRO		
<ul> <li>Data Access Management</li> </ul>	System Manager	
Delegated     Remediation Email	System Manager	
Settings 🏶 > Analysis > C	DBC Driver Downloads PRC	
ODBC Driver Downloads	All u	sers.
Access <b>ER2</b> data via ODBC Reporting feature		Target / Target Group: Report - Detailed Reporting
Settings 🌣 > Analysis > F	Risk Profile PRO	
Manage Risk Profiles	Risk Admin	
Settings 🌣 > Analysis > C	Classification PRO	
Enable and manage Microsoft Information Protection (MIP) credentials	Classification Admin	
Username 🔹	•	•
My Account	All u	sers.
API Access	Allow API Access [5] PII PRO	

#### Note:

- <sup>[1]</sup> System Managers can edit Targets they have visibility to via Scan, Report or Remediation permissions.
- <sup>[2]</sup> System Managers can add Global Filters that apply to all Targets / Target Groups, or add Global Filters that apply only to Targets / Target Groups to which they have visibility to.
- <sup>[3]</sup> Activity Log only contains events that the user has visibility or permissions to.
- <sup>[4]</sup> Notification and Alerts are only for Targets and events that the user has permissions to.
- <sup>[5]</sup> User is able to use the API to access resources to which they have explicit permissions to.

## ROLES

A Global Admin or Permissions Manager can assign and manage roles that are

associated with a user account.

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Users**  $\mathbb{I}$  > **Roles** page.
- 3. Hover over a user, click **Edit** and navigate to the **Roles and Permissions** tab to see the roles assigned to a user.
- 4. Click on + Add Roles or remove to add or delete roles assigned to the user.

See User Roles for more information.

**PII PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PII and Enterprise Recon Pro Editions. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

**PRO** This feature is only available in Enterprise Recon PRO Edition. To find out more about upgrading your **ER2** license, please contact Ground Labs Licensing. See Subscription License for more information.

# **USER ACCOUNTS**

This section covers the following topics:

- 1. Manage User Accounts
  - a. How User Identification Works
  - b. Manually Add a User
  - c. Import Users Using the Active Directory Manager
  - d. Edit or Delete a User Account
- 2. Manage Own User Account

## MANAGE USER ACCOUNTS

A Global Admin, System Manager or Permissions Manager can manage users accounts from the Users \$ >User Accounts page.

#### **How User Identification Works**

In ER2, user accounts are distinguished as follows:

- For manually added users: <username>
- For users imported from the Active Directories: <domain\username>

This allows users with the same username to be added to **ER2** when:

- 1. The username is unique for manually added users.
- 2. The domain\username pair is unique for users imported from Active Directories.

**Example:** All 3 login names below are identified as unique user accounts in **ER2**:

- UserA
- example.com\UserA
- company.com\UserA

#### Manually Add a User

To manually add a user:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Users  $\mathbb{A}$  > User Accounts page and click +Add.
- 3. In the **Add User** page, under the **User information** tab, enter the following information:

User information	Koles and Permissions	
required fields		
Login Name: *	Enter New Login Name	Account Locked
Full name: *	Enter Full Name	Two-factor Authentication (2FA)
Job Title:	Enter Job Title	
Department:	Enter Department	
Phone Number:	Enter Phone Number	
Email Address: *	Enter Email Address	
Password: *	****	
Confirm Password: *	***	
Password must be at least	8 characters long and should contain a mix of	
characters and digits. Punc	stuation is allowed.	

Add Cancel

Field	Description
Login Name	Enter a login name.
Full Name	Enter the user's full name.
Job Title	Enter the user's job title.
Department	Enter the user's department.
Phone Number	Enter the user's phone number.
Email Address	Enter the user's email address.
	Note: A valid email address is required for password recovery.
Password	Enter a password.
	Note: Minimum password complexity requirements is dependent on the Password Policy settings. See Password Policy for more information.
Confirm Password	Re-enter password.

### 4. (Optional) Configure other user account settings:

Setting	Description
Account Locked	Deselect the checkbox to unlock a user account.

Setting	Description
Two-factor Authentication (2FA)	Set to <b>On</b> to enable 2FA for the user account. See Two- factor Authentication (2FA) for more information.

5. In the **Roles and Permissions** tab, assign global and resource permissions to the user account. See User Permissions for more information.

#### Import Users Using the Active Directory Manager

See Active Directory Manager for more information.

#### Edit or Delete a User Account

To edit a user account:

- 1. Expand the **System** menu.
- 2. Go to the Users  $\mathbb{I} >$  User Accounts page.
- 3. Hover over a user, click Edit and navigate to the User information tab.
- 4. Manage the user information and optional user account settings.
- 5. Click **Save** to update the user account.

To delete a user account:

- 1. Expand the System menu.
- 2. Go to the Users  $\mathbb{I}$  > User Accounts page.
- 3. Hover over a user, click **Remove** to delete the user account.

See User Permissions for more information.

## MANAGE OWN USER ACCOUNT

Individual users can manage their own account details from the [Username] > My Account page.

The **Account Information** tab displays the current user's account details and Activity Log. The Activity Log displays all user events. For more information on **ER2** events, see Activity Log.

MY ACCOUNT						
Account Information	n Roles and Permis	sions				
Login Name:	User_A			着 Job Title:		🖊 Edi
Full Name:	User A			🍀 Department:		
Email Address:	User_A@example.com			😳 Phone Number:		
Password:	*****			🕥 See My Notificatio	ns	
Two-factor Authentication (2FA):	III Off					
Activity Log						
Date & Time	User	Module	Event	Target	Details	
2020-05-04 23:03:29	User_A (User A)	ui	Login Successful	User_A (User A)	Login successful from address User_A (User A)	for user
2020-05-04 23:02:38	User_A (User A)	ui	Login Successful	User_A (User A)	Login successful from address User_A (User A)	for user

To edit the current user account information:

- 1. Click Edit and navigate to the Account Information tab.
- In the My Account page, under the Account Information tab, enter the following information:

Field	Description
Full Name	Enter the user's full name.
Email Address	Enter the user's email address.
	Note: A valid email address is required for password recovery.
Old Password	Enter the current password.
New Password	Enter a new password.
	Note: Minimum password complexity requirements is dependent on the Password Policy settings. See Password Policy for more information.
Confirm Password	Re-enter password.
Job Title	Enter the user's job title.
Department	Enter the user's department.
Phone Number	Enter the user's phone number.

3. (Optional) Configure other user account settings:

Setting	Description

Setting	Description
Two-factor Authentication (2FA)	Set to <b>On</b> to enable 2FA for the user account. See Two- factor Authentication (2FA) for more information.

Note: For users imported from an Active Directory (AD) server, changes made on **ER2** are not synced with the AD server. See Active Directory Manager.

### **Roles and Permissions**

The **Roles and Permissions** tab is a read-only section which displays the roles, global permissions and resource permissions that are assigned to the current user. See User Permissions for more information.

ccount Information	Roles and Permissions		
les			
Role Name	Global Permissions Resource Pe	rmissions	
System_Manager_Role	System Manager Schedule Sc	an on all systems and groups	
Global Permissions	Resource Permissions Superuser with manager access to all web console pages. Us	er has full control over all resources.	Off
System Manager	User has administrative rights to manage the settings in the following pages: <ul> <li>Network Configuration</li> <li>Users and Security</li> <li>Edit User Accounts</li> <li>View Permissions for User Account</li> <li>Security and Compliance</li> <li>Monitoring and Alerts</li> <li>Remediation</li> </ul>		
Permissions Manager	User can edit the permissions settings on the User Accounts p	age and Manage Roles page.	Off
Data Type Author	User can create and share custom data types.		Off
Allow API Access	Grants Enterprise Recon API access to the user. User can on	y access resources to which they have permissions	â

# **USER ROLES**

Roles in **ER2** is a means to quickly apply permission sets to users. Roles contain pre-set combinations of Global Permissions and Resource Permissions. Users assigned to these Roles inherit these permissions.

See User Permissions for more information.

## **CREATE ROLES**

As a Global Admin or Permissions Manager, you can create and add new Roles to ER2.

To create a Role:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Users  $\mathbb{A}$  > Roles page and click +Add to open the Add Role page.

Role information	Roles and Permissions		
Role Name:	Enter New Role Name		
Jsers			
Full Name	Login Name	Domain	

- 3. In the Role information tab, enter the Role Name.
- 4. To add users associated to this Role, under the Users section, click Add Users.
- 5. In the Add Users dialog box, select the users to add to the Role and then click Ok.



**Tip:** In the search bar, specify the 
 username> or <domain\username> to search for users to be added to the Role.

- 6. In the **Roles and Permissions** tab, configure the Global Permissions and Resource Permissions assigned to the Role.
- 7. On the Add Role page, review the Role details and click Add.

Role information	Roles and Permissions		
Role Name:	SysMgr_Read_Only		
Jsers			
Full Name	Login Name	Domain	
Administrator	admin		
LUSerA	UserA	example.com	
LUSERA	UserA		
L+ Add Users			

## **MANAGE ROLES**

As a Global Admin or Permissions Manager, you can edit or delete Roles in ER2.

#### **Delete or Edit Role**

To delete or edit Role settings:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Users**  $\mathbb{A}$  > **Roles** page.
- 3. Hover over the Role and click on:
  - a. **Edit** to update Role settings such as Role Name, Users, Global Permissions and Resource Permissions assigned to the Role.
  - b. **Remove** to delete the Role from **ER2**.

#### **Remove User From a Role**

A user can be removed from a role by doing the following:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Users**  $\mathbb{A}$  > **Roles** page.
- 3. Hover over the Role and click on Edit.
- 4. Under the **Users** section, hover over a user and click on **Delete** to remove a user from the Role.
- 5. Click Save to update the Role.

# **ACTIVE DIRECTORY**

If your organization uses Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) to manage the users on your network, you can connect to your Active Directory (AD) server and import those users into **ER2**'s user list.

Importing a user list from your AD server copies your Active Directory user list into **ER2**. Changes made to **ER2**'s user list does not affect the list imported from Active Directory.

Once the Active Directory user list is imported, **ER2** will authenticate users with the Active Directory server.

## **IMPORT A USER LIST FROM AD DS**

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to **Users 1** > **Active Directory**.
- 3. On the Active Directory page, click +Add.
- 4. In the Add New Active Directory window, fill in the following fields:

Add New Active [	Directory
Enter Active Directory	y Details:
Domain:	Enter Domain Name
LDAP Server:	Enter LDAP Server Name
Enable SSL	
CA Certificate File(c	pptional): Browse (1) Eg. SSL certificate (.pem)
Base DN:	Enter Base DN of LDAP
Users Filter:	Enter Users Search Filter
Computers Filter:	Enter Computers Search Filter
Username:	Enter Username
Password:	Enter Password
	Test
	lest Cancer

Field	Description
Domain	Enter your AD domain name.
	Example: example.com
LDAP Server	Enter the LDAP server's host name or IP address.
	Example: myLDAPServer
Enable SSL (optional)	Select to connect to the AD server over Secure Sockets Layer (SSL).
CA Certificate File (optional)	Only required if <b>Enable SSL</b> is selected and client authentication to the LDAP server is enabled. Click <b>Browse</b> to upload your CA Certificate.
Base DN	Enter your AD server's base DN.
	<b>Example</b> : If you have an organizational unit called "Engineering" within the domain "example.com", set the base DN as OU=Engineering,DC=example,DC=com.
Users Filter	Enter a search filter to retrieve a specific set of users.
	<b>Example</b> : To retrieve users who are members of the group "ER Users" and organizational unit "Engineering" within the domain "example.com", enter (memberOf=CN=ER Users,OU=Engineering,DC=example,DC=com) .
Computers Filter	Enter a search filter to retrieve a specific set of computers.
User name	Enter your AD administrator user name.
Password	Enter your AD administrator password.

- 5. Click **Test**. If **ER2** can connect to the Target, the button changes to a **Commit** button.
- 6. Click **Commit** to add the Target.

Note: Changes to Active Directory user accounts in **ER2** are not synced with the Active Directory server. To change a user account password, change it on the Active Directory server.

# LOGIN POLICY

Login Policy determine the rules that apply to all users that log onto the **ER2** Web Console. Global Admin or System Manager permissions are required to configure these settings.

The following settings can be configured in the **Settings > Security** > **Login Policy** page:

- Password Policy
- Account Security
- Legal Warning Banner

## **PASSWORD POLICY**

This section explains the password policy settings available for managing user passwords.

Setting	Description for <setting> = On</setting>	
Password Expiration	Users are forced to change their password every 90 days.	
Restrict Reuse	Users are not allowed to reuse the previous 5 passwords when prompted to change or reset their passwords.	
First Login ResetUsers are required to change their password when logging of Web Console for the first time.		
Password Complexity Requirements	Minimum complexity requirements is enforced for user passwords. Passwords must be at least 8 characters in length including 1 uppercase character, 1 lowercase character and 1 number. If this setting is <b>Off</b> , <b>ER2</b> by default requires passwords to be at least 8 characters in length and contain a mix of characters and digits.	

## **ACCOUNT SECURITY**

This section explains the account security settings available for managing user accounts.

Setting	Description for <setting> = On</setting>
Locked Out	Users are locked out after 6 unsuccessful login attempts. Password reset option will not be available when the account is locked out. Users have to wait for 30 minutes for the account to be unlocked automatically. Users can also request a Global Admin or System Manager to manually unlock the account. See Optional User Account Settings for more information.
Session Timeout	Users are automatically logged out of their session in <b>ER2</b> Web Console after 15 minutes of inactivity.

Setting	Description for <setting> = On</setting>
Two-factor	Enforce two-factor authentication for all user accounts. See Two-factor
Authentication	Authentication (2FA) for more information.

## LEGAL WARNING BANNER

You can set a legal warning message to be displayed before a user can log onto the Web Console. Users are required to read and accept the terms described in the message before they can proceed to authenticate their login.

#### **Enable the Legal Warning Banner**

To enable the legal warning banner:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. On the **Settings**  > **Security** > **Login Policy** page, go to the **Legal Warning** section.
- 3. Click on Edit to customize the following fields for the legal warning message:

Setting	Description
Header	Header for the legal warning banner. The character limit for the text is 32.
	Example: IMPORTANT
Message	Content of the legal warning message.
	<b>Example:</b> WARNING! Access to this system is restricted to those individuals with specific Permissions. If you are not an authorized user, disconnect now. Unauthorized access to this system is forbidden and will be prosecuted by law.
Button	Text to be displayed on the button that users have to click on before proceeding to log onto the Web Console. The character limit for the text is 10.
	Example: I ACCEPT

- 4. Once done, click on **Save** to update the legal warning message content.
- 5. Set the toggle button to **On** to enable the legal warning message to be displayed each time a user attempts to log onto the Web Console.



### **Disable the Legal Warning Banner**

To disable the legal warning banner:

- 1. In the Settings Security > Login Policy page, go to the Legal Warning section.
- 2. Set the toggle button to **Off** to disable the legal warning message.

**Tip:** The values in the legal warning banner fields are kept even when the **Legal Warning** setting is set to **Off**.

# ACCESS CONTROL LIST

Access Control Lists allows you to limit access to ER2 from specific IP addresses.

Configure three access control lists:

- Web Console Access Control List: Limits Web Console access to computers that fall into a given range of IP addresses.
- Agent Access Control List: Limits Node Agents access to the Master Server if the Node Agent's IP address falls within a given range.
- **System Firewall**: Limits inbound or outbound data transfers between the Master Server and computers using a given range of IP addresses. This also affects Web Console and Node Agent access.

Note: This Web UI feature is only available for standard installations of the ER2 Master Server appliance (from ISO).

The lists use CIDR (Classless Inter-Domain Routing) notation to define IP address ranges.

For example, allowing connections from IP address range 10.0.2.0/24 will allow traffic from IP address 10.0.2.0 - 10.0.2.255.

## **CONFIGURE THE ACCESS CONTROL LIST**

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. In the **Settings** > **Security** > **Access Control List** page, go to the access control list you want to restrict.
- 3. In the access control list that you want to change, enter the range of IP addresses and click **+Add**. A list of the IP address range you added is displayed under its respective access control list. See Access Control List Resolution Order for more information.
- 4. For each IP address range added, you can
  - Change the rule's Access state from "Allow" to "Deny" and vice-versa.
  - **Remove** specific rules.
  - Clear All to remove all rules for that access control list.

Web Console Access Control List       10       0       2       0       /       24       + Add         Web browser addresses will be checked against the list from top to bottom       0       0       0       0       0       24       + Add		
Default action Allow <b>v</b> Move IP	Access	🍗 Clear all
☆ ひ 10.0.2.0 - 10.0.2.255	Allow	🗑 Remove
	Allow	Apply changes

5. To save changes to the rules, click **Apply changes**.

#### **Access Control List Resolution Order**

The range of IP address entered displays under its respective access control list section.

IP address ranges defined in these lists are resolved from top to bottom. If an IP address falls under two defined rules, the top-most rule takes precedence.

For example, the following rules:

1) 10.0.2.56 => Deny
 2) 10.0.2.0 - 10.0.2.128 => Allow
 3) 10.0.2.0 - 10.0.2.255 => Deny

resolve as:

10.0.2.56 => Deny

10.0.2.0 - 10.0.2.55 => Allow

10.0.2.57 - 10.0.2.128 => Allow

10.0.2.129 - 10.0.2.255 => Deny

# **TWO-FACTOR AUTHENTICATION (2FA)**

Two-factor authentication (2FA) secures user accounts by requiring users to enter an additional verification code when signing in on the Web Console.

Note: Enabling 2FA for a user account does not affect login credentials for the Master Server Console.

See the following topics for more details:

- Who Can Enable 2FA for User Accounts
- Enable 2FA for Own User Account
- Enable 2FA for Individual User Accounts
- Enforce 2FA for All Users
- Set Up 2FA with Google Authenticator
  - Label Format for 2FA Accounts
- Reset 2FA

## WHO CAN ENABLE 2FA FOR USER ACCOUNTS

- All users can enable 2FA for their own user accounts.
- If 2FA is not globally enforced, all users can disable 2FA for their own user accounts.
- To enable 2FA on user accounts other than your own, you must be a Global Admin or System Manager.
- To enforce 2FA for all user accounts, you must be a Global Admin or System Manager.

See User Permissions for more information.

### **ENABLE 2FA FOR OWN USER ACCOUNT**

As an individual user, you can enable 2FA for your own user account by doing the following:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the [Username] > My Account page.
- 3. Set the toggle button to On for Two-factor Authentication (2FA).

MY ACCOUNT	
Account Information	Roles and Permissions
Login Name:	User_A
Full Name:	User A
Email Address:	UserA@example.com
Password:	*****
Two-factor Authentication (2FA):	On Setup 2FA

4. Select **Setup 2FA** to set up your authenticator device. Otherwise, you will be prompted to set up your authenticator device the next time you sign in.

## **ENABLE 2FA FOR INDIVIDUAL USER ACCOUNTS**

As a Global Admin or System Manager, enable 2FA on a single user account by doing the following:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Users  $\mathbb{I}$  > User Accounts page.
- 3. Click Edit for the selected user.
- 4. Set the toggle button to **On** for **Two-factor Authentication (2FA)** and click **Save**.

USER "User A" DETAILS			
User information	Roles and Permissions		
* required fields			
Login Name: *	User_A		Account Locked
Full name: *	User A	On 🛄	Two-factor Authentication (2FA)
Job Title:	Developer		
Department:	Engineering		
Phone Number:	Enter Phone Number		
Email Address: *	userA@example.com		
Password:	****		
Confirm Password:	***		

The user will be prompted to set up 2FA authentication the next time they sign in.

### **ENFORCE 2FA FOR ALL USERS**

As a Global Admin or System Manager, enforce 2FA for all users by doing the following:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **Settings > Security** > **Login Policy** page.
- Under the Account Security > Two-factor Authentication section, set the toggle button to On to enforce 2FA for all users.

LOGIN POLICY		
Account Security		
Locked Out	Freeze user login after 6 unsuccessful login attempts. User account will be locked for 30 minutes unless a Global Admin or System Manager manually unlocks the account.	Off
Session Timeout	Automatically log out of session if user is inactive for 15 minutes.	Off
Two-factor Authentication	Enforce two-factor authentication (2FA) for all user accounts. Users are required to enter a verification code, in addition to their user name and password, when they sign in to their account. Users will no longer have the option to disable 2FA for individual user accounts.	On 📗

All users will be prompted to set up 2FA authentication the next time they sign in.

## **SET UP 2FA**

To set up 2FA for your user account, you must have a two-factor authenticator app that supports time-based one-time password (TOTP) installed on your mobile device. For example:

- Google Authenticator
- LastPass Authenticator
- Microsoft Authenticator
- Authy

Note: The instructions below are applicable to Google Authenticator. Follow the onscreen instructions to set up 2FA for your selected authenticator app.

Once installed, do the following:

- 1. In the Web Console, open the **Setup Two-factor Authentication** dialog box by doing one of the following:
  - a. When enabling 2FA for your own user account, click the **Setup 2FA** button that appears next to the **Enable Two-factor Authentication (2FA)** toggle button; or
  - b. If 2FA has already been enabled but not set up for your user account, you will be prompted to set up 2FA the next time you sign in. When prompted to set up 2FA, click **Proceed**.
- 2. Launch the authenticator app on your mobile device.
- 3. In Google Authenticator, Add an account and select Scan a barcode.
- 4. Scan the QR Code displayed on the Setup Two-factor Authentication dialog box.

**Tip:** If you cannot scan the provided **QR Code**, set up 2FA by selecting **Enter a provided key** on Google Authenticator and enter the **Secret Key** displayed on the **Setup Two-factor Authentication** dialog box.

- 5. Verify that 2FA has been correctly set up by entering the 6-digit code displayed on Google Authenticator into the **Enter Code** field.
- 6. Click **Continue** to complete the setup.

The next time you sign in, **ER2** will ask you for your 2FA code.

#### Label Format for 2FA Accounts

From **ER 2.0.29**, authenticator apps have the following label format for all accounts setup with 2FA.

- 1. For user accounts manually added in **ER2**: Enterprise Recon (<master\_server\_identifier>) (<user\_name>@<master\_server\_host\_name>)
- 2. For user accounts imported using the **Active Directory**: Enterprise Recon (<mast er\_server\_identifier>) (<user\_name>@<domain>)

For example, Enterprise Recon (117b92a9) (userA@er-master), where

• 117b92a9 is the unique identifier for a specific Master Server instance. This unique identifier is displayed on the login screen when **ER2** prompts you for the 2FA code.

ENTERPRISE RECON	
🎍 userA	
<b>₽</b>	
✓ Remember me <u>Forgot password?</u>	
Enterprise Recon (117b92a9)	
Enter 2FA Code	

- userA is the user name.
- er-master is the host name for the Master Server instance.

**Tip:** Users that have setup 2FA for earlier versions of **ER2** may continue using the existing 2FA accounts to generate 2FA codes. The display name in the authenticator apps will remain unchanged unless the user chooses to Reset 2FA.

### **RESET 2FA**

As an individual user, you can reset 2FA for your own user account by doing the following:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the **[Username]** > My Account page.
- 3. In the **Account Information** tab, click **Setup 2FA** to set up your authenticator device again.

MY ACCOUNT	MYACCOUNT			
Account Information	on Roles and Permissions			
Login Name:	admin	🚔 Job Title:	🖌 Edit	
Eull Name:	Administrator	🏺 Department:		
Email Address:	administrator@example.com	Phone Number:		
Password:	****	See My Notifications		
Two-factor Authentication (2FA)	On Setup 2FA			

As a Global Admin or System Manager, reset 2FA for single user account by doing the following:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to the Users  $\mathbb{I}$  > User Accounts page.
- 3. Click **Edit** for the selected user.
- 4. In the **User Information** tab, click **Reset 2FA** for the user to set up the authenticator device again.

User information	Roles and Permissions	
* required fields		
Login Name: •	userA	Account Locked
Full name: •	UserA	On Reset 2FA Two-factor Authentication (2FA)
Job Title:	Enter Job Title	
Department:	Enter Department	
Phone Number:	Enter Phone Number	
Email Address: *	userA@example.com	
Password:	***	
Confirm Password:	水发发发水水大水	
Password must be at lea characters and digits. Pu	st 8 characters long and should contain a mix of inctuation is allowed.	

5. Click Save.

## **MONITORING AND ALERTS OVERVIEW**

Monitor activity in **ER2**:

- Set up notifications and alerts for system and user events in Notification Policy.
- Audit system and user activity in Activity Log.
- Check Master Server system information and system load in Server Information.
- Enable email notifications and password recovery emails by configuring Mail Settings.

# ACTIVITY LOG

The Activity Log displays a list of all system events.

To view the Activity Log, go to System > Activity Log.

To view the current user's activity log instead, go to [Username] - > My Account .

The Activity Log displays system events as a table with the following columns:

Column	Description
Date	Date event was triggered ( MMM DD, YYYY , e.g. May, 10, 2017).
Time	Time event was triggered ( HH:MM:SS , e.g. 16:13:07).
User	User that triggered the event.
Module	Event module.
Event	Short event name.
Target	Scan location for scans. User name if user details were modified.
Details	Information about the event.

Filter events displayed with the following Filter by... options:

- Event level
- Module
- Event
- Date range
- User

**Tip:** Specify the <username> or <domain\username> to filter activities for a specific user.

tivity Log All Level Event	S 🔻					
ilter by	Date & Time	User	Module	Event	Target	Details
Select a Module •	2020-05-05 22:35:37		report	Search Detected Matches	My-Windows- Machine	Search detected 7661958 matches
Set Date Range	2020-05-05 22:20:20		report	Search Started	My-Windows- Machine	Scan started on 'File path D:\Databases'
Enter Name of User	2020-05-05 21:35:43	admin (Administrator)	ui	Login Successful	admin (Administrator)	Login successful from address for user admin (administrator)
	2020-05-05 19:08:59	-	agent	Agent Scan		Executing scan 14172188419109371537.
O Reset Filters	2020-05-05 17:42:46		policy	Scan Assigned	My-Windows- Machine	Scan assigned via agent 'My-Windows-Machine'. Requested: Start scan.
	2020-05-05 17:06:39	example.com\UserA (User A)	ui	Search Added		Search My-Windows-Machine File path D:\Databases MAY05-1706 added
	2020-05-05 16:57:01		agent	Agent Scan		Scan 1417218841910937 is scheduled to run in 78 seconds
	2020-05-05 16:49:43		agent	Agent Scan		Executing scan 17205931753865404400.
	2020-05-05 16:42:45	example.com\UserA (User A)	ui	Login Successful	example.com\UserA (UserA)	Login successful from address for user admin (Administrator)

# **SERVER INFORMATION**

This section covers the following topics:

- Master Server Details
- Creating Backups
- System Load Graph
- Shutdown Server

## **MASTER SERVER DETAILS**

The **System** > **Server Information** page displays the following information about the Master Server:

Section	Displays
Master Host/ Master Version/ Master Public Key	<ul> <li>Master Host: Master Server host name.</li> <li>Master Version: Master Server software version.</li> <li>Master Public Key: Used to configure Node Agents. See Install Node Agents - Master Public Key for more information.</li> </ul>
Server Time	Displays Master Server system clock.
	<ul> <li>Note:</li> <li>Scan schedules by default depend on your Master Server's system clock. If your Master Server's system clock does not match a Node Agent's system clock, your scans will not run as scheduled.</li> <li>To change the time shown here, access the Master Server and change its system clock.</li> </ul>
Backup	Displays the active backup policy and the status of recent backups. See Automated Backups.
System Load	Displays the Master Server system load. See System Load Graph.
System Services	Displays the status of system services on the Master Server.

## **CREATING BACKUPS**

There are two methods to create backups of the Master Server:

- Automated backups
- Manual backups

See Creating Backups for more information.

## SYSTEM LOAD GRAPH

On the **System** > **Server Information** page, you can view a graph of the Master Server system load against time.

The graph's legend indicates the system load type shown and the corresponding color on the graph.

To view and download a log of the system load statistics in a CSV file format, click **Download Statistics**.

**1** Info: Clicking **Download Statistics** downloads a CSV record of system load statistics with UTC time stamps.



To view details on a statistic, pause on a point on the line graph to view the statistic utilization percentage and the exact time stamp.

For example, the above image displays the memory usage for Wed, Jun 21 at 14:23.

### **Reading the Graph**

The following table describes the statistics shown for both the graph and CSV file:

Graph value	CSV column	Description
(x axis)	Time stamp	The system load's statistics are recorded every 10 seconds. Statistics older than an hour are then averaged down to hourly records. In the CSV file, the records are sorted from oldest to newest.
CPU	CPU Usage %	CPU usage refers to your computer's processor and how much work it's doing. A high reading means your computer is running at the maximum level or above normal level for the number of applications running.
Memory	Memory Usage %	Percentage of memory used by all running processes on the Master Server host machine.
Disk	Disk Usage %	Percentage of disk space that is currently in use on the Master Server.

Graph value	CSV column	Description
I/O	Disk I/O %	Any operation, program, or device that transfers data to or from a computer. Typical I/O devices are printers, harddisks, keyboards and mouses.

#### **Customize the Graph**

You can toggle the visibility of each statistic charted on the graph. By default, all the line graphs are shown.

To hide a statistic, click the statistic's line graph or the statistic type in the legend. When hidden, the statistic type in the legend is dimmed.

- CPU - Disk - Memory - I/O
-----------------------------

To view statistics for a set date or time period:

- 1. Go to the System Load Graph. Move your mouse to the desired start date.
- 2. Click and drag the mouse to the desired end date.



3. To return to the original graph, click Reset zoom.



## SHUTDOWN SERVER

Note: This Web UI feature is only available for standard installations of the ER2 Master Server appliance (from ISO).

Click **Shutdown Server** to completely shut down the Master Server.

#### **Shutdown Server**

This has the same effect as running shutdown -h now in the Master Server console. The Master Server may take a while to completely shut down.

Shutting down the Master Server also makes the Web Console unavailable. You need physical access to the Master Server to start it again.

Ongoing scans and scheduled scans will continue to run while the Master Server is offline.

Note: Password required to start Master Server If full disk encryption was enabled when installing the Master Server, you have to enter the passphrase when starting the Master Server. See Standard (ISO) Installation of the Master Server for more information.

## **NOTIFICATION POLICY**

Set up event notifications for system events by going to **Settings > Notifications > Notification Policy**.

This section covers the following topics:

- Set up Notifications and Alerts
- Notifications
- Events

## SET UP NOTIFICATIONS AND ALERTS

Notification policies that are created in the **Settings** > **Notifications** > **Notification Policy** page are global notifications and alerts that apply to all Targets, scans, users, and more.

To set up a global notification policy:

- 1. Log in to the ER2 Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings 🌣 > Notifications > Notification Policy.
- 3. On the top-right of the page, click + Create a Notification.

				+ Create a Notification
Filter by	Location	Label	Alert Details	Recipient
Filter Location	You do not have an	ny notifications.		

4. In Notification Label, enter a label for this set of notifications.

Notifications Label Enter label he	ere		
Location			
O All Targets	Select Targets		
Who To Notify			
O User	◯ Role	Email Address	
Select Users -	Clear		
Select Users - Notification Options Event	Clear	Email	
Select Users - Notification Options Event Agent Error	Clear Alert	Email	
Select Users - Notification Options Event Agent Error Backup Failed	Clear Alert	Email	
Select Users - Notification Options Event Agent Error Backup Failed Backup Succeeded	Alert	Email 	
Select Users   Notification Options  Event Agent Error Backup Failed Backup Succeeded Credential Changed	Clear Alert	Email	
Select Users - Notification Options Event Agent Error Backup Failed Backup Succeeded Credential Changed Datastore Failure	Clear Alert	Email 	
Select Users   Notification Options  Event  Agent Error Backup Failed Backup Succeeded Credential Changed Datastore Failure Login Failed	Clear Alert	<b>Email</b>	

5. In Location, select the targets you want to set up notifications for.
**Tip:** Global Admins can select **All Targets** to set up a global notification for all Targets.

- 6. In the Who To Notify section, select users to send notifications to:
  - a. User: Send an alert or email to selected users.
  - b. **Role**: Send an alert or email to all users belonging to selected roles. See User Roles.
  - c. Email Address: Send an email to a specific email address.
- 7. In the Notification Options section, select the type of notification a user receives:
  - a. Alert
  - b. Email

# **NOTIFICATIONS**

Notifications can be sent to users as:

- Alerts
- Emails

### Alerts

Alerts sent to users are displayed under the notifications icon 🌲



Users can view a summary of alerts sent to them on the **My Notifications** page. To view a summary of alerts:

1. Click the notifications icon  $\clubsuit$ .

2. Click See all notifications.

Or:

- 1. Go to [Username] > My Account.
- 2. Click See My Notifications.

See My Notifications

**Tip:** Click on the Target links for details on the event that triggered the notification. Notification alerts are clickable only for the following events: **Search Detected Matches**, **Search Failed**, **Search Stalled**, **Remediation Failed** and **Report Ready For Download**.

### Emails

Selecting **Email** under **Notification Options** has **ER2** send email notifications to specified email addresses. The email address does not have to be registered to a user in **ER2**.

A Message Transfer Agent (MTA) must be set up for email notifications to work. See Mail Settings.



**Tip:** Click on <u>login</u> or the Target name to go to the Web Console to view details of the event that triggered the notification.

Notification emails contain clickable links only for the following events: Search Detected Matches, Search Failed, Search Stalled, Remediation Failed and Report Ready For Download.

# **EVENTS**

You can configure **ER2** to send a global notification or an email alert for the following events:

Event	Global Admin	Non-Global Admin
Access Control Completed	1	
Access Control Failed	1	
Agent Error	1	
Backup Failed	1	
Backup Succeeded	1	
Credential Changed	1	
Datastore Failure	✓	
Login Failed	1	
Login Successful	✓	
No Matches Found	1	
Process Failed	1	
Remediation Cancelled	✓	
Remediation Completed	✓	
Remediation Failed	✓	
Processing Blocked	1	
Role Changed	✓	
Scan Running	1	✓
Search Detected Matches	✓	✓
Search Failed	1	1
Search Paused	1	1
Search Resumed		
Search Stalled	1	1
Search Started		
Target Not Scanned		

Event	Global Admin	Non-Global Admin
User Account Changed	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	

# MAIL SETTINGS

Configure Mail Settings to allow **ER2** to send email notifications and password recovery emails.

From the **Settings > Notifications > Mail Settings** page, you can configure:

- Message Transfer Agent
- Master Server Host Name for Email

# **MESSAGE TRANSFER AGENT**

For **ER2** to send emails to users, you must set up a Message Transfer Agent (MTA) in the **Mail Settings** page. You can have more than one active MTA.

**ER2** automatically distributes the Mail Queue among the active MTAs for sending emails. See View Mail Queue.

MAIL SETTINGS					
					+ Add MTA
List of Message Tra	ansfer Agents (MTA)	Description	Enabled		
<ul> <li>smtp@gmail.com</li> </ul>	n	Test	On 🛄		
Description:	Test		Use user/pass authorisation		
Host Name:	smtp@gmail.com		Username:		
Host Port:	25		Password:	*******	
Enable SSL			Maximum Concurrent Connections:	0	
Enable STAR	RTTLS				
					View Mail Queue
Master Server Host	t Name for Email Links				
er-master					

From the List of Message Transfer Agents (MTA) section, you can:

Feature	Description
View list of MTAs	Displays a list of of MTAs. To view details of a MTA, click the arrow $\blacktriangleleft$ to the left of the MTA host name.
Add MTA	See Set Up MTA.
Edit MTA	Hover over the MTA and click Edit.
Remove MTA	Hover over the MTA and click <b>Remove</b> .
View Mail Queue	To view unsent emails, go to the bottom-right of the <b>Mail Settings</b> page and click <b>View Mail Queue</b> . The Mail Queue page displays the number of attempts, the delivery attempt and the intended receiver of the email.

## **SET UP MTA**

To set up a MTA:

- 1. Log in to the **ER2** Web Console.
- 2. Go to Settings \* > Notifications > Mail Settings.
- On the top-right of the Mail Settings page, click +Add MTA.
   In the Add New MTA window, fill in the following fields:

Note: MTA settings may vary. Check with your email provider or system administrator for details.

Add New MTA				
Enter MTA Details:				
Description:	Enter Descript	Enter Description		
Host Name:	Enter Hostnam	ne		
Host Port:	25			
Enable SSL				
Enable START	Enable STARTTLS			
✓ Use User/Pass Authorisation				
Username:		Enter Username		
Password:		Enter Password		
Max. Concurrent Connections:		Connection Limit		
		Test Cancel		

Field	Description
Description	Enter a name to describe this MTA.
Host Name	Enter the MTA hostname from your email service provider, e.g. smtp.gmail.com.
Host Port	Enter the port used for MTAs, e.g. default TCP port: 25; default SSL port: 465.
Enable SSL	When selected, SSL is enabled.
Enable STARTTLS	When selected, <b>STARTTLS</b> is enabled. The <b>Host Port</b> defaults to 587.

Field	Description
Use User/Pass Authorization	<ul> <li>Select to set up a MTA that requires credentials:</li> <li>Username: Enter a user name. This user must be able to send out emails from the default ER2 admin user's email address.</li> <li>Password: Enter the password for the given Username.</li> <li>Max. Concurrent Connections: Enter to set the connection limit.</li> </ul>

- 5. Click **Test** to test the connection.
- 6. In the **Test Email Settings** window, enter a valid email address and click **Ok** to send a test email. Emails will be sent from the email address that is configured for the default **ER2** admin user's account. See Update Administrator Account for more information.

If your settings are correct, **Email server accepted mail for delivery** is displayed.

The MTA appears on the **Mail Settings** page under the **List of Message Transfer Agents (MTA)**.

### MASTER SERVER HOST NAME FOR EMAIL

By default, password recovery emails delivered by the MTA uses the host name of the Master Server in the password recovery URL.

**Example:** A Master Server with host name er-master will generate a password recovery URL similar to: https://er-master/?reset=1A2D56FE78D70969.

In environments where the DNS is configured to require the use of a fully qualified domain name, the default password recovery URL will fail.

Instead, configure **ER2** to use the fully qualified domain name, e.g. er-master.domain\_n ame.com .

To set the Master Server Host name for email:

- 1. From the **Mail Settings** page, go to the **Master Server Host Name for Email** Links section.
- 2. Hover over the Master Server host name and click Edit.
- 3. In Edit Host, enter the fully qualified domain name of the Master Server:

Edit Host
Enter Master Server Host Name for Email Links
er-master.domain_name.com
Ok Cancel

4. Click **Ok**.

Note: The configured Master Server host name for emails must be a valid Master

Server host name or fully qualified domain name, or users will not be able to recover passwords.

# **MASTER SERVER ADMINISTRATION**

This section contains information on Master Server administrative tasks and features not covered elsewhere in the guide.

See the following topics for more details:

- Master Server Console
- Enable HTTPS
- GPG Keys (RPM Packages)
- Restoring Backups
- Low-Disk-Space (Degraded) Mode
- Install Enterprise Recon on a Virtual Machine
  - Microsoft Hyper-V
  - Oracle VM VirtualBox
  - VMware vSphere

# **MASTER SERVER CONSOLE**

Log in to the Master Server console and run all commands below as root .

Enterprise Recon v2.0 build 24 - installation successful To access the master server, please use a web browser to connect to: https://10.0.2.6/ er-master login: root Password: Last login: Mon Oct 3 08:33:41 from 10.0.2.2 Welcome to Enterprise Recon v2.0 [root@er-master ~]# \_

Use the Master Server console only to perform described tasks. Using the Master Server console to perform tasks outside the scope of this guide may cause **ER2** to fail.

**Tip:** If you performed a standard (ISO) installation of the Master Server, the root account password is the same password that is set for the admin user via the Web Console.

# **BASIC COMMANDS**

### **Check Master Server Version**

To check your Master Server version and build number, run:

rpm -qa er2-master

This displays the installed Master Server package name, version, build number and architecture:

# Displays output in the format of # <Master Server package name>-<version>-<build number>.<architecture> er2-master-2.x.xx-xxxxxxxxxxxx.el8.x86\_64

### Start, Stop and Restart the Master Server

To start your Master Server, run:

/etc/init.d/er2-master start

To stop your Master Server, run:

/etc/init.d/er2-master stop

To restart your Master Server, run:

/etc/init.d/er2-master restart

### Start SSH Server

#### Note: Disallow weak ciphers

For Master Server appliance installed using the **ER2** ISO installer version 2.9.1 or 2.10.0, ensure that the use of weak ciphers has been disallowed. See Disallow Weak Ciphers.

Secure SHell (SSH) access to the Master Server is disabled by default. To enable SSH access, run:

service sshd start

Note: Keep SSH disabled to prevent unauthorized remote access.

### **Disallow Weak Ciphers**

For SSH connections to and from the **ER2** appliance installed using the ISO installer version 2.9.1 or 2.10.0, the use of weak ciphers must be disallowed by running the following commands:

# Disallow the use of weak ciphers
grep -q '# CRYPTO\_POLICY=' /etc/sysconfig/sshd && sed -e 's/#
CRYPTO\_POLICY=/CRYPTO\_POLICY=/' -i.orig /etc/sysconfig/sshd

# Restart SSH systemctl restart sshd

Note: This command is required to be performed only **once**.

### **Check Free Disk Space**

To check how much free disk space there is on your Master Server, run:

df -h

This displays information about disk usage on the Master Server's local disks, and on mounted file systems:

Filesystem	Size Used Avail Use% Mounted or
/dev/dm-2	15G 1.8G 13G 13% /
tmpfs	246M 0 246M 0% /dev/shm
/dev/sda1	239M 54M 172M 24% /boot

### **Configure Network Interface**

To change your network settings, you can launch the text-based user interface of the **NetworkManager** on your Master Server by running:

nmtui

Follow the on-screen instructions to configure your Master Server's network settings.

### Log Out

To log out of your current session in the Master Server console, run:

logout

The Master Server will continue to run in the background.

### Shut Down

To shut down the Master Server, run:

shutdown -h now

The shutdown command can also be run with these options:

Command	Description
shutdown -h + <time></time>	Schedules the system to shut down in <time> number of minutes.</time>
	<b>Example:</b> shutdown -h +1 shuts down the system in 1 minute.
shutdown -h hh:mm	Schedules the system to shut down at hh:mm, where hh:mm is in a 24-hour clock format.
	<b>Example:</b> shutdown -h 13:30 shuts down the system at 1:30 pm.
shutdown -h + <time> This is a shutd own message.</time>	Schedules the system to shut down in <time> number of minutes, and sends the message: <i>"This is a shutdown message"</i> to all users, warning them of the impending shutdown.</time>
	<b>Example:</b> shutdown -h +1 Shutting down in 1 minute shuts down the system in 1 minute and sends the message "Shutting down in 1 minute." to all users.

Command	Description
shutdown -r now	Restarts the system. You can also run reboot to restart the system. The above scheduling parameters (For example: + <time> Shutdown message) also work with shutdown -r .</time>

# Update

See Update ER2.

# **ENABLE HTTPS**

This section covers the following topics:

- Enable HTTPS
- Automatic Redirects to HTTPS
- Custom SSL Certificates
- Obtain Signed SSL Certificate
- Install the New SSL Certificate
- Add Certificate as Trusted Certificate Authority
- Restart the Web Console
- Self-Signed Certificates

# **ENABLE HTTPS**

If a valid SSL certificate has been installed on the Master Server, you will be automatically redirected to the HTTPS site when connected to the Web Console. See Automatic Redirects to HTTPS for more information.

To manually navigate to the HTTPS site, include <a href="https://when entering the IP address">https://when entering the IP address</a>, host name, or domain name with which you access the Web Console.



Your browser warns that the Web Console "uses an invalid security certificate". This is the self-signed SSL certificate that the Master Server generates on installation. Most browsers correctly treat self-signed certificates as invalid, but will allow security exceptions to be added.

Note: The following instructions are for Firefox 51; most browsers will allow you to add security exceptions.

To force the browser to use HTTPS to connect to the Web Console, ask the browser to ignore the SSL certificate warning and to add a security exception when prompted:

- 1. In your browser, click Advanced.
- 2. Click Add Exception.

Insecure Connection - Mozilla Firefox							~ ^ Ø
J 📮 Insecure Connection 🛛 🗙 -	-						
🔶 🛈 🔏   https://10.52.100.115	C Q Search	1	1	÷	A		Ξ
1 11 11 11				1		47	4
2	Your connection is not secure         The owner of 10.52.100.115 has configured their website improperly. To protect your information from being stolen, Firefox has not connected to this website.         Learn more         Go Back       Advanced         Report errors like this to help Mozilla identify and block malicious sites         10.52.100.115 uses an invalid security certificate.         The certificate is not trusted because it is self-signed.         The certificate is not valid for the name 10.52.100.115.         Error code: SEC_ERROR_UNKNOWN_ISSUER         Add Exception	1					

- 3. In the Add Security Exception dialog box:
  - a. Click **Confirm Security Exception** to proceed to the HTTPS site.
  - b. Select **Permanently store this exception** to prevent your browser from displaying this warning for the Web Console again.

Add Security Exception X		
You are about to override how Firefox identifies this site. Legitimate banks, stores, and other public sites will not ask you to do this.		
Server Location: https://er-master/ <u>G</u> et Certificate		
Certificate Status         This site attempts to identify itself with invalid information.         Wrong Site		
The certificate belongs to a different site, which could mean that someone is trying to impersonate this site.		
Unknown Identity		
The certificate is not trusted because it hasn't been verified as issued by a trusted authority using a secure signature.		
✓ <u>P</u> ermanently store this exception		
<u>C</u> onfirm Security Exception Cancel		

# **AUTOMATIC REDIRECTS TO HTTPS**

To have the Web Console automatically redirect users to the HTTPS site, update the Master Server with a custom SSL certificate.

# **CUSTOM SSL CERTIFICATES**

To prevent your browser from displaying the security certificate warning when connecting to the Web Console, you must do either of the following:

- Obtain a new SSL certificate signed by a trusted Certificate Authority (CA).
- Add the Master Server self-signed SSL certificate to your computer's list of Trusted Root Certificates.

## **OBTAIN SIGNED SSL CERTIFICATE**

Obtain a new SSL certificate signed by a trusted CA by generating and submitting a Certificate Signing Request (CSR). This CSR is sent to the CA; the CA uses the details included in the CSR to generate a SSL certificate for the Master Server.

To generate a CSR, run as root on the Master Server console:

openssl req -new -key /var/lib/er2/ui/sslkey.pem -out /var/lib/er2/ui/er2-master.csr

openssl asks for the following information:

Prompt	Answer
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:	Your country's two letter country code (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2).
State or Province Name (full name) [Some- State]:	State or province name.
Locality Name (e.g., city) []:	City name or name of region.
Organization Name (e.g., company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:	Name of organization.
Organizational Unit Name (e.g., section) []:	Name of organizational department.
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:	<i>Must</i> be the fully qualified domain name of the Master Server.
Email Address []:	Email address of contact person.
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes to be sent with your certificate request	-
A challenge password []:	Leave empty; do not enter any values.
An optional company name []:	Leave empty; do not enter any values.

Note: You must adequately answer the questions posed by each prompt (unless otherwise specified). The CA uses this information to generate the SSL certificate.

Note: Make sure that the Common Name is the URL with which you access the Web Console. The Common Name depends on the URL you entered in your browser to access the Web Console:

- https://er-master/ : Common name is er-master .

- https://er-master.domain.com/ : Common name is er-master.domain.com .

The openssl command generates a CSR file, er2-master.csr . Submit this CSR to your organization's CA.

To move the CSR file out of the Master Server, see Use SCP to Move the CSR File.

To display and validate the contents of the CSR file, run:

openssl req -in /var/lib/er2/ui/er2-master.csr -text -noout

### Use SCP to Move the CSR File

To move the CSR file out of the Master Server and submit it to a CA, use the SCP protocol.

On the Master Server, start the OpenSSH server by running as root:

service sshd start

#### Note: Disallow weak ciphers

For Master Server appliance installed using the **ER2** ISO installer version 2.9.1 or 2.10.0, ensure that the use of weak ciphers has been disallowed when enabling SSH access. See Disallow Weak Ciphers.

### **On Windows**

Use a Windows SCP client such as WinSCP to connect to the Master Server via the SCP protocol.

1. Start WinSCP.

Su WinSCP		22	
Local Mark Files Commands Session Options Remote Help			
🔃 🔐 🐏 Synchronize 🔳 🥐 😰 🛛 🍘 Queue - 🛛 Transfer S	Settings Default 🔹 💋 🕶		
💕 New Session			
📲 My documents 🔹 📲 🕎 🛛 🔶 🔹 🔝 🏫 🎜 😤	- 信団   + - + -   回向合名	Find Files	R <sub>o</sub>
Upload - 📝 Edit - 🗙 🛃 🖓 🦣 Login	× 26	IEEV	
C:\Users\ztan\Documents			
Name Size Size Custom Office TempL.	Beston Berportock: Berportock: Berportock: Bername: Bestond: Bername: Bestond: Bername: Bestond: Bername: Bestond: Bername: Bestond: Bername: Bestond:	Rights	Owner
0 B of 0 B in 0 of 2 Not connected.	4 hidden		

2. In the Login dialog box, enter the following:

Field	Value
File protocol	Select SCP.
Host name	Enter the hostname or IP address of the Master Server.
Port number	Default value is 22.
User name	Enter <b>root</b> .
Password	Enter the root password for the Master Server.

### 3. Click Save.

4. Click Login to connect to the Master Server.

Once connected, locate the CSR file on the Master Server and copy it to your Windows host. Submit the CSR file to your CA.

### On Linux

On the Linux host that you want to copy the CSR file to, open the terminal and run:

# Where er-master is the host name or IP address of the Master Server. scp root@er-master:/var/lib/er2/ui/er2-master.csr ./

This securely copies the CSR file ( er2-master.csr ) to your current directory. Once the file has been copied, submit the CSR file to your CA.

Note: If you cannot connect to the Master Server via the SCP protocol, check that the OpenSSH server is running on the Master Server console. Run as root: service s shd start. For Master Server appliance installed using the ER2 ISO installer version 2.9.1 or 2.10.0, ensure that the use of weak ciphers has been disallowed when enabling SSH access. See Disallow Weak Ciphers.

### ADD CERTIFICATE AS TRUSTED CERTIFICATE AUTHORITY

The SSL certificate received from the CA must be added to the list of trusted CAs on the Master Server host.

- 1. Copy the SSL certificate obtained from the CA (e.g. ca.cer ) to the Master Server. Refer to Use SCP to Move the CSR File for secure copy instructions.
- 2. On the Master Server, run the command to convert the SSL certificate to \_\_\_\_\_\_.pem format.

# Syntax: openssl x509 -in <input-certificate-file> -outform PEM -out <output-pe m-file>

openssl x509 -in ca.cer -outform PEM -out sslcert.pem

- 3. Copy the SSL certificate sslcert.pem to the /etc/pki/ca-trust/source/anchors directory on the Master Server.
- 4. Run the following command to update the local trust store on the Master Server:

# **INSTALL THE NEW SSL CERTIFICATE**

Once you have added the SSL certificate to the list of trusted CAs on the Master Server:

1. Move the SSL certificate sslcert.pem to the /var/lib/er2/ui/ folder on the Master Server.

**Note:** The source SSL certificate must be a PEM file. If using a different input format, please convert the SSL certificate to \_\_pem\_\_ format before proceeding.

2. (Optional) Display and validate the contents of the PEM file by running:

openssl x509 -in /var/lib/er2/ui/sslcert.pem -text -noout

3. Run as root:

# Restrict permissions and give **ER2** ownership of the \*.pem files. chown erecon /var/lib/er2/ui/sslkey.pem chown erecon /var/lib/er2/ui/sslcert.pem chmod 600 /var/lib/er2/ui/sslcert.pem

## **RESTART THE WEB CONSOLE**

Restart the Web Console:

1. Find the pid of the ui process by running as root:

```
ps aux | grep ui
# Displays output similar to:
# root xxxx 0.1 2.6 427148 13112 ? Ssl 16:22 0:00 /var/lib/er2/plugin
s/ui -c /var/lib/er2/ui.cfg -pid /var/lib/er2/ui.pid -fg -start
# root 1495 0.0 0.1 103312 876 pts/0 S+ 16:22 0:00 grep ui
```

# The pid of the ui process is xxxx.

2. Kill the ui process; run as root:

▲ Warning: Running this command incorrectly may cause your system to stop working. Make sure that you run kill -9 on the correct pid.

# where the pid of the ui process is xxxx. kill -9 xxxx

# **SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATES**

▲ Warning: Using self signed certificates for production environments is not recommended.

The Master Server can act as its own CA and issue self-signed SSL certificates.

To issue self-signed certificates, run as root on the Master Server Console:

1. Create a configuration file subjectAltName.conf :

touch subjectAltName.conf

2. Open subJectAltName.conf in a text editor, and enter the following information:

[req] default\_bits = 2048 prompt = no default\_md = sha256 req\_extensions = req\_ext distinguished\_name = dn

[dn] C=SG O=Organization Name CN=www.domain\_name.com

[req\_ext] basicConstraints = CA:FALSE keyUsage = nonRepudiation, digitalSignature, keyEncipherment subjectAltName = @alt\_names

[alt\_names] DNS.0=www.domain\_name.com

where:

- SG is the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code of your current location.
- Organization Name is the name of your organization.
- www.domain\_name.com is the domain name with which you access the Master Server. This may be the host name or FQDN of your Master Server.
- 3. Save subjectAltName.conf .

### 1. Run:

# Generate a new private key. openssl genrsa -out /var/lib/er2/ui/sslkey.pem 2048

# Generates a new Certificate Signing Request `server.csr`. openssl req -new -key /var/lib/er2/ui/sslkey.pem -out /var/lib/er2/ui/server.csr -co nfig subjectAltName.conf

### # Generates new SSL certificate.

openssl x509 -req -days 365 -in /var/lib/er2/ui/server.csr -signkey /var/lib/er2/ui/ sslkey.pem -out /var/lib/er2/ui/sslcert.pem -extensions req\_ext -extfile subjectAlt Name.conf

# Restrict permissions and give **ER2** ownership on the generated \*.pem files. chown erecon /var/lib/er2/ui/sslkey.pem chown erecon /var/lib/er2/ui/sslcert.pem chmod 600 /var/lib/er2/ui/sslkey.pem chmod 600 /var/lib/er2/ui/sslcert.pem

2. Restart the Web Console.

3. Add a security exception to your web browser. See Enable HTTPS.

# **GPG KEYS (RPM PACKAGES)**

On **ER** 2.0.19 and later, installing Agent RPM packages on hosts that use RPM package managers will display a NOKEY warning.

This section covers the following topics:

- NOKEY Warning
- Remove the NOKEY Warning
- Download the Ground Labs GPG Public Key
- Verify the GPG Public Key
- Import the GPG Public Key
- Bad GPG Signature Error

# **NOKEY WARNING**

RPM packages from **ER** 2.0.19 and above are signed with a GPG key. This causes the rpm command to display a NOKEY warning when installing or upgrading **ER** 2.0.19 RPM packages.

rpm -i ./er2-2.0.19-linux26-x64-9277.rpm # Displays output similar to: # warning: er2-2.0.19-linux26-x64-9277.rpm: Header V4 RSA/SHA1 Signature, key ID c40aaef5: NOKEY

Despite the warning, you can still install RPM packages. It does not affect normal operation of **ER2**.

### **REMOVE THE NOKEY WARNING**

The instructions below assume that you are installing the Node Agent RPM package onto hosts that use RPM package managers.

Before installing the ER2 Agent RPM package:

- 1. Download the Ground Labs GPG Public Key.
- 2. Import the GPG Public Key into the rpm list of trusted keys.

**1** Info: Do this for all systems that you intend to install **ER 2.0.19 or above** RPM packages on.

# DOWNLOAD THE GROUND LABS GPG PUBLIC KEY

You can download the Ground Labs GPG public key from either the Ground Labs Updates server or the Master Server.

### From the Ground Labs Update Server

The Ground Labs GPG public key can be downloaded from the Ground Labs Update server at https://repo.groundlabs.com/gpg/RPM-GPG-KEY-GroundLabs.

To download the public key through the command line, run:

```
curl -o ./RPM-GPG-KEY-GroundLabs https://repo.groundlabs.com/gpg/RPM-GPG-KE Y-GroundLabs
```

### From the Master Server

Where Internet access or access to the Ground Labs updates server is not available, you can download the public key directly from the Master Server if you have installed the Master Server appliance from the ER2 ISO.

### To Download the Public Key From the Command Line

In the command line of the Agent host, run as root:

# Where er-master is the hostname or IP address of the Master Server. curl -o ./RPM-GPG-KEY-GroundLabs https://er-master/keys/RPM-GPG-KEY-GroundLabs

### To Download the Public Key Through SSH

Log in to the Master Server.

1. On the Master Server console, start the SSHD service. Run as root:

# Starts the SSH server on the Master Server. service sshd start

#### Note: Disallow weak ciphers

For Master Server appliance installed using the **ER2** ISO installer version 2.9.1 or 2.10.0, ensure that the use of weak ciphers has been disallowed when enabling SSH access. See Disallow Weak Ciphers.

2. On the Master Server console, start the SSHD service. Run as root:

# Connects to the Master Server via SSH and transfers 'RPM-GPG-KEY-Groun dLabs' to the current working directory. # Where er-master is the host name or IP address of the Master Server. scp root@er-master:/etc/pki/rpm-gpg/RPM-GPG-KEY-GroundLabs ./

## **VERIFY THE GPG PUBLIC KEY**

To check the authenticity of the GPG public key you have downloaded, run the following command:

```
gpg --show-keys --fingerprint ./RPM-GPG-KEY-GroundLabs
```

Verify that the output of the above command is similar to:

pub rsa2048 2016-12-14 [SC] 0BEC 1168 0D1E 6196 B4BC 7879 F2BB D90C C40A AEF5 uid Ground Labs <support@groundlabs.com> sub rsa2048 2016-12-14 [E]

## **IMPORT THE GPG PUBLIC KEY**

Locate the downloaded GPG public key, and run the following command as root:

rpm --import ./RPM-GPG-KEY-GroundLabs

If the command line displays no errors, the **rpm --import** command has run successfully. You should no longer see the **NOKEY** warning when installing RPM packages from **ER** 2.0.19 and above.

**Info:** To see a list of all imported GPG public keys, run:

rpm -q gpg-pubkey --qf '%{name}-%{version}-%{release} -- %{summary}\n'

# **BAD GPG SIGNATURE ERROR**

Systems running older versions of GnuPG or similar GPG software may encounter the following error when attempting to install Node Agent RPM packages:

```
error: er2-2.0.21-linux26-rh-x64.rpm: Header V4 RSA/SHA1 signature: BAD, key ID c 40aaef5
```

Node Agent RPM packages are signed with V4 GPG signatures. If your system does not support V4 GPG signatures, you have to skip the signature check when installing the Node Agent.

### **Skip GPG Signature Check**

To skip the signature check when installing the Node Agent, run as root:

```
rpm -ivh --nosignature er2-2.0.21-linux26-rh-x64.rpm
```

# **RESTORING BACKUPS**

**Tip:** Set up automatic backups on the **Server Information** page. See Creating Backups.

To restore **ER2** from a backup:

- 1. Stop ER2
- 2. Restore the Backup File
- 3. Restart ER2

### **STOP ER2**

In the Master Server console, run as root:

/etc/init.d/er2-master stop

# **RESTORE THE BACKUP FILE**

1. Rename the existing root.rdb file:

mv /var/lib/er2/db/root.rdb /var/lib/er2/db/root.rdb.orig

2. Run the er2-recovery command:

To recover or restore from a bak or ebk file:

# Where '<directory>/<backup file>' is the full path of the backup # file to recover ER2 from # Syntax: er2-recovery -b <directory>/<backup file> -w /var/lib/er2/db/root.kct er2-recovery -b /tmp/er2/er-2.x.x-backup.bak -w /var/lib/er2/db/root.rdb

To recover or restore from a rdb folder:

# Where '<directory>/<backup file>' is the full path of the backup # database to recover ER2 from # Syntax: er2-recovery -i <directory>/<backup file> -w /var/lib/er2/db/root.kct er2-recovery -i /tmp/er2/er-2.x.x-backup.rdb -w /var/lib/er2/db/root.rdb

3. Give **ER2** ownership of the root.rdb database folder:

chown -R erecon:erecon /var/lib/er2/db/root.rdb chmod -R go-r /var/lib/er2/db/root.rdb

4. (Optional) Once the restore operation has been verified to be successful, the original database folder /var/lib/er2/db/root.rdb.orig may be deleted.

## **RESTART ER2**

/etc/init.d/er2-master start

Note: For seamless data recovery, backups made from a specific version of ER2 must only be used to restore backup files from the same version of ER2. For example, a backup from ER 2.0.15 should be used to restore ER 2.0.15 installations. To restore a datastore on a clean installation of ER2, install the version of ER2 that the backup is made from and restore your data, then update ER2 to the latest version.

# LOW-DISK-SPACE (DEGRADED) MODE

When 85% of total disk capacity on the Master Server is used, the Master Server stops the data store and enters low disk space mode. This is to avoid data store corruption due to insufficient free disk space on the Master Server.

While in low disk space mode:

- Users cannot log in to the Web Console.
- The API framework is not available.
- Scans continue to run on Target hosts, but the scan results are not sent back to the Master Server. Instead, the results are saved to a journal, and stored until the Master Server becomes available.

While in low disk space mode, the Master Server checks the amount of disk space used:

- Every 10 minutes.
- When the Master Server starts up.

The Master Server will stay in low disk space mode until it detects that only 70% of total disk capacity is used on the Master Server.



Established in 2007 and trusted by more than 4,500 companies in 85 countries, Ground Labs offers award-winning data discovery and management solutions for all industry sectors.

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